Apiaries Regulation 1995

[1995-451]



Status Information

Currency of version

Historical version for 1 September 1995 to 30 June 2005 (accessed 18 July 2024 at 12:31)

Legislation on this site is usually updated within 3 working days after a change to the legislation.

Provisions in force

The provisions displayed in this version of the legislation have all commenced.

Notes-

See also
Statute Law (Miscellaneous Provisions) Bill 2005

Authorisation

This version of the legislation is compiled and maintained in a database of legislation by the Parliamentary Counsel's Office and published on the NSW legislation website, and is certified as the form of that legislation that is correct under section 45C of the Interpretation Act 1987.

File last modified 8 June 2005

Apiaries Regulation 1995



Contents

1 Name of Regulation	3
2 Commencement	3
3 Definitions	3
4 Queen candy	3
5 Application for registration or renewal	3
6 Prescribed laws	4
7 Certificate of registration	4
8 Register of beekeepers	4
9 Record of hives moved, lost or stolen	5
10 Notice of disposal of beehive	5
11 Print-outs from register	5
12 Identification of hives	5
13 Disposal of bees or other things by an inspector	6
14 Prescribed officers	6
15 Compensation claims and proportions	6
16 Appeal	6
17 Notice of appeal to Director-General	7
18 Stop sign	7
19 Use of infected queen candy	7
20 Night parking of vehicle containing bees	7
21 Repeal	8
Schedule 1 Forms	8

Apiaries Regulation 1995



1 Name of Regulation

This Regulation may be cited as the *Apiaries Regulation 1995*.

2 Commencement

This Regulation commences on 1 September 1995.

3 Definitions

(1) In this Regulation:

nucleus hive means a colony of bees consisting of not more than 6 standard full depth Langstroth frames.

queen candy means the substance made by kneading powdered sugar into honey (or into an invert sugar syrup) until a stiff dough is formed.

the Act means the Apiaries Act 1985.

(2) In this Regulation, a reference to a Form is a reference to a form set out in Schedule 1.

4 Queen candy

Queen candy is declared under the definition of **apiary product** in section 3 (1) of the Act to be an apiary product for the purposes of the Act.

5 Application for registration or renewal

- (1) For the purposes of section 7 (2) of the Act, the prescribed form of application for registration is Form 1 and the prescribed particulars are those necessary to complete the form.
- (2) For the purposes of section 11 (2) of the Act, the prescribed form of application for renewal of registration is Form 1 and the prescribed particulars are those necessary to complete the form.
- (3) The prescribed manner for making those applications is lodging them with the registrar.

- (4) The prescribed registration fee to accompany those applications is the sum of the following components:
 - (a) a base registration fee of \$18.00, and
 - (b) a bee compensation levy calculated at the rate of \$3.00 for every 10 (or part of 10) hives to which the application relates.
- (5) For the purpose of subclause (4) (b), 4 nucleus hives are taken to be 1 hive.

6 Prescribed laws

- (1) For the purposes of section 8 (2) (a) (i) of the Act, each of the following laws is a prescribed law of another State:
 - (a) the Apiaries Act 1982 of Queensland,
 - (b) the Apiaries Act 1931 of South Australia,
 - (c) the Apiaries Act 1978 of Tasmania,
 - (d) the Bees Act 1971 of Victoria,
 - (e) the Beekeepers Act 1963 of Western Australia.
- (2) For the purposes of section 8 (2) (a) (i) of the Act, each of the following laws is a prescribed law of a Territory:
 - (a) the Apiaries Act 1928 of the Australian Capital Territory,
 - (b) the Stock Diseases Act 1954 of the Northern Territory.

7 Certificate of registration

For the purposes of sections 8 (3) (a) and 11 (6) (b) of the Act, the prescribed form of certificate of registration is Form 2.

8 Register of beekeepers

- (1) For the purposes of section 8 (3) (a) of the Act, the prescribed particulars of an applicant to be entered in the register of beekeepers are the particulars required by section 13 (3) of the Act.
- (2) For the purposes of section 13 (3) (f) of the Act, the prescribed other particulars to be entered in the register in relation to a beekeeper's registration are the following:
 - (a) the postal address and business telephone number of the beekeeper (as well as the home telephone number of a beekeeper that is a natural person),
 - (b) the number of hives to which the registration relates,

(c) the number of nucleus hives to which the registration relates.

9 Record of hives moved, lost or stolen

- (1) For the purposes of section 10 (1) (a) of the Act, the prescribed record is one that is written (whether by hand or by machine) or electronically recorded in a form that may readily be converted into writing and contains the particulars required by this clause.
- (2) The particulars required in relation to the movement of beehives are the following:
 - (a) the date when the hives were moved,
 - (b) the number of hives moved,
 - (c) the site from which the hives were moved,
 - (d) the site to which the hives were moved,
 - (e) the name of the person who moved the hives.
- (3) The particulars required in relation to the loss or theft of beehives are (to the extent that they are known to the beekeeper) the date of the loss or theft and the number of hives lost or stolen.

10 Notice of disposal of beehive

For the purposes of section 10 (3) of the Act, the prescribed form in relation to the disposal of a beehive is Form 3 and the prescribed particulars are those necessary to complete the form.

11 Print-outs from register

For the purposes of section 13 (6) of the Act, the prescribed fees for a computer print-out from the register are as follows:

- (a) for a print-out of a single entry—\$20.00,
- (b) for a print-out of a group of entries not constituting the entire register (eg entries by reference to a postcode, surname, etc)—\$50.00,
- (c) for a print-out of the entire register—\$150.00.

12 Identification of hives

- (1) For the purposes of section 15 (1) of the Act, the prescribed period is 60 days after the allocation of the registration number.
- (2) For the purposes of section 15 (2) of the Act, it is a prescribed requirement that every letter and number of a registration number be branded on the outside wall of the broodbox in such a manner as to be incapable of being obliterated by painting.

13 Disposal of bees or other things by an inspector

- (1) For the purposes of section 17 (1) (a) of the Act, the prescribed time is the period of 20 days commencing when an inspector first examines the apiary for the purpose of ascertaining by whom the apiary is kept.
- (2) For the purposes of section 17 (1) (a) (ii) and (b) of the Act, the prescribed manner of disposal is by sale at the best offer made to the inspector after the intended sale has been advertised in a newspaper circulating generally within the district where the bees, hives, products or appliances were located when seized.
- (3) The proceeds of the sale must be paid into the Consolidated Fund.

14 Prescribed officers

For the purposes of section 25 (1) of the Act, a prescribed officer of a State or Territory is an officer who exercises the functions of an inspector of apiaries under a law of that State or Territory (being a law that is prescribed by clause 6 for the purposes of section 8 (2) (a) (i) of the Act).

15 Compensation claims and proportions

- (1) For the purposes of section 30 (1) of the Act, a claim for compensation is:
 - (a) to be in Form 4, and
 - (b) to give the particulars necessary to complete the form, and
 - (c) to be lodged at an office of the Department of Agriculture, and
 - (d) to be verified by an inspector as provided in that form.
- (2) For the purposes of section 31 (1) of the Act, the prescribed proportions are as follows:
 - (a) in the case of queen bees that have been destroyed—100 per cent,
 - (b) in the case of beehives or appliances that have been destroyed—50 per cent,
 - (c) in the case of beehives or appliances that have been irradiated—100 per cent.

16 Appeal

- (1) For the purposes of section 35 (1) of the Act, the prescribed period for appealing is 28 days after notice of the decision or determination is served on the appellant or (as the case may be) after the giving of the direction, the taking of the action, the service of the order or the seizure or refusal.
- (2) For the purposes of section 35 (1) of the Act, the prescribed manner of appealing is by lodging at a Local Court a notice of appeal that is in Form 5 and signed by the

appellant or by the appellant's solicitor or agent.

17 Notice of appeal to Director-General

A notice that is required by section 36 (2) of the Act to be served on the Director-General:

- (a) may be in the form of a letter addressed to the Chief, Division of Animal Industries in the Department of Agriculture, and
- (b) may be served on that officer, and
- (c) must contain the details set out in the notice of appeal lodged on behalf of the appellant, as well as the place and date fixed by the Court for the hearing of the appeal.

18 Stop sign

- (1) For the purposes of section 38 (2) of the Act, the prescribed kind of traffic sign is a sign that is:
 - (a) in Form 6, and
 - (b) illuminated or fitted with reflectors or other retro-reflecting material, and
 - (c) displayed at a spot not more than 400 metres nor less than 200 metres (measured along the approximate centre of the particular road or thoroughfare along which vehicles travel in approaching the traffic sign) after a warning sign.
- (2) A warning sign must be:
 - (a) in Form 7, and
 - (b) illuminated or fitted with reflectors or other retro-reflecting material, and
 - (c) displayed in such a manner as to be clearly visible to the driver or person in charge of a vehicle approaching the sign.

19 Use of infected queen candy

A person must not use queen candy for the purpose of providing food for bees in transit if the queen candy contains any notifiable disease.

Maximum penalty: 5 penalty units.

20 Night parking of vehicle containing bees

When a vehicle contains a beehive with an open entrance, a person must not park the vehicle between the hours of sunset and sunrise:

(a) within 200 metres of a street light, or

(b) within a residential area.

Maximum penalty: 5 penalty units.

21 Repeal

- (1) The Apiaries Regulation 1986 is repealed.
- (2) Any act, matter or thing that was done for the purposes of, or immediately before that repeal had effect under, that Regulation is taken to have been done for the purposes of, or to have effect under, this Regulation.

Schedule 1 Forms

(Clause 3 (2))

Form 1

APIARIES ACT 1985

Apiaries Regulation 1995 (Clause 5)

Application for Registration (or Renewal of Registration) as a Beekeeper

To the Registrar of Beekeepers Department of Agriculture
The applicant
(full name in BLOCK LETTERS) applies for /renewal of*/ registration as a beekeeper.
The applicant has the following addresses and telephone numbers:
(address of registered office if applicant is a corporation or residential address if a natural person; include postcode)
in (local government area)
The names of the directors, the secretary or secretaries and the principal executive officer of the applicant (if applicant is a corporation) are as follows:
The number of hives to which this application relates is
The number of nucleus hives to which this application relates is
Enclosed is the prescribed fee of
(b) a bee compensation levy of \$ per 10 hives (or part of 10).
All the hives to which this application relates have been checked by the applicant within the last 90 days and

have no evidence of notifiable diseases or pests.
Signature or seal of applicant date
*Cross out these words if application is for original registration.
Form 2
APIARIES ACT 1985
Apiaries Regulation 1995 (Clause 7)
Certificate of Registration as a Beekeeper
Full name
of
(postal address including postcode)
Registration number
Date of allocation of registration number
This is to certify that the holder of this certificate is registered as a beekeeper. This certificate remains in force for a period of two years from and including the date below.
Registrar:
Date:
Form 3
APIARIES ACT 1985
Apiaries Regulation 1995 (Clause 10)
Particulars of Disposal of Beehives
(full name in BLOCK LETTERS)
of(postal address including postcode)
and having registration number
has sold or otherwise disposed of (number) hives to
(full name in BLOCK LETTERS)
of
(postal address including postcode)
(business phone number)
The beekeeper has retained (number, including NIL if all hives have been disposed of) hives.
Signature or seal of beekeeper date
Form 4
APIARIES ACT 1985
Apiaries Regulation 1995 (Clause 15)
Claim for Compensation
To the Director-General Department of Agriculture
(full name in BLOCK LETTERS)
of (postal address including postcode)

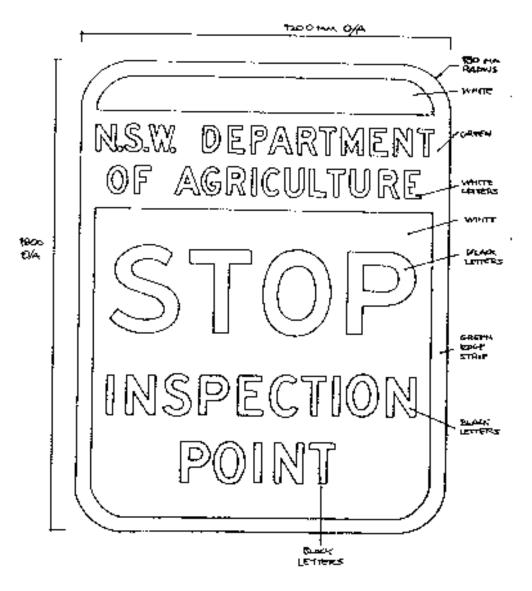
and having registration numberapplies for compensation for:
destruction of beehives (number and estimated value)
destruction of appliances (description, number and estimated value)
destruction of queen bees (number and estimated value)
irradiation of beehives (number and estimated value)
irradiation of appliances (description, number and estimated value)
[NOTE: List details on reverse side if necessary.] Date of destruction or irradiation
Payment approved on (date)
Form 5
APIARIES ACT 1985
Apiaries Regulation 1995 (Clause 16 (2))
Notice of Appeal
In the Local Court at
between
of(appellant)
and the *DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF AGRICULTURE (respondent).
The appellant appeals against the following *decision of the Director-General:

The appeal is based on the following grounds:
Signed (appellant or appellant's solicitor or agent)
Date
This matter will be mentioned at the Local Court at
on the day of at the hour of or as soon after that time as is convenient for the Court.
Signed (Clerk of the Local Court)
Date
* or as the case may require.

Form 6

APIARIES ACT 1985

Apiaries Regulation 1995 (Clause 18 (1))



Form 7

APIARIES ACT 1985

Apiaries Regulation 1995 (Clause 18 (2))

