

Bail Amendment Act 2015 No 44

[2015-44]



Status Information

Currency of version

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Legislation on this site is usually updated within 3 working days after a change to the legislation.

Provisions in force

None of the provisions displayed in this version of the legislation have commenced.

Notes-

- See also

 Justice Portfolio Legislation (Miscellaneous Amendments) Bill 2016
- Note

Amending Acts and amending provisions are subject to automatic repeal pursuant to sec 30C of the *Interpretation Act* 1987 No 15 once the amendments have taken effect.

Authorisation

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Contents

Long title	3
1 Name of Act	3
2 Commencement	3
Schedule 1 Amendment of Bail Act 2013 No 26 in Hatzistergos and Sentencing Council reports	•
Schedule 2 Amendment of Bail Act 2013 No 26 in Place Siege review	
	6

Bail Amendment Act 2015 No 44



An Act to amend the Bail Act 2013 to make further provision for bail decisions.

1 Name of Act

This Act is the Bail Amendment Act 2015.

2 Commencement

This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Bail Act 2013 No 26 in response to Hatzistergos and Sentencing Council reports

[1] Section 4 Definitions

Insert in alphabetical order in section 4 (1):

community service order means a community service order under the *Crimes* (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999 or a children's community service order under the Children (Community Service Orders) Act 1987.

non-association and place restriction order means a non-association order or a place restriction order under section 17A (2) of the *Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act* 1999 or section 33D (2) of the *Children (Criminal Proceedings) Act* 1987.

[2] Section 16B Offences to which the show cause requirement applies

Insert after section 16B (1) (k):

- (I) a serious indictable offence that is committed by an accused person while the person is the subject of a warrant authorising the arrest of the person issued under:
 - (i) this Act, or
 - (ii) Part 7 of the Crimes (Administration of Sentences) Act 1999.

[3] Section 16B (3), definition of "serious personal violence offence"

Omit the definition. Insert instead:

serious personal violence offence means:

- (a) an offence under Part 3 of the *Crimes Act 1900* that is punishable by imprisonment for a term of 14 years or more, or
- (b) an offence under a law of the Commonwealth, another State or Territory or any other jurisdiction that is similar to an offence under that Part.

[4] Section 18 Matters to be considered as part of assessment

Omit section 18 (1) (f). Insert instead:

- (f) whether the accused person has a history of compliance or non-compliance with any of the following:
 - (i) bail acknowledgments,
 - (ii) bail conditions,
 - (iii) apprehended violence orders,
 - (iv) parole orders,
 - (v) good behaviour bonds,
 - (vi) intensive correction orders,
 - (vii) home detention orders,
 - (viii) community service orders,
 - (ix) non-association and place restriction orders,

[5] Section 18 (1) (f1)

Insert after section 18 (1) (f):

(f1) if the bail authority is making the assessment of bail concerns because the accused person has failed or was about to fail to comply with a bail acknowledgment or a bail condition, any warnings issued to the accused person by police officers or bail authorities regarding non-compliance with bail acknowledgments or bail conditions,

[6] Section 18 (1) (i1)

Insert after section 18 (1) (i):

(i1) if the accused person has been convicted of the offence, but not yet sentenced, the likelihood of a custodial sentence being imposed,

[7] Section 28 Bail condition can impose accommodation requirements

Insert after section 28 (3) (a):

(a1) for the purpose of enabling the accused person to be admitted to a residential rehabilitation facility for treatment on the person's release on bail, or

[8] Section 28, note

Omit the note to the section. Insert instead:

Note-

The court can also impose the following types of bail condition (conduct requirements):

- (a) requiring the accused person to reside at the relevant accommodation while at liberty on bail,
- (b) if the accommodation requirement is for the purpose of enabling the accused person to be admitted to a residential rehabilitation facility, requiring the accused person to be accompanied by a person specified by the court to that facility on release on bail.

[9] Section 43 Police power to make bail decision

Insert after section 43 (1):

- (1A) A police officer of or above the rank of sergeant at a hospital may make a bail decision for an offence if:
 - (a) the person accused of the offence is present at the hospital to receive treatment, and
 - (b) in the opinion of the police officer, it is not reasonable to take the person to a police station due to the person's incapacity or illness.

[10] Section 47 Review of police decision by senior police officer

Omit section 47 (7) and (8). Insert instead:

- (7) In this section, **senior police officer** means:
 - (a) in relation to a bail decision made by a police officer at a police station:

- (i) a police officer at the police station who is senior to the police officer who made the bail decision, or
- (ii) if no such police officer is available at the police station, any other police officer who is senior to the police officer who made the bail decision, or
- (b) in relation to a bail decision made by a police officer at a hospital, subject to the regulations, any other police officer who is senior to the police officer who made the bail decision.

[11] Section 78 Powers of bail authorities

Insert after section 78 (1) (b):

Note-

The power to vary a bail decision includes a power to revoke the bail decision and substitute a new bail decision—section 4 (3) (a).

[12] Section 78 (2)

Omit the subsection.

Schedule 2 Amendment of Bail Act 2013 No 26 in response to Martin Place Siege review

[1] Section 4 Definitions

Insert in alphabetical order in section 4 (1):

Commonwealth Criminal Code means the *Criminal Code* set out in the Schedule to the *Criminal Code Act 1995* of the Commonwealth.

terrorist act has the same meaning as it has in Part 5.3 of the Commonwealth Criminal Code.

[2] Section 16B Offences to which the show cause requirement applies

Omit "the *Criminal Code* set out in the Schedule to the *Criminal Code Act 1995* of the Commonwealth" from section 16B (1) (g).

Insert instead "the Commonwealth Criminal Code".

[3] Section 18 Matters to be considered as part of assessment

Insert after section 18 (1) (p):

(q) whether the accused person has any associations with a terrorist organisation

- (within the meaning of Division 102 of Part 5.3 of the Commonwealth Criminal Code),
- (r) whether the accused person has made statements or carried out activities advocating support for terrorist acts or violent extremism,
- (s) whether the accused person has any associations or affiliation with any persons or groups advocating support for terrorist acts or violent extremism.

[4] Section 22A

Insert after section 22:

22A Limitation on power to release in relation to terrorism related offences

- (1) Despite anything to the contrary in this Act, a bail authority must, unless it is established that exceptional circumstances exist, refuse bail for:
 - (a) an offence under section 310J of the Crimes Act 1900, or
 - (b) any other offence for which a custodial sentence may be imposed, if the bail authority is satisfied that the accused person:
 - (i) before being charged with that offence, has been charged with a Commonwealth terrorism offence or an offence under section 310J of the *Crimes Act 1900* and the proceedings relating to the offence have not concluded, or
 - (ii) has previously been convicted of a Commonwealth terrorism offence or an offence under section 310J of the *Crimes Act 1900*, or
 - (iii) is the subject of a control order made under Part 5.3 of the Commonwealth Criminal Code.
- (2) If the offence is a show cause offence, the requirement that the accused person establish that exceptional circumstances exist that justify a decision to grant bail or dispense with bail applies instead of the requirement that the accused person show cause why his or her detention is not justified.
- (3) Subject to subsection (1), Division 2 (Unacceptable risk test—all offences) applies to a bail decision made by a bail authority under this section.
- (4) In this section, *Commonwealth terrorism offence* has the same meaning as *terrorism offence* has in the *Crimes Act 1914* of the Commonwealth.