

[Act 1999 No 90]



New South Wales

Security Industry (Olympic and Paralympic Games) Bill 1999

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to enable the issue of a limited licence for security personnel for the purposes of the Olympic Games and Paralympic Games.

Outline of provisions

Part 1 Preliminary

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

Clause 3 defines certain words and expressions used in the proposed Act, namely *Homebush Bay*, *Olympic Co-ordination Authority*, *Olympic venues and facilities* and *the Olympic Games*.

Part 2 Security Industry Act 1997

Clause 4 provides that the proposed Part is to be construed with and as if it formed part of the *Security Industry Act 1997*. The proposed Part therefore has effect as if it made unincorporable amendments to the *Security Industry Act 1997*. The clause also provides that, in the event of an inconsistency between the proposed Part and the *Security Industry Act 1997*, the proposed Part is to prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.

Clause 5 creates an additional class of licence under the *Security Industry Act 1997*, namely the Olympic security licence. An Olympic security licence authorises the licensee to carry on a limited range of security activities at Homebush Bay and at any Olympic venues and facilities during the 4-month period from 1 August 2000 to 30 November 2000.

Clause 6 specifies information and particulars, additional to that required under the *Security Industry Act 1997*, that are to be provided by an applicant for an Olympic security licence.

Clause 7 provides that the fee for an Olympic security licence is to be paid to and retained by the Security Resource Centre.

Clause 8 prevents the Commissioner of Police from granting an Olympic security licence unless the applicant has attained satisfactory competency standards and levels of accreditation. The clause also specifies other eligibility requirements and creates offences concerning the dishonest use of documents as evidence that a person has attained satisfactory competency standards and levels of accreditation.

Clause 9 provides that the term of an Olympic security licence is 4 months from 1 August 2000.

Clause 10 requires the holder of an Olympic security licence to wear the photo version of the licence when carrying on security activities.

Clause 11 enables the delegation of functions under the proposed Act by the Commissioner of Police to the Director, Commercial Security Directorate of the Olympic Security Command Centre.

Clause 12 provides that sections 16 (4) and (5), 24 and 29 of the *Security Industry Act 1997* do not apply in relation to an Olympic security licence.

Part 3 Security Industry Regulation 1998

Clause 13 provides that the proposed Part is to be construed with and as if it formed part of the *Security Industry Regulation 1998*. The proposed Part therefore has effect as if it made unincorporable amendments to the *Security Industry Regulation 1998*. The clause also provides that, in the event of an inconsistency between the proposed Part and the *Security Industry Regulation 1998*, the proposed Part is to prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.

Clause 14 provides for the making of applications for Olympic security licences.

Clause 15 requires a person to whom an Olympic security licence has been granted to notify the person who issued the licence immediately on becoming aware that the licence has been lost, stolen, destroyed, defaced or mutilated.

Clause 16 provides that clauses 15, 17 and 19 of the *Security Industry Regulation 1998* do not apply in relation to an Olympic security licence.

Part 4 Miscellaneous

Clause 17 provides for the enforcement of the provisions of the proposed Act.

Clause 18 enables the making of regulations for the purposes of the proposed Act.

Clause 19 provides that the proposed Act ceases to have effect on 1 December 2000.