

Privacy and Personal Information Protection Regulation 2000

[2000-300]



New South Wales

Status Information

Currency of version

Repealed version for 1 July 2004 to 31 August 2005 (accessed 28 December 2024 at 16:47)

Legislation on this site is usually updated within 3 working days after a change to the legislation.

Provisions in force

The provisions displayed in this version of the legislation have all commenced.

Notes—

- **Repeal**

The Regulation was repealed by sec 10 (2) of the [Subordinate Legislation Act 1989 No 146](#) with effect from 1.9.2005.

Authorisation

This version of the legislation is compiled and maintained in a database of legislation by the Parliamentary Counsel's Office and published on the NSW legislation website, and is certified as the form of that legislation that is correct under section 45C of the [Interpretation Act 1987](#).

File last modified 1 September 2005

Privacy and Personal Information Protection Regulation 2000



New South Wales

Contents

1 Name of Regulation	3
2 Commencement	3
3 Definition	3
4 Exemptions in relation to privacy management plans.....	3
5 Exemptions in relation to public registers.....	3
6 General exemption	4

Privacy and Personal Information Protection Regulation 2000



New South Wales

1 Name of Regulation

This Regulation is the *Privacy and Personal Information Protection Regulation 2000*.

2 Commencement

This Regulation commences on 1 July 2000.

3 Definition

(1) In this Regulation:

the Act means the *Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998*.

(2) The explanatory note does not form part of this Regulation.

4 Exemptions in relation to privacy management plans

A public sector agency (**the relevant agency**) is exempt from the provisions of section 33 of the Act if:

- (a) the staff of the relevant agency are part of the staff of another public sector agency, or
- (b) the Minister has, by order published in the Gazette, declared that the relevant agency is taken not to be a separate agency for the purposes of section 33 of the Act but is taken to be included in another public sector agency,

and the privacy management plan of that other agency states that the plan extends to the relevant agency.

5 Exemptions in relation to public registers

(1) The Registrar-General is exempt from the provisions of Part 6 of the Act with respect to the following public registers:

- (a) the Register within the meaning of the *Real Property Act 1900* (ie the Torrens

Register) and any index that is kept by the Registrar-General in connection with that Register,

- (b) the General Register of Deeds maintained under section 184C of the *Conveyancing Act 1919*,
 - (c) any index kept under section 198 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919*,
 - (d) the Central Register of Restrictions maintained under Part 24 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919*.
- (2) The Valuer-General is exempt from the provisions of Part 6 of the Act with respect to the Register of Land Values kept under the *Valuation of Land Act 1916*.
- (3) The Attorney General's Department is exempt from the provisions of Part 6 of the Act with respect to the register of justices of the peace kept under section 11 of the *Justices of the Peace Act 2002*.
- (4) The Minister administering the *Water Management Act 2000* is exempt from the provisions of Part 6 of the Act with respect to the Water Access Licence Register and the register of approvals kept under section 113 of that Act.

6 General exemption

The Council of the Law Society and the Council of the Bar Association are exempt from all of the provisions of the Act.