

New South Wales

Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support) Bill 2006

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament. The *Motor Accidents Compensation Amendment Bill 2006* is cognate with this Bill.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to establish a Scheme to provide lifetime care and support for persons who suffer catastrophic injuries in motor accidents that are covered by the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999*. The Scheme will extend to injured persons who are "at fault" for the accident and to motor accidents for which no person is at fault.

The principal features of the Scheme are as follows:

- (a) the Lifetime Care and Support Authority (*the Authority*) established by the Bill will pay the reasonable treatment and care expenses of participants in the Scheme (including medical treatment, rehabilitation, attendant care services, and home and transport modification),
- (b) a person will be eligible to participate in the Scheme if the person has suffered a motor accident injury that satisfies the eligibility criteria set out in guidelines issued by the Authority,

- (c) participation in the Scheme will be either as a lifetime participant or as an interim participant (with interim participation lasting 2 years or until acceptance as a lifetime participant),
- (d) an application for participation in the Scheme can be made by or on behalf of the injured person or by an insurer of a motor accident claim in respect of the injury,
- (e) a person will not be eligible to participate in the Scheme if the person has been awarded common law damages for their treatment and care needs, and participation in the Scheme will disentitle a person to recover damages for their treatment and care needs,
- (f) the Bill provides dispute resolution mechanisms to deal with disputes as to eligibility, disputes as to whether an accident is a motor accident covered by the Scheme and disputes about the Authority's assessment of the treatment and care needs of a participant,
- (g) funding for the Scheme will be provided by way of a special levy to be paid by persons to whom third-party policies are issued, with the levy to be collected on behalf of the Authority by licensed insurers at the time of issue of third-party policies.

Outline of provisions

Part 1 Preliminary

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

Clause 3 defines certain words and expressions used in the proposed Act.

Clause 4 deals with the application of the proposed Act and, in particular, limits the application of the proposed Act to motor accidents occurring in the State after the commencement of the proposed Act that are covered by the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999*.

Clause 5 provides the interpretation of the proposed Act to be on the basis of definitions in the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999*.

Part 2 Care and support for Scheme participants

Clause 6 requires the Authority to pay the reasonable expenses incurred by or on behalf of a participant in the Scheme in providing for such of the treatment and care needs of the participant as are reasonable and necessary in the circumstances. The clause lists the treatment and care needs covered by this obligation.

Clause 7 provides that a person is eligible to participate in the Scheme if the person's injury satisfies the criteria set out in the LTCS Guidelines issued by the Authority, unless the person has already been awarded damages for their treatment and care needs. Participation in the Scheme may be as a lifetime participant or an interim participant.

Clause 8 provides for how and by whom an application for a person to become a participant in the Scheme can be made.

Clause 9 provides that a person who is eligible for acceptance into the Scheme must be accepted if an application for their acceptance into the Scheme is duly made, and also provides that an interim participant must be accepted as a lifetime participant if the person becomes eligible for lifetime participation. An interim participant remains a participant for 2 years unless accepted as a lifetime participant during that time.

Clause 10 authorises the LTCS Guidelines to provide for approval by the Authority of treatment and care providers (other than medical practitioners) and for requiring treatment and care services for which the Authority is liable to be provided only by approved providers.

Clause 11 provides that the proposed Act does not affect the operation of the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999* except as specifically provided by the proposed Act.

Part 3 Dispute resolution

Division 1 Disputes about eligibility

Clause 12 contains definitions for the purposes of the Division.

Clause 13 provides for the Authority to appoint assessors for the purposes of the Division.

Clause 14 provides for a dispute as to whether a motor accident injury satisfies the criteria specified in the LTCS Guidelines to be referred to an Assessment Panel of 3 assessors for determination.

Clause 15 provides for the review of the determination of an Assessment Panel by a Review Panel.

Clause 16 provides for the determination of a dispute by an Assessment Panel or Review Panel to be final and binding for the purposes of the proposed Act.

Clause 17 requires the Authority to pay the costs of determinations and reviews of determinations under the Division.

Clause 18 provides that no legal costs are payable by the Authority for legal services provided to an injured person or an insurer in connection with determinations or reviews under the Division.

Clause 19 provides for the LTCS Guidelines to deal with the procedures for dispute resolution under the Division and for the Authority to provide training and information to assessors.

Explanatory note page 3

Division 2 Disputes about motor accident injury

Clause 20 provides for a dispute as to whether an injury is a motor accident injury to be referred for determination by a panel of 3 claims assessors under Part 4.4 of the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999*. The panel's determination is final and binding for the purposes of the proposed Act.

Clause 21 makes provision for the legal costs payable in respect of legal services provided in connection with dispute resolution under the Division (including provision for the panel determining a dispute to determine the reasonable legal costs of the injured person in respect of the determination and requiring the Authority to pay those legal costs).

Part 4 Treatment and care needs assessment

Clause 22 contains definitions for the purposes of the Part.

Clause 23 provides for the Authority to make an assessment of the treatment and care needs of a participant in the Scheme.

Clause 24 provides for a dispute about an assessment of treatment and care needs to be referred to an assessor for determination.

Clause 25 provides for the review by a Review Panel of 3 assessors of the determination of an assessor on a dispute about treatment and care needs.

Clause 26 provides for the Authority's assessment of treatment and care needs to be binding for the purposes of the proposed Act and requires the Authority to revise its assessment to give effect to any decision of an assessor or Review Panel on a dispute about an assessment.

Clause 27 requires a participant in the Scheme to comply with any reasonable request in connection with the assessment of or dispute about treatment and care needs.

Clause 28 authorises the LTCS Guidelines to make provision for or with respect to the assessment of treatment and care needs.

Clause 29 provides that no legal costs are payable by the Authority for legal services provided to a participant in the Scheme in connection with an assessment of or dispute about treatment and care needs.

Part 5 Payments to hospitals, doctors and others

Clause 30 provides for the Authority to enter into bulk billing arrangements for payment of the expenses of hospital treatment, ambulance services and other treatment expenses.

Clause 31 provides for the rates at which the Authority is required to pay the expenses of hospital treatment, ambulance services, medical and dental treatment and rehabilitation services that are not covered by bulk billing arrangements.

Clause 32 provides for the regulations to set the fees payable for certain treatment and care expenses not provided and charged for at a hospital.

Part 6 Administration

Division 1 Constitution of Authority

Clause 33 constitutes the Lifetime Care and Support Authority of New South Wales. The Authority is a corporation and a statutory body representing the Crown.

Clause 34 provides for the Authority to have a 5 member Board of Directors.

Clause 35 provides for the office of Chief Executive Officer of the Authority.

Clause 36 provides for the employment of staff of the Authority.

Clause 37 provides for the financial year of the Authority.

Division 2 Management of Authority

Clause 38 provides for the role of the Minister and for the Minister to give directions in the public interest to the Board or the Chief Executive Officer with respect to the exercise of their functions.

Clause 39 provides for the Board of Directors to have the function of determining the administrative policies of the Authority.

Clause 40 provides that the Chief Executive Officer is to manage and control the affairs of the Authority.

Clause 41 provides for the delegation of the Authority's functions.

Clause 42 provides for the keeping and affixing of the seal of the Authority.

Division 3 Functions of Authority

Clause 43 lists the functions of the Authority.

Division 4 Lifetime Care and Support Advisory Council

Clause 44 constitutes the Lifetime Care and Support Advisory Council of New South Wales (*the Advisory Council*).

Clause 45 provides for the membership and procedure of the Advisory Council.

Clause 46 provides for the functions of the Advisory Council.

Part 7 Funding of the Scheme

Clause 47 contains definitions for the purposes of the Part.

Clause 48 establishes the Lifetime Care and Support Authority Fund (*the Fund*), being the account from which payments that the Authority is liable to make under the proposed Act are to be made.

Explanatory note page 5

Clause 49 provides for the Authority to determine the amount required to be contributed to the Fund to fund the liabilities of the Fund. The determination is to be made on the basis of an independent actuary's report.

Clause 50 provides for the amount required to be contributed to the Fund to be funded by way of a Fund levy (determined by the Authority) to be paid by persons to whom third-party motor accident insurance policies are issued under the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999*.

Clause 51 deals with the payment and collection of the Fund levy.

Clause 52 requires licensed insurers under the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act* 1999 (who collect the Fund levy on behalf of the Authority) to keep certain records relating to the collection of those levies.

Clause 53 provides for the audit of the records kept by licensed insurers in relation to the collection of Fund levies.

Clause 54 provides for the recovery by the Authority of the present value of its treatment and care liabilities in respect of a participant in the Scheme in a case where the vehicle is unregistered or registered in another jurisdiction.

Clause 55 provides for the MAA Premiums Determination Guidelines to deal with any unearned premiums surplus of motor accident insurers that results from or in connection with the operation of the proposed Act so that any surplus will be taken into account for the purpose of subsidising the premiums for policies issued within 12 months after the surplus accrues.

Part 8 Miscellaneous

Clause 56 provides that the proposed Act applies despite any contract to the contrary.

Clause 57 provides for the proposed Act to bind the Crown.

Clause 58 deals with the making of the LTCS Guidelines.

Clause 59 provides for the service of documents on the Authority or Advisory Council.

Clause 60 provides protections against personal liability for persons involved in the administration of the proposed Act.

Clause 61 provides protection against liability for assessors for acts and omissions in good faith.

Clause 62 is a general regulation-making power.

Clause 63 deals with proceedings for offences.

Clause 64 gives effect to Schedule 3 (Consequential amendments of *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999*).

Clause 65 provides for a review of the proposed Act in 5 years.

Schedule 1 Provisions relating to Board of Directors of Authority

Schedule 1 contains provisions relating to the Board of Directors of the Authority, including provisions for deputy directors, terms of office, remuneration of directors, disclosure of pecuniary interests and procedure at meetings of the Board.

Schedule 2 Provisions relating to Advisory Council

Schedule 2 contains provisions relating to the Advisory Council, including provisions for deputy members, terms of office, allowances for members, disclosure of pecuniary interests and procedure at meetings of the Advisory Council.

Schedule 3 Consequential amendments of Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999

Schedule 3 makes consequential amendments to the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999*.

Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support) Bill 2006 Explanatory note				
Explanatory note page 8				



New South Wales

Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support) Bill 2006

Contents

			Page
Part 1	Pre	liminary	
	1	Name of Act	2
	2	Commencement	2
	3	Definitions	2
	4	Application of Act	3
	5	Interpretation—Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999	3
Part 2	Car	e and support for Scheme participants	
	6	Scheme participants' treatment and care needs to be paid for by Authority	4
	7	Eligibility for participation in the Scheme	4
	8	Application for participation in the Scheme	5
	9	Acceptance as a participant	6
	10	Approval of treatment and care providers	6
	11	Effect of Scheme on motor accident compensation claims and limitation periods	7

b05-016-20.p01

				Page
Part 3	Disp	ute reso	lution	
	Divis	ion 1	Disputes about eligibility	
	12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Referral of Review of Determina Costs of a No legal of	ent of assessors If disputes to Assessment Panel Assessment Panel's determination Ations to be binding Assessment Costs payable by Authority Monitoring and oversight	8 8 8 9 9 9
	Divis	ion 2	Disputes about motor accident injury	
	20 21	Determina Legal cos	ation of disputes ts	10 10
Part 4	Trea	tment ar	nd care needs assessment	
Part 5	22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Definitions Assessme Dispute al by assess Review of Effect of a Co-operat LTCS Gui No legal of ments to Bulk billing and other Payment expenses Maximum other trea	ent of treatment and care needs of participants bout Authority's assessment—determination for assessor's determination assessment tion of participant	12 12 13 13 14 14 14 15 15
Part 6	Adn	inistrati	on	
	Divis	ion 1	Constitution of Authority	
	33 34 35 36 37	Board of I	cutive Officer uthority	17 17 17 17 18

Contents page 2

Contents

				Page
	Divisi	on 2	Management of Authority	
	38 39 40 41 42	Chief E	nister of Directors xecutive Officer tion of functions Authority	18 19 19 19
	Divisi	on 3	Functions of Authority	
	43	Functio	ns of Authority	19
	Divisi	on 4	Lifetime Care and Support Advisory Council	
	44		ution of Advisory Council	20
	45 46		rship and procedure of Advisory Council ns of Advisory Council	21 21
			•	۷ ۱
Part 7	Fund	ling of	the Scheme	
	47	Definition		22
	48 49		e Care and Support Authority Fund ination by Authority of amount to be contributed	22
	-	to Fund		23
	50		utions to Fund by third-party policy holders	24
	51 52	•	nt and collection of Fund levy s relating to collection of Fund levies	24 25
	53	Audit of	Fund levy records	25
	54		ry of lifetime care and support payments— d and interstate vehicles	26
	55		ed premiums surplus resulting from introduction	20
		of the S	chème	28
Part 8	Misc	ellane	ous	
	56		racting out of Act	29
	57 58		ind Crown	29
	56 59		Guidelines of documents on Authority or Advisory Council	29 29
	60	Persona	al liability	29
	61		on of assessors	30
	62 63	Regulat Nature	of proceedings for offences	30 30
	64	Conseq	uential amendments of Motor Accidents	
	65	Compe	nsation Act 1999 No 41	30 30
	00	IVENIEM	OI FIGE	30

Contents page 3

Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support) Bill 2006

Contents

		Page
Schedule 1	Provisions relating to Board of Directors of	
	Authority	31
Schedule 2	Provisions relating to Advisory Council	36
Schedule 3	Consequential amendments of Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999	41



New South Wales

Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support) Bill 2006

No , 2006

A Bill for

An Act to provide a scheme for the lifetime care and support of persons injured in motor accidents; and for other purposes.

See also Motor Accidents Compensation Amendment Bill 2006.

Part 1	Preliminary
1 Nar	ne of Act
	This Act is the <i>Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support) Act 2006</i> .
2 Cor	nmencement
	This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.
B Def	initions
(1)	In this Act:
	Advisory Council means the Lifetime Care and Support Advisory Council of New South Wales constituted by this Act.
	attendant care services means services that aim to provide assistance to
	people with everyday tasks, and includes (for example) personal assistance, nursing, home maintenance and domestic services.
	Authority means the Lifetime Care and Support Authority of New South Wales constituted by this Act.
	<i>Fund</i> means the Lifetime Care and Support Authority Fund established by this Act.
	<i>insurer</i> of a claim means an insurer for the purposes of Chapter 4 (Motor accident claims) of the <i>Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999</i> in relation to the claim.
	LTCS Guidelines means guidelines issued by the Authority under section 58, as in force from time to time.
	MAA means the Motor Accidents Authority under the <i>Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999</i> .
	motor accident injury means injury caused by a motor accident.Note. Section 4 provides for the motor accident injuries to which this Act applies.
	<i>participant</i> in the Scheme means a person accepted as provided by this Act as a participant in the Scheme (either as a lifetime participant or as an interim participant).
	the Scheme means the scheme provided for by this Act for the lifetime care and support of persons injured in motor accidents.
	treatment and care needs—see section 6.
	treatment and care needs assessment means an assessment under Part 4 of the treatment and care needs of a participant in respect of the participant's motor accident injury.

Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support) Bill 2006

Clause 1

Preliminary

Part 1

(2) Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act.

37

Motor Accidents	(Lifetime	Care and	Support)	Bill	2006
-----------------	-----------	----------	----------	------	------

Clause 4

Preliminary Part 1

4	Арр	lication of Act	1
	(1)	This Act applies only in respect of motor accident injuries resulting from motor accidents occurring after the commencement of this section.	2
	(2)	This Act applies only in respect of motor accident injuries resulting from motor accidents occurring in New South Wales.	4 5
	(3)	This Act applies in respect of a motor accident injury only if there is a motor vehicle involved in the motor accident concerned that has motor accident insurance cover for the motor accident (within the meaning of section 3B of the <i>Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999</i>), whether or not all the motor vehicles involved in the motor accident have motor accident insurance cover for the motor accident.	6 7 8 9 10 11
	(4)	This Act applies in respect of a motor accident injury whether or not the injury was caused by the fault of the owner or driver of the motor vehicle in the use or operation of the vehicle or of any other person and so applies even if the injured person was at fault (whether as owner or driver of the vehicle or otherwise).	12 13 14 15 16
	(5)	The regulations may make provision (including provision of a savings or transitional nature) for or with respect to limiting the application of this Act or any specified provisions of this Act to specified classes of persons.	17 18 19 20
5	Inter	pretation—Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999	21
		Words and expressions used (but not defined) in this Act have the same meanings as in the <i>Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999</i> .	22 23

Page 3

Part 2		Care and support for Scheme participants	1
6		eme participants' treatment and care needs to be paid for by nority	2
	(1)	The Authority is to pay the reasonable expenses incurred by or on behalf of a person while a participant in the Scheme in providing for such of the treatment and care needs of the participant as relate to the motor accident injury in respect of which the person is a participant and as are reasonable and necessary in the circumstances.	4 5 6 7 8
	(2)	For the purposes of this Act, the <i>treatment and care needs</i> of a participant are the participant's needs for or in connection with any of the following:	9 10 11
		(a) medical treatment,	12
		(b) dental treatment,	13
		(c) rehabilitation,	14
		(d) ambulance transportation,	15
		(e) respite care,	16
		(f) attendant care services,	17
		(g) aids and appliances,	18
		(h) artificial members, eyes and teeth,	19
		(i) home and transport modification.	20
	(3)	As an alternative to paying the expenses for which it is liable under this section as and when they are incurred, the Authority may pay those expenses by the payment to the participant of an amount to cover those expenses over a fixed period pursuant to an agreement between the Authority and the participant for the payment of those expenses by the participant.	21 22 23 24 25 26
	(4)	The LTCS Guidelines may make provision for or with respect to determining which treatment and care needs of a participant in the Scheme are reasonable and necessary in the circumstances.	27 28 29
7	Eligi	bility for participation in the Scheme	30
	(1)	A person who has suffered a motor accident injury is eligible to be a participant in the Scheme in respect of the injury if the person's injury satisfies the criteria specified in the LTCS Guidelines for eligibility for participation in the Scheme.	31 32 33 34
	(2)	Participation in the Scheme may be as a lifetime participant or an interim participant and for that purpose the LTCS Guidelines are to establish criteria for eligibility for lifetime participation and criteria for eligibility for interim participation in the Scheme.	35 36 37 38

	(3)	A person is not eligible to be a participant in the Scheme in relation to an injury if the person has been awarded damages, pursuant to a final judgment entered by a court or a binding settlement, for future economic loss in respect of the treatment and care needs of the participant that relate to the injury.	1 2 3 4 5
	(4)	The LTCS Guidelines may make provision for or with respect to eligibility for participation in the Scheme, including provision for or with respect to the criteria that a motor accident injury must satisfy for the injured person to be eligible for participation in the Scheme in respect of the injury and the determination of whether a motor accident injury satisfies those criteria.	6 7 8 9 10 11
8	Appl	ication for participation in the Scheme	12
	(1)	An application for a person to become a participant in the Scheme in respect of a motor accident injury is to be made to the Authority and can only be made by or on behalf of the person or by the insurer of a claim made by the person in respect of the injury.	13 14 15 16
	(2)	An application by an insurer does not require the consent of the person.	17
	(3)	The MAA may direct the insurer of a claim made by a person in respect of an injury to make an application for the person to become a participant in the Scheme, and the insurer must comply with such a direction.	18 19 20 21
	(4)	An application is to be made in the form approved by the Authority and is to set out or be accompanied by such particulars and information as may be required by the approved form.	22 23 24
	(5)	The Authority may require the injured person to provide authorisation for the Authority to obtain information and documents relevant to the motor accident injury from specified persons in connection with the application.	25 26 27 28
	(6)	The LTCS Guidelines may make provision for or with respect to applications to become a participant in the Scheme, including provision for or with respect to:	29 30 31
		(a) the making and determination of applications (including the information required to be provided in connection with an application), and	32 33 34
		(b) requiring an insurer to pay the costs of any assessment required by the LTCS Guidelines in connection with an application, and	35 36
		(c) imposing restrictions on the time within which an application can be made or requiring the deferring of the making of an application until an injury has stabilised.	37 38 39

9	Acce	eptance as a participant	1
	(1)	A person becomes a participant in the Scheme if the Authority is satisfied that the person is eligible to be a participant and accepts the person in writing as a participant in the Scheme, either as a lifetime participant or an interim participant (according to the person's eligibility).	2 3 4 5 6
	(2)	If the Authority is satisfied that a person is eligible to be a participant and that application for the person's acceptance as a participant has been duly made, the Authority must accept the person as a lifetime participant or an interim participant (according to the person's eligibility).	7 8 9 10 11
	(3)	A person accepted as an interim participant must be accepted as a lifetime participant if the Authority becomes satisfied during the person's interim participation in the Scheme that the person is eligible for lifetime participation in the Scheme.	12 13 14 15
	(4)	A person accepted as a lifetime participant in the Scheme remains a participant for life.	16 17
	(5)	A person accepted as an interim participant remains a participant for a period of 2 years only. If the person is accepted as a lifetime participant before the end of that 2 years, the person ceases to be an interim participant on being accepted as a lifetime participant and then remains a participant for life.	18 19 20 21 22
	(6)	A person cannot be accepted as an interim participant more than once in relation to the same motor accident injury.	23 24
	(7)	The expiration of a period of interim participation in the Scheme does not prevent subsequent acceptance of the person as a lifetime participant in the Scheme.	25 26 27
10	App	roval of treatment and care providers	28
	(1)	The LTCS Guidelines may make provision for or with respect to:	29
		(a) the approval (by accreditation or otherwise) by or on behalf of the Authority of persons (<i>approved providers</i>), other than medical practitioners, to provide any service in connection with the provision of the treatment and care needs of a participant in the Scheme, and	30 31 32 33 34
		(b) the standards of competency of approved providers, and	35
		(c) requiring services provided in connection with the treatment and care needs of a participant in the Scheme (other than the services of a medical practitioner) to be provided only by approved providers.	36 37 38 39

	(2)	If the LTCS Guidelines require services to be provided only by approved providers, the Authority is not required to pay any expenses incurred by or on behalf of a participant in the Scheme in providing the services concerned unless those services are provided by an approved provider.	1 2 3 4 5
11	Effe perio	ct of Scheme on motor accident compensation claims and limitation ods	6 7
	(1)	This Act does not limit or otherwise affect the application of the <i>Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999</i> in respect of a motor accident injury of a person who is or who is eligible to become a participant in the Scheme, except as specifically provided by that Act.	8 9 10 11
	(2)	While a person is an interim participant in the Scheme in respect of an injury, time does not run for the purposes of section 109 (Time limitations on commencement of court proceedings) of the <i>Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999</i> or a provision of the <i>Limitation Act 1969</i> in respect of a cause of action on a claim for damages that relate to the injury or to any other injury suffered by the person as a result of the motor accident concerned.	12 13 14 15 16 17

Clause 12	Motor Accidents (l ifatima Cara	and Support)	Rill 2006

Part 3 Dispute resolution

Part 3		Dispute resolution	
Divi	sion	1 Disputes about eligibility	
12	Defi	nitions	;
		In this Division:	4
		Assessment Panel means a panel of assessors convened under this Division to determine a dispute under this Division.	!
		assessor means a person appointed under this Division as an assessor for the purposes of this Division.	-
		Review Panel means a panel of assessors convened under this Division to review a determination by an Assessment Panel.) 10
13	App	ointment of assessors	1
		The Authority is to appoint medical practitioners and other suitably qualified persons to be assessors for the purposes of this Division.	1: 1:
14	Refe	erral of disputes to Assessment Panel	14
	(1)	If there is a dispute as to whether a motor accident injury suffered by a person satisfies criteria specified in the LTCS Guidelines for eligibility for participation in the Scheme, the dispute can be referred to an Assessment Panel for determination.	19 10 17 18
	(2)	The dispute can be referred by the Authority or by notice to the Authority given by or on behalf of the injured person or by the insurer of the injured person's claim.	19 20 27
	(3)	The Authority is to convene a panel of 3 assessors to constitute the Assessment Panel to determine a dispute referred under this section.	22 23
	(4)	The Assessment Panel to which a dispute is referred for determination is to determine the dispute and is to give a certificate as to its determination setting out the reasons for its determination.	24 25 26
15	Revi	ew of Assessment Panel's determination	2
	(1)	The determination of an Assessment Panel can be referred for review by a Review Panel, but only on one or more of the following grounds:	28 29
		(a) a change in the condition of the injured person, being a change that occurred or that first became apparent after the dispute was referred for determination by the Assessment Panel and that is capable of having a material effect on the determination,	30 32 33
		(b) the availability of additional relevant information about the injury, being information that was not available, or could not reasonably have been obtained before the dispute was referred	34 38

Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support) Bill 2006

Clause 16

Dispute resolution	Part 3
--------------------	--------

			for determination by the Assessment Panel and that is capable of having a material effect on the determination,	1 2
		(c)	the determination was not made in accordance with the LTCS Guidelines,	3 4
		(d)	the determination is demonstrably incorrect in a material respect.	5
	(2)	A de	termination can be referred for review:	6
		(a)	by or on behalf of the injured person, or	7
		(b)	by the insurer of the injured person's claim, or	8
		(c)	by the Authority.	9
	(3)	The Revi	Authority is to convene a panel of 3 assessors to constitute the ew Panel to review the determination of the Assessment Panel.	10 11
	(4)	Pane	Review Panel can confirm the determination of the Assessment el or it can revoke that determination, substituting its own rmination and giving a certificate as to its determination.	12 13 14
16	Dete	rmina	tions to be binding	15
		revie accid eligil	determination of an Assessment Panel (or of a Review Panel on the ew of an Assessment Panel's determination) as to whether a motor dent injury satisfies criteria specified in the LTCS Guidelines for bility for participation in the Scheme is final and binding for the oses of this Act and any proceedings under this Act.	16 17 18 19 20
17	Cost	s of a	ssessment	21
	(1)		costs of determinations and reviews of determinations under this sion are payable by the Authority.	22 23
	(2)	neces the in in or	costs of determinations and reviews under this Division include the ssary costs and expenses of travel and accommodation incurred by njured person, and by a parent or other carer of the injured person der to accompany the injured person, in attending a panel for the oses of the determination or review.	24 25 26 27 28
18	No le	egal co	osts payable by Authority	29
	(1)	servi the r	egal costs are payable by the Authority for or in respect of legal ices provided to an injured person or an insurer in connection with eferral of a matter for or the making of a determination or review determination under this Division.	30 31 32 33
	(2)		is section, <i>legal services</i> and <i>legal costs</i> have the same meanings as e <i>Legal Profession Act 2004</i> .	34 35

Clause 19	Motor Accidents (Lifatima Cara	and Cupport)	DIII 2006
Clause 19	MODE ACCIDENTS	LITEUITIE GATE	anu Subbonn	DIII ZUUU

Part 3 Dispute resolution

19	Auth	ority monitoring and oversight	1
	(1)	Determinations and reviews under this Division are subject to relevant provisions of the LTCS Guidelines relating to the procedures for the referral of disputes for determination or review of determinations and the procedure for determination.	2 3 4 5
	(2)	The Authority may arrange for the provision of training and information to assessors to promote accurate and consistent determinations and reviews under this Division.	6 7 8
Divi	sion	2 Disputes about motor accident injury	9
20	Dete	rmination of disputes	10
	(1)	An interested person who disputes a decision of the Authority as to whether an injury is a motor accident injury may request the Authority to refer the dispute for determination under this section.	11 12 13
	(2)	Each of the following is an <i>interested person</i> :	14
		(a) the person whose injury is the subject of the Authority's decision,	15
		(b) the insurer of a claim made by the injured person in respect of the injury,	16 17
		(c) the Nominal Defendant.	18
	(3)	The Authority is to refer the dispute to the Principal Claims Assessor under Part 4.4 of the <i>Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999</i> , who is to convene a panel of 3 claims assessors under that Part to determine the dispute.	19 20 21 22
	(4)	The panel is to determine the dispute and certify in writing as to its determination giving reasons for its determination.	23 24
	(5)	The panel's determination as to whether an injury is a motor accident injury is final and binding for the purposes of this Act and any proceedings under this Act.	25 26 27
21	Lega	Il costs	28
	(1)	The panel determining a dispute under this Division is to include in its determination a determination of the amount of the reasonable legal costs payable by the injured person for or in respect of legal services provided to the person in connection with the referral for determination of and the determination of the dispute.	29 30 31 32 33

(2)	The Authority is to pay those reasonable legal costs of the injured person as assessed by the panel. No other legal costs are payable by the Authority for or in respect of legal services provided to an interested person in connection with the referral for determination of and the determination of a dispute under this Division.	1 2 3 4 5
(3)	The regulations may make provision for or with respect to fixing maximum legal costs for legal services provided to a person in connection with the referral for determination of and the determination of a dispute under this Division.	6 7 8 9
(4)	A legal practitioner is not entitled to be paid or recover for a legal service an amount that exceeds any maximum legal costs fixed for the service by the regulations under this section.	10 11 12
(5)	This section does not entitle a legal practitioner to recover legal costs for a legal service or matter that a court or costs assessor determines were unreasonably incurred.	13 14 15
(6)	This section and any regulations under this section prevail to the extent of any inconsistency with the <i>Legal Profession Act 2004</i> and the regulations under that Act. An assessment under that Act of any legal costs in respect of which provision is made by a regulation under this section is to be made so as to give effect to that regulation.	16 17 18 19 20
(7)	In this section, <i>legal services</i> and <i>legal costs</i> have the same meanings as in the <i>Legal Profession Act 2004</i> .	21 22

Part 4		Treatment and care needs assessment		
22	Defi	nitions	2	
		In this Part: assessor means a person appointed under this Part to make an assessment in relation to a disputed assessment under this Part. Review Panel means a panel of assessors convened under this Part to	3 4 5 6	
		review an assessment under this Part.	7	
23	Asse	essment of treatment and care needs of participants	8	
	(1)	The Authority is to make an assessment of the treatment and care needs of a participant in the Scheme.	9 10	
	(2)	The assessment is an assessment of the participant's treatment and care needs that are reasonable and necessary in the circumstances, and as relate to the motor accident injury in respect of which the person is a participant in the Scheme.	11 12 13 14	
	(3)	An assessment of treatment and care needs is to be made in accordance with the LTCS Guidelines.	15 16	
	(4)	The Authority is to certify in writing as to its assessment of the treatment and care needs of the participant including its reasons for any finding on which the assessment is based, and is to give a copy of the certificate to the participant.	17 18 19 20	
24	Disp	ute about Authority's assessment—determination by assessor	21	
	(1)	If a participant in the Scheme disputes an assessment or any aspect of an assessment by the Authority of the treatment and care needs of the participant, the Authority must, at the request of the participant, refer the dispute to an assessor for determination.	22 23 24 25	
	(2)	A participant cannot make such a request more than 28 days after the Authority gives the participant a copy of the Authority's certificate of assessment of the treatment and care needs of the participant.	26 27 28	
	(3)	The Authority is to appoint health professionals and other suitably qualified persons to be assessors for the purposes of this Part.	29 30	
	(4)	The assessor who determines a dispute about the treatment and care needs of a participant is to give a certificate to the Authority and the participant certifying as to the assessor's determination and setting out the assessor's reasons for any finding on which the determination is based.	31 32 33 34 35	

25	Review of assessor's determination			
	(1)	The Authority or a participant can refer an assessor's determination of a dispute about the treatment and care needs of the participant for review by a Review Panel, but only on one or more of the following grounds:	2 3 4 5	
		(a) the availability of additional relevant information about the treatment and care needs of the participant, being information that was not available, or could not reasonably have been obtained, at the time of the assessor's determination and that is capable of having a material effect on the determination,	6 7 8 9	
		(b) the assessor's determination was not made in accordance with the LTCS Guidelines,	11 12	
		(c) the assessor's determination is demonstrably incorrect in a material respect.	13 14	
	(2)	An assessor's determination can be referred for review not later than 28 days after the assessor's certificate of determination is given to the Authority and the participant.	15 16 17	
	(3)	The Authority is to convene a panel of 3 assessors to constitute the Review Panel for the review of an assessor's determination.	18 19	
	(4)	On its review, the Review Panel can confirm the assessor's determination or can revoke the assessor's determination and substitute its own determination, giving the Authority and the participant a certificate of the determination and setting out the Review Panel's reasons for any finding on which its determination is based.	20 21 22 23 24	
26	Effec	ct of assessment	25	
	(1)	The Authority's assessment of the treatment and care needs of a participant is final and binding for the purposes of this Act and any proceedings under this Act.	26 27 28	
	(2)	The Authority is to revise its assessment to make any changes that may be necessary to give effect to any determination by an assessor or Review Panel of a dispute about those treatment and care needs.	29 30 31	
	(3)	The Authority's assessment of the treatment and care needs of a participant supersedes any earlier assessment by the Authority of those needs.	32 33 34	

27	Co-c	perati	ion of participant	•	
	A participant in the Scheme must comply with any reasonable request made by the Authority or an assessor in connection with an assessment of or dispute about the treatment and care needs of the participant, including a request to undergo a medical examination or other examination by a health professional.				
28	LTC	S Guid	delines	-	
	(1)		LTCS Guidelines may make provision for or with respect to the sement of the treatment and care needs of a participant in the teme.	8 9 10	
	(2)		articular, the LTCS Guidelines may make provision for or with ect to the following:	1°	
		(a)	the procedures to be followed in connection with such an assessment,	1; 14	
		(b)	the intervals at which such assessments are to be carried out,	15	
		(c)	the methods and criteria to be used to determine the treatment and care needs of participants,	16 17	
		(d)	the information to be provided by participants for the purposes of or in connection with assessments.	18 19	
	(3)		assessment of the treatment and care needs of a participant in the time is to be carried out in accordance with the LTCS Guidelines.	20 2	
29	No le	egal c	osts payable for assessment or review	22	
	(1)	servi asses parti	egal costs are payable by the Authority for or in respect of legal ices provided to a participant in the Scheme in connection with an essment under this Part of the treatment and care needs of the cipant or the determination or review of a determination under this of a dispute about such an assessment.	23 24 25 26 27	
	(2)		is section, <i>legal services</i> and <i>legal costs</i> have the same meanings as e <i>Legal Profession Act 2004</i> .	28 29	

29

Part 5		Payments to hospitals, doctors and others			
30	Bulk	billing	g arrangements for hospital, ambulance and other expenses	2	
	(1)		billing arrangements may be entered into by the Authority with ect to:	3 4	
		(a)	the payment of expenses incurred in connection with the treatment of participants in the Scheme at hospitals, or	5 6	
		(b)	the payment of expenses incurred in transporting participants in the Scheme by ambulance, or	7 8	
		(c)	the payment of other treatment expenses incurred by participants in the Scheme.	9 10	
	(2)	for H	alk billing arrangement is an arrangement made with the Minister Health, the MAA, service providers or others acting on their behalf he payment by the Authority of any such expenses of participants e Scheme at the rate provided by the arrangement.	11 12 13 14	
	(3)	parti- class	the purposes of this section, the treatment or transport of cipants in the Scheme includes the treatment or transport of persons sified as participants in the Scheme in accordance with a bulk ng arrangement.	15 16 17 18	
31	Payment of hospital, ambulance, medical and other expenses not covered by bulk billing arrangement				
	(1)	This	section applies to:	21	
		(a)	payment for the treatment of participants in the Scheme at hospitals, and	22 23	
		(b)	payment for conveying participants in the Scheme by ambulance, and	24 25	
		(c)	payment for any medical or dental treatment of, or rehabilitation services provided to, participants in the Scheme,	26 27	
		made	ny case where payment for the expenses concerned has not been e, and is not required to be made in accordance with a bulk billing ngement under this Part.	28 29 30	
	(2)	The Auth	rate at which such a payment is required to be made by the nority under this Act is as follows:	31 32	
		(a)	in the case of treatment at public hospitals—at the rate determined by the Minister for Health by order published in the Gazette,	33 34 35	
		(b)	in any case in which a maximum rate is fixed under section 32—at the maximum rate so fixed,	36 37	

		(c)	in a case to which a rate referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) does not apply—at the rate reasonably appropriate to the treatment or service having regard to the customary charge made in the community for the treatment or service.	1 2 3 4
	(3)	prov	e Authority does not make that payment, the body or person who ided the treatment or service to which the payment relates may wer the payment from the Authority as a debt in a court of petent jurisdiction.	5 6 7 8
32			fees payable for medical treatment and other treatment or ot provided at hospitals or for treatment at private hospitals	9 10
	(1)	This	section applies to:	11
		(a)	the fee payable for any medical treatment of a participant in the Scheme, and	12 13
		(b)	the fee payable for any dental treatment of a participant in the Scheme, and	14 15
		(c)	the fee payable for any rehabilitation service provided to a participant in the Scheme, and	16 17
		(d)	the fees payable for any attendant care services provided to a participant in the Scheme,	18 19
		hosp payn	oes not apply to any such treatment or service that is provided at a ital (whether to an in-patient or out-patient) and for which any nent is required to be made to the hospital and not to the treatment rvice provider.	20 21 22 23
	(2)		section also applies to the fee payable to a private hospital for any ment at the hospital.	24 25
	(3)	maxi	regulations may make provision for or with respect to fixing the mum amount for which the Authority is liable in respect of any a for fees to which this section applies.	26 27 28
	(4)	recor	such fees may (but need not) be fixed by reference to fees mmended by the Australian Medical Association or other essional association or by reference to any schedule of fees.	29 30 31
	(5)	conn	ayment by the Authority in respect of a service provided in ection with the treatment and care needs of a participant in the me is to be made consistently with any regulations under this on.	32 33 34 35
	(6)	prov	section does not prevent the inclusion in the LTCS Guidelines of ision as to the appropriate allowance for fees to which this section es and that are not fixed by regulations under this section.	36 37 38

Administration Part 6

Part 6		Administration		
Divi	sion	1 Constitution of Authority	2	
33	Con	stitution of Authority	;	
	(1)	There is constituted by this Act a corporation with the corporate name of the Lifetime Care and Support Authority of New South Wales.		
	(2)	The Authority is, for the purposes of any Act, a statutory body representing the Crown.	•	
34	Boa	rd of Directors	8	
	(1)	There is to be a Board of Directors of the Authority.	,	
	(2)	 The Board is to consist of the following directors: (a) the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority, (b) 4 part-time directors appointed by the Governor on the recommendation of the Minister. 	10 1: 1: 1:	
	(3)	Of the part-time directors: (a) one is to be a person nominated by the Treasurer, and	14 15	
		(b) three are to be persons of the Minister's own choosing.	10	
	(4)	One of the part-time directors is to be appointed as the Chairperson of the Board and one is to be appointed as the Deputy Chairperson of the Board.	17 18 19	
	(5)	A person can be both a director of the Board and a member of the Advisory Council.	20 2	
	(6)	A person can be both a director of the Board and a director of the Board of the MAA.	22 23	
	(7)	Schedule 1 has effect with respect to the Board.	24	
35	Chie	ef Executive Officer	2	
		The Chief Executive Officer of the Authority is the Chief Executive Officer holding office as such under Chapter 2 of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002</i> .	26 27 28	
36	Staf	f of Authority	29	
	(1)	Such staff as may be necessary to enable the Authority to exercise its functions may be employed under Chapter 2 of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002</i> .	30 37	

Clause	e 37	Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support) Bill 2006		
Part 6		Administration		
	(2)	The Authority may arrange for the use of the services of any staff or facilities of a government department or a public or local authority.	1 2	
	(3)	The Authority may engage such consultants as the Authority requires to assist it in the exercise of its functions.	3	
	(4)	For the purposes of this Act, a person who is employed under subsection (1) or whose services are made use of under subsection (2) is an officer of the Authority.	5 6 7	
37	Fina	ncial year	8	
	(1)	The financial year of the Authority is the year commencing on 1 July.	9	
	(2)	A different financial year may be determined by the Treasurer under section 4 (1A) of the <i>Public Finance and Audit Act 1983</i> .	10 11	
Division 2 Management of Authority				
38	The	Minister	13	
	(1)	If the Minister is satisfied that it is desirable in the public interest to do so, the Minister may, by notice in writing to the Board of Directors of the Authority or the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority, give directions to the Board or Chief Executive Officer with respect to the exercise of their respective functions.	14 15 16 17 18	
	(2)	The Minister cannot give a direction under this section to the Board or the Chief Executive Officer in respect of the exercise of any function of the Board or the Authority under section 49 (Determination by Authority of amount to be contributed to Fund) or 50 (Contributions to Fund by third-party policy holders).	19 20 21 22 23	
	(3)	The Board of Directors of the Authority and the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority must comply with any direction given under this section by the Minister to the Board or Chief Executive Officer, as the case requires.	24 25 26 27	
	(4)	The Authority must include in its annual report particulars of each direction given under this section during the year to which the report relates.	28 29 30	
	(5)	Except as provided by this or any other section of this Act, the Board of Directors of the Authority and the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority are not, in the exercise of their respective functions, subject to the control and direction of the Minister.	31 32 33 34	

Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support)) BIII ∠	2006
---	----------	------

Clause 39

Administration	Part 6

39	Board of Directors					
	(1)		Board of Directors of the Authority has the function of determining administrative policies of the Authority.	2		
	(2)	prac	exercising that function, the Board must ensure that, as far as ticable, the activities of the Authority are carried out properly and ciently.	!		
40	Chie	f Exec	cutive Officer	-		
	(1)		ect to this Division, the affairs of the Authority are to be managed controlled by the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority.	8		
	(2)	Auth	act, matter or thing done in the name of, or on behalf of, the nority by the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority is taken to be been done by the Authority.	10 11 12		
41	Dele	gatior	n of functions	13		
	(1)		Authority may delegate to an authorised person any of the functions are Authority (other than this power of delegation).	14 15		
	(2)	dele	elegate may sub-delegate to an authorised person any function gated by the Authority if the delegate is authorised in writing to do y the Authority.	16 17 18		
	(3)	In th	is section:	19		
		auth	norised person means:	20		
		(a)	an officer of the Authority, or	2		
		(b)	a person of a class prescribed by the regulations or of a class approved by the Board of Directors of the Authority.	22 23		
42	Seal	of Au	thority	24		
			seal of the Authority is to be kept by the Chief Executive Officer of Authority and may be affixed to a document only:	25 26		
		(a)	in the presence of the Chief Executive Officer or an officer of the Authority authorised for the purpose by the Chief Executive Officer, and	27 28 29		
		(b)	with an attestation by the signature of the Chief Executive Officer or that officer of the fact of the affixing of the seal.	30 31		
Divi	sion	3	Functions of Authority	32		
43	Fund	ctions	of Authority	33		
	(1)		Authority has such functions as are conferred or imposed on it by nder this or any other Act.	34 35		

Page 19

	(2)	The	Authority also has the following functions:			
	` ′	(a)	to monitor the operation of the Scheme under this Act, and in	:		
			particular to conduct (or arrange for other persons to conduct)	;		
			research into and to collect statistics in relation to the operation of the Scheme,			
		(b)	to advise the Minister as to the administration, efficiency and effectiveness of the Scheme,	(
		(c)	to publicise and disseminate information concerning the Scheme,	8		
		(d)	to issue and keep under review the LTCS Guidelines under this Act,	! 10		
		(e)	to provide administrative and other support to the Advisory Council, sufficient to assist the Advisory Council to meet its priorities,	1 ⁻ 1; 1;		
		(f)	to provide advice and make recommendations to the Advisory Council on such matters as the Advisory Council requests or the Authority considers appropriate.	14 15 16		
	(3)	care,	Authority has the following functions in relation to the provision of treatment, rehabilitation, long term support and other services for ons who have sustained motor accident injuries:	17 18 19		
		(a)	to monitor those services,	20		
		(b)	to provide support and funding for programs that will improve delivery of those services,	2 ⁻ 22		
		(c)	to provide support and funding for research and education in connection with the delivery of those services.	20 24		
	(4)	same	Authority is not prevented from exercising any function that is the e as or similar to a function being exercised or capable of being cised by the Advisory Council.	25 26 27		
Divi	sion	4	Lifetime Care and Support Advisory Council	28		
44	Constitution of Advisory Council					
	(1)		re is constituted by this Act a corporation with the corporate name ne Lifetime Care and Support Advisory Council of New South es.	30 32		
	(2)	Mini	Advisory Council is subject to the control and direction of the ister, except in relation to the contents of any advice, report or mmendation given to the Minister or the Authority.	33 34 38		

35

Administration Part 6

45	Mem	bersh	ip and procedure of Advisory Council	1
	(1)	The A	Advisory Council is to consist of the following 8 members:	2
		(a)	2 health practitioners appointed by the Minister after consultation with the Australian Medical Association (NSW) Limited and such other associations of health practitioners as the Minister considers appropriate,	3 2 5
		(b)	2 persons appointed by the Minister after consultation with such organisations concerned with the treatment and care of injured persons as the Minister considers appropriate,	7 8 9
		(c)	2 persons appointed by the Minister after consultation with such organisations representing the interests of severely injured persons as the Minister considers appropriate,	10 11 12
		(d)	1 person of the Minister's own choosing, who is to be the Chairperson of the Advisory Council,	13 14
		(e)	the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority.	15
	(2)	One appo Coun	of the appointed members of the Advisory Council is to be inted by the Minister as the Deputy Chairperson of the Advisory neil.	16 17 18
	(3)	Sche	dule 2 has effect with respect to the Advisory Council.	19
46	Func	tions	of Advisory Council	20
	(1)	The f	functions of the Advisory Council are as follows:	21
		(a)	to advise the Minister on any matter relating to the lifetime care and support scheme under this Act that the Advisory Council considers appropriate or that the Minister refers to the Advisory Council for advice,	22 23 24 25
		(b)	to advise and make recommendations to the Authority on, and to keep under review, the LTCS Guidelines,	26 27
		(c)	to monitor the operation of the services provided under this Act,	28
		(d)	such other functions as are conferred or imposed on it by or under this or any other Act.	29 30
	(2)	and a	Advisory Council may seek advice from any appropriate source, accordingly is not limited to seeking advice from bodies constituted or this Act.	31 32 33
	(3)	that i	Advisory Council is not prevented from exercising any function is the same as or similar to a function being exercised or capable of g exercised by the Authority.	34 35 36

Part 7		Funding of the Scheme		1	
47	Defi	initions			
		In th	is Part:	3	
		final	ncial year means a year commencing on 1 July.	4	
			ased insurer has the same meaning as in the Motor Accidents appensation Act 1999.	5 6	
			d-party policy has the same meaning as in the <i>Motor Accidents</i> pensation Act 1999.	7 8	
48	Lifetime Care and Support Authority Fund				
	(1)		re is established a fund, to be known as the Lifetime Care and port Authority Fund, belonging to and vested in the Authority.	10 11	
	(2)	The	following is to be paid into the Fund:	12	
		(a)	Fund levies paid under this Part in connection with the issue of third-party policies,	13 14	
		(b)	the interest from time to time accruing from the investment of the Fund,	15 16	
		(c)	money required to be paid into the Fund by or under this or any other Act,	17 18	
		(d)	all other money received by the Authority and not otherwise appropriated.	19 20	
	(3)	The	following is to be paid from the Fund:	21	
		(a)	all payments required to be made by the Authority under Part 2 (Care and support for Scheme participants),	22 23	
		(b)	the remuneration, allowances, office accommodation and other associated costs of the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority, the part-time directors of the Board of Directors of the Authority and staff of the Authority,	24 25 26 27	
		(c)	the remuneration, allowances and other associated costs of members of the Advisory Council,	28 29	
		(d)	all payments required to meet expenditure incurred in relation to the functions of the Authority or the Advisory Council, where money is not otherwise provided for that purpose,	30 31 32	
		(e)	all other money required by or under this or any other Act to be paid from the Fund.	33 34	

	(4)	The Authority may invest money in the Fund that is not immediately required for the purposes of the Fund:	1 2
		(a) in such manner as may be authorised by the <i>Public Authorities</i> (Financial Arrangements) Act 1987, or	3 4
		(b) if that Act does not confer power on the Authority to invest money in the Fund—in any other manner approved by the Minister with the concurrence of the Treasurer.	5 6 7
49	Dete	ermination by Authority of amount to be contributed to Fund	8
	(1)	The Authority is to determine, before the beginning of each relevant period, the amount required to be contributed to the Fund:	9 10
		(a) to fully fund the present and likely future liabilities of the Authority under Part 2 (Care and support for Scheme participants) in respect of persons who become participants in the Scheme in respect of motor accident injuries suffered during that period, and	11 12 13 14 15
		(b) to meet the payments required to be made from the Fund (other than payments under Part 2) during that period, and	16 17
		(c) to make provision for such other matters as the Authority should, in all the circumstances, prudently make provision for in connection with liabilities under Part 2.	18 19 20
	(2)	The amount required to fully fund a liability of the Authority under Part 2 is an amount that is sufficient to provide a sum of money that together with anticipated investment income is equal to the best estimate of the cost of meeting the liability (in inflated dollars) as and when the liability falls due.	21 22 23 24 25
	(3)	The Authority's determination in respect of a relevant period is to be made in accordance with the report of an independent actuary engaged by the Authority on the recommendation of the Board to report to the Authority on the amount required to be contributed to the Fund as referred to in subsection (1).	26 27 28 29 30
	(4)	A <i>relevant period</i> is a financial year or such other period as the Authority determines from time to time to be a relevant period for the purposes of this section. Relevant periods can be determined so as to overlap but there must be no gap between successive relevant periods and each relevant period must not be longer than 12 months.	31 32 33 34 35
	(5)	The amount determined by the Authority under this section for a relevant period is the <i>required Fund contribution</i> for that period.	36 37

50	Con	tributions to Fund by third-party policy holders	1		
	(1)	The required Fund contribution for a relevant period is to be made by the payment to the Authority of a levy (the <i>Fund levy</i>) by persons to whom third-party policies are issued during the relevant period.	2 3 4		
	(2)	The Fund levy is to be an amount determined by the Authority and is to be an amount that will result in the required Fund contribution for the relevant period being contributed to the Fund.	5 6 7		
	(3)	The Fund levy can be determined as a fixed amount or as a percentage of the premium payable for a third-party policy, or as a combination of a fixed amount and percentage of premium.	8 9 10		
	(4)	A Fund levy can be determined to differ according to any classification or other criteria for the determination of third-party policy premiums as provided for by the MAA Premiums Determination Guidelines (under Part 2.3 of the <i>Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999</i>).	11 12 13 14		
	(5)	The Authority is to notify each licensed insurer of the Fund levy determined for a relevant period.	15 16		
51	Payr	ment and collection of Fund levy	17		
	(1)	The Fund levy for a relevant period is payable to the Authority by each person to whom a third-party policy is issued during the relevant period and is to be collected, in conjunction with the payment of the premium for the policy, on behalf of the Authority by the insurer who issues the policy.	18 19 20 21 22		
	(2)	A licensed insurer is not to issue a third-party policy to a person unless the Fund levy payable by the person has been paid. Section 14 (Cancellation of third-party policies) of the <i>Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999</i> applies in respect of the Fund levy payable in connection with the issue of a third-party policy in the same way as it applies in respect of the premium payable for the policy.			
	(3)				
	(4)	If a payment required to be made by a licensed insurer has not been paid as and when required under those arrangements:	32 33		
		(a) the insurer is guilty of an offence and liable to a penalty not exceeding 100 penalty units, and	34 35		
		(b) the amount of the required payment together with interest calculated at the rate of 15% per annum compounded quarterly (or, where another rate is prescribed by the regulations, that other rate) may be recovered from the insurer as a debt due to the Authority.	36 37 38 39 40		

	(5)	A certificate purporting to be signed by the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority as to the amount of a payment required to be made under this section by a licensed insurer specified in the certificate and the due date for payment is admissible in proceedings under this section and is evidence of the matters specified in the certificate.	; ;
	(6)	The obligation of a licensed insurer to make a payment under this section in respect of any period during which the person was a licensed insurer does not cease merely because the person subsequently ceases to be a licensed insurer.	
52	Reco	ords relating to collection of Fund levies	10
	(1)	A licensed insurer must keep such accounting and other records in relation to Fund levies collected by the insurer under this Part:	1° 12
		(a) as may be prescribed by the regulations, and	13
		(b) subject to the regulations, as may be directed by the Authority by notice served on the insurer.	14 15
	(2)	The regulations may prescribe the manner in which collection of Fund levies is to be accounted for in any such records.	16 17
	(3)	A licensed insurer must lodge with the Authority returns in relation to Fund levies collected by the insurer under this Part in such form, containing such particulars and accompanied by such documents:	18 19 20
		(a) as may be prescribed by the regulations, and	2
		(b) subject to the regulations, as may be directed by the Authority by notice served on the insurer.	22 23
	(4)	Returns must be lodged at such other times as may be prescribed by the regulations or, subject to the regulations, at such times as the Authority, by notice served on the insurer, directs.	24 25 26
	(5)	The Authority may require returns, and documents accompanying returns, to be certified by an auditor or by an actuary.	25 28
	(6)	A licensed insurer who contravenes any requirement imposed on the insurer by or under this section is guilty of an offence. Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units.	29 30 3
	(7)	The Authority may make publicly available a copy of any return, and any documents accompanying a return, under this section.	32 33
53	Audi	t of Fund levy records	34
	(1)	The Authority may appoint an appropriately qualified person to audit or inspect, and report to the Authority on, the accounting and other records of a licensed insurer relating to Fund levies collected by the insurer under this Part.	35 36 37 38

	(2)	unde	rson so appointed is, for the purpose of exercising any functions r this section, entitled to inspect relevant accounting and other ds of the licensed insurer.	;
	(3)		ensed insurer must provide all reasonable assistance to enable the cise of those functions.	
	(4)		rson must not wilfully obstruct or delay a person exercising a ion under this section.	
	(5)	in pr	rson exercising functions under this section has qualified privilege occeedings for defamation in respect of any statement that the on makes orally or in writing in the course of the exercise of those ions.	10 10 11
	(6)	impo	ensed insurer or another person who contravenes any requirement sed on the insurer or other person by or under this section is guilty offence.	1: 1: 14
		Maxi	mum penalty: 100 penalty units.	1
54	Reco	very o	of lifetime care and support payments—uninsured and vehicles	10 17
	(1)	debt liabil	Authority is entitled to recover from the appropriate person as a due to the Authority the present value of its treatment and care ities in respect of the motor accident injury of a participant in the me if:	18 19 20 21
		(a)	the injury was caused by the fault of the owner or driver of a motor vehicle in the use or operation of the vehicle, and	2: 2:
		(b)	at the time of the motor accident there was no third-party policy in force in relation to the motor vehicle concerned.	24
	(2)	the pa	e participant suffered the motor accident injury as a result partly of articipant's contributory negligence, the amount that the Authority itled to recover under this section is to be reduced in proportion to articipant's share in the responsibility for the injury.	20 21 28 29
	(3)		present value of the Authority's treatment and care liabilities in cct of a motor accident injury is the sum of the following amounts:	3
		(a)	amounts already paid by the Authority under Part 2 in respect of the treatment and care needs associated with the motor accident injury,	32 33 34
		(b)	the present value of the amounts that the Authority estimates will become payable by the Authority in the future under Part 2 in respect of the treatment and care needs associated with the motor accident injury	3: 3: 3:

R

q

(1)	· 171	C	1 41	A 41 14		
(4)	The <i>appropriate</i>	<i>person</i> from	whom the	Authority r	nav recover	1S:

- (a) unless paragraph (b) applies—the person who at the time of the motor accident was the owner of the motor vehicle or, if at that time some other person was driving the motor vehicle, the owner and the driver jointly or either of them severally, or
- (b) if the motor vehicle was at the time of the motor accident subject to coverage under a policy of compulsory third-party personal injury insurance or a compulsory motor vehicle accident compensation scheme under the law of a place other than New South Wales or under a law of the Commonwealth—the insurer under that policy or the person liable under that scheme.
- (5) The Authority is entitled to recover under this section in respect of a motor accident injury of a participant in the Scheme only if the injury is an injury to which Chapter 3 of the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999* applies (as provided by section 3B of that Act).
- (6) It is a sufficient defence in any proceedings to recover under this section against the owner (whether severally or jointly with the driver) of a motor vehicle if the owner establishes to the satisfaction of the court that, at the time of the occurrence, some other person was driving the motor vehicle without the owner's authority.
- (7) It is a sufficient defence in any proceedings to recover under this section against the driver of a motor vehicle (whether severally or jointly with the owner) if the driver establishes to the satisfaction of the court that, at the time of the occurrence, the driver was driving the motor vehicle with the authority of the owner (or had reasonable grounds for believing and did in fact believe that the driver had such authority) and that the driver had reasonable grounds for believing and did in fact believe that a third-party policy was in force in relation to the motor vehicle.
- (8) The Authority is not entitled to recover under this section from the owner or driver of a motor vehicle that, at the relevant time, was not required to be registered or was exempt from registration or, if required to be registered, was not required to be insured under the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act* 1999.
- (9) The certificate of the Authority as to the present value of the Authority's treatment and care liabilities in respect of a motor accident injury is evidence of the matters certified for the purposes of any proceedings in connection with this section.

55 Unearned premiums surplus resulting from introduction of the Scheme

(1) MAA Premiums Determination Guidelines under Part 2.3 of the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999* are to ensure that any unearned premiums surplus (*LTCS premiums surplus*) of insurers that results from or in connection with the operation of this Act is taken into account for the purpose of subsidising the premiums payable for policies of insurance under that Act issued within 12 months after the surplus accrues.

1

2

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

(2) The MAA Premiums Determination Guidelines may make provision for or with respect to identifying LTCS premiums surplus and determining how insurers are to apply that surplus.

Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support)) BIII Z	UUb
---	----------	-----

Clause 56

Miscellaneous Part 8

Par	t 8	Miscellaneous	1
56	No c	ontracting out of Act	2
		This Act applies despite any contract to the contrary.	3
57	Act t	to bind Crown	4
		This Act binds the Crown, not only in right of New South Wales but also, so far as the legislative power of Parliament permits, the Crown in all its other capacities.	5 6 7
58	LTC	S Guidelines	8
	(1)	The Authority may issue guidelines (<i>LTCS Guidelines</i>) for or with respect to any matter that by this Act is required or permitted to be the subject of those guidelines.	9 10 11
	(2)	The Authority may amend, revoke or replace LTCS Guidelines.	12
	(3)	LTCS Guidelines may adopt the provisions of other publications, whether with or without modification or addition and whether in force at a particular time or from time to time.	13 14 15
	(4)	LTCS Guidelines (including any amendment, revocation or replacement) are to be published in the Gazette and take effect on the day of that publication or, if a later day is specified in the guidelines for that purpose, on the day so specified.	16 17 18 19
	(5)	Sections 40 (Notice of statutory rules to be tabled) and 41 (Disallowance of statutory rules) of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> apply to a guideline under this section in the same way as those sections apply to a statutory rule.	20 21 22 23
59	Serv	ice of documents on Authority or Advisory Council	24
	(1)	A document may be served on the Authority or the Advisory Council by leaving it at, or by sending it by post addressed to, the Authority's office or, if it has more than one office, any of its offices.	25 26 27
	(2)	Nothing in this section affects the operation of any provision of a law or of the rules of a court authorising a document to be served on the Authority or the Advisory Council in any other manner.	28 29 30
60	Pers	onal liability	31
	(1)	In this section: body means the Authority, the Board of Directors of the Authority or the Advisory Council.	32 33 34

	(2)	A matter or thing done by a body, by a member of a body or by a person acting under the direction of a body does not, if the matter or thing was done in good faith for the purposes of executing this or any other Act, subject a member of a body or a person so acting personally to any action, liability, claim or demand.	1 2 3 4 5
61	Prot	ection of assessors	6
	(1)	A matter or thing done or omitted to be done by an assessor under Part 3 or 4 in the exercise of the assessor's functions does not, if the matter or thing was done or omitted in good faith, subject the assessor personally to any action, liability, claim or demand.	7 8 9 10
	(2)	An assessor under Part 3 or 4 is, in any legal proceedings, competent but not compellable to give evidence or produce documents in respect of any matter in which he or she was involved in the course of the exercise of his or her functions as an assessor.	11 12 13 14
	(3)	Any liability that would attach to a person were it not for the operation of subsection (1) attaches instead to the Crown.	15 16
62	Reg	ulations	17
		The Governor may make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, for or with respect to any matter that by this Act is required or permitted to be prescribed or that is necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.	18 19 20 21
63	Natu	re of proceedings for offences	22
		Proceedings for an offence under this Act or the regulations may be dealt with summarily before a Local Court.	23 24
64	Con: No 4	sequential amendments of Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999 1	25 26
		The <i>Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999</i> is amended as set out in Schedule 3.	27 28
65	Revi	ew of Act	29
	(1)	The Minister is to review this Act to determine whether the policy objectives of the Act remain valid and whether the terms of the Act remain appropriate for securing those objectives.	30 31 32
	(2)	The review is to be undertaken as soon as possible after the period of 5 years from the date of assent to this Act.	33 34
	(3)	A report on the outcome of the review is to be tabled in each House of Parliament within 12 months after the end of the period of 5 years.	35 36

Scl	nedu	lle 1 Provisions relating to Board of Directors of Authority	1
		(Section 34)	3
1	Defi	nitions	4
		In this Schedule:	5
		Board means the Board of Directors of the Authority.	6
		director means any director of the Board.	7
		<i>part-time director</i> means a director of the Board other than the Chief Executive Officer.	8 9
2	Dep	uties of part-time directors	10
	(1)	The Minister may, from time to time, appoint a person to be the deputy	11
		of a part-time director, and the Minister may revoke any such appointment.	12 13
	(2)	In the absence of a part-time director, the director's deputy:	14
		(a) may, if available, act in the place of the absent director, and	15
		(b) while so acting, has all the functions of the director (other than	16
		any functions the director has as Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson of the Board) and is taken to be a director.	17 18
	(3)	A person while acting in the place of a part-time director is entitled to	19
		be paid such remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect	20 21
		of the person.	22
	(4)	For the purposes of this clause, a vacancy in the office of a director is	23
		taken to be an absence of the director.	24
3	Tern	ns of office of part-time directors	25
		Subject to this Schedule, a part-time director holds office for such	26
		period (not exceeding 3 years) as is specified in the director's instrument of appointment, but is eligible (if otherwise qualified) for	27 28
		re-appointment.	29
4	Rem	nuneration	30
		A part-time director is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including	31
		travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the director.	32 33

5	Vaca	ancy ir	n office of part-time director	1
	(1)	The	office of a part-time director becomes vacant if the director:	2
		(a)	dies, or	3
		(b)	completes a term of office and is not re-appointed, or	4
		(c)	resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	5 6
		(d)	is removed from office by the Governor under this clause or under Chapter 5 of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002</i> , or	7 8 9
		(e)	is absent from 4 consecutive meetings of the Board of which reasonable notice has been given to the director personally or in the ordinary course of post, except on leave granted by the Board or unless, before the expiration of 4 weeks after the last of those meetings, the director is excused by the Board for having been absent from those meetings, or	10 11 12 13 14 15
		(f)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit, or	16 17 18 19
		(g)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	20
		(h)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable.	21 22 23 24 25
	(2)	The	Governor may at any time remove a part-time director from office.	26
6	Disc	losure	e of pecuniary interests	27
	(1)	If:		28
	(1)	(a)	a director has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a matter being considered or about to be considered at a meeting of the Board, and	29 30 31
		(b)	the interest appears to raise a conflict with the proper performance of the director's duties in relation to the consideration of the matter,	32 33 34
		to th	irector must, as soon as possible after the relevant facts have come de director's knowledge, disclose the nature of the interest at a sing of the Board.	35 36 37

	(2)	A disclosure by a director at a meeting of the Board that the director:	
		(a) is a member, or is in the employment, of a specified company or other body, or	4
		(b) is a partner, or is in the employment, of a specified person, or	4
		(c) has some other specified interest relating to a specified company or other body or to a specified person,	;
		is a sufficient disclosure of the nature of the interest in any matter relating to that company or other body or to that person which may arise after the date of the disclosure and which is required to be disclosed under this clause.	- 8 9 10
	(3)	The Board must cause particulars of any disclosure made under this clause to be recorded in a book kept for the purpose and that book must be open at all reasonable hours for inspection by any person on payment of such fee as may be determined by the Board from time to time.	1: 12 13
	(4)	After a director has disclosed the nature of an interest in any matter, the director must not, unless the Minister or the Board otherwise determines:	15 16 17
		(a) be present during any deliberation of the Board with respect to the matter, or	18 19
		(b) take part in any decision of the Board with respect to the matter.	20
	(5)	For the purposes of the making of a determination by the Board under subclause (4), a director who has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a matter to which the disclosure relates must not:	2 ² 22 23
		(a) be present during any deliberation of the Board for the purpose of making the determination, or	24 25
		(b) take part in the making by the Board of the determination.	26
	(6)	A contravention of this clause does not invalidate any decision of the Board.	27 28
7	Fillir	g of vacancy in office of part-time director	29
		If the office of a part-time director becomes vacant, a person is, subject to this Act, to be appointed to fill the vacancy.	30
8	Effe	t of certain other Acts	32
	(1)	Chapter 2 of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002</i> does not apply to or in respect of the appointment of a part-time director.	33 34
	(2)	If by or under any Act provision is made:	3
		(a) requiring a person who is the holder of a specified office to devote the whole of his or her time to the duties of that office or	36

		(b) prohibiting the person from engaging in employment outside the duties of that office,	1 2
		the provision does not operate to disqualify the person from holding that office and also the office of a part-time director or from accepting and retaining any remuneration payable to the person under this Act as such a director.	3 4 5 6
9	Gen	eral procedure	7
		The procedure for the calling of meetings of the Board and for the conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act and the regulations, to be as determined by the Board.	8 9 10
10	Quo	rum	11
		The quorum for a meeting of the Board is 3 directors.	12
11	Pres	siding member	13
	(1)	The Chairperson of the Board or, in the absence of the Chairperson, the Deputy Chairperson is to preside at a meeting of the Board.	14 15
	(2)	In the absence of both the Chairperson and the Deputy Chairperson, another part-time director elected to chair the meeting by the directors present at the meeting is to preside at the meeting.	16 17 18
	(3)	The person presiding at any meeting of the Board has a deliberative vote and, in the event of an equality of votes, has a second or casting vote.	19 20
12	Voti	ng	21
		A decision supported by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the Board at which a quorum is present is the decision of the Board.	22 23
13	Tran	nsaction of business outside meetings or by telephone	24
	(1)	The Board may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business by the circulation of papers among all the directors for the time being, and a resolution in writing approved in writing by a majority of those directors is taken to be a decision of the Board.	25 26 27 28
	(2)	The Board may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business at a meeting at which the directors (or some of them) participate by telephone, closed-circuit television or other means, but only if any director who speaks on a matter before the meeting can be heard by the other directors.	29 30 31 32 33
	(3)	For the purposes of:	34
		(a) the approval of a resolution under subclause (1), or	35

		(b) a meeting held in accordance with subclause (2), the Chairperson and each director have the same voting rights as they have at an ordinary meeting of the Board.	:
	(4)	A resolution approved under subclause (1) is, subject to the regulations, to be recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board.	
	(5)	Papers may be circulated among the directors for the purposes of subclause (1) by facsimile or other transmission of the information in the papers concerned.	(- -
14	Com	mittees	9
	(1)	The Board may establish committees to assist it in connection with the exercise of any of its functions.	10 1
	(2)	It does not matter that any or all of the members of a committee are not directors of the Board.	1; 1;
	(3)	The procedure for the calling of meetings of a committee and for the conduct of business at those meetings is to be as determined by the Board or (subject to any determination of the Board) by the committee.	14 19 10
15	First	meeting	17
		The Minister is to call the first meeting of the Board in such manner as the Minister thinks fit	18

Scl	าedu	le 2 Provisions relating to Advisory Council	1
		(Section 45)	2
1	Defi	nitions	3
		In this Schedule:	4
		<i>appointed member</i> means any member of the Advisory Council, other than the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority.	5 6
		Chairperson means the Chairperson of the Advisory Council.	7
		Deputy Chairperson means the Deputy Chairperson of the Advisory Council.	8 9
		member means any member of the Advisory Council.	10
2	Dep	uties of members	11
	(1)	The Minister may, from time to time, appoint a person to be the deputy of a member (other than the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority), and the Minister may revoke any such appointment.	12 13 14
	(2)	In the absence of a member (other than the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority), the member's deputy:	15 16
		(a) may, if available, act in the place of the member, and	17
		(b) while so acting, has all the functions of the member (other than any functions the member has as Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson) and is taken to be a member.	18 19 20
	(3)	A person while acting in the place of a member is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the person.	21 22 23
	(4)	For the purposes of this clause, a vacancy in the office of a member is taken to be an absence of the member.	24 25
3	Tern	ns of office of appointed members	26
		Subject to this Schedule, an appointed member holds office for such period (not exceeding 3 years) as is specified in the member's instrument of appointment, but is eligible (if otherwise qualified) for re-appointment.	27 28 29 30
4	Allo	wances	31
		A member is entitled to be paid such allowances as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the member.	32 33

5	Vacancy in office of appointed member				
	(1)	The office of an appointed member becomes vacant if the member:			
		(a)	dies, or	;	
		(b)	completes a term of office and is not re-appointed, or	4	
		(c)	resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	!	
		(d)	is removed from office by the Minister under this clause or by the Governor under Chapter 5 of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002</i> , or	- {	
		(e)	is absent from 4 consecutive meetings of the Advisory Council of which reasonable notice has been given to the member personally or in the ordinary course of post, except on leave granted by the Advisory Council or unless, before the expiration of 4 weeks after the last of those meetings, the member is excused by the Advisory Council for having been absent from those meetings, or	10 11 12 13 14 14	
		(f)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit, or	16 17 18 19	
		(g)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	20	
		(h)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable.	2: 2: 2: 2: 2:	
	(2)	The l	Minister may at any time remove an appointed member from office.	26	
6	Disc	losure	e of pecuniary interests	2	
	(1)	If:	,	28	
		(a)	a member has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a matter being considered or about to be considered at a meeting of the Advisory Council, and	29 30 3	
		(b)	the interest appears to raise a conflict with the proper performance of the member's duties in relation to the consideration of the matter,	32 33 34	
		to th	nember must, as soon as possible after the relevant facts have come the member's knowledge, disclose the nature of the interest at a sing of the Advisory Council.	35 36 37	

(2)	A disclosure by a member at a meeting of the Advisory Council that the member:			
	(a) is a member, or is in the employment, of a specified company or other body, or	3 4		
	(b) is a partner, or is in the employment, of a specified person, or	5		
	(c) has some other specified interest relating to a specified company or other body or to a specified person,	6 7		
	is a sufficient disclosure of the nature of the interest in any matter relating to that company or other body or to that person which may arise after the date of the disclosure and which is required to be disclosed under subclause (1).			
(3)	Particulars of any disclosure made under this clause must be recorded by the Advisory Council in a book kept for the purpose and that book must be open at all reasonable hours for inspection by any person on payment of the fee determined by the Advisory Council.	12 13 14 15		
(4)	After a member has disclosed the nature of an interest in any matter, the member must not, unless the Minister or the Advisory Council otherwise determines:	16 17 18		
	(a) be present during any deliberation of the Advisory Council with respect to the matter, or	19 20		
	(b) take part in any decision of the Advisory Council with respect to the matter.	21 22		
(5)	For the purposes of the making of a determination by the Advisory Council under subclause (4), a member who has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a matter to which the disclosure relates must not:			
	(a) be present during any deliberation of the Advisory Council for the purpose of making the determination, or	26 27		
	(b) take part in the making by the Advisory Council of the determination.	28 29		
(6)	A contravention of this clause does not invalidate any decision of the Advisory Council.	30 31		
(7)	Nothing in this clause applies to or in respect of an interest of a member in a matter or thing that arises by reason only of the member having the qualification required for appointment.			
Fillir	ng of vacancy in office of appointed member	35		
	If the office of an appointed member becomes vacant, a person is, subject to this Act, to be appointed to fill the vacancy.	36 37		

7

8	Effect of certain other Acts			
	(1) Chapter 2 of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002</i> does not apply to or in respect of the appointment of a member.			
	(2)	If by or under any Act provision is made:	4	
		(a) requiring a person who is the holder of a specified office to devote the whole of his or her time to the duties of that office, or	5 6	
		(b) prohibiting the person from engaging in employment outside the duties of that office,	7 8	
		the provision does not operate to disqualify the person from holding that office and also the office of a member or from accepting and retaining any remuneration payable to the person under this Act as a member.	9 10 11	
9	Gen	eral procedure	12	
		The procedure for the calling of meetings of the Advisory Council and for the conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act and the regulations, to be as determined by the Advisory Council.	13 14 15	
10	Quorum			
		The quorum for a meeting of the Advisory Council is 5 members.	17	
11	Presiding member			
	(1)	The Chairperson or, in the absence of the Chairperson, the Deputy Chairperson is to preside at a meeting of the Advisory Council.	19 20	
	(2)	In the absence of both the Chairperson and the Deputy Chairperson, another member elected to chair the meeting by the members present at the meeting is to preside at the meeting.	21 22 23	
	(3)	The person presiding at any meeting of the Advisory Council has a deliberative vote and, in the event of an equality of votes, has a second or casting vote.	24 25 26	
12	Voting			
		A decision supported by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the Advisory Council at which a quorum is present is the decision of the Advisory Council.	28 29 30	
13	Transaction of business outside meetings or by telephone			
	(1)	The Advisory Council may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business by the circulation of papers among all the members for the time being, and a resolution in writing approved in writing by a majority of the voting members is taken to be a decision of the Advisory Council.	32 33 34 35	

	(2)	The Advisory Council may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business at a meeting at which members (or some members) participate by telephone, closed-circuit television or other means, but only if any member who speaks on a matter before the meeting can be heard by the other members.		
	(3)	For the purposes of:	6	
		(a) the approval of a resolution under subclause (1), or	7	
		(b) a meeting held in accordance with subclause (2),	8	
		each member has the same voting rights (if any) as they have at an ordinary meeting of the Advisory Council.	9 10	
	(4)	A resolution approved under subclause (1) is, subject to the regulations, to be recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Advisory Council.	11 12	
	(5)	Papers may be circulated among the members for the purposes of subclause (1) by facsimile or other transmission of the information in the papers concerned.	13 14 15	
14	Attendance by non-members			
	(1)	A person authorised by the Advisory Council or Chairperson may attend a meeting of the Advisory Council, and may participate in the meeting to the extent that the Advisory Council determines.	17 18 19	
	(2)	A person attending a meeting of the Advisory Council under this clause cannot cast a vote at the meeting.	20 21	
15	First meeting			
		The Minister is to call the first meeting of the Advisory Council in such manner as the Minister thinks fit.	23 24	

Sc	hedul	Consequential amendments of Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999			
		(Section	64)		
[1]	Section	Section 27A			
	Insert	after section 27:	5		
	27A	Effect of Lifetime Care and Support Scheme payments	6		
		A determination of the cost of claims and settlement expenses the purposes of this Part must take account of the effect on cost of claims of section 130A (No damages for expensive covered by Lifetime Care and Support Scheme).	the 8		
[2]	Section 43A				
	Insert after section 43:				
	43A Application of Chapter to treatment covered by Lifetime Care and Support Scheme				
		This Chapter does not apply in respect of treatment of an inju person while the person is a participant in the Scheme under <i>Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support) Act 2006</i> expenses incurred in connection with that treatment are requi to be paid under Part 2 of that Act.	the 16		
[3]	Section	on 61 Status of medical assessments	20		
	Insert after section 61 (2) (b):				
		(b1) whether any treatment to be provided to the injured persist reasonable and necessary in the circumstances, or	son 22 23		
[4]	Section 120 Claims register				
	Insert after section 120 (3):				
	(3	3A) The Authority and the Lifetime Care and Support Authority authorised to exchange information concerning claims under the Act, payments made to or on behalf of participants in the Sche under the <i>Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support) Act 20</i> and the treatment and care needs of those participants.	this 27 me 28		

Schedule 3 Consequential amendments of Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999

[5]	Section 120 (5) (e)			
	Insert at the end of section 120 (5) (d):			2
			, and	;
		(e)	details of which the Authority is informed under this Act of payments made to or on behalf of participants in the Scheme under the <i>Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support) Act 2006</i> and of the treatment and care needs of	
			those participants.	8
[6]	Section 130A		(
	Inse	t after section	n 130:	10
	130A	No damage Scheme	es for expenses covered by Lifetime Care and Support	1°
			amages may be awarded to a person who is a participant in	13
			Scheme under the Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and	14
			ort) Act 2006 for economic loss in respect of the treatment	15
		and c	are needs (within the meaning of that Act) of the participant	16
			relate to the motor accident injury in respect of which the	17
			on is a participant in that Scheme and that are provided for or	18
			be provided for while the person is a participant in that	19
		Sche	me	20