

Trade Measurement Legislation Amendment Act 2007 No 49

[2007-49]



New South Wales

Status Information

Currency of version

Repealed version for 1 November 2007 to 1 February 2009 (accessed 1 July 2024 at 15:25)

Legislation on this site is usually updated within 3 working days after a change to the legislation.

Provisions in force

The provisions displayed in this version of the legislation have all commenced.

Notes—

- **Repeal**

The Act was repealed by sec 5 (1) of this Act with effect from 2.2.2009.

Authorisation

This version of the legislation is compiled and maintained in a database of legislation by the Parliamentary Counsel's Office and published on the NSW legislation website, and is certified as the form of that legislation that is correct under section 45C of the [Interpretation Act 1987](#).

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Trade Measurement Legislation Amendment Act 2007 No 49



New South Wales

An Act to amend the *Trade Measurement Act 1989* and the *Trade Measurement Administration Act 1989* to adopt changes to maintain uniform trade measurement legislation agreed between the States and Territories; and for other purposes.

1 Name of Act

This Act is the *Trade Measurement Legislation Amendment Act 2007*.

2 Commencement

This Act commences on a day to be appointed by proclamation.

3 Amendment of Trade Measurement Act 1989 No 233

The *Trade Measurement Act 1989* is amended as set out in Schedule 1.

4 Amendment of Trade Measurement Administration Act 1989 No 234

The *Trade Measurement Administration Act 1989* is amended as set out in Schedule 2.

5 Repeal of Act

(1) This Act is repealed on the day following the day on which this Act commences.

(2) The repeal of this Act does not, because of the operation of section 30 of the *Interpretation Act 1987*, affect any amendment made by this Act.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Trade Measurement Act 1989

(Section 3)

[1] Section 3 Definitions

Omit “pattern that” from the definition of **class 4 measuring instrument** in section 3 (1).

Insert instead “pattern that, in accordance with the approved pattern”.

[2] Section 3 (1), definition of “class 4 measuring instrument”

Omit “is marked with a symbol” from paragraph (b) of the definition.

Insert instead “has a symbol on it”.

[3] Section 3 (1)

Insert in alphabetical order:

firewood means any wood, including dockings, edgings, mill ends, offcuts and timber products, that:

- (a) is intended for use as firewood, and
- (b) is in billets or lengths of not more than 2.4 m.

pack, for the purpose of deciding who packs or has packed an article as a pre-packed article, includes authorise, direct, cause or permit a person to pack an article as a pre-packed article.

use, in relation to the use of a measuring instrument for trade, includes:

- (a) have the measuring instrument in possession for use, and
- (b) make the measuring instrument available for use, and
- (c) authorise, direct, cause or permit a person to do an act mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) or anything else that is the use of a measuring instrument for trade.

weighbridge suitability statement, for a public weighbridge licence, means a statement, signed by the administering authority, that the weighbridge mentioned in the licence is suitable for use as a public weighbridge.

[4] Section 3 (1), definition of “sell”

Omit “paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d)” from paragraph (e) of the definition.

Insert instead “paragraphs (a)–(d) or anything else that is a sale”.

[5] Section 7 Measuring instruments used for trade must be marked

Omit “is taken not to have committed” from section 7 (4).

Insert instead “may not be prosecuted for”.

[6] Section 7A Use of class 4 measuring instruments

Omit section 7A (b). Insert instead:

(b) for weighing a thing to decide freight or haulage charges for the thing, or

[7] Section 7B Use of measuring instruments for pre-packed articles

Omit “is approved for trade use under the National Measurement Act”.

Insert instead “is of an approved pattern”.

[8] Section 8 Unjust measurement

Omit “is taken not to have committed” from section 8 (5).

Insert instead “may not be prosecuted for”.

[9] Section 9 Supplying incorrect etc measuring instrument

Omit “for trade” from section 9 (2) where thirdly occurring.

[10] Section 9 (2A)

Insert after section 9 (2):

(2A) Subject to subsection (3) (b), it does not matter whether the person who used the measuring instrument purchased it or took it on lease, hire or loan for trade.

[11] Section 23

Omit the section. Insert instead:

23 Incorrect measurement or price calculation

- (1) This section applies to a person who, for the purpose of the sale of an article at a price determined by reference to the measurement of the article, operates a measuring instrument to measure the article or decides the measurement of the article.
- (2) For the purposes of this section:
 - (a) a reference to the person’s measurement of the article is a reference to the person’s operation of the measuring instrument or measurement of the article as mentioned in subsection (1), and
 - (b) it does not matter whether the person’s measurement of the article is for the article’s sale by the person or by anyone else at any time.
- (3) For any sale of the article at any time, the person commits an offence if, because of the person’s measurement of the article:
 - (a) the person directly or indirectly misleads any party to the sale as to the

measurement of the article or the calculation of the price, to the party's detriment, or

- (b) the price paid or required to be paid is not the price correctly determined by reference to the correct measurement of the article and as a result any party to the sale suffers or would suffer detriment.

Penalty: \$20,000.

[12] Section 25A

Insert after section 25:

25A Special provision for sale of firewood by volume

To apply section 23 to a sale of firewood by volume, the volume stated for the sale of the firewood (***the stated volume***) is taken to comply with that section if, when the firewood is stacked with as few gaps as practicable, the volume worked out using the stack's dimensions is at least the stated volume.

[13] Section 44 Application for licence

Insert "for a single weighbridge" after "licence" in section 44 (1) (b).

[14] Section 44 (2A) and (2B)

Insert after section 44 (2):

(2A) If the licensing authority grants a licence to a partnership, the licence must state:

- (a) the names of all the partners, and
- (b) if the partnership has a registered business name, the registered business name.

(2B) Each partner stated in the licence, including the licence as amended under section 54B, is taken to be a holder of the licence.

[15] Section 44 (3)

Omit "The application". Insert instead "An application under this section".

[16] Section 45 Grounds for refusal

Insert after section 45 (1):

(1A) If the applicant is a partnership, subsection (1) applies to each member of the partnership.

(1B) Also, for a public weighbridge licence application for a weighbridge, the licensing authority must refuse the application if the administering authority considers the weighbridge is not suitable for use as a public weighbridge.

[17] Section 50 Conditions on all public weighbridge licences

Omit section 50 (1) (a). Insert instead:

- (a) a condition that the licensee must not operate the weighbridge mentioned in the licence unless the licence or a copy of the licence has a weighbridge suitability statement written on it that is in force,
- (aa) a condition that the weighbridge suitability statement is in force only until the end of:
 - (i) the period for which the fee payable in relation to the statement has been paid, or
 - (ii) the period as extended under section 52A,
- (ab) a condition that the weighbridge mentioned in the licence is to be located at the place stated in the licence,

[18] Section 50 (1) (b)

Omit “a weighbridge operated pursuant to the licence”.

Insert instead “the weighbridge mentioned in the licence”.

[19] Sections 52A and 52B

Insert after section 52:

52A Continuation of weighbridge suitability statement in particular circumstances

- (1) This section applies if:
 - (a) before the end of the period for which a weighbridge suitability statement is in force for a particular weighbridge, a licensee pays the fee for a new weighbridge suitability statement, and
 - (b) the administering authority has not caused the weighbridge to be examined for the purpose of providing a new weighbridge suitability statement.
- (2) The licensee may continue to operate the weighbridge under the licence until the administering authority:

- (a) issues to the licensee a copy of the public weighbridge licence for the weighbridge with a weighbridge suitability statement on it in force for the period for which the fee payable in relation to the statement has been paid, or
- (b) decides the weighbridge is no longer suitable for use as a public weighbridge and gives written notice of the decision to the licensee under section 52B (2).

52B If weighbridge no longer suitable for use as public weighbridge

- (1) This section applies if the administering authority decides a public weighbridge is no longer suitable for use as a public weighbridge.
- (2) The administering authority may give the licensee a notice stating:
 - (a) why the administering authority considers the public weighbridge is no longer suitable for use as a public weighbridge, and
 - (b) that the licensee may make written representations to the administering authority within 28 days stating why the licensee considers the public weighbridge licence for the public weighbridge should not be cancelled.
- (3) After considering any representations made to the administering authority, the administering authority may:
 - (a) decide to take no further action against the licensee, or
 - (b) recommend to the licensing authority that the public weighbridge licence for the public weighbridge be cancelled.
- (4) The licensing authority may cancel the licence on the recommendation of the administering authority under subsection (3) (b).
- (5) The administering authority must give the licensee a written notice stating:
 - (a) the decision and the reason for the decision, and
 - (b) that if the licensing authority cancels the licensee's licence, the licensee may apply to the review tribunal under the Administration Act for a review of the decision of the licensing authority.
- (6) This section does not limit section 7.

[20] Section 54 Surrender etc of licence

Omit "A licence" from section 54 (2).

Insert instead "Subject to section 54B, a licence".

[21] Sections 54A-54D

Insert after section 54:

54A Effect of relocation of licensed weighbridge

- (1) This section applies if a licensee moves a weighbridge from the location at which it was inspected before the issue of the weighbridge suitability statement for the weighbridge to another location at the place stated in the licence.
- (2) The public weighbridge licence for the weighbridge is taken to have been surrendered under section 54.

54B Application to change licence holders due to change of partnership

- (1) This section applies if:
 - (a) a partnership is the holder of a licence, and
 - (b) there is or is proposed to be a change to the membership of the partnership (**the change**) with at least one partner before the change continuing as a partner after the change.
- (2) The partnership may apply to the licensing authority to amend the licence to state the partners who are or will be the partners after the change.
- (3) To the extent the change consists of a person ceasing to be a partner, the licensing authority must grant the application and amend the licence to remove the name of the partner from the licence.
- (4) To the extent the change involves a new partner being admitted to the partnership:
 - (a) the application must include the information about the new partner that the new partner would have to give to the licensing authority when applying for a licence of that kind, and
 - (b) after considering the application, the licensing authority must:
 - (i) grant the application and amend the licence to include the name of the new partner, or
 - (ii) refuse the application under subsection (5).
- (5) The licensing authority must refuse an application to which subsection (4) applies if it would be refused under section 45 were it an application by the new partner for the licence.

- (6) If the licensing authority refuses the application, the licensing authority must notify the partnership of the grounds for the refusal and the right of review of the refusal under section 59.
- (7) If an application is granted relating to a change that is to happen at a later time, the licensing authority must amend the licence in accordance with the application from the later time.
- (8) To amend a licence under this section, the licensing authority may endorse the amendment on the licence held by the partnership, or replace the licence with a licence stating the membership of the partnership after the change.
- (9) An application must be accompanied by the application fee prescribed under the Administration Act.

54C Effect on licence of application under s 54B

- (1) This section applies if a change within the meaning of section 54B happens:
 - (a) not more than 28 days before an application under the section is made, or
 - (b) after the application is made but before it is decided.
- (2) From the day of the change, the relevant licence is taken to be held by the partnership as it exists after the change, and each partner is taken to be a holder of the licence, until:
 - (a) the application is granted, or
 - (b) if the application is refused—the end of the period allowed under the [Administrative Decisions Tribunal Act 1997](#) for a review and, if the partnership applies for a review of the refusal, the end of the review.

54D Application to amend condition of licence

- (1) A licensee under a servicing licence may apply to the licensing authority for an amendment to a condition of the licence of a kind mentioned in section 48 (2).
- (2) The licensing authority may amend or refuse to amend the licence.
- (3) An application must be accompanied by the application fee prescribed under the Administration Act.

[22] Section 56 Grounds for disciplinary action

Insert at the end of the section:

- (2) A ground for disciplinary action under subsection (1) exists in relation to a licensee

who is a partnership if the ground exists in relation to any one or more of the members of the partnership.

[23] Section 59 Rights of review

Insert “or an amendment of a licence” after “licence” in section 59 (a).

[24] Section 59 (ea)

Insert after section 59 (e):

(ea) to cancel a public weighbridge licence because the public weighbridge mentioned in the licence is no longer suitable for use as a public weighbridge, or

[25] Section 80 Regulations

Omit section 80 (2) (n). Insert instead:

(n) weighbridge suitability statements,

[26] Section 80 (2) (v)

Insert after section 80 (2) (u):

(v) the approval of forms for use under this Act.

[27] Part IX

Insert after section 81:

Part IX Transitional provisions for Trade Measurement Legislation Amendment Act 2007

82 Certificates of suitability

A certificate of suitability for a public weighbridge, that is in force immediately before the commencement of the *Trade Measurement Legislation Amendment Act 2007*, is taken to be a weighbridge suitability statement for the weighbridge’s public weighbridge licence expiring when the certificate of suitability would otherwise have expired.

83 Existing licensed public weighbridges

(1) This section applies if, immediately before the commencement of the *Trade Measurement Legislation Amendment Act 2007*, a licensee operates more than one public weighbridge under a public weighbridge licence.

(2) On the commencement:

- (a) each public weighbridge is taken to be licensed under a separate public weighbridge licence, and
- (b) a separate periodic licence fee is not payable because of paragraph (a) until the day the periodic licence fee is payable under section 52 after the commencement.

(3) Also, if, after the commencement:

- (a) a licensee for a public weighbridge that is taken under subsection (2) (a) to be licensed under a separate public weighbridge licence pays a separate periodic licence fee for the public weighbridge, and
- (b) the administering authority decides the weighbridge is still suitable for use as a public weighbridge,

the licensing authority must issue to the licensee a separate public weighbridge licence for the weighbridge with a weighbridge suitability statement on it in force for the period for which the fee payable in relation to the statement has been paid.

Schedule 2 Amendment of Trade Measurement Administration Act 1989

(Section 4)

[1] Section 13 Other fees and charges may be prescribed

Insert after section 13 (1) (c):

- (ca) fees payable for providing weighbridge suitability statements or duplicates of weighbridge suitability statements, and

[2] Section 13 (4)

Insert after section 13 (3):

- (4) For the purposes of this section, it does not matter whether the fee prescribed for a public weighbridge licence and a weighbridge suitability statement is a combined fee for the same period.