

Fluoridation of Public Water Supplies Act 1957

No 58

[1957-58]



New South Wales

Status Information

Currency of version

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Provisions in force

The provisions displayed in this version of the legislation have all commenced.

Notes—

- **Does not include amendments by**
[Justices Legislation Repeal and Amendment Act 2001 No 121](#) (not commenced — to commence on 7.7.2003)
- **See also**
[Food Bill 2003](#)

Authorisation

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Contents

Long title	3
1 Name of Act and commencement	3
2 Crown bound	3
3 Definitions	3
4 Fluoridation of Public Water Supplies Advisory Committee.....	3
5 Functions of Committee.....	5
6 Addition of fluorine to public water supplies.....	5
6A Directions	7
6B Discontinuance of fluoridation.....	7
7 Certificates to be evidence of certain matters.....	8
8 Proof of certificate of analyst.....	8
9 Penalty.....	8
10 Proceedings for offences	8
11 Regulations.....	9

Fluoridation of Public Water Supplies Act 1957 No 58



New South Wales

An Act to authorise and control the addition of fluorine to public water supplies; and for purposes connected therewith.

1 Name of Act and commencement

- (1) This Act may be cited as the *Fluoridation of Public Water Supplies Act 1957*.
- (2) This Act shall commence upon a day to be appointed by the Governor and notified by proclamation published in the Gazette.

2 Crown bound

This Act binds the Crown.

3 Definitions

In this Act, unless the context or subject matter otherwise indicates or requires:

Committee means the Fluoridation of Public Water Supplies Advisory Committee constituted under this Act.

Fluorine includes any compound of fluorine.

Prescribed means prescribed by this Act or regulations.

Public water supply means any water supply used for supplying water to the public.

Regulations means regulations made under this Act.

Secretary means the Secretary of the Department of Health.

Water supply authority means any person or body, corporate or unincorporate, who or which supplies water to the public.

4 Fluoridation of Public Water Supplies Advisory Committee

- (1) For the purposes of this Act there shall be constituted a Committee, to be called the

Fluoridation of Public Water Supplies Advisory Committee, which shall consist of six persons.

(2) The members of the Committee shall be:

- (a) a person nominated by the Minister, being an officer of the Department of Health or an employee of a public health organisation within the meaning of the *Health Services Act 1997*, and
- (b) five persons (in this section referred to as **appointed members**) appointed by the Minister.

Of the members so appointed:

- (i) one shall be appointed from a panel of names submitted by the Australian Medical Association (NSW) Limited,
- (ii) one shall be appointed from a panel of names submitted by the Australian Dental Association (New South Wales Branch),
- (iii) one shall be appointed from a panel of names submitted by the Institution of Engineers (Australia),
- (iv) one shall be appointed from a panel of names submitted by the Local Government Association of New South Wales, and
- (v) one shall be appointed by the Minister after consultation with such persons or bodies, corporate or unincorporate as the Minister thinks fit.

(3)

- (a) The member referred to in paragraph (a) of subsection (2) shall be chairperson of the Committee.
- (b) The chairperson shall preside at all meetings of the Committee at which the chairperson is present.

In the absence of the chairperson from any meeting the members present shall appoint one of their number to preside at that meeting.

(4)

- (a) The procedure for the calling of meetings of the Committee and for the conduct of business at such meetings shall, subject to any regulations in relation thereto and to this Act, be as determined by the Committee.
- (b) At any meeting of the Committee three members shall form a quorum, and the decision of the majority of the members present at any meeting at which there is a quorum shall be the decision of the Committee.

- (c) The chairperson or member presiding at any meeting of the Committee shall have a deliberative vote and, in the event of an equality of votes, a second or casting vote.
- (5) The appointed members shall hold office for a period of three years and shall be eligible for reappointment.
- (6) If a casual vacancy occurs in the office of an appointed member, a member shall be appointed by the Minister to fill the vacant office and shall hold office for the balance of the predecessor's term of office.
- (7) The Minister may from time to time appoint a deputy to act in the place of any appointed member during the illness or absence of such appointed member.
- (8) The Minister may, for any cause which to the Minister seems sufficient, remove any member or deputy member from office.
- (9) A member, or a deputy member while acting in the place of a member, is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the member or deputy member.

5 Functions of Committee

- (1) The Committee may initiate and refer to the Minister:
 - (a) recommendations for making, altering or repealing any regulation,
 - (b) recommendations relating to the administration of this Act,
 - (c) proposals with respect to the addition of fluorine to public water supplies.
- (2) It shall be the duty of the Committee to consider and advise the Minister upon such matters and questions as the Minister may from time to time refer to it relating to:
 - (a) any proposal for making, altering or repealing any regulation,
 - (b) the administration of this Act,
 - (c) any proposal with respect to the addition of fluorine to public water supplies,
 - (d) the question of fluoridating a public water supply, as referred to the Secretary for consideration under section 6A.

6 Addition of fluorine to public water supplies

- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other Act, a water supply authority may, subject to the provisions of this section and the regulations, add fluorine to any public water supply under its control.

- (1A) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other Act, a water supply authority shall, subject to this Act and the regulations, add fluorine to any public water supply under its control, if directed to do so by the Secretary.
- (2) A water supply authority shall not add fluorine to any public water supply except with the approval of or at the direction of the Secretary.
- (3) A person, not being a water supply authority, shall not add fluorine to any public water supply.
- (4) A water supply authority making application for the approval of the Secretary under the provisions of this section shall specify in the application the public water supply in respect of which the approval is sought and shall furnish to the Secretary such information as the Secretary may in any case require.
- (5)
 - (a) The Secretary may by notification published in the Gazette approve or refuse any such application.
 - (b) Such notification shall for the purpose of section 11 be deemed to be a regulation.
 - (c) Any approval granted by the Secretary under the provisions of this section shall be subject to:
 - (i) a condition requiring the water supply authority to whom the approval is granted to maintain the content of fluorine in the public water supply in respect of which the approval is granted at a concentration of not more than the maximum nor less than the minimum concentration (calculated as parts per million) specified in the instrument of approval,
 - (ii) a condition prohibiting such water supply authority from adding to such public water supply fluorine in a form other than that specified in the instrument of approval, and
 - (iii) such other conditions as may in any case be determined by the Secretary and specified in the instrument of approval.
 - (d) The Secretary may at any time after granting any such approval:
 - (i) revoke the approval,
 - (ii) revoke any condition attached to the approval other than a condition attached thereto pursuant to subparagraph (i) or (ii) of paragraph (c),
 - (iii) vary any condition attached to the approval, or
 - (iv) attach new conditions to the approval.

- (6) Any person, not being a water supply authority, who contravenes or fails to comply with any of the provisions of this section or any water supply authority contravening or failing to comply with any of the provisions of this section or any of the conditions attached to an approval granted to it under the provisions of this section, shall be guilty of an offence against this Act.

6A Directions

- (1) The Secretary may, by notification published in the Gazette, direct a water supply authority to add fluorine to a public water supply.
- (2) A direction may be given only if the water supply authority has referred the question of fluoridating the public water supply to the Secretary for consideration and the Secretary has received the advice of the Committee as regards the question.
- (3) A direction is subject to:
- (a) a term requiring the water supply authority to maintain the content of fluorine in the public water supply at a concentration of not more than the maximum nor less than the minimum concentration (calculated as parts per million) specified in the direction,
 - (b) a term prohibiting the water supply authority from adding to the public water supply fluorine in a form other than that specified in the direction, and
 - (c) such other terms as may be determined by the Secretary and specified in the direction.
- (4) The Secretary may at any time after giving a direction:
- (a) revoke the direction,
 - (b) revoke any term attached to the direction, other than a term referred to in subsection (3) (a) or (b),
 - (c) vary any term attached to the direction, or
 - (d) attach new terms to the direction.
- (5) Any water supply authority contravening a direction or any terms attached to the direction is guilty of an offence against this Act.

6B Discontinuance of fluoridation

- (1) A water supply authority to which an approval has been granted or a direction has been given shall not discontinue fluoridating the public water supply concerned, unless the approval or direction is revoked by the Secretary.
- (2) A water supply authority contravening this section is guilty of an offence against this

Act.

7 Certificates to be evidence of certain matters

- (1) A certificate purporting to be signed by the Secretary certifying that any water supply authority has or has not been granted by the Secretary an approval under this Act to add fluorine to a public water supply specified in the certificate, that any such approval has or has not been revoked or that the conditions attached to any such approval are the conditions specified in the certificate, shall without proof of the signature or of the official character of the person appearing to have signed the certificate be prima facie evidence of the matters certified in and by the certificate.
- (2) A certificate purporting to be signed by the Secretary certifying that:
 - (a) any water supply authority has or has not been directed by the Secretary to add fluorine to a public water supply specified in the certificate,
 - (b) any such direction has or has not been revoked, or
 - (c) the terms attached to any such direction are the terms specified in the certificate,is without proof of the signature or the official character of the person appearing to have signed the certificate prima facie evidence of the matters certified in and by the certificate.

8 Proof of certificate of analyst

- (1) An analyst analysing any substance submitted to the analyst may give a certificate of the result of the analysis.
- (2) In any legal proceedings under this Act the production of a certificate purporting to be signed by an analyst shall be prima facie evidence of the identity of the substance analysed and of the result of such analysis without proof of the signature, employment, or appointment of the person appearing to have signed the certificate.
- (3) For the purposes of this section **analyst** means any person employed by the Government of New South Wales as an analyst or any person appointed by the Director-General of the Department of Health as an analyst under the [Food Act 1989](#).

9 Penalty

Any person who is guilty of an offence against this Act shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding 50 penalty units, and in the case of a continuing offence, to a daily penalty not exceeding 5 penalty units.

10 Proceedings for offences

Any penalty imposed by this Act or the regulations may be recovered in a summary manner before a Magistrate or any two justices.

11 Regulations

- (1) The Governor may make regulations not inconsistent with this Act for or with respect to:
 - (a) the protection of persons employed in adding fluorine to any public water supply from inhaling fumes or dust containing fluorine,
 - (b) the qualifications of persons employed in operating plant or equipment used for adding fluorine to any public water supply,
 - (c) the disposal or destruction of containers from which fluorine has been removed for addition to any public water supply,
 - (d) requiring a water supply authority to whom an approval under this Act has been granted or direction given to make analyses and the prescribed tests of samples of water taken at such points as the Secretary determines from the public water supply in respect of which such approval was granted or direction given and to forward to the Secretary samples of water so taken from such public water supply,
 - (e) prescribing the method of making such analyses and tests and the times or intervals at which such analyses and tests shall be made,
 - (f) the records to be kept for the purposes of this Act by a water supply authority to whom an approval under this Act has been granted or direction given,
 - (g) all matters which are required or permitted to be prescribed or which are necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.
- (2) The regulations may impose a penalty not exceeding 25 penalty units for any breach thereof, and in the case of a continuing breach, a daily penalty not exceeding 5 penalty units.
- (3) The regulations may incorporate by reference, wholly or in part and with or without modification, any standards, rules, codes, specifications or methods, as in force at a particular time or as in force from time to time, prescribed or published by any authority or body (whether or not it is a New South Wales authority or body).