

Dental Technicians Registration Regulation 1998

[1998-498]



New South Wales

Status Information

Currency of version

Repealed version for 28 August 1998 to 31 August 2003 (accessed 28 July 2024 at 14:39)

Legislation on this site is usually updated within 3 working days after a change to the legislation.

Provisions in force

The provisions displayed in this version of the legislation have all commenced.

Notes—

- **Repeal**

The Regulation was repealed by the [Subordinate Legislation Act 1989 No 146](#), sec 10 (2) with effect from 1.9.2003.

Authorisation

This version of the legislation is compiled and maintained in a database of legislation by the Parliamentary Counsel's Office and published on the NSW legislation website, and is certified as the form of that legislation that is correct under section 45C of the [Interpretation Act 1987](#).

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Dental Technicians Registration Regulation 1998



New South Wales

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Dental Technicians Registration Regulation 1998



New South Wales

His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has made the following Regulation under the *Dental Technicians Registration Act 1975*.

ANDREW REFSHAUGE, M.P. Minister for Health

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Name of Regulation

This Regulation is the *Dental Technicians Registration Regulation 1998*.

2 Commencement

This Regulation commences on 1 September 1998.

3 Definitions

(1) In this Regulation:

Board means the Dental Technicians Registration Board.

Secretary means the Secretary to the Board.

the Act means the *Dental Technicians Registration Act 1975*.

(2) In this Regulation, a reference to a Form is a reference to a Form set out in Schedule 1.

4 Notes

The explanatory note and notes in the text do not form part of this Regulation.

5 Registration as a dental technician

(1) For the purposes of section 15 (1) of the Act, an application for registration as a dental technician is made in the prescribed manner if the application is lodged at the offices of the Board.

- (2) On the registration of a person as a dental technician, the Secretary is to prepare and forward to the person a certificate of registration in the form approved by the Board.

6 Practising certificates for dental prosthetists

- (1) For the purposes of section 18B (1) of the Act, an application for a practising certificate for a dental prosthetist is made in the prescribed manner if the application is lodged at the offices of the Board.
- (2) On the granting of a practising certificate to a person as a dental prosthetist, the Secretary is to prepare and forward to the person a practising certificate in the form approved by the Board.

7 Order forms for technical work

For the purposes of section 27 (b) (ii) of the Act, the prescribed form is Form 1.

8 Infection control standards

- (1) A dental prosthetist must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with the infection control standards set out in Schedule 2 to the extent that they apply to the dental prosthetist in the practice of dental prosthetics.
- (2) In determining whether or not a dental prosthetist has a reasonable excuse for failing to comply with a standard, particular consideration is to be given to whether the dental prosthetist's employer failed to provide the necessary equipment, including providing access to it and training in its use, that would have enabled the dental prosthetist to comply with the standard (and whether the failure to provide such equipment was reported by the dental prosthetist to the Director-General of the Department of Health).

Note—

A dental prosthetist who fails to comply with the infection control standards set out in Schedule 2 to this Regulation may be found by the Dental Technicians Registration Board to be guilty of misconduct under section 19A of the Act and may be disciplined by that Board.

9 Infection control standards for dental technicians (other than dental prosthetists)

- (1) This clause does not apply to dental prosthetists.
- (2) A dental technician must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with the infection control standards set out in Schedule 3 to the extent that they apply to the dental technician in carrying out technical work.
- (3) In determining whether or not a dental technician has a reasonable excuse for failing to comply with a standard, particular consideration is to be given to whether the dental technician's employer failed to provide the necessary equipment, including providing access to it and training in its use, that would have enabled the dental

technician to comply with the standards (and whether the failure to provide such equipment was reported by the dental technician to the Director-General of the Department of Health).

Maximum penalty: 2 penalty units.

10 Certain advertising prohibited

A dental prosthetist must not advertise his or her services by means of an advertisement that:

- (a) is false, misleading or deceptive or is likely to mislead or deceive, or
- (b) creates an unjustified expectation of beneficial treatment, or
- (c) promotes the unnecessary or inappropriate use of dental prosthetic services.

Maximum penalty: 2 penalty units.

11 Fees

The fees set out in the Table to this clause are the prescribed fees for the purposes of the provisions of the Act set out in that Table.

Table

Provision of the Act	\$
Section 14 (3) (inspection of the register)	10
Section 15 (4) (restoration of name to register)	120
Section 15 (5) (registration as dental technician)	120
Section 17 (1) (annual roll fee)	80
Section 18A (3) (inspection of the index)	10
Section 18B (2) (grant of a practising certificate as dental prosthetist)	120
Section 18D (2) (annual practising fee)	80

12 Repeal

- (1) The *Dental Technicians Registration Regulation 1993* is repealed.
- (2) Any act, matter or thing that had effect under the *Dental Technicians Registration Regulation 1993* immediately before the commencement of this Regulation is taken to have effect under this Regulation.

Schedule 1 Forms

(Clause 7)

Form 1 Order for the construction, repair or renewal of artificial dentures

Dental Technicians Registration Act 1975

(Section 27)

From:	Order No.:	To:
.....	
.....	
<i>(Name of dental prosthetist)</i>		<i>(Name of dental technician)</i>
Address:	Date:	Address:
.....	
.....	
.....	
Telephone:		

Please carry out the following work:

Name of Patient:		Anterior	Posterior	Instructions:
.....			
Case type:	Teeth
.....			
Date work required:	Shade		
.....
	(U)			
	Mould			
	..			
	(L)			

Signature of dental prosthetist:

Schedule 2 Infection control standards

(Clause 8)

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Definitions

(1) In this Schedule:

body substance includes any human bodily secretion or substance other than blood.

patient includes (but is not limited to) a person who is accessing any medical or health services or who is undergoing any dental treatment.

sharps means any object capable of inflicting penetrating injury, and includes hollow bore needles, suture needles, scalpel blades, wires, trocars, auto lancets, stitch cutters and broken glassware.

(2) The requirements set out in this Schedule apply to a dental prosthetist who is assisting in performing a procedure in the same way as they apply to a dental prosthetist who is actually performing the procedure.

Part 2 General standards applying to dental prosthetists

2 General precautions and aseptic techniques

- (1) Precautions must be taken to avoid direct exposure to a patient's blood or other body substances. This requirement applies regardless of whether there is any perceived risk of infection.
- (2) Aseptic techniques must be used in the course of complying with the requirements of this Schedule.

3 Hand and skin washing

- (1) Hands must be cleaned immediately before and after any direct patient care.
- (2) Hands may be cleaned by:
 - (a) using washing facilities involving water and a soap or antiseptic, or
 - (b) if any of the items specified in paragraph (a) are unavailable, using non-water cleansers or antiseptics.
- (3) Hands or other skin surfaces that are contaminated with a patient's blood or other body substance must be cleaned as soon as it is practicable to clean them.
- (4) The requirement to clean hands applies regardless of whether gloves are also required to be worn.

4 Protective gowns and aprons

A gown or apron made of impervious material must be worn while performing any procedure where there is a likelihood of clothing being splashed or contaminated with blood or other body substances.

5 Gloves

- (1) Gloves must be worn while handling blood or other body substances.
- (2) In particular, gloves must be worn:
 - (a) while performing any procedure where direct contact is anticipated with a patient's blood or other body substance, mucous membranes or non-intact skin, and
 - (b) while suctioning a patient, and
 - (c) while handling items or surfaces that have come into contact with blood or other body substances, and
 - (d) while performing any procedure where skin penetration is anticipated.
- (3) Sterile gloves must be worn if the procedure involves contact with tissue that would be sterile under normal circumstances.
- (4) Gloves must be changed and discarded:
 - (a) as soon as they are torn or punctured, and
 - (b) after contact with each patient.
- (5) Gloves must also be changed if separate procedures are being performed on the same patient and there is a risk of infection from one part of the body to another.

6 Masks and protective eye wear

- (1) A mask and protective eye wear must be worn while performing any procedure where there is a likelihood of splashing or splattering of blood or other body substances.
- (2) In cases where a mask is required to be worn, it must be worn and fitted in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- (3) A mask must be discarded once it has been worn and it must not be used again.
- (4) In cases where protective eye wear is required to be worn, it must be worn and fitted in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- (5) Protective eye wear must be discarded once it has been worn and not used again unless they are reusable in which case they are to be cleaned in accordance with the

manufacturer's instructions.

7 Sharps

- (1) Sharps must not be passed by hand between a dental prosthetist and any other person.
- (2) A puncture resistant tray must be used to transfer sharps.
- (3) Reusable sharps must, immediately after being used, be placed in a puncture resistant container specially kept for that purpose and labelled as such.
- (4) Non-reusable sharps must, immediately after being used, be disposed of in a puncture resistant container.

8 Management of waste

- (1) Clinical waste must be properly packaged to protect against potential exposure to infectious agents and to facilitate the proper handling, storage and treatment or disposal of the waste.
- (2) Splashing or contamination of skin while disposing of blood or other body substances must be avoided as far as practicable.

Part 3 Processing of instruments and equipment

9 Prosthetic appliances

Any prosthetic appliance or material that is intended to be sent to a laboratory for processing must be rinsed clear of any debris and be disinfected before it is sent.

10 Cleaning of instruments and equipment

- (1) Any instrument or equipment that comes into contact with intact skin must be cleaned before it is used.
- (2) Any instrument or equipment that is required under this Part to be sterilised or disinfected must be cleaned before it is sterilised or disinfected.
- (3) The process of cleaning must involve water, mechanical or physical action (such as an ultrasonic cleaner) and a cleaning agent (such as detergent or a proteolytic enzyme).

11 Disinfection of instruments and equipment

- (1) Any instrument or equipment that comes into contact with non-sterile tissue must be disinfected before it is used. They may also be sterilised if they are capable of withstanding that process.
- (2) The process of disinfection must involve either thermal or chemical methods.

Chemical disinfection may only be used in cases where thermal methods are unsuitable.

12 Sterilisation of instruments and equipment

- (1) Dental hand pieces or any other instrument or equipment used to enter, or that is capable of entering, tissue that would be sterile under normal circumstances must be sterilised before it is used.
- (2) The method of sterilisation must be compatible with the particular type of instrument or equipment.
- (3) If the method of steam under pressure (i.e. moist heat sterilisation) is used, the recommended temperature/pressure holding time must be attained and the relevant manufacturer's instructions must be followed.
- (4) If a dry air oven is used, the instrument or equipment must be held for at least 1 hour at 160 degrees Celsius and the relevant manufacturer's instructions must be followed.
- (5) Instruments and equipment may be sterilised chemically, by using low temperature hydrogen peroxide plasma in at least a 45 minute cycle, or by using ethylene oxide, or by using low temperature peracetic acid in a micro-controlled processor with sealed chamber in a 30 minute cycle.

Schedule 3 Infection control standards for dental technicians (other than dental prosthetists)

(Clause 9)

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Definitions

- (1) In this Schedule:

body substance includes any human bodily secretion or substance other than blood.

patient includes (but is not limited to) a person who is accessing medical or health services or who is undergoing any dental treatment.

- (2) The requirements set out in this Schedule apply to a dental technician who is assisting in carrying out technical work in the same way as they apply to a dental technician who is actually carrying out the work.

Part 2 General standards applying to dental technicians

2 General precautions

- (1) Precautions must be taken to avoid direct exposure to a patient's blood or other body

substances. This requirement applies regardless of whether there is any perceived risk of infection.

- (2) Recognised work practices to prevent contamination must be used in the course of complying with the requirements of this Schedule.

3 Hand and skin washing

- (1) Hands must be cleaned immediately before and after any direct patient care.
- (2) Hands may be cleaned by:
 - (a) using washing facilities involving water and a soap or antiseptic, or
 - (b) if any of the items specified in paragraph (a) are unavailable, using non-water cleansers or antiseptics.
- (3) Hands or other skin surfaces that are contaminated with a patient's blood or other body substance must be cleaned as soon as it is practicable to clean them.
- (4) The requirement to clean hands applies regardless of whether gloves are also required to be worn.

4 Protective gowns and aprons

A protective gown or apron (or other similar clothing) must be worn while carrying out any technical work where there is a likelihood of clothing being splashed or contaminated with blood or other body substances.

5 Gloves

- (1) Gloves must be worn while handling any instrument, equipment or appliance that has been in direct contact with blood or other body substances.
- (2) Gloves must be changed and discarded as soon as they are torn or punctured.

6 Masks and protective eye wear

- (1) A mask and protective eye wear must be worn while carrying out any technical work where there is a likelihood of splashing or splattering of blood or other body substances.
- (2) In cases where a mask is required to be worn, it must be worn and fitted in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- (3) A mask that is not capable of being disinfected must be discarded once it has been worn and it must not be used again.
- (4) A mask that is capable of being disinfected may be re-worn after it has been disinfected in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

- (5) In cases where protective eye wear is required to be worn, it must be worn and fitted in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- (6) Protective eye wear must be discarded once it has been worn and not used again unless they are reusable in which case they are to be cleaned in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

7 Management of waste

- (1) Clinical waste must be properly packaged to protect against potential exposure to infectious agents and to facilitate the proper handling, storage and treatment or disposal of the waste.
- (2) Contamination of skin while disposing of blood or body substances must be avoided as far as practicable.

Part 3 Processing of instruments and equipment

8 Prosthetic appliances

Any prosthetic appliance or material that is sent to a laboratory for processing must be disinfected before carrying out technical work.

9 Cleaning of instruments and equipment

- (1) Any instrument, equipment or substance that comes into contact with intact skin must be cleaned before it is used.
- (2) Any instrument, equipment or substance that is required to be disinfected must be cleaned before it is disinfected.
- (3) The process of cleaning must involve water, mechanical or physical action (such as an ultrasonic cleaner) and a cleaning agent (such as detergent or a proteolytic enzyme).

10 Disinfection of instruments and equipment

- (1) Any instrument, equipment or appliance that comes into contact with non-sterile tissue must be disinfected before it is used. They should also be sterilised if they are capable of withstanding that process.
- (2) The process of disinfection must involve either thermal or chemical methods. Chemical disinfection may only be used in cases where thermal methods are unsuitable.
- (3) Before any prosthetic appliance leaves a laboratory, the appliance must be cleaned and disinfected.