

Parliamentary Papers (Supplementary Provisions) Act 1975 No 49

[1975-49]



New South Wales

Status Information

Currency of version

Historical version for 11 September 1978 to 31 December 2005 (accessed 13 September 2024 at 6:32)

Legislation on this site is usually updated within 3 working days after a change to the legislation.

Provisions in force

The provisions displayed in this version of the legislation have all commenced.

Notes—

- **Does not include amendments by**
[Defamation Act 2005 No 77](#) (not commenced — to commence on 1.1.2006)

Authorisation

This version of the legislation is compiled and maintained in a database of legislation by the Parliamentary Counsel's Office and published on the NSW legislation website, and is certified as the form of that legislation that is correct under section 45C of the [Interpretation Act 1987](#).

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Parliamentary Papers (Supplementary Provisions) Act 1975 No 49



New South Wales

An Act to authorise the publication of Parliamentary papers; to provide a defence to certain proceedings against an authorised publisher; and for purposes connected therewith.

1 Name of Act

This Act may be cited as the *Parliamentary Papers (Supplementary Provisions) Act 1975*.

2 Commencement

This Act shall be deemed to have commenced on 1 July 1974.

3 Definitions

In this Act, except in so far as the context or subject-matter otherwise indicates or requires:

Committee means a committee of both Houses or either House.

House means House of Parliament.

joint sitting means:

- (a) a joint sitting of the Members of the Legislative Council and the Members of the Legislative Assembly convened under section 5B (1) or 22D (1) of the *Constitution Act 1902*, or
- (b) the Houses sitting and voting together under section 15 of the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act.

4 Publication of Parliamentary papers

- (1) Either House or a joint sitting may authorise the publication of a document laid before it.
- (2) A Committee may authorise the publication of a document received by it or evidence given before it.

5 Authority to Government Printer to publish

- (1) When either House, a joint sitting or a Committee orders a document or evidence to be printed, the Government Printer is authorised to publish the document or evidence unless the contrary intention appears in the order.
- (2) The Government Printer is authorised to publish the reports of the debates and proceedings in each House and of a joint sitting.

6 Defence to proceedings brought in respect of publication of Parliamentary papers

Subject to section 7, it is a defence to any action or proceeding, civil or criminal, brought in respect of the publication of any document or any copy thereof or any evidence if it is proved that the publication of the document, the document from which the copy was made or the evidence, as the case may be, was authorised under section 4 or by section 5.

7 Proceedings for defamation

This Act does not operate so as to provide or affect a defence to an action or proceeding for defamation.

8 Parliamentary privileges not affected

Nothing in this Act derogates from a power or privilege of either House, the Members of either House, or a Committee.