

Health Professionals (Special Events Exemption) Regulation 1998

[1998-145]



New South Wales

Status Information

Currency of version

Repealed version for 20 March 1998 to 21 July 2003 (accessed 23 November 2024 at 7:46)

Legislation on this site is usually updated within 3 working days after a change to the legislation.

Provisions in force

The provisions displayed in this version of the legislation have all commenced.

Notes—

- **Repeal**

The Regulation was repealed by the [Statute Law \(Miscellaneous Provisions\) Act 2003 No 40](#), Sch 3 with effect from 22.7.2003.

Authorisation

This version of the legislation is compiled and maintained in a database of legislation by the Parliamentary Counsel's Office and published on the NSW legislation website, and is certified as the form of that legislation that is correct under section 45C of the [Interpretation Act 1987](#).

File last modified 22 July 2003

Health Professionals (Special Events Exemption) Regulation 1998



New South Wales

Contents

1 Name of Regulation	3
2 Commencement	3
3 Definition	3
4 Notes	3
5 Exemption condition—possession or supply of illegal substances.....	3

Health Professionals (Special Events Exemption) Regulation 1998



New South Wales

His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has made the following Regulation under the *Health Professionals (Special Events Exemption) Act 1997*.

ANDREW REFSHAUGE, M.P., Deputy Premier and Minister for Health

1 Name of Regulation

This Regulation is the *Health Professionals (Special Events Exemption) Regulation 1998*.

2 Commencement

This Regulation commences on 25 March 1998.

3 Definition

In this Regulation:

the Act means the *Health Professionals (Special Events Exemption) Act 1997*.

4 Notes

The explanatory note, table of contents and notes in the text of this Regulation do not form part of this Regulation.

5 Exemption condition—possession or supply of illegal substances

- (1) The object of this clause is to impose a condition, pursuant to section 9 of the Act, on the provision of health care services by a visiting health professional.
- (2) A visiting health professional must not, in the course of providing health care services, possess or supply any substance that cannot be possessed or supplied by any local health professional under the *Drug Misuse and Trafficking Act 1985* or the *Poisons and Therapeutic Goods Act 1966*.
- (3) A **local health professional** is a person who is registered under a Health Registration Act and is not a visiting health professional.

Note—

Section 9 of the Act allows the regulations to make provision for or with respect to conditions to be imposed on the provision of health care services by visiting health professionals. A visiting health professional is authorised to provide health care services under the Act only while the visiting health professional is complying with the conditions of that authorisation (see section 8 of the Act).