

# Optometrists Regulation 2004

[2004-326]



New South Wales

## Status Information

### Currency of version

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### Provisions in force

The provisions displayed in this version of the legislation have all commenced.

### Authorisation

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# Optometrists Regulation 2004



New South Wales

Her Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has made the following Regulation under the [Optometrists Act 2002](#).

MORRIS IEMMA, M.P., Minister for Health

## Part 1 Preliminary

### 1 Name of Regulation

This Regulation is the [Optometrists Regulation 2004](#).

### 2 Commencement

This Regulation commences on 16 June 2004.

### 3 Definition

(1) In this Regulation:

**the Act** means the [Optometrists Act 2002](#).

(2) Notes in the text of this Regulation do not form part of this Regulation.

## Part 2 Practice of optometry

### 4 Use of certain titles

For the purposes of section 7 (2) (c) of the Act, the use of the title of “contact lens practitioner” is prescribed as a way in which a person is taken to have indicated that the person is qualified to practise optometry or that the person practises optometry.

### 5 Authority for use of prescribed drugs by optometrists

For the purposes of section 21 (5) of the Act:

(a) cycloplegics are prescribed for the purpose of paralysing the accommodation of the eye, and

(b) local anaesthetics are prescribed for the purpose of tonometry or for fitting contact

lenses, and

- (c) mydriatics are prescribed for the purpose of enlarging the pupil of the eye, and
- (d) miotics are prescribed for the purpose of instilling into the eye after a mydriatic has been used.

## 6 Excluded offences

- (1) Sections 24 (1) (a), 25 (1) (a) and 26 of the Act do not apply in respect of an excluded offence.
- (2) An excluded offence is not relevant for the purposes of clause 4 of Schedule 1 to the Act.
- (3) In this clause, **excluded offence** means any offence relating to the parking of motor vehicles or any offence under the road transport legislation (within the meaning of the *Road Transport (General) Act 1999*) except for the following offences:
  - (a) an offence under section 42 of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999* relating to driving a motor vehicle upon a public street negligently if the registered optometrist is, by way of penalty, sentenced to imprisonment or fined a sum of not less than \$200,
  - (b) an offence under section 42 of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999* relating to driving a motor vehicle on a road or road related area, furiously or recklessly or at a speed or in a manner which is dangerous to the public,
  - (c) any offence under section 19 (2) of the *Road Transport (General) Act 1999* (which relates to refusing to produce a driver licence, or to state name and home address, when required or stating a false name and home address),
  - (d) any offence under section 12 (1) of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999* (which relates to driving etc while under the influence of alcohol or any other drug),
  - (e) any offence under section 25A (1), (2) or (3) of the *Road Transport (Driver Licensing) Act 1998* (which relates to driving while unlicensed),
  - (f) any offence under section 70 of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999* (which relates to failing to stop after an accident),
  - (g) any offence under section 9 of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999* (which relates to the presence of the prescribed concentration of alcohol in a person's blood),
  - (h) any offence under section 43 of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic*

*Management) Act 1999* (which relates to menacing driving),

- (i) any other offence under the road transport legislation if the court orders the disqualification of the registered optometrist from holding a driver licence.

## **7 Notice of mental incapacity of registered optometrist**

- (1) For the purposes of section 27 of the Act, the person required to cause notice of mental incapacity to be given to the Registrar is:
  - (a) in the case of a registered optometrist who is a mentally incapacitated person and becomes a patient at an institution because of that incapacity—the medical superintendent of the institution, or
  - (b) in the case of a registered optometrist who is a mentally incapacitated person because of being a protected person under the *Protected Estates Act 1983*—the Protective Commissioner.
- (2) Notice for the purposes of section 27 of the Act is to be given by telephone within 1 day, and by post within 7 days, after the registered optometrist is admitted to the institution or becomes a protected person, and is to specify the following:
  - (a) the name and residential address of the optometrist,
  - (b) the date on which the optometrist was admitted to the institution at which the optometrist is a patient or became a protected person.

- (3) In this clause:

**patient** means a person to whom medical treatment or other medical services are provided.

## **8 Advertising of optometry services**

A registered optometrist or any other person must not advertise optometry services in a manner:

- (a) that is false, misleading or deceptive, or
- (b) that creates an unjustified expectation of beneficial treatment, or
- (c) that promotes the unnecessary or inappropriate use of the services of a registered optometrist.

Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

### **Note—**

The word **person** is defined in section 21 of the *Interpretation Act 1987* to include an individual, a corporation or a body corporate or politic.

## **Part 3 Procedure of Board**

### **9 Proceedings of Board at ordinary meetings**

- (1) Unless otherwise determined by the Board, a meeting of the Board is to be held each month.
- (2) However, at least 8 meetings of the Board must be held during any period of 12 months.
- (3) The Registrar must give each member of the Board at least 3 days' notice in writing of the time and place of a meeting, together with a copy of the agenda for the meeting.

### **10 Special and urgent meetings**

- (1) The President or any 3 members of the Board may, by notice in writing to the Registrar, call a special meeting of the Board, and any such special meeting is to be held within 7 days after the Registrar receives the notice.
- (2) The President may, by notice in writing to the Registrar, call an urgent meeting of the Board for any purpose, and any such urgent meeting is to be held within 3 days after the Registrar receives the notice.
- (3) The Registrar must give each member of the Board at least 24 hours' notice in writing of the time and place of any special or urgent meeting.

### **11 Lack of quorum**

If at the expiration of 30 minutes after the time appointed for any meeting of the Board a quorum is not present, the meeting and all business stand adjourned to the next meeting or to such other date as may be fixed by the members of the Board present.

### **12 Transaction of business by telephone**

- (1) The Board may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business at a meeting at which members (or some members) participate by telephone, closed-circuit television or other means, but only if any member who speaks on a matter before the meeting can be heard by the other members.
- (2) For the purposes of a meeting held in accordance with this clause, the President and each member of the Board have the same voting rights as they have at an ordinary meeting of the Board.

## **Part 4 Miscellaneous**

### **13 Complaint by Registrar not to require verification**

For the purposes of section 34 (2) (g) of the Act, the Registrar is prescribed.

#### **14 Appeal on point of law**

An appeal referred to in section 81 of the Act is to be made:

- (a) by causing a notice of appeal, specifying the grounds on which the appeal is made, to be given to the Chairperson (or, if a Deputy Chairperson is nominated under section 81 (1) of the Act, to the Deputy Chairperson so nominated), and
- (b) by causing a copy of the notice of appeal to be given to each other party to the proceedings from which the appeal has arisen.

#### **15 Prescribed fees**

- (1) The fee prescribed for the inspection of the Register under clause 21 (4) of Schedule 1 to the Act is \$20.
- (2) The fee prescribed for recording additional information in the Register under clause 22 (3) of Schedule 1 to the Act is:
  - (a) \$50—if the information is or includes a specialist title, or
  - (b) \$20—for any other information.

#### **16 Qualification of optometrist sitting on Tribunal**

For the purposes of section 105 (3) (b) of the Act, the prescribed qualification for a registered optometrist appointed by the Board to sit on the Tribunal is 7 years standing as a registered optometrist (which may include time as an optometrist registered under the [Optometrists Act 1930](#)).

#### **17 Repeal**

The [Optometrists Transitional Regulation 2003](#) is repealed.

#### **18 Continuation of former provisions relating to restrictions on carrying on business of optometry**

- (1) In this clause:

**the former Act** means the [Optometrists Act 1930](#).

**the new Act** means the [Optometrists Act 2002](#).

- (2) Despite the repeal of the former Act by section 138 of the new Act:
  - (a) section 35 of the former Act continues to have effect as if it formed part of the new Act, and
  - (b) any approval or permission given by the Minister under that section (and in force as at the commencement of this Regulation) continues to have effect.



(3) This clause ceases to have effect on the commencement of section 23 of the new Act.