

# Crimes Regulation 2010

[2010-442]



New South Wales

## Status Information

### Currency of version

Repealed version for 20 August 2010 to 31 August 2015 (accessed 9 January 2025 at 21:42)

Legislation on this site is usually updated within 3 working days after a change to the legislation.

### Provisions in force

The provisions displayed in this version of the legislation have all commenced.

### Notes—

- **Repeal**

The Regulation was repealed by sec 10 (2) of the [Subordinate Legislation Act 1989 No 146](#) with effect from 1.9.2015.

### Authorisation

This version of the legislation is compiled and maintained in a database of legislation by the Parliamentary Counsel's Office and published on the NSW legislation website, and is certified as the form of that legislation that is correct under section 45C of the [Interpretation Act 1987](#).

File last modified 1 September 2015

# Crimes Regulation 2010



New South Wales

## Contents

1 Name of Regulation .....	3
2 Commencement .....	3
3 Definitions .....	3
4 Concealment of offences by certain persons .....	3
5 Savings .....	4

# Crimes Regulation 2010



New South Wales

Her Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has made the following Regulation under the *Crimes Act 1900*.

JOHN HATZISTERGOS, MLC Attorney General

## 1 Name of Regulation

This Regulation is the *Crimes Regulation 2010*.

## 2 Commencement

This Regulation commences on 1 September 2010 and is required to be published on the NSW legislation website.

### Note—

This Regulation replaces the *Crimes (General) Regulation 2005* which is repealed on 1 September 2010 by section 10 (2) of the *Subordinate Legislation Act 1989*.

## 3 Definitions

(1) In this Regulation:

**the Act** means the *Crimes Act 1900*.

(2) Notes included in this Regulation do not form part of this Regulation.

## 4 Concealment of offences by certain persons

For the purposes of section 316 (5) of the Act, the following professions, callings or vocations are prescribed:

- (a) a legal practitioner,
- (b) a medical practitioner,
- (c) a psychologist,
- (d) a nurse,
- (e) a social worker, including:

- (i) a support worker for victims of crime, and
- (ii) a counsellor who treats persons for emotional or psychological conditions suffered by them,
- (f) a member of the clergy of any church or religious denomination,
- (g) a researcher for professional or academic purposes,
- (h) if the serious indictable offence referred to in section 316 (1) of the Act is an offence under section 60E of the Act, a school teacher, including a principal of a school,
- (i) an arbitrator,
- (j) a mediator.

## **5 Savings**

Any act, matter or thing that, immediately before the repeal of the *Crimes (General) Regulation 2005*, had effect under that Regulation continues to have effect under this Regulation.