

Bible Society NSW (Corporate Conversion) Act 2008 No 91

[2008-91]



New South Wales

Status Information

Currency of version

Repealed version for 17 July 2009 to 5 January 2012 (accessed 16 August 2024 at 23:20)

Legislation on this site is usually updated within 3 working days after a change to the legislation.

Provisions in force

The provisions displayed in this version of the legislation have all commenced.

Notes—

- **Repeal**

The Act was repealed by Sch 5 to the [Statute Law \(Miscellaneous Provisions\) Act \(No 2\) 2011 No 62](#) with effect from 6.1.2012.

Authorisation

This version of the legislation is compiled and maintained in a database of legislation by the Parliamentary Counsel's Office and published on the NSW legislation website, and is certified as the form of that legislation that is correct under section 45C of the [Interpretation Act 1987](#).

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Contents

Long title	4
Part 1 Preliminary	4
1 Name of Act	4
2 Commencement	4
3 Objects of Act	4
4 Definitions	5
Part 2 Registration of Society as public company	6
Division 1 Authorisation to transfer incorporation	6
5 Society may apply to be registered as public company under Corporations Act	6
Division 2 Provisions consequent on transfer of incorporation of Society	7
6 Registered Society is continuation of Society	7
7 Existing Society Act and rules cease to have effect on registration day	7
8 Exclusion of Corporations legislation that applies to the registered Society as federal law	8
Part 3 Miscellaneous	8
9 Regulations	8
10 Effect of this Act on contracts, instruments and related matters	9
11 Exemption from State tax	9
12 Amendment of other legislation	10

Schedule 1 Amendment of other legislation.....10

Bible Society NSW (Corporate Conversion) Act 2008 No 91



New South Wales

An Act to authorise The New South Wales Auxiliary of The British and Foreign Bible Society to seek registration as a public company limited by guarantee under the *Corporations Act 2001* of the Commonwealth; and for other purposes.

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Name of Act

This Act is the *Bible Society NSW (Corporate Conversion) Act 2008*.

2 Commencement

This Act commences on the date of assent to this Act.

3 Objects of Act

The objects of this Act are as follows:

- (a) to authorise The New South Wales Auxiliary of The British and Foreign Bible Society to seek registration as a public company limited by guarantee under the Corporations Act,
- (b) to amend *The New South Wales Auxiliary of The British and Foreign Bible Society Incorporation Act 1928* so as to change the corporate name of the Society to “Bible Society NSW” and to update its objects in preparation for its registration as a company,
- (c) to provide for cessation of the operation and the repeal of *The New South Wales Auxiliary of The British and Foreign Bible Society Incorporation Act 1928* once the Society is registered as a company,
- (d) to make consequential amendments to certain other legislation.

Note—

The members of the Society at general meetings of the Society held in 2007 and 2008:

- (a) agreed to convert the Society into a public company limited by guarantee and to change its name and update its objects, and
- (b) approved a constitution for the new company.

4 Definitions

(1) In this Act:

ASIC means the Australian Securities and Investments Commission.

Corporations Act means the *Corporations Act 2001* of the Commonwealth.

Corporations legislation means the Corporations legislation to which Part 1.1A of the Corporations Act applies.

existing Society Act means *The New South Wales Auxiliary of The British and Foreign Bible Society Incorporation Act 1928*.

instrument means an instrument (other than this Act or an instrument made under this Act) or any other document that creates, modifies or extinguishes rights or liabilities (or would do so if lodged, filed or registered in accordance with any law), and includes any judgment, order, process or other instrument issued by a court or tribunal.

Note—

Section 21 (1) of the *Interpretation Act 1987* provides that a reference in an Act to **document** means any record of information, and includes:

- (a) anything on which there is writing, or
- (b) anything on which there are marks, figures, symbols or perforations having a meaning for persons qualified to interpret them, or
- (c) anything from which sounds, images or writings can be reproduced with or without the aid of anything else, or
- (d) a map, plan, drawing or photograph.

registered Society means the Society after it is registered as a public company limited by guarantee under Part 5B.1 of the Corporations Act.

registration day means the day on which the Society is registered as a public company limited by guarantee under Part 5B.1 of the Corporations Act.

rules means the rules of the Society in force under the existing Society Act.

Society means the body corporate constituted by the existing Society Act.

- (2) If this Act provides for an event or other thing to occur on the registration day, that event or thing is taken to occur at the moment on the registration day when the Society is registered as a public company limited by guarantee under Part 5B.1 of the

Corporations Act.

- (3) Words and expressions used in this Act have the same meanings as in section 9 of the Corporations Act, except in so far as they are defined differently in this Act or the context or subject-matter otherwise indicates or requires.
- (4) Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act.

Part 2 Registration of Society as public company

Division 1 Authorisation to transfer incorporation

5 Society may apply to be registered as public company under Corporations Act

- (1) The Society may apply to ASIC for the Society to be registered under Part 5B.1 of the Corporations Act as a public company limited by guarantee, but only as provided by this section.
- (2) An application under subsection (1) must be made in accordance with the provisions of section 601BC of the Corporations Act.
- (3) An application under subsection (1) may not be made after the expiry of the period of 12 months commencing on the date of assent to this Act unless:
 - (a) subject to paragraph (b)—a special resolution (a **registration resolution**) is passed at a general meeting of the Society, held in accordance with the existing Society Act and the rules, that resolves that the Society be registered as a public company limited by guarantee under the Corporations Act and approves a constitution for the new company, and
 - (b) the members of the Society were given at least 21 days notice of the general meeting and the proposed resolution, and
 - (c) the application is made within the period of 12 months commencing on the day on which the special resolution is passed.
- (4) Nothing in subsection (3) prevents a further proposal for a registration resolution being put to the members of the Society or an application being made under subsection (1) following the passing of such a resolution if:
 - (a) a previously proposed registration resolution was not passed or is declared invalid, or
 - (b) an application for registration under Part 5B.1 of the Corporations Act was not made by the Society within the period referred to in subsection (3) (c) after a previous registration resolution was passed.
- (5) For the purposes of section 601BC (8) (d) of the Corporations Act, the Society is

authorised by this Act to transfer its incorporation in accordance with this Act.

(6) In this section:

special resolution means a resolution passed by at least 75 percent of the votes cast by members of the Society who are entitled to vote on the resolution at the general meeting at which the resolution is put.

Division 2 Provisions consequent on transfer of incorporation of Society

6 Registered Society is continuation of Society

(1) Section 601BM of the Corporations Act makes provision for the legal consequences of the registration of a body corporate as a company under Part 5B.1 of that Act.

Note—

Section 601BM of the Corporations Act provides that the registration of a body corporate as a company under Part 5B.1 of that Act does not:

- (a) create a new legal entity, or
- (b) affect the body's existing property, rights or obligations (except as against the members of the body in their capacity as members), or
- (c) render defective any legal proceedings by or against the body or its members.

(2) A reference in any instrument (other than the existing Society Act) to the Society is to be read on and after the registration day as including a reference to the registered Society.

7 Existing Society Act and rules cease to have effect on registration day

(1) The provisions of the existing Society Act and the rules cease to have effect on the registration day.

(2) Section 30 of the [Interpretation Act 1987](#) extends to rules that cease to have effect by operation of subsection (1) in the same way as that section extends to statutory rules that cease to have effect.

Note—

Section 30 of the [Interpretation Act 1987](#) provides that the repeal of an Act or statutory rule does not, among other things, affect the previous operation of the Act or statutory rule or anything duly suffered, done or commenced under the Act or statutory rule or affect any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under the Act or statutory rule. The section provides that a reference to the repeal of an Act or statutory rule in that section includes a reference to the abrogation, limitation or extension of the effect of the Act or statutory rule.

(3) After the registration day, the Governor may, by proclamation published on the NSW legislation website, repeal the existing Society Act and the rules.

Editorial note—

For the proclamation under this subsection, see 2010 (57) LW 26.2.2010.

8 Exclusion of Corporations legislation that applies to the registered Society as federal law

- (1) **Application of section** This section enables the regulations to exclude the operation of provisions of the Corporations legislation that would otherwise apply to the registered Society (or a matter relating to the registered Society) as a law of the Commonwealth.
- (2) **Declarations under section 5F of the Corporations Act** The regulations may declare any matter relating to the registered Society to be an excluded matter for the purposes of section 5F of the Corporations Act in relation to:
 - (a) the whole of the Corporations legislation, or
 - (b) a specified provision of that legislation, or
 - (c) that legislation other than a specified provision, or
 - (d) that legislation otherwise than to a specified extent.

Note—

Section 5F of the Corporations Act provides that if a State law declares a matter to be an excluded matter for the purposes of that section in relation to all or part of the Corporations legislation of the Commonwealth, the provisions that are the subject of the declaration will not apply in relation to that matter in the State concerned.

- (3) **Declarations under section 5G of the Corporations Act** The regulations may declare any provision of this Act relating to the registered Society to be a Corporations legislation displacement provision for the purposes of section 5G of the Corporations Act (either generally or specifically in relation to a provision of the Corporations legislation).

Note—

Section 5G of the Corporations Act provides that if a State law declares a provision of a State law to be a Corporations legislation displacement provision, any provision of the Corporations legislation with which the State provision would otherwise be inconsistent does not apply to the extent necessary to avoid the inconsistency.

- (4) **Definition** In this section:

matter includes act, omission, body, person or thing.

Part 3 Miscellaneous

9 Regulations

- (1) The Governor may make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, for or with respect to any matter that by this Act is required or permitted to be prescribed or that is necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.

- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional nature consequent on the enactment of this Act.
- (3) Any such provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect from the date of assent to this Act or a later date.
- (4) To the extent to which any such provision takes effect from a date that is earlier than the date of its publication in the Gazette, the provision does not operate so as:
 - (a) to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of its publication, or
 - (b) to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted to be done before the date of its publication.

10 Effect of this Act on contracts, instruments and related matters

The operation of this Act is not to be regarded as:

- (a) a breach of contract or confidence or otherwise as a civil wrong, or
- (b) a breach of any instrument (including, without limitation, any provision prohibiting, restricting or regulating the assignment or transfer of assets or liabilities), or
- (c) an event of default under any contract or other instrument, or
- (d) giving rise to any remedy by a party to a contract or other instrument, or as causing or permitting the termination of, or exercise of rights under, any contract or other instrument.

11 Exemption from State tax

(1) In this section:

exempt matter means any of the following:

- (a) the registration of the Society as a company under Part 5B.1 of the Corporations Act,
- (b) such other matters in connection with this Act as may be prescribed by the regulations.

State tax means application or registration fees, duty under the [Duties Act 1997](#) or any other tax, duty, fee or charge imposed by any Act or law of the State.

(2) State tax is not payable in relation to:

- (a) an exempt matter, or

- (b) anything done because of, or for a purpose connected with or arising out of, an exempt matter.

12 Amendment of other legislation

The Acts and Regulation specified in Schedule 1 are amended as set out in that Schedule.

Schedule 1 Amendment of other legislation

(Section 12)

1.1 Charitable Fundraising Regulation 2008

Clause 6 Religious organisations exempt from Act

Omit “NSW Auxiliary of the British and Foreign Bible Society (trading as Bible Society NSW)”.

Insert in alphabetical order in the list of religious bodies or religious organisations:

Bible Society NSW

1.2 Subordinate Legislation Act 1989 No 146

Schedule 4 Excluded instruments

Insert at the end of the Schedule (with appropriate item number):

Regulations under the *Bible Society NSW (Corporate Conversion) Act 2008*.

1.3 The New South Wales Auxiliary of The British and Foreign Bible Society Incorporation Act 1928

[1] Section 3A

Insert after section 3:

3A Change of name and objects of body corporate

- (1) On and from the commencement of this section:
- (a) the corporate name of the body corporate constituted by this Act is to be “Bible Society NSW”, and
 - (b) the objects of the body corporate are to be those specified by section 5 (as substituted by the *Bible Society NSW (Corporate Conversion) Act 2008*), and
 - (c) a reference in any instrument to “The New South Wales Auxiliary of The

British and Foreign Bible Society” or “New South Wales Auxiliary of The British and Foreign Bible Society” is taken to be a reference to “Bible Society NSW”.

(2) The alteration of the name and the objects of the body corporate effected by the operation of subsection (1) does not operate:

- (a) to create a new legal entity, or
- (b) to prejudice or affect the identity of that body or its continuity as a body corporate, or
- (c) to affect the property, or the rights and obligations, of the body, or
- (d) to render defective any legal proceedings by or against that body,

and any legal proceedings that could have been continued or commenced by or against that body in its former corporate name may be continued or commenced by or against it in its new corporate name.

(3) The operation of this section is not to be regarded as:

- (a) a breach of contract or confidence or otherwise as a civil wrong, or
- (b) a breach of any instrument (including, without limitation, any provision prohibiting, restricting or regulating the assignment or transfer of assets or liabilities), or
- (c) an event of default under any contract or other instrument, or
- (d) giving rise to any remedy by a party to a contract or other instrument, or as causing or permitting the termination of, or exercise of rights under, any contract or other instrument.

(4) This section applies despite anything to the contrary in this Act (particularly, section 3) or an instrument made under this Act (including the rules).

(5) In this section:

instrument means an instrument (other than this Act or an instrument made under this Act) or any other document that creates, modifies or extinguishes rights or liabilities (or would do so if lodged, filed or registered in accordance with any law), and includes any judgment, order, process or other instrument issued by a court or tribunal.

[2] Section 5

Omit the section. Insert instead:

5 Objects of body corporate

The objects of the body corporate are the advancement of the Christian faith by:

- (a) encouraging the wider circulation and use of the Holy Scriptures in every language and dialect throughout the world, and
- (b) co-operating with other Christian organisations or any other Bible Society or person for the attainment of these objects, and
- (c) acting as trustee and performing and discharging the duties and functions incidental to acting as trustee where this is incidental or conducive to the attainment of these objects, and
- (d) doing such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of these objects.