

# Crimes Regulation 2015

[2015-520]



New South Wales

## Status Information

### Currency of version

Historical version for 28 August 2015 to 30 August 2018 (accessed 9 January 2025 at 8:49)

Legislation on this site is usually updated within 3 working days after a change to the legislation.

### Provisions in force

The provisions displayed in this version of the legislation have all commenced.

### Notes—

- **Does not include amendments by**  
*Criminal Legislation Amendment (Child Sexual Abuse) Act 2018 No 33* (not commenced)

### Authorisation

This version of the legislation is compiled and maintained in a database of legislation by the Parliamentary Counsel's Office and published on the NSW legislation website, and is certified as the form of that legislation that is correct under section 45C of the [Interpretation Act 1987](#).

File last modified 27 June 2018

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# Crimes Regulation 2015



New South Wales

## 1 Name of Regulation

This Regulation is the *Crimes Regulation 2015*.

## 2 Commencement

This Regulation commences on 1 September 2015 and is required to be published on the NSW legislation website.

### Note—

This Regulation replaces the *Crimes Regulation 2010* which is repealed on 1 September 2015 by section 10 (2) of the *Subordinate Legislation Act 1989*.

## 3 Definitions

(1) In this Regulation:

**the Act** means the *Crimes Act 1900*.

(2) Notes included in this Regulation do not form part of this Regulation.

## 4 Concealment of offences by certain persons

For the purposes of section 316 (5) of the Act, the following professions, callings or vocations are prescribed:

- (a) a legal practitioner,
- (b) a medical practitioner,
- (c) a psychologist,
- (d) a nurse,
- (e) a social worker, including:
  - (i) a support worker for victims of crime, and
  - (ii) a counsellor who treats persons for emotional or psychological conditions suffered by them,

- (f) a member of the clergy of any church or religious denomination,
- (g) a researcher for professional or academic purposes,
- (h) if the serious indictable offence referred to in section 316 (1) of the Act is an offence under section 60E of the Act, a school teacher, including a principal of a school,
- (i) an arbitrator,
- (j) a mediator.

## **5 Savings**

Any act, matter or thing that, immediately before the repeal of the *Crimes Regulation 2010*, had effect under that Regulation continues to have effect under this Regulation.