

# Drug Court Act 1998 No 150

[1998-150]



New South Wales

## Status Information

### Currency of version

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### Provisions in force

The provisions displayed in this version of the legislation have all commenced.

### Notes—

- **Does not include amendments by**  
[Crimes Legislation Amendment Act 2003 No 27](#) (not commenced)

### Authorisation

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# Drug Court Act 1998 No 150



New South Wales

An Act to provide for the establishment of the Drug Court of New South Wales, for the referral of drug offenders to the Drug Court, and for the supervision of drug programs by the Drug Court; and for other purposes.

## Part 1 Preliminary

### 1 Name of Act

This Act is the *Drug Court Act 1998*.

### 2 Commencement

This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

### 3 Objects

(1) The objects of this Act are:

- (a) to reduce the drug dependency of eligible persons, and
- (b) to promote the re-integration of such drug dependent persons into the community, and
- (c) to reduce the need for such drug dependent persons to resort to criminal activity to support their drug dependencies.

(2) This Act achieves its objects by establishing a scheme under which drug dependent persons who are charged with criminal offences can be diverted into programs designed to eliminate, or at least reduce, their dependency on drugs.

(3) Reducing a person's dependency on drugs should reduce the person's need to resort to criminal activity to support that dependency and should also increase the person's ability to function as a law abiding citizen.

### 4 Definitions

(1) In this Act:

**court** includes a Magistrate.

**Drug Court** mean the Drug Court of New South Wales constituted by this Act.

**drug offender** means a person who has been convicted and sentenced by the Drug Court under section 7.

**eligible person** is defined in section 5.

**exercise** a function includes perform a duty.

**function** includes a power, authority or duty.

**initial sentence**, in relation to a person who is convicted and sentenced under section 7, means the sentence imposed on the person under section 7 (2).

**Judge** means a person appointed to be a Drug Court Judge, as referred to in section 20 (1).

**member of staff** of the Drug Court means any person appointed as an officer of the Drug Court as referred to in section 28 (1) or whose services are used by the Drug Court as referred to in section 28 (2), and includes any other person prescribed by the regulations.

**program**, in relation to a person who is convicted and sentenced under section 7, means the program of supervision and control that arises from the conditions accepted by the person and imposed by the Drug Court under section 7 (3) (a).

**referring court**, in relation to a person who has been referred to the Drug Court under section 6, means the court by which the person has been referred.

**registrar** means the registrar of the Drug Court.

**Senior Judge** means the person appointed to be the Senior Judge of the Drug Court, as referred to in section 21 (1).

**suspension order**, in relation to a person who is convicted and sentenced under section 7, means an order under section 7 (3) (b) by which the person's sentence is suspended for the duration of the person's program.

- (2) In this Act, a reference to the criminal jurisdiction of a Local Court includes a reference to the jurisdiction exercisable by a Magistrate under the [Criminal Procedure Act 1986](#).

## 5 Definition of "eligible person"

- (1) A person is an eligible person if:
- (a) the person is charged with an offence, other than an offence referred to in subsection (2), and
  - (b) the facts alleged in connection with the offence, together with the person's

antecedents and any other information available to the court, indicate that it is highly likely that the person will, if convicted, be required to serve a sentence of full-time imprisonment, and

- (c) the person has pleaded guilty to, or indicated that he or she intends to plead guilty to, the offence, and
- (d) the person appears to be dependent on the use of prohibited drugs (within the meaning of the *Drug Misuse and Trafficking Act 1985*) or other drugs prescribed by the regulations, and
- (e) the person satisfies such other criteria as are prescribed by the regulations.

(2) A person is not an eligible person if the person is charged with:

- (a) an offence punishable under Division 2 of Part 2 of the *Drug Misuse and Trafficking Act 1985*, not being an offence that (under Chapter 5 of the *Criminal Procedure Act 1986*) is capable of being dealt with summarily, or
- (b) an offence involving violent conduct or sexual assault, or
- (c) any other offence of a kind prescribed by the regulations.

## **Part 2 Drug Court programs**

### **Division 1 Acceptance into program**

#### **6 Courts may refer persons to Drug Court**

- (1) This section applies to such courts and proceedings as are prescribed by the regulations.
- (2) It is the duty of a court before which a person is charged with an offence or to which a person appeals against a sentence imposed by some other court:
  - (a) to ascertain whether the person appears to be an eligible person, and
  - (b) if so, to ascertain whether the person is willing to be referred to the Drug Court to be dealt with for the offence, and
  - (c) if so, to refer the person to the Drug Court to be dealt with for the offence.
- (3) The power conferred on a court by this section is to be exercised as soon as practicable after the person first comes before the court in connection with the offence, but may be exercised at any time:
  - (a) in the case of a Magistrate conducting committal proceedings under the *Criminal Procedure Act 1986*, before the Magistrate has committed the person for trial or sentence in relation to that offence, and

(b) in any case, before the person is sentenced or re-sentenced for the offence.

## **7 Persons accepted into program**

- (1) This section applies to a person who has been referred to the Drug Court under section 6.
- (2) The Drug Court may, under this section, convict and sentence a person who has pleaded guilty to the offence for which the person has been referred (whether before the referring court or the Drug Court) if, and only if, it is satisfied as to each of the following matters:
  - (a) that the person is an eligible person,
  - (b) that, having regard to the person's antecedents, it would be appropriate for the person to participate in a program under this Act,
  - (c) that facilities to supervise and control the person's participation in such a program are available, and have been allocated to the person, in accordance with the guidelines prescribed by the regulations,
  - (d) that the person accepts the conditions imposed by this Act and the conditions that the Drug Court proposes to impose on the person (whether immediately or at some later date) as a consequence of his or her conviction and sentence under this section,
  - (e) that the person has been informed of the Drug Court's powers under Division 2 and of the respective consequences, as regards the sentence to be imposed under section 12, of the person's compliance or non-compliance with a program,
  - (f) that any person (an **affected person**) with whom it is likely the person would reside during the period of the person's participation in a program under this Act has consented in writing to the person residing with the affected person during that period.
- (3) On or within 14 days after sentencing the person, the Drug Court:
  - (a) must make an order imposing on the person the conditions that the person has accepted as referred to in subsection (2) (d) (the person's **program**), and
  - (b) must make an order suspending execution of the sentence for the duration of the person's program (the person's **suspension order**).
- (3A) An order referred to in subsection (3) (a) or (b) may be made in the absence of the person in respect of whom it is made.
- (3B) The kinds of conditions that the Drug Court may impose on the person under this section are as follows:



- (a) conditions relating to conduct and good behaviour,
  - (b) conditions relating to attendance for counselling or other treatment,
  - (c) conditions relating to the supervision of the person for the duration of a program under this Act,
  - (d) conditions relating to drug testing that the person must undergo,
  - (e) conditions relating to residence, association with other persons or attendance at specified locations,
  - (f) conditions relating to involvement in activities, courses, training or employment for the purpose of promoting the re-integration of the person into the community,
  - (g) conditions relating to conferring rewards of the kind referred to in section 16 (1),
  - (h) conditions relating to the imposition of sanctions of the kind referred to in section 16 (2),
  - (i) any other kinds of conditions that may be prescribed by the regulations,
  - (j) such other conditions as the Drug Court considers appropriate in the circumstances.
- (4) A person who is convicted and sentenced by the Drug Court under this section with respect to an offence for which the person has been referred to the Drug Court under section 6 may at the same time be convicted and sentenced for any other offence to which he or she has pleaded guilty (other than an offence referred to in section 5 (2)), whether or not the person has been referred to the Drug Court under section 6 in relation to that other offence.
- (4A) Subsection (3) applies to a sentence under subsection (4) in the same way as it applies to a sentence under subsection (2).
- (5) Nothing in this Act entitles a person to be convicted and sentenced under this section, and no appeal lies against any decision by the Drug Court not to convict or sentence a person under this section.
- (5A) A suspension order does not operate to suspend any period of disqualification from holding a driver licence imposed by or under the road transport legislation within the meaning of the *Road Transport (General) Act 1999*.
- (5B) For the purposes of subsection (2) (f):
- (a) the consent of children below a prescribed age, and
  - (b) the consent of persons suffering a prescribed disability,

may be given on their behalf by such other persons as the regulations may determine or may, if the regulations so provide, be dispensed with.

- (6) In this section, a reference to the convicting and sentencing of a person is, in the case of a person who is referred to the Drug Court after having been convicted, a reference to the sentencing of the person only.

## **8 Persons not accepted into program**

- (1) This section applies to a person who has been referred to the Drug Court under section 6 but whom the Drug Court has not convicted and sentenced under section 7.
- (2) The Drug Court may, under this section, convict and sentence a person who has pleaded guilty to the offence for which the person has been referred (whether before the referring court or the Drug Court) if, and only if, the person consents to being dealt with under this section.
- (3) If the person does not consent to being dealt with under this section or in such other circumstances as the Drug Court may determine, the Drug Court is to refer the person back to the referring court.
- (3A) In the case of a person who has been referred to the Drug Court for 2 or more offences by 2 or more referring courts, the Drug Court may refer the person back to any one of the referring courts to be dealt with:
- (a) for the offences for which the person was referred by that court, and
  - (b) for such of the other offences as are within the criminal jurisdiction of that court.
- (3B) In dealing with a person for an offence referred to in subsection (3A) (b), the court to which the person is referred back is taken to be the referring court for the purposes of subsection (4).
- (4) If the Drug Court refers a person back to the referring court, the proceedings against the person are to be continued before the referring court at a time and place specified in the order, as if:
- (a) the person had not been referred to the Drug Court, and
  - (b) the proceedings had merely been adjourned to the time and place specified in the order.
- (5) A person who is convicted and sentenced by the Drug Court under this section with respect to an offence for which the person has been referred to the Drug Court under section 6 may at the same time be convicted and sentenced for any other offence to which he or she has pleaded guilty (other than an offence referred to in section 5 (2)), whether or not the person has been referred to the Drug Court under section 6 in relation to that other offence.

- (6) In this section, a reference to the convicting and sentencing of a person is, in the case of a person who is referred to the Drug Court after having been convicted, a reference to the sentencing of the person only.

## **Division 2 Administration of program**

### **8A Statutory conditions of program**

- (1) It is a condition of a drug offender's program that the Drug Court may, with the consent of the drug offender, commit the drug offender to a correctional centre for up to 21 days at a time if, in the opinion of the Drug Court, such action is necessary to facilitate:
- (a) detoxification of the drug offender, or
  - (b) assessment of the drug offender's participation in the program, or
  - (c) the development of a suitable treatment plan.
- (2) However, a drug offender is not to be committed to a correctional centre for detoxification unless the Drug Court is satisfied that no other suitable facilities are immediately available.
- (3) A consent referred to in subsection (1) that is given by a drug offender in relation to the committal of the drug offender to a correctional centre for a particular period of time is irrevocable during that period.
- (4) A drug offender does not fail to comply with his or her program merely because the drug offender fails to give a consent referred to in subsection (1).

### **9 Variation of conditions of program**

- (1) The Drug Court may from time to time, in accordance with a drug offender's program, vary the program by adding new conditions to, or varying or revoking existing conditions of, the program.
- (2) No appeal lies against any decision by the Drug Court to vary a drug offender's program under this section.

### **10 Proceedings for non-compliance with program**

- (1) If it is satisfied, on the balance of probabilities, that a drug offender has failed to comply with his or her program, the Drug Court:
- (a) may, in accordance with the program, impose any one or more of the sanctions specified in the program as sanctions that the Court may impose on the drug offender, or
  - (b) if it is also satisfied, on the balance of probabilities, that the offender is unlikely to

make any further progress in the program or that the offender's further participation in the program poses an unacceptable risk to the community that the person may re-offend—may decide to terminate the program.

- (2) Without affecting the other circumstances in which a drug offender is taken to have failed to comply with his or her program, a drug offender is taken to have failed to comply with the program if the drug offender is charged before a court with an offence referred to in section 5 (2).
- (3) No appeal lies in relation to any action taken or decision made by the Drug Court under this section.

### **11 Termination of program**

- (1) The Drug Court may terminate a drug offender's program:
  - (a) if the Drug Court is satisfied on the balance of probabilities that, having regard to the objects of this Act, the drug offender has substantially complied with the program, or
  - (b) if the drug offender requests the Drug Court to terminate the program, or
  - (c) if the Drug Court decides to terminate the program as referred to in section 10 (1) (b).
- (2) No appeal lies against the Drug Court's termination of a drug offender's program.

### **12 Imposition of final sentence**

- (1) On terminating a drug offender's program, the Drug Court must reconsider the drug offender's initial sentence.
- (2) In reconsidering a drug offender's initial sentence, the Drug Court must take into consideration:
  - (a) the nature of the drug offender's participation in his or her program, and
  - (b) any sanctions that have been imposed on the drug offender during the program, and
  - (c) any time for which the drug offender has been held in custody in connection with an offence to which his or her program relates, including time during which the person has undergone imprisonment:
    - (i) under the sentence, or
    - (ii) under the condition of the program arising under section 8A.
- (3) After considering a drug offender's initial sentence, the Drug Court is to determine the

drug offender's final sentence:

- (a) by making an order setting aside the initial sentence and taking such action under Part 2 of the *Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999* as it could have taken for the offence to which the initial sentence related, or
  - (b) by making an order confirming the initial sentence.
- (4) The final sentence determined for a drug offender in relation to an offence is not to be greater than the initial sentence imposed on the drug offender in relation to that offence.
- (5) (Repealed)

### **13 Revocation of suspension order**

On sentencing a drug offender under section 12, the Drug Court is to revoke the drug offender's suspension order.

## **Division 3 Miscellaneous**

### **14 Arrest warrants**

- (1) If it suspects that a drug offender may have failed to comply with his or her program, the Drug Court may issue a warrant for the drug offender's arrest.
- (2) A warrant under this section authorises any police officer to arrest the drug offender and to bring the drug offender before the Drug Court to be dealt with under this Act.
- (3) The *Bail Act 1978* does not apply to a drug offender who is arrested on the authority of a warrant under this section.
- (4) The Drug Court's functions under this section may be exercised by the registrar.

### **14A Warrants of committal**

- (1) For the purpose of subjecting a drug offender to imprisonment in a correctional centre as referred to in section 8A or 16 (2) (f), the Drug Court may issue a warrant committing the drug offender to a correctional centre.
- (2) A warrant under this section:
  - (a) authorises any police officer to have custody of the drug offender named in the warrant, to convey the drug offender to the correctional centre specified in the warrant and to deliver the drug offender into the custody of the governor of that correctional centre, and
  - (b) authorises the governor of the correctional centre specified in the warrant to have custody of the drug offender named in the warrant for the period of time specified

in the warrant.

(3) The Drug Court's functions under this section may be exercised by the registrar.

## 15 Sentences imposed by Drug Court

(1) The sentences that may be imposed by the Drug Court under this Part are as follows:

(a) in the case of an indictable offence (including an indictable offence for which an election to have the offence dealt with on indictment has been duly made under Chapter 5 of the *Criminal Procedure Act 1986*), any penalty that could have been imposed by the District Court had the offence been dealt with on indictment by the District Court,

(b) in the case of a summary offence (including an indictable offence for which an election to have the offence dealt with on indictment has not been duly made under Chapter 5 of the *Criminal Procedure Act 1986*), any penalty that could have been imposed by a Local Court had the offence been dealt with summarily by a Local Court.

(2) Except for the purposes of the *Criminal Appeal Act 1912*, a person sentenced by the Drug Court for an offence referred to in subsection (1) (a) is taken to have been convicted of the offence on indictment.

(3) The provisions of section 58 of the *Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999* do not apply to a sentence imposed on a person under this Act by the Drug Court as referred to in subsection (1) (b) if that sentence is imposed for an offence committed while the person was participating in a program under this Act.

(4) The provisions of Division 3 (Taking further offences into account) of Part 3 of the *Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999* apply in relation to a relevant conviction of a person for an offence as if:

(a) the person had been charged, but not convicted, of the offence, and

(b) the person had admitted guilt for the offence for the purposes of section 33 (2) (a) (i) of the *Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999*.

(5) In this section, **relevant conviction** of a person for an offence means the conviction of the person by a court (other than the Drug Court) for the offence under any of the following provisions for which the person has not been sentenced by that court:

(a) section 75B of the *Justices Act 1902*,

(b) section 196 of the *Criminal Procedure Act 1986* (as inserted by the *Criminal Procedure Amendment (Justices and Local Courts) Act 2001*).

## **16 Conditions of program**

- (1) The conditions of a program may allow the Drug Court to confer the following kinds of rewards on a drug offender who maintains a satisfactory level of compliance with the program:
  - (a) conferral of specified privileges,
  - (b) an appropriate change in the frequency of counselling or other treatment,
  - (c) a decrease in the degree of supervision to which the drug offender is subject,
  - (d) a decrease in the frequency with which the drug offender must undergo testing for drugs,
  - (e) a decrease in the amount of any monetary penalty payable to the Drug Court, as referred to in subsection (2) (e),
  - (f) a change in the nature of the vocational and social services attended by the drug offender or the frequency with which the drug offender is required to attend vocational and social services.
- (2) The conditions of a program may allow the Drug Court to impose the following kinds of sanctions on a drug offender who fails to comply with the program:
  - (a) withdrawal of privileges conferred on the person, as referred to in subsection (1) (a),
  - (b) an appropriate change in the frequency of counselling or other treatment,
  - (c) an increase in the degree of supervision to which the drug offender is subject,
  - (d) an increase in the frequency with which the drug offender must undergo testing for drugs,
  - (e) a requirement that the drug offender pay a monetary penalty to the Drug Court,
  - (f) a requirement that the drug offender be subjected to imprisonment in a correctional centre for up to 14 days in respect of any one failure to comply with the requirements of the order,
  - (g) a change in the nature of the vocational and social services attended by the drug offender or the frequency with which the drug offender is required to attend vocational and social services.
- (3) Any monetary penalty payable by a drug offender, as referred to in subsection (2) (e), is recoverable by the registrar of the Drug Court as a debt in any court of competent jurisdiction.

- (4) This section does not limit the conditions that may form part of a program apart from this section.

### **17 Immunity from prosecution for certain offences**

A person is not liable to prosecution for any offence comprising the unlawful possession or use of drugs:

- (a) as a result of any admission made for the purposes of seeking a referral under Division 1, not being an admission of facts giving rise to an offence referred to in section 5 (2) (a), or
- (b) as a result of any admission made for the purposes of satisfying the Drug Court that the person should be accepted into a program, or
- (c) as a result of any admission made in connection with the Drug Court's supervision of his or her program,

nor may any such admission be admitted as evidence in proceedings for any offence comprising the unlawful possession or use of drugs that are brought as a result of the admission.

### **18 Application of criminal procedure legislation**

- (1) The provisions of Division 3 of Part 3 of the *Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999* that enable the Drug Court, when sentencing a person, to take other offences into account in imposing a penalty on the person do not enable the Drug Court to take into account any offence of the kind referred to in section 5 (2) of this Act.
- (2) The provisions of Chapter 5 of the *Criminal Procedure Act 1986* are subject to such modifications (if any) as are prescribed by the regulations under this Act.

## **Part 3 The Drug Court**

### **Division 1 Constitution of Drug Court**

#### **19 Constitution of Drug Court**

There is constituted by this Act a court of record to be known as the Drug Court of New South Wales.

#### **20 Judges**

- (1) The Governor may, by commission under the public seal of the State, appoint as a Drug Court Judge any person who is a Judge of the District Court.
- (2) A person ceases to be a Drug Court Judge on ceasing to be a Judge of the District Court.



- (3) In this section, a reference to a Judge of the District Court includes a reference to an acting Judge of the District Court.

## **21 Senior Judge**

- (1) The Governor may, by a person's commission as a Judge or by a subsequent commission under the public seal of the State, appoint one of the Drug Court Judges to be the Senior Judge of the Drug Court.
- (2) Subject to subsection (3), the Senior Judge holds office as Senior Judge while he or she holds office as Judge.
- (3) With the approval of the Governor, the Senior Judge may resign office as Senior Judge without resigning office as Judge.

## **22 Acting Senior Judge**

- (1) The Minister may appoint a Judge to be acting Senior Judge during any absence from duty or vacancy in office of the Senior Judge.
- (2) An acting Senior Judge has the functions of the Senior Judge and anything done by the acting Senior Judge in the exercise of those functions has effect as if it had been done by the Senior Judge.

## **Division 2 Procedure of Drug Court**

### **23 Single Judge to constitute Drug Court**

All proceedings in the Drug Court, and all matters arising out of any such proceedings, are to be heard and disposed of before a Judge, who constitutes the Court.

### **24 Jurisdiction of Drug Court**

- (1) The Drug Court has the following jurisdiction:
- (a) the criminal jurisdiction of the District Court,
  - (b) the criminal jurisdiction of a Local Court,
  - (c) such other jurisdiction as is vested in the Drug Court by this or any other Act.
- (2) For the purpose of enabling it to exercise its jurisdiction, the Drug Court has the following functions:
- (a) all of the functions of the District Court that are exercisable in relation to its criminal jurisdiction,
  - (b) all of the functions of a Local Court that are exercisable in relation to its criminal jurisdiction, including all the functions exercisable by a Magistrate under the [Criminal Procedure Act 1986](#) or the [Bail Act 1978](#),

- (c) such other functions as are conferred or imposed on it by or under this or any other Act.

## **25 Sittings**

- (1) The Drug Court is to sit at such places and times as the Senior Judge may direct.
- (2) Two or more sittings of the Drug Court may be held at the same time.

## **26 Court proceedings**

- (1) This section applies to proceedings before the Drug Court in the exercise of its jurisdiction under this Act, but does not apply to proceedings before the Drug Court in the exercise of the criminal jurisdiction of the District Court or the criminal jurisdiction of a Local Court.
- (2) Proceedings before the Drug Court are to be conducted:
  - (a) in accordance with the directions of the Judge presiding in the proceedings, and
  - (b) subject to paragraph (a), with as little formality and technicality, and with as much expedition, as the requirements of this Act and the regulations and the proper consideration of the matters before the Court permit.
- (3) The Drug Court is not bound by the rules of evidence, but may inform itself on any matter in such manner as it considers appropriate.
- (4) The Drug Court may adjourn its proceedings from time to time.

## **27 Rules of court**

The Senior Judge may make rules of court, not inconsistent with this Act, for or with respect to any matter relating to the practice or procedure of the Drug Court, including:

- (a) any matter for or with respect to which rules may be made under the [District Court Act 1973](#) in relation to the criminal jurisdiction of the District Court, and
- (b) any matter for or with respect to which rules may be made under the [Criminal Procedure Act 1986](#) in relation to the criminal jurisdiction of a Local Court.

## **Division 3 Administration**

### **28 Court officers**

- (1) A registrar and such other officers as are necessary for the proper administration of this Act are to be appointed under Part 2 of the [Public Sector Management Act 1988](#).
- (2) Arrangements may be made for the use by the Drug Court of the services of any staff (by secondment or otherwise) or facilities of a Government department.

## 29 Court business

- (1) The Senior Judge is responsible for the administration of the business of the Drug Court.
- (2) The registrar may exercise:
  - (a) such of the administrative functions of the Court as are conferred or imposed on the registrar by the regulations or the rules of court, and
  - (b) such of the functions of a registrar of the District Court as are relevant to the exercise by the Drug Court of the criminal jurisdiction of a District Court, and
  - (c) such of the functions of a Clerk of a Local Court as are relevant to the exercise by the Drug Court of the criminal jurisdiction of a Local Court.

## 30 Delegation

- (1) The Senior Judge may delegate to a Judge any of the Senior Judge's functions, other than this power of delegation.
- (2) The registrar may delegate to any other officer of the Court any of the registrar's functions, other than this power of delegation.

## Part 4 Miscellaneous

### 31 Provision of information to Drug Court

- (1) This section applies to such persons as are prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section, being persons who are involved in the administration of, or who provide services in connection with, a drug offender's program.
- (2) It is the duty of a person to whom this section applies:
  - (a) to promptly notify the registrar of any failure by a drug offender to comply with the drug offender's program, and
  - (b) to promptly comply with the requirements of the regulations with respect to the giving of information to the registrar.
- (3) The following provisions apply to and in respect of any information (**protected information**) relating to a drug offender that is provided to the Drug Court, or to any person to whom this section applies, by a person to whom this section applies:
  - (a) the provision of the information does not constitute a breach of professional etiquette or ethics or a departure from accepted standards of professional conduct,
  - (b) no liability for defamation is incurred because of the provision of the information,

- (c) the provision of the information does not constitute a ground for civil proceedings for malicious prosecution or for conspiracy,
  - (d) the information is not admissible in evidence in any proceedings before a court, tribunal or committee,
  - (e) a person is not compellable in any proceedings before a court, tribunal or committee to disclose the information or to produce any document that contains the information.
- (4) The provisions of subsection (3) (d) and (e) do not apply to or in respect of the provision of protected information:
- (a) in proceedings before the Drug Court or any court hearing or determining an appeal from a decision of the Drug Court, or
  - (b) in support of, or in answer to, any charge or allegation made in proceedings against a person in relation to the person's exercise of functions under this Act.
- (5) A drug offender is taken to have authorised the communication of protected information:
- (a) from any person to whom this section applies to the registrar, and
  - (b) from the registrar to any person to whom this section applies, and
  - (c) from any member of staff of the Drug Court to any other member of staff of the Drug Court.
- (6) A provision of any Act or law that prohibits or restricts the disclosure of information does not operate to prevent the provision of information in accordance with this section.

### **32 Regulations**

The Governor may make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, for or with respect to any matter that by this Act is required or permitted to be prescribed or that is necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act and, in particular, for or with respect to:

- (a) the forms to be used for the purposes of this Act, and
- (b) the fees to be charged under this Act, and
- (c) the postponement, waiver or remittal of fees charged under this Act.

### **33 Amendment of other Acts**

Each Act referred to in Schedule 1 is amended as set out in that Schedule.

### **34 Savings, transitional and other provisions**

Schedule 2 has effect.

### **35 Review of Act**

- (1) The Minister is to review this Act to determine whether the policy objectives of the Act remain valid and whether the terms of the Act remain appropriate for securing those objectives.
- (2) The review is to be undertaken as soon as possible after the period of 2 years from the date of assent to this Act.
- (3) A report on the outcome of the review is to be tabled in each House of Parliament within 12 months after the end of the period of 2 years.

## **Schedule 1 Amendment of other Acts**

(Section 33)

### **1.1 Bail Act 1978 No 161**

#### **[1] Section 4 Definitions**

Insert after paragraph (c) of the definition of ***court*** in section 4 (1):

(c1) the Drug Court, or

#### **[2] Section 6 Grant of bail for certain periods**

Insert after section 6 (g8):

(g9) the period between a person being referred to the Drug Court under section 6 of the *Drug Court Act 1998* and the person being brought before the Drug Court consequent on the referral,

(g10) the period between a person being referred back to a court under section 8 of the *Drug Court Act 1998* and the person being brought before that court consequent on the referral,

### **1.2 Children (Criminal Proceedings) Act 1987 No 55**

#### **Section 7 Jurisdiction of Children's Court not to be exercised by certain other courts**

Insert at the end of the section:

(2) The Drug Court may not hear or determine criminal proceedings that a Children's

Court has jurisdiction to hear and determine.

### **1.3 Criminal Appeal Act 1912 No 16**

#### **[1] Section 5AE**

Insert after section 5AD:

#### **5AE Appeals from sentences imposed by the Drug Court**

- (1) Section 5AA applies to and in respect of a person convicted of an offence by the Drug Court in the exercise of its jurisdiction under Part 2 of the *Drug Court Act 1998* (in relation only to a final sentence determined by the Court under section 12 of that Act) in the same way as it applies to a person referred to in section 5AA (1).
- (2) For the purposes of this section, a reference in section 5AA to the Supreme Court is to be construed as including a reference to the Drug Court.
- (3) The power of the Court of Criminal Appeal to hear and determine an appeal under this section is to be exercised by such single judge of the Supreme Court as the Chief Justice may direct.

#### **[2] Section 10 Time for appealing**

Omit "or 5AD" from section 10 (4).

Insert instead ", 5AD or 5AE".

### **1.4 Criminal Procedure Act 1986 No 209**

#### **Section 20 Definitions**

Insert after paragraph (d) of the definition of **court** in section 20 (1):

(d1) the Drug Court, or

### **1.5 Justices Act 1902 No 27**

#### **[1] Section 51A Effect of plea of guilty in committal proceedings**

Insert after section 51A (6) (a):

(a1) is being dealt with in accordance with Part 2 of the *Drug Court Act 1998*, or

## [2] Section 121B No appeal in certain cases

Insert after section 121B (2):

- (3) Despite section 122, there is no appeal to the District Court in relation to any order made on the conviction of a person by the Drug Court under the provisions of the *Drug Court Act 1998*.

## 1.6 Search Warrants Act 1985 No 37

### Section 3 Definitions

Insert “or the registrar of the Drug Court” after “Local Court” in paragraph (b) of the definition of **authorised justice**.

## 1.7 Victims Compensation Act 1996 No 115

### Section 78 Application of Part

Insert “the Drug Court,” after “the District Court,” in section 78 (1) (b).

## Schedule 2 Savings, transitional and other provisions

(Section 34)

## Part 1 Preliminary

### 1 Savings and transitional regulations

- (1) The regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional nature consequent on the enactment of the following Acts:

    this Act

*Drug Court Amendment Act 2002*

- (2) Such a provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect from the date of assent to the Act concerned or a later day.
- (3) To the extent to which such a provision takes effect from a date that is earlier than the date of its publication in the Gazette, the provision does not operate so as:
  - (a) to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of that publication, or
  - (b) to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted to be done before the date of that publication.

## **Part 2 Provisions consequent on enactment of [Drug Court Act 1998](#)**

### **2 Transitional provision for past offences**

Part 2 applies to and in respect of an offence committed before the commencement of that Part in the same way as it applies to and in respect of an offence committed after that commencement, and so applies whether proceedings for the offence were commenced before or after that commencement.

## **Part 3 Provisions consequent on enactment of [Drug Court Amendment Act 2002](#)**

### **3 Application of [Drug Court Amendment Act 2002](#) to existing programs**

Each amendment made to this Act by any of the following provisions of the *Drug Court Amendment Act 2002* extends to a program under this Act that is in effect immediately before the commencement of the amendment:

- (a) Schedule 1 [1] and [2],
- (b) Schedule 1 [5] (but only to the extent it inserts section 7 (5A) in this Act),
- (c) Schedule 1 [6],
- (d) Schedule 1 [7],
- (e) Schedule 1 [8],
- (f) Schedule 1 [9],
- (g) Schedule 1 [11].