

State Emergency Service Act 1989 No 164

[1989-164]



New South Wales

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The provisions displayed in this version of the legislation have all commenced.

Responsible Minister

- Minister for Emergency Services

For full details of Ministerial responsibilities, see the [Administrative Arrangements \(Minns Ministry—Administration of Acts\) Order 2023](#).

Authorisation

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New South Wales

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State Emergency Service Act 1989 No 164



New South Wales

An Act to establish the State Emergency Service and define its functions; to make provision for the handling of certain emergencies; to repeal the *State Emergency Services and Civil Defence Act 1972*; to amend certain other Acts; and for other purposes.

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Name of Act

This Act may be cited as the *State Emergency Service Act 1989*.

2 Commencement

This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

3 Definitions

(1) In this Act—

Commissioner means the person employed in the Public Service as the Commissioner of the State Emergency Service.

Consultative Council means the SES Volunteer Joint Consultative Council.

Deputy Commissioner means the person employed in the Public Service as the Deputy Commissioner of the State Emergency Service.

emergency officer means the Commissioner or a person appointed under section 15 as an emergency officer.

exercise a function includes perform a duty.

function includes a power, authority or duty.

local commander means a commander of SES units in a local government area appointed under section 17.

SES unit means an organisation registered as an SES unit under section 18.

State Emergency Service means the NSW State Emergency Service established

under this Act.

unit commander means a commander of an SES unit appointed under section 17A.

zone means a zone established under section 14.

zone commander means the commander appointed under section 16 for SES units in a zone.

Note—

The [Interpretation Act 1987](#) contains definitions and other provisions that affect the interpretation and application of this Act.

(2) Words and expressions in this Act have the same meanings as in the [State Emergency and Rescue Management Act 1989](#), except in so far as the context or subject-matter otherwise indicates or requires.

(3) Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act.

4 Limitation on operation of Act—industrial disputes and civil disturbances

This Act does not authorise the taking of measures directed at—

- (a) bringing an industrial dispute to an end, or
- (b) controlling a riot or other civil disturbance.

5 (Repealed)

6 Act binds the Crown

This Act binds the Crown, not only in right of New South Wales but also, so far as the legislative power of Parliament permits, the Crown in all its other capacities.

Part 2 The State Emergency Service

7 State Emergency Service

(1) There shall be a NSW State Emergency Service.

(2) The State Emergency Service is to comprise—

- (a) the Commissioner, Deputy Commissioner and other staff of the Service, and
- (b) the volunteer officers and volunteer members of all SES units.

(3) In any Act or instrument, a reference to the NSW State Emergency Service need not include the term “NSW”.

8 Functions of Service

- (1) The State Emergency Service has the following functions—
- (aa) to protect persons from dangers to their safety and health, and to protect property from destruction or damage, arising from floods, storms and tsunamis,
 - (a) to act as the combat agency for dealing with floods (including the establishment of flood warning systems) and to co-ordinate the evacuation and welfare of affected communities,
 - (b) to act as the combat agency for damage control for storms and to co-ordinate the evacuation and welfare of affected communities,
 - (c) to act as the combat agency for dealing with tsunamis and to co-ordinate the evacuation and welfare of affected communities,
 - (d) as directed by the State Emergency Operations Controller, to deal with an emergency where no other agency has lawful authority to assume command of the emergency operation,
 - (e) to carry out, by accredited SES units, rescue operations allocated by the State Rescue Board,
 - (f) to assist the State Emergency Operations Controller to carry out emergency management functions relating to the prevention of, preparation for and response to, and to assist the State Emergency Recovery Controller to carry out emergency management functions relating to the recovery from, emergencies in accordance with the [State Emergency and Rescue Management Act 1989](#),
 - (g) to assist, at their request, members of the NSW Police Force, Fire and Rescue NSW, the NSW Rural Fire Service or the Ambulance Service of NSW in dealing with any incident or emergency,
 - (h) to maintain effective liaison with all emergency services organisations,
 - (i) to carry out such other functions as may be assigned to it by or under this or any other Act, or by the State Emergency Operations Controller or the Minister.
- (2) The functions of the State Emergency Service are to be exercised in accordance with the [State Emergency and Rescue Management Act 1989](#) and, in particular, with the requirements under the State Emergency Management Plan or any state of emergency under that Act.

Part 3 The Commissioner and other staff of the Service

9 Commissioner, Deputy Commissioner and other staff

- (1) A Commissioner, Deputy Commissioner and such other staff as may be necessary for the purposes of this Act are to be employed under Part 4 of the [Government Sector Employment Act 2013](#).
- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to members of SES units.
- (3) The Commissioner may arrange for the use of the services of any staff (by secondment or otherwise) or facilities of a Public Service agency or a public or local authority.
- (4) For the purposes of this Act, a person whose services are made use of under this section is a member of the staff of the State Emergency Service.

9A (Repealed)

10 Ministerial control

The Commissioner, Deputy Commissioner and other members of the State Emergency Service are, in the exercise of their functions under this Act, subject to the control and direction of the Minister.

11 Commissioner responsible for administration of Service

- (1) The Commissioner is responsible for managing and controlling the activities of the State Emergency Service.
- (2) The Commissioner, in connection with the exercise of his or her functions under this Act, may use the title "State controller" and the Deputy Commissioner may use the title "Deputy State controller".

12 Planning and preparation by Commissioner

- (1) The Commissioner is required to undertake such planning and make such preparations as the Commissioner thinks fit for the purpose of enabling the Commissioner's functions under this Act to be exercised in the most effective manner.
- (2) The Commissioner may constitute committees to collate and assess information, or give advice or assistance to the Commissioner or any other person or agency, in relation to the functions of the State Emergency Service.
- (3) The Commissioner is to arrange for the collation, assessment and public dissemination of information relating to floods, storms and tsunamis.

13 Delegation by Commissioner

The Commissioner may delegate to the Deputy Commissioner or any other member of the State Emergency Service or to an emergency officer the Commissioner's functions under

this Act, other than this power of delegation.

14 Service zones

The Commissioner may divide the State into zones for the purposes of this Act.

Part 4 Emergency officers and SES units

15 Emergency officers

- (1) The Commissioner is an emergency officer for the purposes of this Act.
- (2) The Commissioner may appoint any person, or a person belonging to a class of persons, as an emergency officer for the purposes of this Act.
- (3) A person may be appointed as an emergency officer whether or not the person is a member of the State Emergency Service.
- (4) The Commissioner may revoke an appointment under this section at any time.
- (5) The Commissioner is to arrange for suitable training to be provided to emergency officers.

16 Zone commanders

- (1) The Commissioner may appoint a member of staff of the State Emergency Service as the zone commander for a zone.
- (2) A zone commander is, subject to any direction of the Commissioner, responsible for the control and co-ordination of the activities of SES units in the relevant zone.
- (3) The Commissioner may appoint any person to act as a deputy to a zone commander.
- (4) The functions of a zone commander may be exercised by his or her deputy during any absence from duty of the zone commander.

17 Local commanders

- (1) The Commissioner may, on the recommendation of the council of a local government area, appoint one or more persons as a local commander for the area.
- (2) The Commissioner may revoke an appointment under this section at any time and for any reason.
- (3) A local commander is, subject to any direction of the Commissioner or the relevant zone commander, responsible for the control and co-ordination of the activities of SES units in the relevant local government area.
- (4) The Commissioner may appoint as a local commander an emergency officer not recommended by the council of the local government area concerned if the council

fails to make a recommendation which is acceptable to the Commissioner within 30 days after the council is requested to do so by the Commissioner.

- (5) The council of a local government area must, within 3 months of the appointment of a local commander for the area, provide (free of charge) suitable training facilities and storage and office accommodation to enable the local commander to exercise his or her functions.
- (6) Any such facilities and accommodation are to be of a standard approved by the Commissioner.

17A Unit commanders

- (1) The Commissioner may appoint any person as the unit commander for an SES unit and may revoke the appointment at any time and for any reason.
- (2) A unit commander is, subject to any direction of the Commissioner, the relevant zone commander or the relevant local commander, responsible for the control and co-ordination of the activities of the unit.
- (3) In the case of a local government area for which there is only one SES unit, the unit commander for that unit is taken to be the local commander unless a local commander is appointed under section 17 (1).

17B Terms of appointment for local and unit commanders

- (1) A local commander or unit commander is to be appointed for such term (not exceeding 2 years) as is specified in his or her instrument of appointment, but is, at the end of that term, eligible for re-appointment.
- (2) Each local commander and unit commander is subject to an annual review and report to be carried out by the Commissioner.

17C Local and unit commander deputies

- (1) A zone commander may, in consultation with a local commander in the relevant zone, appoint any person to act as a deputy to the local commander.
- (2) A zone commander may, in consultation with a unit commander in the relevant zone, appoint any person to act as a deputy to the unit commander.
- (3) An appointment made under subsection (1) or (2) may be revoked at any time and for any reason by the zone commander who made the appointment.
- (4) The functions of a local commander or unit commander may be exercised by his or her deputy during any absence from duty of the local commander or unit commander.

17D Zone headquarters unit

- (1) The State Emergency Service may make available such of its staff and facilities as the Commissioner considers appropriate to establish a headquarters for a zone.
- (2) A zone commander, together with—
 - (a) the members of staff of the State Emergency Service attached to the headquarters for the zone, and
 - (b) any volunteers assisting in the running of the headquarters,may be registered as an SES unit (as a **zone headquarters unit**) under section 18.
- (3) The function of a zone headquarters unit is to assist the zone commander in the exercise of his or her responsibilities.

18 SES units

- (1) The Commissioner may, by instrument in writing, register a group of persons as an SES unit and assign it a distinctive name.
 - (1A) The Commissioner may register a group of persons under subsection (1) on his or her own initiative or on the application of an association of persons formed for the purpose of dealing with emergencies to which this Act applies.
 - (1B) On the registration of an SES unit under subsection (1A), the group of persons or the members of the association are members of the SES unit, subject to section 18AA.
- (2) An association of persons may be registered as an SES unit whether or not it is an incorporated body.
- (3) The Commissioner may, by instrument in writing, revoke the registration of an association as an SES unit.
- (4) The Commissioner may apply for the accreditation of an SES unit as a rescue unit under Part 3 of the [State Emergency and Rescue Management Act 1989](#).
- (5) The trustees of any real or personal property of an SES unit may vest that property in the Crown, to be held by the Crown subject to this Act but free from any other trust.

18AA Granting, suspension and withdrawal of membership of SES units

- (1) Membership of an SES unit may be granted, suspended or withdrawn by any of the following—
 - (a) the Commissioner,
 - (b) a zone commander, local commander or unit commander responsible for the SES unit.

- (2) Membership of an SES unit may be withdrawn at any time and for any reason.
- (3) Membership of an SES unit may be suspended at any time, but only for the purposes of conducting an investigation into—
 - (a) the member's alleged offence against any law, or
 - (b) the member's alleged contravention of, or failure to comply with, the procedures or instructions of the State Emergency Service.
- (4) A person whose membership of an SES unit is withdrawn may—
 - (a) if the membership was withdrawn by the Commissioner—apply to the Commissioner to reconsider that action, or
 - (b) if the membership was withdrawn by a zone commander, local commander or unit commander—appeal to the Commissioner against that action.
- (5) On an application or an appeal being made by a person under subsection (4), the Commissioner may—
 - (a) reinstate the person's membership, or
 - (b) confirm the withdrawal of the person's membership.
- (6) The procedures for—
 - (a) suspending or withdrawing membership of an SES unit, and
 - (b) appealing against the withdrawal of membership of an SES unit,are to be as set out in the procedure manuals maintained by the State Emergency Service.
- (7) This section has effect despite any other law relating to membership of an association that is an SES unit.

Part 5 Emergencies and emergency powers

18A Definitions

In this Part—

emergency area means the area affected by an emergency to which this Part applies.

premises includes land, place, building, vehicle, vessel or aircraft, or any part of premises.

senior emergency officer means any of the following—

- (a) a police officer of or above the rank of sergeant or a police officer for the time being in

charge of a police station,

- (b) an officer of Fire and Rescue NSW of or above the position of station commander,
- (c) an officer of the State Emergency Service of or above the position of unit commander,
- (d) a member of a rural fire brigade of or above the position of deputy captain,
- (e) a Regional Emergency Management Officer.

19 Emergencies to which Part applies

This Part applies to—

- (a) an emergency referred to in section 8 (1) (a), (b) or (c) relating to a flood, storm or tsunami, or
- (b) an emergency referred to in section 8 (1) (d) which the State Emergency Operations Controller has directed the Commissioner to deal with.

20 Commissioner to control emergencies

Subject to the [State Emergency and Rescue Management Act 1989](#), the Commissioner is to have overall control of operations in response to an emergency to which this Part applies.

21 Duty to recognise authority of Commissioner and emergency officers

- (1) Every member of the NSW Police Force and all other members of emergency services organisations are to recognise, in connection with operations in response to an emergency to which this Part applies, the authority of the Commissioner and emergency officers acting under the Commissioner's orders or the orders of the zone commander or local commander.
- (2) It is the duty of every such member to assist the Commissioner or other emergency officer in connection with those operations.

22 Power to evacuate or to take other steps concerning persons

- (1) The Commissioner may, if satisfied that it is necessary or convenient to do so for the purpose of responding to an emergency to which this Part applies, direct, or authorise an emergency officer to direct, a person to do any or all of the following—
 - (a) to leave any particular premises and to move out of an emergency area or any part of an emergency area,
 - (b) to take any children or adults present in any particular premises who are in the person's care and to move them outside the emergency area or any part of the emergency area,

- (c) not to enter the emergency area or any part of the emergency area.
- (2) If the person does not comply with the direction, an emergency officer may do all such things as are reasonably necessary to ensure compliance with it, using such force as is reasonably necessary in the circumstances.
- (3) The regulations may limit the circumstances, and regulate the manner, in which the powers conferred by this section may be exercised.
- (4) (Repealed)

22A Power to take other safety measures

- (1) The Commissioner may, if satisfied that there are reasonable grounds for doing so for the purpose of protecting persons from injury or death or protecting property threatened by an actual or imminent emergency, direct, or authorise a senior emergency officer to direct, the doing of any one or more of the following—
 - (a) the shutting off or disconnecting of the supply of any water, gas, liquid, solid, grain, powder or other substance in or from any main, pipeline, container or storage facility in an emergency area or any part of an emergency area,
 - (b) the shutting off or disconnecting of the supply of gas or electricity to any premises in an emergency area or any part of an emergency area,
 - (c) the taking possession of, and removal or destruction of any material or thing in an emergency area or any part of an emergency area that may be dangerous to life or property or that may interfere with the response of emergency services to the emergency.
- (2) For the purposes of the exercise of a function under subsection (1) (a), the Commissioner or a senior emergency officer authorised by the Commissioner may require the person who controls or supplies the substance concerned to immediately send some competent person to the scene for the purpose of shutting it off or disconnecting it in accordance with the reasonable directions of the Commissioner or senior emergency officer.
- (3) A person must comply with a requirement, or directions, under subsection (2).
Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.
- (4) A person who supplies a substance referred to in subsection (1) (a) or (b) is not liable for any damages because of any interruption of that supply under this section if the supply is shut off or disconnected in accordance with the directions of the Commissioner or senior emergency officer.
- (5) The regulations may limit the circumstances, and regulate the manner, in which the powers conferred by this section may be exercised.

22B Power to enter premises

A person may enter any premises for the purposes of complying with a direction under section 22A (1).

22C Notice of entry

- (1) A person authorised to enter premises may enter the premises without giving notice—
 - (a) if entry to the premises is made with the consent of the owner or occupier, or
 - (b) if the entry is made to a part of the premises that is open to the public, or
 - (c) if entry is required urgently and the case is one in which the Commissioner or senior emergency officer giving the direction has authorised in writing (either generally or in a particular case) entry without notice.
- (2) In any other case, the person must give the owner or occupier of the premises reasonable written notice of the intention to enter the premises.

22D Care to be taken

In the exercise of a function under section 22A, a person authorised to enter premises must do as little damage as possible.

22E Use of force

- (1) Reasonable force may be used for the purpose of gaining entry to premises to comply with a direction under section 22A but only if the Commissioner or the senior emergency officer giving the direction—
 - (a) has authorised in writing the use of force in the particular case, or
 - (b) has specified in writing the circumstances that are required to exist before force may be used and the particular case falls within those circumstances.
- (2) If a person authorised to enter premises uses force to do so, the person must, as soon as practicable, inform the person who directed him or her to exercise the function under section 22A.
- (3) The person so informed of the use of force must give notice of the use of force to such persons or authorities as appear to the person to be appropriate in the circumstances.
- (4) If a person's property is damaged by the exercise of a right of entry, the person is to receive such compensation as may be determined by the Minister or, if the damage arose as the result of the exercise of a right of entry by a police officer, the Minister for Police, but is not entitled to receive compensation.
- (5) A person may apply to the Premier for a review of a determination as to compensation

made by the Minister or the Minister for Police under this section.

22F Authority to enter premises

- (1) A power to enter premises, or to take action on premises, may not be exercised unless the person proposing to exercise the power is in possession of an authority and produces the authority if required to do so by the owner or occupier of the premises.
- (2) The authority must be a written authority that—
 - (a) states that it is issued under this Act, and
 - (b) gives the name of the person to whom it is issued, and
 - (c) describes the nature of the powers conferred and the source of the powers, and
 - (d) states the date (if any) on which it expires, and
 - (e) describes the kind of premises to which the power extends, and
 - (f) bears the signature of the Commissioner or the senior emergency officer who issued the direction under section 22A.
- (3) However, despite subsections (1) and (2), a police officer exercising a power to enter premises, or to take action on premises, must produce his or her warrant card if required to do so by the owner or occupier of the premises in lieu of an authority.

23 Arrangements for inter-State co-operation in emergencies

- (1) The Commissioner may make arrangements with any agency which manages or controls inter-State SES units—
 - (a) for those units to carry out operations in New South Wales in response to emergencies to which this Part applies, and
 - (b) for SES units under this Act to carry out similar operations outside New South Wales.
- (2) An inter-State SES unit carrying out operations in New South Wales in accordance with any such arrangement is to be regarded as an SES unit under this Act.
- (2A) The Commissioner may make arrangements with an appropriate agency of a State or Territory that does not operate or manage an inter-State SES unit for SES units under this Act to carry out operations in that State or Territory in response to emergencies to which this Part applies.
- (3) In this section, ***inter-State SES unit*** means a unit established and operating in another State or in a Territory of the Commonwealth.

24 (Repealed)

Part 5A Contribution to State Emergency Service costs

Division 1 Preliminary

24A Definitions

In this Part—

assessment notice means an assessment notice given to a local council under section 24K.

financial year means the period of 12 months starting on 1 July in a year.

Fund means the New South Wales State Emergency Service Fund established under section 24V (1).

SES contribution means an amount payable under this Part for a financial year by a local council.

SES contribution instalment—see section 24IA.

SES expenditure, in relation to a financial year, means the total of—

- (a) expenditure incurred during the year in the exercise of the State Emergency Service's functions, and
- (b) (Repealed)
- (c) expenditure incurred during the year in respect of the administrative costs of the State Emergency Service, the Consultative Council or the Minister under the authority of this Act.

SES funding amount—see section 24G.

SES funding target—see section 24B.

State Revenue Commissioner—means the Chief Commissioner of State Revenue under the [Taxation Administration Act 1996](#).

Division 2 SES funding target

24B SES funding target

- (1) Before 31 March in each year or a later date agreed to by the Treasurer, the Minister must—
 - (a) prepare and, subject to the Treasurer's agreement, adopt a funding target for the State Emergency Service for the next financial year (the **SES funding target**), and

(b) prepare and adopt an estimate of the amount of the SES funding target applicable to the area of each local council for the next financial year.

(2) The Minister is to calculate the SES funding target for the financial year using the following formula—

$$\text{contribution payable} = \frac{a \times b}{c}$$

where—

FT_t is the SES funding target for the financial year (represented by “t”).

EE_t is the estimated SES expenditure for the financial year.

AE_{t-2} is the actual SES expenditure for the financial year that commenced 2 years before the period “t” (represented as “t-2”).

EE_{t-2} is the estimated SES expenditure for the financial year that commenced 2 years before the period “t” (represented as “t-2”).

- (3) To avoid doubt, if $AE_{t-2} - EE_{t-2}$ is a negative amount, that amount is subtracted from EE_t .
- (4) The estimate of SES expenditure for a financial year is to be reduced, as necessary, by the amount it is estimated will be paid to the Fund for the financial year (other than from contributions made by the Treasurer).
- (5) The actual SES expenditure for a financial year is to be reduced, as necessary, by the amount paid to the Fund for the financial year (other than from contributions made by the Treasurer).
- (6) Without limiting subsections (4) and (5), the Minister may, with the Treasurer’s agreement, decide that adjustments are not to be made to the SES funding target in respect of—
- (a) certain money paid into the Fund, or
 - (b) certain amounts it is estimated will be paid to the State Emergency Service for the financial year.
- (7) In determining the amount of the SES funding target for each local council area, the Minister may apportion the total estimated expenditure between local council areas in the way the Minister thinks fit.

24C Local councils to give information to Commissioner

To enable the Minister to prepare the SES funding target, a local council must, at the times and in the way required by the Commissioner, give the Commissioner any of the following

information required by the Commissioner—

- (a) information relating to the State Emergency Service, SES units or emergency officers,
- (b) information relating to the equipment of the State Emergency Service,
- (c) information about any other matter relating to the organisation of the State Emergency Service.

24D Commissioner to assist

- (1) To assist the Minister in preparing and adopting the SES funding target for a financial year, the Commissioner must prepare and give to the Minister a written report and recommendations about SES expenditure for the year.
- (2) The Minister must consider the Commissioner's report and recommendations in preparing the estimates.

Division 3 Treasurer to contribute to Fund

24E Treasurer to pay contributions

- (1) The Treasurer is to pay an annual contribution to the Fund for each financial year.
- (2) The annual contribution payable is the SES funding amount.
- (3) The Treasurer may direct the payment of additional contributions to the Fund, subject to any terms and conditions approved by the Treasurer.
- (4) The annual contribution, and any additional contributions, are to be paid out of money provided by Parliament.

24F Contribution payable in instalments

The annual contribution is to be paid by the Treasurer in instalments on or before the following dates—

- (a) 1 August,
- (b) 1 October,
- (c) 1 January,
- (d) 1 April.

24G SES funding amount

- (1) As soon as practicable after the commencement of each financial year, the Minister must prepare and, subject to the Treasurer's agreement, adopt an update of SES funding for the financial year (the **SES funding amount**).

- (2) The SES funding amount is the estimated SES expenditure for the financial year (that is, EE_t in the SES funding target for the financial year), adjusted and updated in accordance with this section.
- (3) Estimated SES expenditure is to be adjusted for the purposes of the SES funding amount so that the estimate—
 - (a) is reduced or increased, as appropriate, for any difference between the estimate of SES expenditure for the financial year, as adopted in the SES funding target, and an updated estimate of that amount, and
 - (b) is reduced or increased, as appropriate, for any difference between the SES funding amount for the previous financial year and the actual amount of SES expenditure for that financial year.
- (4) Without limiting subsection (3), the Minister may, with the Treasurer's agreement, decide that adjustments are not to be made to the SES funding amount in respect of—
 - (a) any surplus in the Fund at the end of the previous financial year, or
 - (b) certain money paid into the Fund, or
 - (c) certain amounts it is estimated will be paid to the State Emergency Service for the financial year.
- (5) An adjustment to the estimated SES expenditure that is made under this section has no effect on, and is not to be used in the calculation of, the SES funding target for a financial year.

Division 4 Local councils to pay SES contribution

24H Council to pay SES contribution

A local council is to pay to the State Revenue Commissioner a SES contribution for each financial year.

24I Amount of contribution

- (1) The amount of the SES contribution is the amount determined by the Minister for each local council.
- (2) The Minister is to determine the contribution payable by a local council on the basis of the SES funding target for each local council area.
- (3) The contribution payable by local councils for each local council area is 11.7% of the SES funding target applicable to the area.
- (4) A local council or an officer of a local council must, if asked by the Minister, give the Minister any document or information required by the Minister to determine the local

council's SES contribution.

24IA Contribution payable in instalments

A SES contribution payable by a local council for a financial year is payable in 4 instalments (each of which is a **SES contribution instalment**).

24IB Minister to advise State Revenue Commissioner

The Minister is to advise the State Revenue Commissioner, by the date of 15 April that occurs immediately before the commencement of a financial year, of—

- (a) the amount of the SES contribution payable by each local council for the financial year, and
- (b) the amount of the SES contribution instalments payable by each local council.

Division 5 Payment of contributions by local councils

24J When instalments are to be paid

A local council must, in accordance with an instalment notice given to the council by the State Revenue Commissioner, pay to the State Revenue Commissioner a SES contribution instalment on or before each of the following days in a financial year—

- (a) 30 September,
- (b) 31 December,
- (c) 31 March,
- (d) 30 June.

24K Annual assessment notice

- (1) The State Revenue Commissioner must give to each local council that is required to pay a SES contribution for a financial year an assessment notice that sets out the amount of the SES contribution payable by the local council for that year.
- (2) The assessment notice must be given to the local council by 30 April in the year before the financial year for which the SES contribution is payable.

24L Instalment notices

The State Revenue Commissioner must give to each local council that is required to pay a SES contribution instalment a written notice (an **instalment notice**) that specifies—

- (a) the amount of the SES contribution instalment payable under the instalment notice, and
- (b) the date by which the SES contribution instalment is payable.

24LA SES contribution is debt payable to State Revenue Commissioner

- (1) If the whole or part of a SES contribution payable by a local council is not paid to the State Revenue Commissioner as required, the unpaid amount is recoverable by the State Revenue Commissioner as a debt in a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (2) The applied provisions of the *Taxation Administration Act 1996* apply in relation to the SES contribution payable by a local council under this Act as if Part 5A of this Act were a taxation law and the contribution were a tax payable by a council under a taxation law.
- (3) The **applied provisions** of the *Taxation Administration Act 1996* are the following provisions of that Act—
 - (a) Division 1 (Interest) of Part 5,
 - (b) sections 50 and 55 (which prohibit the giving of false and misleading information),
 - (c) Division 1 (Tax officers), Division 2 (Investigation) and Division 3 (Secrecy) of Part 9,
 - (d) sections 114, 115, 116, 118, 119 and 120,
 - (e) any provisions that are relevant to the interpretation of the above provisions.
- (4) The applied provisions apply to an assessment made by the State Revenue Commissioner under this Act in the same way as they apply to an assessment under that Act.
- (5) To avoid doubt, Part 10 of the *Taxation Administration Act 1996* does not apply to a SES contribution or to the exercise of any of the State Revenue Commissioner's functions in respect of SES contributions (including under the applied provisions of the *Taxation Administration Act 1996*).

24M How contribution is to be funded

- (1) The SES contribution payable by a local council is to be paid out of the council's consolidated fund.
- (2) Funds of a local council derived from donations and other voluntary contributions made for the purposes of this Act may not be used towards the payment of SES contributions by the local council unless approved by the Minister.

Division 6

24N-24U (Repealed)

Division 7 Administration of Funds

24V New South Wales State Emergency Service Fund

- (1) There is to be established in the Special Deposits Account in the Treasury a New South Wales State Emergency Service Fund.
- (2) (Repealed)
- (3) There is to be paid into the Fund—
 - (a) all contributions payable by the Treasurer under this Part, and
 - (b) any other money appropriated by Parliament for payment into the Fund, and
 - (c) the proceeds of investment of money in the Fund, and
 - (d) any other money required by law to be paid into the Fund.
- (4) (Repealed)
- (5) Payments may be made from the Fund—
 - (a) to assist in meeting the costs of SES expenditure, and
 - (b) as otherwise directed or permitted by or under this Act or another Act.
- (6) Payments may be made from the Fund, with the Treasurer's agreement, as directed or permitted by or under this Act or another Act.

24W (Repealed)

24X Disposal by local councils of equipment purchased from Fund

- (1) A local council must not sell or dispose of any equipment purchased or constructed wholly or partly from money to the credit of the Fund without the written consent of the Commissioner.
- (2) There is to be paid to the credit of the Fund—
 - (a) if the whole of the cost of the purchase or construction of any equipment was met by money to the credit of the Fund—
 - (i) an amount equal to the proceeds of sale of any such equipment, and
 - (ii) any amount recovered (whether under a policy of insurance or otherwise) in respect of the damage to, or destruction or loss of, any such equipment, and
 - (b) if a part only of the cost of the purchase or construction of any equipment was met by money to the credit of the Fund—an amount that bears to the amount that would be required by this subsection to be paid if the whole of that cost had been met by money to the credit of the Fund the same proportion as that part of the cost bears to the whole of that cost.

Division 8 Miscellaneous

24Y Certificate evidence

A certificate signed by the Minister that states any of the following matters is admissible in proceedings and, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, is proof of the matters stated in the certificate—

- (a) the SES funding target, as adopted by the Minister under this Part,
- (b) the SES funding target applicable to a local council area, as adopted by the Minister under this Part,
- (c) the amount of the SES contribution determined by the Minister for a specified local council for the financial year.

Part 5B SES Volunteer Joint Consultative Council

24Z Establishment of SES Volunteer Joint Consultative Council

There is established by this Act an SES Volunteer Joint Consultative Council.

24ZA Membership and procedure of Consultative Council

- (1) The Consultative Council is to consist of 7 members as follows—
 - (a) the Commissioner, who is to be the Chair of the Council,
 - (b) 3 persons, who are to be members of staff of the State Emergency Service, appointed by the Minister on the recommendation of the Commissioner,
 - (c) the President of the New South Wales State Emergency Service Volunteers Association Ltd,
 - (d) 2 persons appointed by the Minister on the recommendation of the New South Wales State Emergency Service Volunteers Association Ltd, one of whom is to be a volunteer officer who is a deputy to a zone commander or is a local commander or unit commander.
- (2) Schedule 3 contains provisions relating to members and procedure of the Consultative Council.

24ZB Functions of the Consultative Council

- (1) The Consultative Council has the following functions—
 - (a) to advise and report to the Commissioner on any matter relevant to volunteer members of SES units,
 - (b) such other functions as may be conferred or imposed on it by or under this or any

other Act.

- (2) The Consultative Council may give advice and make reports whether or not the advice or reports were requested.

24ZC Reporting requirement

The following are to be included in the annual reporting information prepared for the State Emergency Service under the *Government Sector Finance Act 2018* for each annual reporting period for the Service—

- (a) the names of each member of the Consultative Council holding office during the annual reporting period,
- (b) the period of the annual reporting period during which the member held office,
- (c) a record of the attendance of those members at any meeting of the Consultative Council held during the annual reporting period.

Part 6 Miscellaneous

25 Personal liability of members of Service and Consultative Council and volunteers

- (1) A matter or thing done by—

- (a) a member of the State Emergency Service, including a member of an SES unit, or
- (b) an emergency officer, or
- (c) a casual volunteer, or
- (d) a member of the Consultative Council,

does not, if the matter or thing was done in good faith for the purpose of exercising the functions of or assisting the State Emergency Service or the Consultative Council, subject the member, officer or volunteer personally to any action, liability, claim or demand.

- (2) In this section—

casual volunteer means a person who, with the consent of the member or officer, assists a member of the State Emergency Service or an emergency officer in the exercise of the Service's functions.

25A Certain damage to be covered by insurance

- (1) Any damage to property caused by the exercise in good faith of functions under section 22A (1) by—

- (a) the Commissioner or a senior emergency officer authorised by the Commissioner

during an emergency to which Part 5 applies, or

(b) a person acting on and in accordance with a direction given by the Commissioner or a senior emergency officer authorised by the Commissioner under section 22A (1) during an emergency to which Part 5 applies, is taken to be damage by the happening that constitutes the emergency (being flood, storm, tsunami or other risk, contingency or event) for the purposes of any policy of insurance against the risk, contingency or event concerning an act or omission that covers the property.

- (2) This section applies only in respect of damage to property caused in the exercise of a function to protect persons from injury or death or property from damage if those persons are, or the property is, endangered by the happening that constitutes the emergency or endangered by the escape or likely escape of hazardous material as the result of that happening.
- (3) Any provision, stipulation, covenant or condition in any agreement that negatives, limits or modifies or purports to negative, limit or modify the operation of this section is void and of no effect.
- (4) In this section, ***hazardous material*** means anything that, when produced, stored, moved, used or otherwise dealt with without adequate safeguards to prevent it from escaping, may cause injury or death or damage to property.

26 This Act not to limit other Acts or laws

This Act does not limit the operation of any other Act or law.

27 Service of documents

- (1) A document may be served on the Commissioner by leaving it at, or by sending it by post to, the office of the Commissioner.
- (2) Nothing in this section affects the operation of any provision of a law or of the rules of a court authorising a document to be served on the Commissioner in a manner not provided for by this section.

28 Proceedings for offences

Proceedings for an offence against this Act or the regulations are to be dealt with summarily before the Local Court.

28A Donations of financial or material support

- (1) The unit commander of an SES unit must keep written records of any donations of financial or material support provided to the unit.
- (2) A copy of those records is to be furnished to the Commissioner immediately on request by the Commissioner.

29 Regulations

- (1) The Governor may make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, for or with respect to any matter that by this Act is required or permitted to be prescribed or that is necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.
- (2) In particular, the regulations may make provision for or with respect to—
 - (a) the exercise of the functions of an emergency officer, and
 - (b) the formation, amalgamation and dissolution of SES units and the exercise of their functions.
- (3) A regulation may create an offence punishable by a penalty not exceeding 5 penalty units.

30 Savings, transitional and other provisions

Schedule 1 has effect.

31 Repeal of [State Emergency Services and Civil Defence Act 1972](#) and regulations

The [State Emergency Services and Civil Defence Act 1972](#) and the [State Emergency Services and Civil Defence Regulations](#) are repealed.

32-35 (Repealed)

Schedule 1 Savings, transitional and other provisions

(Section 30)

Part 1 General

1 Savings and transitional regulations

- (1) The regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional nature consequent on the enactment of the following Acts—

this Act

[State Emergency Service Amendment Act 2005](#)

[State Revenue and Other Legislation Amendment \(Budget Measures\) Act 2008](#), but only to the extent that it amends this Act

[Emergency Services Legislation Amendment \(Finance\) Act 2009](#), but only to the extent it amends this Act.

[State Emergency Service Amendment Act 2009](#)

[State Emergency Service Amendment \(Volunteer Consultative Council\) Act 2010](#)

any other Act that amends this Act

- (2) Any such provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect on the date of assent to the Act concerned or a later date.
- (3) To the extent to which any provision takes effect on a date that is earlier than the date of its publication in the Gazette, the provision does not operate so as—
 - (a) to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of its publication, or
 - (b) to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted to be done before the date of its publication.

Part 2 Provisions consequent on this Act

2 Superseded references

In any other Act, or in any instrument made under any Act or in any other instrument of any kind—

- (a) a reference to State Emergency Services and Civil Defence is to be read as a reference to the State Emergency Service, and
- (b) a reference to the Director or other officer or member of State Emergency Services and Civil Defence is to be read as a reference to the Director-General or other officer or member of the State Emergency Service.

3 Director, Deputy and other public service staff

The repeal of the *State Emergency Services and Civil Defence Act 1972* does not affect the appointment of the person holding office as the Director or as the Deputy Director of the State Emergency Service at the time of that repeal or of other staff under the *Public Sector Management Act 1988*.

4 Local controllers and other officers

A person holding office as a local controller, or holding any other office, under section 8 of the *State Emergency Services and Civil Defence Act 1972* is to be taken to have been appointed to that office under this Act.

5 Division of State

The divisions established by an order in force under section 7 of the *State Emergency Services and Civil Defence Act 1972* immediately before the repeal of that Act are to be taken to be divisions established under this Act until altered under this Act.

Part 3 Provisions consequent on enactment of [State Emergency Service Amendment Act 2005](#)

6 Definition

In this Part—

amending Act means the [State Emergency Service Amendment Act 2005](#).

7 Construction of references to S.E.S. units

A reference in any other Act, or in any instrument, to an S.E.S. unit is taken to be a reference to an SES unit.

8 Continuation of regions and office of region controllers

- (1) A division established under this Act (as in force immediately before the commencement of the amending Act) is taken to be a region established under section 14.
- (2) A reference in any other Act, or in any instrument, to a division (within the meaning of this Act as in force immediately before the commencement of the amending Act) is taken to be a reference to a region.
- (3) A reference in any other Act, or in any instrument, to a division controller (within the meaning of this Act as in force immediately before the commencement of the amending Act) is taken to be a reference to a region controller.
- (4) A person holding office as a division controller under this Act (as in force immediately before the commencement of the amending Act)—
 - (a) is taken to be a region controller appointed under section 16, as substituted by the amending Act, and
 - (b) continues to hold office as a region controller.
- (5) It does not matter that a person referred to in subclause (4) is not a member of staff of the State Emergency Service.

9 Continuation of office of unit controllers

A person holding office as a unit controller immediately before the repeal of the [State Emergency Service Regulation 2001](#) continues to hold office as a unit controller for the balance of his or her term of office or until the person's appointment is revoked in accordance with this Act, whichever occurs first.

10 Continuation of office of deputy controllers

A person holding office as a deputy to a division controller, local controller or unit

controller immediately before the repeal of the *State Emergency Service Regulation 2001* continues to hold that office for the balance of his or her term of office or until the person's appointment is revoked in accordance with this Act, whichever occurs first.

Part 4 Provisions consequent on State Revenue and Other Legislation Amendment (Budget Measures) Act 2008

11 Insurance contributions

- (1) In this clause, **amending Act** means the *State Revenue and Other Legislation Amendment (Budget Measures) Act 2008*.
- (2) For the purposes of calculating the advance payments under section 24M, as inserted by the amending Act, and the adjustments to be made under section 24O, as so inserted, in respect of an insurance company for the first financial year commencing on 1 July 2009—
 - (a) the Minister may have regard to the total amount of premiums received by or due to the company during the previous financial year, as disclosed under Part 5 of the *Rural Fires Act 1997*, and
 - (b) any return furnished by an insurance company or person under that Part during the previous financial year may be taken into account for the purposes of those sections as if it were a return furnished under Part 5A of this Act, as inserted by the amending Act.
- (3) This clause is subject to the regulations.

Part 5 Provisions consequent on enactment of State Emergency Service Amendment Act 2009

12 Definition

In this Part—

amending Act means the *State Emergency Service Amendment Act 2009*.

Part 6 Provisions consequent on enactment of Fire and Emergency Services Levy Act 2017

13 Definitions

In this Part—

amending Act means the *Fire and Emergency Services Levy Act 2017*.

final contribution—see clause 16.

final return—see clause 15.

final year of the scheme means the financial year commencing on 1 July 2016.

insurance company means any body corporate, partnership, association, underwriter or person that or who—

- (a) issues or undertakes liability under policies of insurance against loss of or damage to any property situated in New South Wales, or
- (b) receives premiums in respect of such policies of insurance on behalf of or for transmission to any body corporate, partnership, association, underwriter or person outside New South Wales.

insurer loading—see clause 16.

Monitor means the Emergency Services Levy Insurance Monitor appointed under the [Emergency Services Levy Insurance Monitor Act 2016](#).

relevant insurance means insurance against loss of or damage to property in the State under the classes of policies specified in Schedule 2, as in force immediately before its repeal by the [Fire and Emergency Services Levy Act 2017](#).

total amount, in relation to premiums, includes any brokerage or commission paid or due to be paid or allowed to be paid on—

- (a) the premiums, or
- (b) bonuses or return premiums allowed in respect of policies of insurance the subject of the premiums, or
- (c) such part of the premiums received by or due to the company as is paid or due to be paid by way of reinsurance by the company to another insurance company in the State,

but does not include duty payable under the [Duties Act 1997](#) in respect of policies of insurance the subject of the premiums.

14 Amendments have effect from 1 July 2017

- (1) The amendments to Part 5A of this Act made by the amending Act apply in respect of the financial year commencing on 1 July 2017 and subsequent financial years.
- (2) Subject to this Part, the amendments do not affect any liability for a SES contribution for a financial year commencing before 1 July 2017 and Part 5A, and Schedule 2, as in force immediately before the amendments made to this Act by the amending Act, continue to apply in respect of any such financial year as if the amendments had not been made.

15 Final returns to be provided by insurance companies

- (1) An insurance company must, by 30 September 2017 or another date specified by the Commissioner by notice published in the Gazette, give to the Commissioner—
 - (a) a return in the form approved by the Commissioner showing the total amount of premiums received by or due to the company for the previous financial year for relevant insurance (a **final return**), and
 - (b) a certificate from an auditor that relates to the return and complies with subclause (2).
- (2) The certificate from the auditor must—
 - (a) be in the form approved by the Commissioner, and
 - (b) be from an auditor who is—
 - (i) a registered company auditor within the meaning of the [Corporations Act 2001](#) of the Commonwealth, or
 - (ii) a person not resident in the State who has qualifications that, in the Commissioner's opinion, are appropriate for the giving of the certificate.
- (3) An insurance company is guilty of an offence if it—
 - (a) fails to give the Commissioner a return and certificate as required by this clause, or
 - (b) gives the Commissioner a return that is false or misleading in a material particular.

Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.

16 Calculation of final contribution

- (1) The Commissioner must, by the end of 30 November 2017, calculate a final contribution for each liable insurance company.
- (2) A **final contribution** is the total SES contribution that would have been payable by the insurance company for the final year of the scheme if the contribution had been calculated on the basis of—
 - (a) the premium total provided by the insurance company in its final return, and
 - (b) the premium totals provided by all insurance companies in their final returns.
- (3) If an insurance company fails to provide a final return to the Commissioner within the time required under clause 15, or any further time (not exceeding 30 days) allowed by the Commissioner—

- (a) the Commissioner may estimate the premium total for that insurance company using any information available to the Commissioner (including information from previous returns, if any), and
 - (b) that estimate is taken to be the premium total provided by the insurance company in its final return.
- (4) If the Commissioner estimates the premium total for an insurance company under subclause (3), the final contribution payable by that insurance company is that estimate plus an insurer loading of 50% of that estimate.

(5) In this clause—

liable insurance company means an insurance company liable for a SES contribution in the final year of the scheme.

premium total means the total amount of premiums of an insurance company that are subject to an SES contribution.

17 Final assessment

- (1) The Commissioner must give to each insurance company that made or is required to make a SES contribution for the final year of the scheme a final assessment notice for that year.
- (2) The final assessment notice must state the following—
- (a) the final contribution payable by the insurance company for the final year of the scheme,
 - (b) the amount of any SES contribution already paid by the insurance company for that financial year including, if paid in instalments, the total of all instalments already paid (the **total contribution already paid**),
 - (c) if the final contribution payable by the insurance company exceeds the total contribution already paid—
 - (i) the difference between those amounts (a **contribution deficit**), and
 - (ii) the date by which the contribution deficit must be paid to the Commissioner (being a date that is no earlier than 30 days after the assessment notice is given to the insurance company),
 - (d) if the total contribution already paid exceeds the final contribution payable by the insurance company, the difference between those amounts (a **contribution surplus**).
- (3) If the assessment notice specifies a contribution deficit, the insurance company must pay the contribution deficit to the Commissioner.

- (4) The contribution deficit is payable to the Commissioner by the date for payment specified in the assessment notice or any later date permitted by the Commissioner.
- (5) If an insurance company fails to pay a contribution deficit in full by the date on which it is payable to the Commissioner, the applied provisions of the *Taxation Administration Act 1996* apply to the unpaid amount as if the unpaid amount were a tax and this Act were a taxation law.
- (6) The **applied provisions** of the *Taxation Administration Act 1996* are the following provisions of that Act—
 - (a) Division 1 (Interest) of Part 5,
 - (b) Division 2 (Penalty tax) of Part 5 (except sections 28–30),
 - (c) any provisions that are relevant to the interpretation of the above provisions.
- (7) For the purpose of the applied provisions of the *Taxation Administration Act 1996*—
 - (a) a tax default is taken to occur if the contribution deficit is not paid in full by the date on which it is payable, and
 - (b) a reference to the Chief Commissioner is to be read as a reference to the Commissioner under this Act.
- (8) If a contribution deficit, or any part of a contribution deficit, is not paid in full by an insurance company to the Commissioner by the date on which it is payable, the unpaid amount and any interest and penalty tax payable on the unpaid amount—
 - (a) constitutes a debt due and payable to the Commissioner, and
 - (b) may be recovered in a court of competent jurisdiction by the Commissioner.
- (9) A contribution deficit is to be paid into the Fund.
- (10) If the assessment notice specifies a contribution surplus, the Commissioner is to refund the amount of the contribution surplus to the insurance company no later than 30 June 2018.
- (11) A refund is to be paid from the Fund.

18 Liability of owner where foreign insurer involved

- (1) The Commissioner may notify a relevant owner that the owner is responsible for an appropriate proportion of any contribution deficit that is required to be paid by a foreign insurance company that holds a risk in respect of the owner's property.
- (2) The appropriate proportion is the proportion that the premiums paid by the relevant owner for the final year of the scheme bears to the premium total provided (or taken

under this Part to have been provided) by the insurance company in its final return.

- (3) Any insurer loading is not to be included in the calculation of the contribution deficit under this clause.
- (4) If the relevant owner fails to pay the appropriate proportion of the final contribution within 30 days after it is due, the owner is guilty of an offence.

Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

- (5) An amount paid by a person under this clause may be deducted from any premium recoverable in the State by or on behalf of the foreign insurance company on the issue or renewal of an insurance policy on the property or may be recovered from the foreign insurance company as a debt by the person making the payment.
- (6) This clause applies whether the premium concerned was received in or outside the State.
- (7) In this clause—

relevant owner means a person who is the owner of property in respect of which a foreign insurance company has received a premium subject to a SES contribution.

19 Commissioner to make final 2-year assessment

- (1) The Commissioner must make an assessment, in relation to each insurance company that was required to make SES contributions in the final year of the scheme or the previous financial year, of the total amount of SES contributions payable by the insurance company for the final 2 years of the scheme (a **final 2-year assessment**).
- (2) The final 2-year assessment is to consist of the total of the following amounts, as assessed by the Commissioner—
 - (a) the final contribution payable by the insurance company for the final year of the scheme (excluding any insurer loading payable by the insurance company),
 - (b) the total of SES contributions payable by the insurance company for the financial year commencing on 1 July 2015.
- (3) The Commissioner is to give the final 2-year assessment to the Monitor.
- (4) The Commissioner must give to the Monitor a final 2-year assessment in relation to an insurance company within 30 days after making an assessment of the final contribution payable by the insurance company for the final year of the scheme.

20 Certificate evidence

A certificate signed by the Commissioner that states any of the following matters is admissible in proceedings and, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, is proof of the

matters stated in the certificate—

- (a) the final contribution payable by an insurance company,
- (b) the final 2-year assessment of an insurance company,
- (c) the amount of any contribution deficit,
- (d) the amount of any contribution surplus.

21 Transitional provision for adjusted estimates by Minister

A reference in Part 5A of this Act, as amended by the amending Act, to contributions made to the New South Wales State Emergency Service Fund by the Treasurer includes a reference to SES contributions made for the financial year commencing on 1 July 2016 or a previous financial year.

Schedule 2 (Repealed)

Schedule 3 Constitution and procedure of Consultative Council

(Section 24ZA)

Part 1 General

1 Definitions

In this Schedule—

appointed member means a member of the Consultative Council who is appointed by the Minister.

Chair means the Chair of the Consultative Council.

member means any member of the Consultative Council.

staff member means a member of the Consultative Council appointed under section 24ZA (1) (b).

volunteer member means a member of the Consultative Council specified in section 24ZA (1) (c) or (d).

Part 2 Constitution

2 Terms of office of appointed members

Subject to this Schedule, an appointed member holds office for such period (not exceeding 5 years) as is specified in the member's instrument of appointment, but is eligible (if otherwise qualified) for re-appointment.

3 Remuneration

- (1) The Chair is not entitled to be paid remuneration in respect of the duties he or she performs as Chair.
- (2) A staff member is not entitled to be paid remuneration in respect of the duties he or she performs as a member.
- (3) A volunteer member is only entitled to be paid such travelling and subsistence allowances as the Commissioner may from time to time determine in respect of the member.

4 Deputies

- (1) The Chair may, from time to time, appoint a person to be the Chair's deputy, and may revoke any such appointment.
- (2) The Chair may, from time to time, approve of a person to be the deputy of a member (on the recommendation of that member) and may appoint the approved person to be the deputy of the member, and may revoke any such appointment.
- (3) In the absence of the Chair, the Deputy Chair may, if available, act in the place of the Chair.
- (4) In the absence of a member, the member's deputy may, if available, act in the place of the member.
- (5) While acting in the place of the Chair, the Deputy Chair has all the functions of the Chair and is taken to be the Chair.
- (6) While acting in the place of a member, a person has all the functions of the member and is taken to be a member.
- (7) For the purposes of this clause, a vacancy in the office of a member is taken to be an absence of the member.

5 Vacancy in office of member

- (1) The office of a member becomes vacant if the member—
 - (a) dies, or
 - (b) completes a term of office and is not re-appointed, or
 - (c) resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or
 - (d) is removed from office by the Minister under this clause or by the Governor under Part 6 of the *Government Sector Employment Act 2013*, or
 - (e) is absent from 3 consecutive meetings of the Consultative Council of which

reasonable notice has been given to the member personally or by post, except on leave granted by the Chair or unless the member is excused by the Chair for having been absent from those meetings, or

- (f) becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit, or
- (g) becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or
- (h) is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable.

(2) The Chair vacates office as Chair if he or she—

- (a) is removed from office by the Minister under this clause, or
- (b) ceases to be a member.

(3) The President of the New South Wales State Emergency Service Volunteers Association Ltd vacates office as a member if he or she—

- (a) is removed from office by the Minister under this clause, or
- (b) ceases to be a member.

(4) The Minister may at any time remove the Chair or any other member from office.

6 Filling of vacancy in office of appointed member

If the office of any appointed member becomes vacant, a person is, subject to this Act, to be appointed to fill the vacancy.

7 Disclosure of pecuniary interests

(1) If—

- (a) a member has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a matter being considered or about to be considered at a meeting of the Consultative Council, and
- (b) the interest appears to raise a conflict with the proper performance of the member's duties in relation to the consideration of the matter,

the member must, as soon as possible after the relevant facts have come to the member's knowledge, disclose the nature of the interest at a meeting of the Consultative Council.

(2) A disclosure by a member at a meeting of the Consultative Council that the member—

- (a) is a member, or is in the employment, of a specified company or other body, or
- (b) is a partner, or is in the employment, of a specified person, or
- (c) has some other specified interest relating to a specified company or other body or to a specified person,

is a sufficient disclosure of the nature of the interest in any matter relating to that company or other body or to that person which may arise after the date of the disclosure and which is required to be disclosed under subclause (1).

- (3) Particulars of any disclosure made under this clause must be recorded by the Consultative Council in a book kept for the purpose and that book must be open at all reasonable hours for inspection by any person on payment of the fee determined by the Consultative Council.
- (4) After a member has disclosed the nature of an interest in any matter, the member must not, unless the Minister or the Consultative Council otherwise determines—
 - (a) be present during any deliberation of the Consultative Council with respect to the matter, or
 - (b) take part in any decision of the Consultative Council with respect to the matter.
- (5) For the purposes of the making of a determination by the Consultative Council under subclause (4), a member who has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a matter to which the disclosure relates must not—
 - (a) be present during any deliberation of the Consultative Council for the purpose of making the determination, or
 - (b) take part in the making by the Consultative Council of the determination.
- (6) A contravention of this clause does not invalidate any decision of the Consultative Council.

8 Effect of certain other Acts

- (1) The provisions of the [Government Sector Employment Act 2013](#) relating to the employment of Public Service employees do not apply to a member.
- (2) If by or under any Act provision is made—
 - (a) requiring a person who is the holder of a specified office to devote the whole of his or her time to the duties of that office, or
 - (b) prohibiting the person from engaging in employment outside the duties of that office,

the provision does not operate to disqualify the person from holding that office and also the office of a member or from accepting and retaining any remuneration payable to the person under this Act as a member.

- (3) The office of a member is not, for the purposes of any Act, an office or place of profit under the Crown.

Part 3 Procedure

9 General procedure

The procedure for the calling of meetings of the Consultative Council and for the conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act and the regulations, to be as determined by the Chair.

10 Validity of certain acts or proceedings

Any act or proceeding of the Consultative Council is, even though at the time when the act or proceeding was done, taken or commenced there was—

- (a) a vacancy in the office of a member of the Consultative Council, or
- (b) any defect in the appointment, or any disqualification of a member of the Consultative Council,

as valid as if the vacancy, defect or disqualification did not exist and the Consultative Council was fully and properly constituted.

11 Quorum

The quorum for a meeting of the Consultative Council is 2 staff members, 2 volunteer members and the Chair.

12 Chair to be presiding member

- (1) The Chair is to preside at a meeting of the Consultative Council.
- (2) The Chair has a deliberative vote and, in the event of an equality of votes, has a second or casting vote.

13 Voting

A decision supported by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the Consultative Council at which a quorum is present is the decision of the Consultative Council.

14 Subcommittees

- (1) The Consultative Council may, with the approval of the Chair, establish subcommittees to assist the Consultative Council in the exercise of its functions.

- (2) The members of a subcommittee are to be appointed by the Consultative Council and may consist of any of the following—
 - (a) staff of the State Emergency Service,
 - (b) volunteer officers and volunteer members of SES units.
- (3) The procedures for calling meetings of a subcommittee and for the conduct of those meetings are to be determined by the Consultative Council or (subject to any determination by the Consultative Council) by the subcommittee.
- (4) The Consultative Council may delegate to a subcommittee any of the functions of the Consultative Council, other than this power of delegation.

15 Transaction of business outside meetings or by telephone

- (1) The Consultative Council may, if the Chair and the President of the New South Wales State Emergency Service Volunteers Association Ltd both think fit, transact any of its business by the circulation of papers among all the members of the Council for the time being, and a resolution in writing approved in writing by a majority of those members is taken to be a decision of the Consultative Council.
- (2) The Consultative Council may, if the Chair and the President of the New South Wales State Emergency Service Volunteers Association Ltd both think fit, transact any of its business at a meeting at which members (or some members) participate by telephone, closed-circuit television or other means, but only if any member who speaks on a matter before the meeting can be heard by the other members.
- (3) For the purposes of—
 - (a) the approval of a resolution under subclause (1), or
 - (b) a meeting held in accordance with subclause (2),the Chair and each member have the same voting rights as they have at an ordinary meeting of the Consultative Council.
- (4) A resolution approved under subclause (1) is, subject to the regulations, to be recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Consultative Council.
- (5) Papers may be circulated among the members for the purposes of subclause (1) by facsimile or other transmission of the information in the papers concerned.

16 Minutes

- (1) The Consultative Council is to keep full and accurate minutes of its proceedings at meetings.
- (2) The Consultative Council is to submit a copy of the minutes of a meeting of the

Council to the Minister within 14 days after the date on which the meeting is held.

17 First meeting

The Minister may call the first meeting of the Consultative Council in such manner as the Minister thinks fit.