First print



New South Wales

State Revenue Legislation Amendment Bill 2010

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament. This Bill is cognate with the *Appropriation Bill 2010*.

Overview of Bill

The objects of this Bill are as follows:

- (a) to amend the *Duties Act 1997*:
 - (i) to extend the NSW Housing Construction Acceleration Plan, so that it continues to apply until 30 June 2010, and
 - (ii) to introduce a new duty concession scheme for new housing, called the NSW Home Builders Bonus, and
 - (iii) to introduce a number of new duty concessions and exemptions, and to limit others, and
 - (iv) to make further provision for the charging of duty in respect of dutiable transactions and the acquisition of interests in a landholder, and
 - (v) to extend the circumstances in which an agreement or arrangement with respect to a call option will be considered to be a dutiable transaction, and
 - (vi) to clarify assessment arrangements for mortgage duty, and

Explanatory note

- (vii) to make other miscellaneous amendments, including amendments of a law revision nature,
- (b) to amend emergency services legislation to authorise the Chief Executive, Emergency Management NSW to collect contributions required to be paid under that legislation to meet the costs of emergency services expenditure and to bank that money before it is paid into the respective statutory funds,
- (c) to amend the *Gaming Machine Tax Act 2001* to change gaming machine tax rates for hoteliers from 1 July 2010 onwards,
- (d) to amend the *Health Insurance Levies Act 1982* to update the list of authorised agents under that Act,
- (e) to amend the *Insurance Protection Tax Act 2001* to abolish the tax under that Act from 1 July 2011,
- (f) to amend the Land Tax Management Act 1956:
 - (i) to enable a special disability trust to be treated as a concessional trust for land tax purposes, and
 - (ii) to enable a land tax reduction to be applied in certain circumstances in respect of mixed development and mixed use land, where certain concessions are available under the principal place of residence exemption that would apply if the land were residential land, and
 - (iii) to make further provision with respect to the principal place of residence exemption, and
 - (iv) to make further provision with respect to the classification of trusts as special trusts for land tax purposes, and
 - (v) to revoke the power of the Chief Commissioner of State Revenue to alter unit entitlements under a strata scheme for land tax purposes, and
 - (vi) to make other miscellaneous amendments, including amendments of a law revision nature,
- (g) to amend the *Motor Vehicles Taxation Act 1988*:
 - (i) to update the amounts of motor vehicle tax specified in that Act as those amounts have been automatically increased each year in line with CPI increases, and
 - (ii) to increase (with some exceptions) by more than the usual CPI increase the motor vehicle tax payable in relation to motor vehicles that weigh less than 2,500 kilograms,
- (h) to amend the *Payroll Tax Act 2007*:
 - (i) to reduce rates of payroll tax, and
 - (ii) to exempt wages paid or payable to an employee in respect of paternity leave from payroll tax, and
 - (iii) to make further provision for rebates for apprentice/trainee wages,

Explanatory note

- (i) to amend the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1983* to authorise Ministers to whom an appropriation is made to delegate authority to incur expenditure from that appropriation to other Ministers,
- (j) to amend the *Real Property Act 1900* and the *Real Property Regulation 2008* to make further provision for the funding of the Torrens Assurance Fund,
- (k) to amend the *Taxation Administration Act 1996*:
 - (i) to clarify the assessment process for taxpayers who are jointly and severally liable for tax, and
 - (ii) to make provisions of a savings or transitional nature as a consequence of the repeal of the petroleum products subsidy legislation,
- (1) to amend the Unclaimed Money Act 1995:
 - (i) to authorise the Chief Commissioner of State Revenue to process claims for the payment or repayment of unclaimed money that are made under the *Legal Profession Act 2004* or the *Trustee Companies Act 1964*, by applying the *Unclaimed Money Act 1995* to those claims, and
 - (ii) to enable the publication under the *Unclaimed Money Act 1995* of amounts received as unclaimed money under those other Acts, and
 - (iii) to enable an enterprise that has paid unclaimed money to the Chief Commissioner of State Revenue, and subsequently paid the money to the owner, to reclaim the money from the Chief Commissioner,
- (m) to repeal the *Petroleum Products Subsidy Act 1997* and the *Petroleum Products Subsidy Regulation 2004* and to make consequential amendments to other Acts.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act.

Clause 3 makes it clear that the explanatory notes contained in the Schedules do not form part of the proposed Act.

Schedules 1–13 make the amendments and repeals outlined in the overview. The amendments and repeals are explained in detail in the explanatory notes relating to the Schedules.

First print



New South Wales

State Revenue Legislation Amendment Bill 2010

Contents

		Page
1	Name of Act	2
2	Commencement	2
3	Explanatory notes	2
Schedule 1	Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123	3
Schedule 2	Amendment of emergency services legislation	32
Schedule 3	Amendment of Gaming Machine Tax Act 2001 No 72	35
Schedule 4	Amendment of Health Insurance Levies Act 1982 No 159	36
Schedule 5	Amendment of Insurance Protection Tax Act 2001 No 40	38
Schedule 6	Amendment of Land Tax Management Act 1956 No 26	40
Schedule 7	Amendment of Motor Vehicles Taxation Act 1988 No 111	48
Schedule 8	Amendment of Payroll Tax Act 2007 No 21	57
Schedule 9	Amendment of Public Finance and Audit Act 1983 No 152	60
Schedule 10	Amendment of real property legislation	61
Schedule 11	Amendment of Taxation Administration Act 1996 No 97	71
Schedule 12	Amendment of Unclaimed Money Act 1995 No 75	73
Schedule 13	Consequential amendments and repeals	76



New South Wales

State Revenue Legislation Amendment Bill 2010

No , 2010

A Bill for

An Act to make miscellaneous changes to certain State revenue and other legislation.

The	Legisl	ature of New South Wales enacts:	1			
1	1 Name of Act					
		This Act is the State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010.	3			
2	Com	imencement	4			
	(1)	This Act commences on the date of assent to this Act, except as otherwise provided by this section.	5 6			
	(2)	The amendments made by the Schedules to this Act commence on the day or days specified in those Schedules in relation to the amendments concerned. If a commencement day is not specified, the amendments commence on the date of assent to this Act.	7 8 9 10			
3	Exp	anatory notes	11			
		The matter appearing under the heading "Explanatory note" in any of the Schedules does not form part of this Act.	12 13			

Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

Scł	nedu	le 1	Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123	1
1.1	Am Cor	endm Istruc	ents relating to extension of NSW Housing ction Acceleration Plan	2
[1]	Sect	ion 87	B Relevant dates for eligibility	4
	Omi	t "1 Jaı	nuary 2010" wherever occurring in section 87B (1).	5
	Inser	t instea	ad "1 July 2010".	6
[2]	Sect hom		C Agreements or transfers must be for acquisition of new	7 8
	Omi	t "30 Ji	une 2011" wherever occurring in section 87C (4).	ç
	Com	mence	ad "31 December 2011". ment nents are taken to have commenced on 31 December 2009.	10 11
		anatory		12 13
	Item Cons new e of ne Item	[1] of the truction and date w home [2] is a	The proposed amendments extends the application of the NSW Housing Acceleration Plan, which was due to wind up on 31 December 2009, to a e of 30 June 2010. The scheme provides a reduction in duty for purchases es. The NSW Home Builders Bonus scheme will apply from 1 July 2010. consequential amendment to extend the date by which an off the plan reement approved under the scheme must be completed.	14 15 16 17 18 19
1.2	Am	endm	ents relating to NSW Home Builders Bonus	20
[1]	Sect	ion 73	Ineligible persons	21
	Omi	t sectio	n 73 (7).	22
[2]	Cha	oter 2,	Part 8, Division 1B	23
	-		Division 1A:	24
	Divi	ision	1B NSW Home Builders Bonus (Budget 2010–11)	25
	87K	Natu	re of scheme	26
		(1)	The scheme established by this Division is intended to provide an exemption from or reduction in duty in respect of the purchase or construction of a new home.	27 28 29
		(2)	For the purposes of this Division, a <i>new home</i> is a home that has not been previously occupied or sold as a place of residence.	30 31

87L	Rele	vant dates for eligibility	1
	(1)	The following agreements or transfers are eligible for consideration under the scheme:	2 3
		(a) agreements for sale or transfer of dutiable property entered into on or after 1 July 2010 and before 1 July 2012,	4 5
		(b) transfers of dutiable property that occur on or after 1 July 2010 and before 1 July 2012 (other than transfers made in conformity with an agreement for sale or transfer entered into before 1 July 2010).	6 7 8 9
	(2)	An agreement for the sale or transfer of dutiable property is not eligible if:	10 11
		(a) it replaces an agreement made before 1 July 2010, and	12
		(b) the replaced agreement was an agreement for the sale or transfer of substantially the same dutiable property.	13 14
87M	Туре	s of agreements or transfers that are eligible	15
	(1)	The following types of agreement or transfer are eligible under the scheme:	16 17
		(a) a new home purchase,	18
		(b) an off the plan purchase,	19
		(c) a vacant land purchase.	20
	(2)	A <i>new home purchase</i> is an agreement for the sale or transfer, or a transfer, of land that is the site of a new home that is complete and ready for occupation.	21 22 23
	(3)	An <i>off the plan purchase</i> is an agreement for the sale or transfer of land intended to be used as the site of a new home, which is to be built before completion of the agreement.	24 25 26
	(4)	A <i>vacant land purchase</i> is an agreement for the sale or transfer, or a transfer, of vacant land that is intended to be used as the site of a new home and which is not an off the plan purchase.	27 28 29
	(5)	The agreement or transfer must be for the whole of the land or, if the land is a parcel of land on which 2 or more homes are built, or are being built, for that part of the land that is an exclusive occupancy.	30 31 32 33
	(6)	Land is an exclusive occupancy only if the Chief Commissioner is satisfied that the person acquiring the land will be entitled to occupy a home that is built, or being built, on the land as a place	34 35 36

Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

Schedule 1

of residence to the exclusion of other persons who occupy or are to occupy the other home or homes built or being built on the parcel of land.

- (7) In relation to a new home purchase or off the plan purchase only, a reference in this Division to a new home includes a reference to a substantially renovated home.
- (8) For the purposes of this Division, a *substantially renovated home* is a renovated home:
 - (a) that is new residential premises within the meaning of section 40–75 (1) (b) of the *A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999* of the Commonwealth, and
 - (b) that, as renovated, has not been previously occupied or sold as a place of residence.

87N Restrictions on eligibility

- (1) An agreement or transfer is not eligible if the new home, or the land on which the new home is located or to be built, is intended to be used, or made available for use, for any purpose that is not ancillary to the use and occupation of the land for residential purposes (such as a commercial, industrial or professional purpose).
- (2) However, an agreement for the purchase, or a transfer, of a farming property on which there is a new home or on which a new home is to be constructed is not excluded.

870 Completion requirements

- (1) For an off the plan purchase, the agreement is not eligible unless it is completed:
 - (a) by 31 December 2012—in the case of an off the plan purchase entered into on or after 1 July 2010 and before 1 July 2011, or
 - (b) by 31 December 2013—in the case of an off the plan purchase entered into on or after 1 July 2011 and before 1 July 2012.
- (2) For a vacant land purchase, the agreement or transfer is not eligible unless:
 - (a) the laying of foundations for the home commences within 26 weeks after the agreement for sale or transfer is entered into or, in the case of a transfer executed otherwise than in

(b)

conformity with an agreement for sale or transfer, the transfer occurs, or within any longer period allowed by the Chief Commissioner, and building work is completed within 18 months after the laying of the foundations for the home begins, or within any longer period allowed by the Chief Commissioner.

87P Cap on dutiable value of transaction

The dutiable value of the dutiable property that is the subject of the agreement or transfer must not exceed:

- (a) \$600,000 in the case of a new home purchase or an off the plan purchase, or
- (b) \$400,000 in the case of a vacant land purchase.

87Q Duty concessions available if application approved

- (1) The following duty concessions are available in relation to an eligible agreement or transfer that is approved under the scheme:
 - (a) a pre-construction duty exemption,
 - (b) a senior's principal place of residence duty exemption,
 - (c) a post-construction duty reduction.
- (2) If a pre-construction duty exemption or senior's principal place of residence duty exemption applies to the agreement or transfer, no duty is chargeable on the agreement or transfer.
- (3) No duty is chargeable on a transfer of dutiable property (including a transfer made on or after 1 July 2012) if the transfer is made in conformity with an eligible agreement approved under the scheme and the pre-construction duty exemption or senior's principal place of residence exemption applies to the agreement.
- (4) If a post-construction duty reduction applies to the agreement or transfer, the amount of ad valorem duty chargeable on the agreement or transfer is to be reduced by 25%.

87R Pre-construction duty exemption

(1) A pre-construction duty exemption applies to an off the plan purchase that is approved under the scheme if, at the time that the off the plan purchase is entered into, construction of the new home under the off the plan purchase has not commenced. 29 30 31

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Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

Schedule 1

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- A pre-construction duty exemption applies to a vacant land purchase that is approved under the scheme if, at the relevant date, construction of the new home on the land concerned has not commenced.
 The relevant date is the date the agreement for sale or transfer of the vacant land is entered into or, in the case of a transfer executed otherwise than in conformity with an agreement for sale or transfer, the date the transfer occurs.
 Construction of a new home commences when the laying of the foundations of the new home, or of the building in which it is
- foundations of the new home, or of the building in which it is located, begins.(5) For a new home that is a substantially renovated home,
- (5) For a new home that is a substantially renovated home, construction of the new home is taken to commence when construction of any new or replacement parts of the home, or of the building in which it is located, begins. Demolition work does not count as construction work.

87S Senior's principal place of residence duty exemption

- (1) A senior's principal place of residence duty exemption applies to a new home purchase or an off the plan purchase that is approved under the scheme if the purchase is made in connection with a residence relocation by an eligible senior.
- (2) For the exemption to apply, the purchaser or transferee under the relevant agreement or transfer must be an eligible senior.
- (3) If there is more than one purchaser or transferee under the agreement or transfer, each purchaser or transferee must be:
 - (a) an eligible senior, or
 - (b) a spouse of an eligible senior who is another purchaser or transferee under the agreement or transfer.
- (4) No other purchasers or transferees are permitted.
- (5) A purchase is made in connection with a residence relocation by an eligible senior if the home sale requirements and the home occupation requirements for the senior's principal place of residence duty exemption are met.
- (6) For the purposes of this Division, a person is an *eligible senior* if:
 - (a) the person is 65 years of age or older, and
 - (b) the person is an Australian citizen or permanent resident, and

(c) neither the person, nor the person's spouse (if any), has previously had the benefit of the senior's principal place of residence duty exemption.

(7) A person has previously had the benefit of the senior's principal place of residence duty exemption if the person is or was a purchaser or transferee under an agreement or transfer relating to another home, to which the senior's principal place of residence duty exemption has been applied.

87T Home sale requirements—senior's principal place of residence duty exemption

- (1) The requirements of this section are the home sale requirements for the senior's principal place of residence duty exemption.
- (2) An eligible senior who is a purchaser or transferee under the agreement or transfer must, within 12 months before the agreement or transfer is entered into or occurs, be the owner of an eligible home used and occupied by the eligible senior as a principal place of residence (the *former home*).
- (3) The eligible senior must:
 - (a) have disposed of the former home before the agreement or transfer was entered into or occurred, or
 - (b) dispose of the former home within the period allowed for residence relocation.
- (4) The period allowed for residence relocation is 6 months after completion of the relevant agreement or transfer, or such longer period as the Chief Commissioner may approve.
- (5) The Chief Commissioner may approve a longer period for residence relocation only if satisfied that the delay in disposing of the former home is caused by circumstances beyond the control of the eligible senior.
- (6) For the purposes of this section, an agreement or transfer is completed when a purchaser or transferee becomes entitled to possession of the home and, if the interest in the land acquired by the purchaser or transferee is registrable under a law of the State, the interest is so registered.
- (7) The requirements of this section with respect to the disposal of a former home also apply to any spouse of the eligible senior who is an owner of the former home.
- (8) In this section:*eligible home* means a home affixed to land in New South Wales.

Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

Schedule 1

87U Home occupation requirements—senior's principal place of residence duty exemption

- (1) The requirements of this section are the home occupation requirements for the senior's principal place of residence duty exemption.
- (2) The new home must be occupied by an eligible senior who is a purchaser or transferee under the agreement or transfer as a principal place of residence for a continuous period of at least 12 months, with that occupation starting within 12 months (or such longer period as the Chief Commissioner may approve) after completion of the agreement or transfer.
- (3) For the purposes of this section, an agreement or transfer is completed when a purchaser or transferee becomes entitled to possession of the home and, if the interest in the land acquired by the purchaser or transferee is registrable under a law of the State, the interest is so registered.
- (4) The Chief Commissioner may, if satisfied that there are good reasons to do so in a particular case:
 - (a) modify the home occupation requirements by approving a shorter period of occupation by an eligible senior, or
 - (b) exempt an eligible senior from the requirement to comply with the home occupation requirements.
- (5) The requirements of this section with respect to the occupation of the new home by an eligible senior also apply to the eligible senior's spouse (if any).

87V Post-construction duty reduction

- (1) A post-construction duty reduction applies to an agreement or transfer that is approved under the scheme if neither the pre-construction duty exemption nor the senior's principal place of residence duty exemption applies to the agreement or transfer.
- (2) The duty reduction is to be applied to the ad valorem duty that would be charged under section 32, and cannot be combined with any other reduction that applies under this Act (such as under the First Home Plus scheme in Division 1).
- (3) If the agreement or transfer approved under the scheme is aggregated with other dutiable transactions, and treated as a single dutiable transaction under section 25, the 25% reduction is to be applied only to the ad valorem duty that would be chargeable (in the absence of aggregation) on the approved agreement or transfer.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

87W Making of applications

(1) An application under this Division is to be made to the Chief Commissioner in an approved form.

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- (2) An application must be made within 3 months after the relevant agreement for sale or transfer is entered into or, in the case of a transfer executed otherwise than in conformity with an agreement for sale or transfer, within 3 months after the transfer occurs.
- (3) The Chief Commissioner may accept an application after expiry of the 3-month period if satisfied that the delay in making an application was caused by circumstances beyond the control of the applicant or applicants.
- (4) The Chief Commissioner may at any time (whether before or after the approval of an application) require the applicant or applicants to provide such further information as the Chief Commissioner may consider necessary for the proper administration of the scheme.

87X Application may be approved in advance

The Chief Commissioner may approve an application in relation to any agreement or transfer in anticipation of compliance with any of the requirements of this Division.

87Y Reassessment of duty payable where duty concession wrongly applied

- (1) The Chief Commissioner may reassess the duty chargeable in respect of an agreement or transfer that is initially approved under the scheme if the Chief Commissioner forms the opinion that the agreement or transfer is not eligible under the scheme, including in a case where approval was given in anticipation of compliance with any requirements of this Division that have not been met.
- (2) The Chief Commissioner may issue a notice of assessment, based on the reassessment, for the duty chargeable in respect of the agreement or transfer.

87Z Charge on land for duty liability of applicant

- (1) Any duty liability that an applicant has under the scheme in respect of an agreement or transfer is a charge on the applicant's interest in the land that is the subject of the agreement or transfer.
- (2) An applicant has a duty liability under the scheme in respect of an agreement or transfer if the applicant is required to pay an

Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

		1 2 3				
	(3)	The charge created by this section gives the Chief Commissioner an interest in the land and, accordingly, the Chief Commissioner may lodge a caveat in respect of the land under the <i>Real Property</i> <i>Act 1900</i> to protect that interest.	4 5 6 7			
	(4)	The caveat must be withdrawn when the amount of the duty liability has been paid.	8 9			
	(5) The amount of the duty liability is the amount of duty that the applicant is required to pay to the Chief Commissioner in respect of the relevant agreement or transfer, together with any interest or penalty tax payable.					
	(6)	In this section:	14			
		applicant includes a former applicant.	15			
87ZA	Defir	itions				
	(1)	In this Division:	17			
		eligible senior—see section 87S.	18			
		<i>home</i> means a building (affixed to land) that:	19			
		(a) may lawfully be used as a place of residence, and	20			
		(b) is, in the Chief Commissioner's opinion, a suitable building for use as a place of residence.	21 22			
		new home—see section 87K.	23			
		new home purchase—see section 87M.	24			
		off the plan purchase—see section 87M.	25			
	<i>spouse</i> has the same meaning in relation to the scheme as it has under section 71 (4) and (5) in relation to the First Home Plus scheme.					
		vacant land purchase—see section 87M.	29			
	(2)	For the purposes of this Division, a person <i>disposes</i> of a home if the person ceases to be the owner of the home.	30 31			
	(3)	For the purposes of this Division, a person is the <i>owner</i> of a home if the person is the owner (within the meaning of the <i>Land Tax Management Act 1956</i>) of land that is the site of the home.	32 33 34			

Schedule 1 Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

[3] Dictionary

Insert in alphabetical order:

Australian citizen has the same meaning as it has in the Australian Citizenship Act 2007 of the Commonwealth.

permanent resident means:

- (a) the holder of a permanent visa within the meaning of section 30 of the *Migration Act 1958* of the Commonwealth, or
- (b) a New Zealand citizen who holds a special category visa within the meaning of section 32 of the *Migration Act 1958* of the Commonwealth.

Commencement

The amendments commence, or are taken to have commenced, on 1 July 2010.

Explanatory note

Item [2] of the proposed amendments introduces a new scheme (the NSW Home Builders Bonus) for duty exemptions or reductions on new housing purchases. The scheme applies to certain agreements for the sale or transfer of dutiable property entered into on or after 1 July 2010 and before 1 July 2012, or transfers of dutiable property that occur on or after 1 July 2010 and before 1 July 2012 (other than transfers made in conformity with an agreement for sale or transfer entered into before 1 July 2010).

The scheme applies to 3 types of purchase:

- (a) a new home purchase (which is an agreement for the sale or transfer, or a transfer, of land that is the site of a new home that is complete and ready for occupation), or
- (b) an off the plan purchase (which is an agreement for the sale or transfer of land intended to be used as the site of a new home, which is to be built before completion of the agreement), or
- (c) a vacant land purchase (which is an agreement for the sale or transfer, or a transfer, of vacant land that is intended to be used as the site of a new home and which is not an off the plan purchase).

A **new home** is a home that has not been previously sold or occupied as a place of residence. For new home purchases and off the plan purchases only, a substantially renovated home is also considered to be a new home.

Certain other eligibility requirements also apply, such as requirements relating to the commencement or completion of construction of the new home.

The dutiable value of the dutiable property the subject of the relevant agreement or transfer must not exceed \$600,000 (in the case of a new home purchase or an off the plan purchase) or \$400,000 (in the case of a vacant land purchase).

Three types of duty concession are available under the scheme.

A pre-construction duty exemption applies to an off the plan purchase or vacant land purchase if construction of the new home has not commenced at the time the relevant agreement is entered into or, in the case of a transfer that is a vacant land purchase and is executed otherwise than in conformity with an agreement for sale or transfer, the date the transfer occurs. No duty is chargeable on the agreement or transfer if the pre-construction duty exemption applies. Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

Schedule 1

A senior's principal place of residence duty exemption applies to a new home purchase 1 2 3 4 5 or an off the plan purchase if the purchase is made in connection with a residence relocation by an eligible senior. A person is an *eligible senior* if the person is 65 years of age or older, is an Australian citizen or permanent resident and neither the person, nor his or her spouse (if any), has previously had the benefit of the senior's principal place of residence duty exemption. The eligible senior is required to sell (or to have 6 7 8 sold) his or her previous principal place of residence in New South Wales and to occupy the new home as his or her principal place of residence. No duty is chargeable on the agreement or transfer if the eligible senior's principal place of residence duty exemption 9 10 applies. A post-construction duty reduction applies to any other agreement or transfer approved 11 under the scheme that is not eligible for the pre-construction duty exemption or the 12 senior's principal place of residence duty exemption. The post-construction duty 13 reduction results in a 25% reduction in the ad valorem duty payable on the agreement 14 or transfer concerned. 15 The amendments contain ancillary provisions relating to the following: 16 (a) the making of applications under the scheme, 17 the approval of applications by the Chief Commissioner of State Revenue in (b) 18 anticipation of compliance with scheme requirements, 19 the reassessment of duty where a duty concession under the scheme is wrongly 20 (c) applied. 21 (d) the recovery of any duty liability an applicant has under the scheme via a charge 22 on an applicant's interest in land. 23 The ancillary provisions are similar to existing provisions under the First Home Plus 24 scheme and the NSW Housing Construction Acceleration Plan. 25 Items [1] and [3] transfer the definitions of Australian citizen and permanent resident from the First Home Plus provisions to the Dictionary, as these expressions are also used in relation to the NSW Home Builders Bonus scheme. 26 28 1.3 Other amendments 29 Section 12 When does a liability for duty arise? [1] 30 Insert after section 12 (2): 31 A liability for duty in respect of a dutiable transaction that is (3)32 charged with duty as if it were a transfer of dutiable property 33 arises even if the dutiable property is not in existence at the time 34 that the transfer is taken to have occurred, or the instrument 35 effecting the transfer is first executed, as the case requires. 36 Section 49 Interim payment of duty [2] 37 Insert after section 49 (2): 38 (3)The Chief Commissioner must, when the full dutiable value of 39 the dutiable property has been ascertained, reassess the duty 40 payable in respect of the instrument. 41

(:	5) If further duty is payable, liability for the further duty arises when a notice of assessment is issued, despite any other provision of	4
	this Act.	5 6
((6) On payment of the balance of the duty (and any interest or penalty tax), the instrument is to be stamped with the amount of the balance and marked to indicate that duty has been duly paid.	7 8 9
[3] Section	54 Change in trustees	10
Omit the	e definition of <i>special trustee</i> from section 54 (1).	11
Insert in	alphabetical order:	12
	<i>licensed trustee company</i> means a licensed trustee company within the meaning of Chapter 5D of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth.	13 14 15
	special trustee means:	16
	(a) a licensed trustee company in its capacity as trustee or administrator of a deceased estate, and	17 18
	(b) the trustee of a complying superannuation fund, within the meaning of section 42 of the <i>Superannuation Industry</i> (<i>Supervision</i>) <i>Act 1993</i> of the Commonwealth, in its capacity as trustee of that fund.	19 20 21 22
[4] Section	54 (2A)	23
Insert at	ter section 54 (2):	24
(24	A) Duty of \$50 is chargeable in respect of a transfer of dutiable property to a licensed trustee company (that is not a special trustee), or to a trustee of a special disability trust, as a consequence of the retirement of a trustee or the appointment of a new trustee, if the Chief Commissioner is satisfied that the transfer is not part of a scheme for conferring an interest, in relation to the trust property, on a new trustee or any other person, whether as a beneficiary or otherwise, to the detriment of the beneficial interest or potential beneficial interest of any person.	25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33
[5] Section	54 (3)	34
	ther than a special trustee".	35
	istead "other than a licensed trustee company, a special trustee or of a special disability trust".	36 37

Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

Schedule 1

[6]	Sect	ion 54 (3B)		1		
	Inser	rt ", (2A)" afte	er "(2)".	2		
[7]	Sect	ion 59B		3		
	Inser	t after sectior	ction 59A:			
	59B	Change in	custodians	5		
		prope	of \$50 is chargeable in respect of a transfer of dutiable erty by a custodian of the trustee of a trust to another odian of the trustee of the trust if:	6 7 8		
		(a)	there is no change in the beneficial ownership of the dutiable property, and	9 10		
		(b)	the transferee is to hold the dutiable property solely for the trustee as trustee of the trust and there is no contemplation of the dutiable property being held for any other person or being held in any other capacity, and	11 12 13 14		
		(c)	the dutiable property was held by the transferor solely for the trustee as trustee of the trust and, since the time when the dutiable property was first transferred to the transferor, no person has held the dutiable property otherwise than solely for the trustee as trustee of the trust.	15 16 17 18 19		
[8]	Sect supe	ion 61 Trans erannuation f	fers of property in connection with persons changing funds	20 21		
	Inser	t after sectior	n 61 (1A) (c):	22		
		(d)	a transfer of marketable securities from a life company or custodian for a life company to the trustee of a superannuation fund or a custodian of the trustee of a superannuation fund if the transfer is made in consideration of the surrender or termination, by the trustee of the superannuation fund of which the person has ceased to be a member, of a policy of life insurance issued by the life company.	23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30		

Schedule 1 Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

[9]	Sect	ion 62	2A	1
	Inser	t after	section 62:	2
	62A	Tran	nsfers to self managed superannuation funds	3
		(1)	Duty of \$50 is chargeable on a transfer of, or an agreement to transfer, dutiable property from a person (the <i>transferor</i>) to the trustee of a self managed superannuation fund but only if:	4 5 6
			(a) the transferor is the only member of the superannuation fund or the property is to be held by the trustee solely for the benefit of the transferor, and	7 8 9
			(b) the property is to be used solely for the purpose of providing a retirement benefit to the transferor.	10 11
		(2)	Property held by the trustee of a superannuation fund is held solely for the benefit of the transferor if:	12 13
			(a) the property is held specifically for the benefit of the transferor, as a member of the superannuation fund, and	14 15
			(b) the property (or proceeds of sale of the property) cannot be pooled with property held for another member of the superannuation fund, and	16 17 18
			(c) no other member of the superannuation fund can obtain an interest in the property (or the proceeds of sale of the property).	19 20 21
		(3)	In this section:	22
			<i>self managed superannuation fund</i> means a complying superannuation fund within the meaning of section 42A of the <i>Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993</i> of the Commonwealth.	23 24 25 26
[10]	Sect	ion 63	B Deceased estates	27
	Inser	t at the	e end of section 63 (1) (c):	28
			, and	29
			(d) a declaration by an executor of a will under section 11 of the <i>Trustee Act 1925</i> if the Chief Commissioner is satisfied that the declaration is consistent with the entitlements of beneficiaries under the trusts contained in the will.	30 31 32 33

Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

Schedule 1

[11]	Section 65	Exen	nptions from duty	1		
	Omit section	on 65 ((1) (c). Insert instead:	2		
		(c)	the transfer of dutiable property to, or vesting of dutiable property in, a former bankrupt for no consideration as a consequence of the discharge or annulment of bankruptcy,	3 4 5		
[12]	Section 65	5 (10) (b)	6		
	Omit the paragraph. Insert instead:					
	F.	(b)	a dutiable transaction effected by such an instrument, if the Chief Commissioner is satisfied that the primary purpose for which the transaction was effected was to comply with legal requirements relating to complying superannuation funds, complying approved deposit funds, pooled superannuation trusts or eligible rollover funds.	7 8 9 10 11 12 13		
[13]	Section 65	5 (13A)		14		
	Insert after section 65 (13):					
	(13A)	Vest	ing by statute law—association property	16		
		asso or d	duty is chargeable under this Chapter on the vesting of ciation property in an association on the registration of a plan ealing by which association property is created under the <i>munity Land Development Act 1989</i> .	17 18 19 20		
[14]	Section 65	i (22)–	(24)	21		
	Insert after			22		
	(22)		cial disability trusts	23		
	()	-	luty is chargeable under this Chapter on:	24		
		(a)	a declaration of trust over dutiable property that is to be held by the trustee in the trustee's capacity as trustee for a special disability trust, or	25 26 27		
		(b)	a declaration of trust over property or an instrument that declares property, when vested in the person executing the instrument, is to be held in trust for a person or persons, if the instrument is executed for the purpose of establishing a special disability trust, or	28 29 30 31 32		
		(c)	a transfer of, or an agreement to transfer, dutiable property to the trustee of a special disability trust for the purpose of the trust, if there is no consideration for the transfer.	33 34 35		

Schedule 1 Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

relationship property.

(23)**Registered maintenance liabilities** 1 No duty is chargeable under this Chapter on the following: 2 a transfer of dutiable property to, or a vesting of dutiable 3 (a) property in, a trustee as a consequence of enforcement 4 action taken by the Commonwealth in respect of a 5 registered maintenance liability (within the meaning of the 6 Child Support (Registration and Collection) Act 1988 of 7 the Commonwealth), 8 a transfer of dutiable property from a trustee to a person in 9 (b) respect of whom such enforcement action has been taken, 10 as a consequence of the discharge of the person's liability 11 under the registered maintenance liability. 12 (24)Fraudulent or void transactions 13 No duty is chargeable under this Chapter on the following: 14 a transfer of dutiable property to a person if the Chief (a) 15 Commissioner is satisfied that the transfer is made to 16 rectify the consequences of fraudulent conduct by another 17 person or to reverse a transfer of dutiable property that has 18 been registered under a law of the State or the 19 Commonwealth and that has been declared by a court to be 20 void or voidable, 21 a vesting of dutiable property in a person by court order if (b) 22 the Chief Commissioner is satisfied that the order was 23 made to rectify the consequences of fraudulent conduct by 24 another person or to reverse a transfer of dutiable property 25 that has been registered under a law of the State or the 26 Commonwealth and that has been declared by a court to be 27 void or voidable. 28 Section 68 Exemptions—break-up of marriages and other relationships 29 Insert after section 68 (4C): 30 (4D) Vested bankruptcy property 31 This section applies in respect of vested bankruptcy property 32 (within the meaning of the Family Law Act 1975 of the 33 Commonwealth) of a party to a marriage or de facto relationship 34 in the same way as it applies to matrimonial property or 35

36

[15]

Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

Schedule 1

[16]			Restrictions on eligibility—previous ownership of residential r first home concession	1 2
			ther residential property" and "other residential property" wherever n section 71 (6).	3 4
	Inser	t instea	ad "residential property".	5
[17]	Sect	ion 74	l Eligible agreements or transfers	6
	Omit	sectio	on 74 (2). Insert instead:	7
		(2)	The agreement or transfer must be for the whole of the property.	8
[18]	Sect	ion 74	L (4)	9
	Omit	the su	ubsection.	10
[19]	Sect	ion 74	IA	11
	Inser	t after	section 74:	12
	74A	Appl	lication of scheme to multiple occupancy contracts	13
		(1)	The provisions of this Part apply in respect of an agreement for the sale or transfer of a parcel of land on which 2 or more homes are built or being built (a <i>multiple occupancy contract</i>) as if:	14 15 16
			(a) the multiple occupancy contract were a separate agreement or transfer in relation to each home built or to be built on the land as an exclusive occupancy, and	17 18 19
			(b) the purchasers or transferees who will be entitled to occupy a home as an exclusive occupancy are the only purchasers or transferees under the separate agreement or transfer relating to the home.	20 21 22 23
		(2)	Any such separate agreement or transfer is taken to be an agreement or transfer for the whole of the property if it is for all of the land to be used or occupied for the purposes of the exclusive occupancy.	24 25 26 27
		(3)	In this Part, a reference to the dutiable property the subject of the agreement or transfer is a reference to that part of the land that is to be used or occupied for the purposes of the exclusive occupancy.	28 29 30 31
		(4)	For the purposes of this section, a home that is being acquired or built under a multiple occupancy contract is an <i>exclusive</i> <i>occupancy</i> only if the Chief Commissioner is satisfied that a person is or will be entitled to occupy the home as a place of residence to the exclusion of other persons who, under the	32 33 34 35 36

Schedule 1 Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

contract, are to occupy the other home or homes built or being built on the relevant land.

[20] Section 107 Assignment of rights under call option dutiable as transfer

Omit section 107 (1) and (2). Insert instead:

- (1) If a person (A) who has a right under a call option to require another person (B) to sell dutiable property assigns that right, so that the option is exerciseable by a third person (C), duty under Chapter 2 is chargeable on that assignment as if the assignment were a transfer of the dutiable property concerned.
- (2) For the purposes of this section:
 - (a) if A enters into an agreement or arrangement under which A, for valuable consideration, relinquishes the right under a call option to require B to sell dutiable property and a call option to require B to sell the dutiable property is granted to a third person (*C*), A is to be treated as having assigned that right under the call option so that the option is exerciseable by C, and
 - (b) if, on or in connection with the exercise of a call option, A, for valuable consideration, enters into an agreement or arrangement under which A nominates a third person (C) as the purchaser or transferee of dutiable property the subject of a call option, A is to be treated as having assigned the right under the call option to require B to sell the dutiable property so that the option is exerciseable by C.

[21] Section 107 (3)

Omit ", following the assignment of a right under the call option, C". Insert instead "an assignee of A".

[22] Section 108 Person liable to pay duty Omit "his or her" from section 108 (1). Insert instead "the".

[23] Section 147 What are the "land holdings" of a landholder?

Omit "or by a custodian of the trustee of the unit trust scheme in its capacity as custodian" from section 147 (2).

Insert instead ", by a custodian of the trustee of the unit trust scheme in its capacity as custodian or by a sub-custodian of the custodian of the trustee of the unit trust scheme in its capacity as sub-custodian".

Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

Schedule 1

[24]	4] Section 158 Constructive ownership of land holdings and other property: linked entities					
	Insert after section 158 (4):					
	(5)	In this section, <i>person</i> includes a person who holds property as a trustee or custodian for a trustee of a trust or as a member of a partnership or other unincorporated body.	4 5 6			
	(6)	If a person holds property as a trustee or custodian in relation to 2 or more trusts the person is to be treated as a separate person in relation to each of those trusts and the property held under each trust is to be treated as a separate property holding.	7 8 9 10			
[25]	Section 16	3B Exemption—break-up of marriages and other relationships	11			
	Insert after	section 163B (7):	12			
	(7A)	This section applies in respect of vested bankruptcy property (within the meaning of the <i>Family Law Act 1975</i> of the Commonwealth) of a party to a marriage or de facto relationship in the same way as it applies to matrimonial property or relationship property.	13 14 15 16 17			
[26]	Section 16	3J Meaning of "associated person"	18			
	Omit the se	ection.	19			
[27]	Section 16	3K Goods of a landholder	20			
	Omit "or b as custodia	y a custodian of the trustee of the unit trust scheme in its capacity n" from section 163K (3).	21 22			
	capacity as	ad ", by a custodian of the trustee of the unit trust scheme in its custodian or by a sub-custodian of the custodian of the trustee of st scheme in its capacity as sub-custodian".	23 24 25			
[28]	Chapter 5	Lease instruments	26			
	Omit the C	hapter.	27			
[29]	Section 21	6 Mortgages over property not wholly within New South Wales	28			
	Omit section	on 216 (3)–(5). Insert instead:	29			
	(3)	The dutiable proportion is to be calculated by reference to any relevant document that provides, or relevant documents that together provide, the value of all property affected by the mortgage, subject to this section.	30 31 32 33			

		(4)	A <i>relevant document</i> is any of the following prepared within 12 months before the liability date for the mortgage:	1 2
			(a) an independent valuation of the secured property,	3
			(b) a statement of the mortgagee based on information obtained by the mortgagee in deciding to make the advance to the mortgagor,	4 5 6
			(c) property valuations used by the mortgagor in preparing an annual return to be lodged under the <i>Corporations Act</i> 2001 of the Commonwealth,	7 8 9
			(d) a financial report of the mortgagor or a group of which the mortgagor is a member, certified by an independent auditor as presenting a true and fair view of a corporation's or group's financial position,	10 11 12 13
			(e) agreed property valuations that form the basis of the mortgagor's insurance policies,	14 15
			(f) another document the Chief Commissioner considers to be appropriate for calculating the dutiable proportion.	16 17
		(5)	If more than one relevant document is available for determining the value of the same property, the Chief Commissioner is to give preference to the most recently prepared document, subject to this section.	18 19 20 21
		(6)	If a mortgagor is a member of a group, and a financial report comprising the consolidated accounts of the group is available, and is a relevant document, the dutiable proportion is to be calculated primarily by reference to that relevant document, unless the Chief Commissioner does not consider it appropriate to do so. In such a case, the only debt or equity to be taken into account in calculating the dutiable proportion is the debt and equity as disclosed in that financial report.	22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29
[30]	Secti	ion 21	16A	30
	Inser	t after	r section 216:	31
	216A		culation of dutiable proportion—goodwill and intellectual perty	32 33
			For the purposes of this Chapter, if the property secured by a mortgage includes the goodwill of a business or intellectual property, the goodwill or intellectual property is taken to be property in New South Wales to the extent that it would have comprised a business asset under Chapter 2 if it had been transferred to the mortgagor immediately before the liability date,	34 35 36 37 38 39

Schedule 1

		whic trans	h has a value equivalent to the dutiable value of such a fer.	1 2	
[31]	Section 222 Exempt mortgages and supporting instruments				
	Omit section 222 (2) (e).				
[32]	Section 22	7A Tra	ansfer of mortgages	5	
	Omit "secti	on 218	3B (1)" from section 227A (6). Insert instead "section 210".	6	
[33]	Section 267 Exemptions				
	Insert after	section	n 267 (6A):	8	
	(6B)	Vehi	cles transferred from trustee in bankruptcy	9	
		prop Com in th	ections (6) and (6A) apply in respect of vested bankruptcy erty (within the meaning of the <i>Family Law Act 1975</i> of the monwealth) of a party to a marriage or de facto relationship e same way as they apply to matrimonial property or the erty of a party to a de facto relationship.	10 11 12 13 14	
[34]	Section 27 members	4 Tran	nsfer of certain business property between family	15 16	
	Insert after	section	n 274 (5):	17	
	(5A)		section does not apply if the transferee acquires the land or es concerned as a trustee.	18 19	
[35]	Section 27	5 Cha	ritable and benevolent bodies	20	
	Omit sectio	n 275	(1). Insert instead:	21	
	(1)	Duty	under this Act is not chargeable on the following:	22	
		(a)	a transfer, or an agreement for the sale or transfer, of dutiable property to an exempt charitable or benevolent body,	23 24 25	
		(b)	a declaration of trust over dutiable property held or to be held on trust for an exempt charitable or benevolent body,	26 27	
		(c)	a surrender of an interest in land in New South Wales to an exempt charitable or benevolent body,	28 29	
		(d)	a vesting of dutiable property in an exempt charitable or benevolent body,	30 31	
		(e)	a lease of dutiable property to an exempt charitable or benevolent body,	32 33	
		(f)	a mortgage given by or on behalf of an exempt charitable or benevolent body.	34 35	

Schedule 1 Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

[36] Section 275A Partial exemption for certain transactions by charitable and benevolent bodies

Omit section 275A (1). Insert instead:

(1) If the Chief Commissioner is satisfied, in relation to any dutiable transaction by which an exempt charitable or benevolent body acquires land or an interest in land, that the land concerned is used or to be used by the charitable or benevolent body partly for an exempt purpose, the dutiable value of the land concerned is, for the purposes of charging duty under Chapter 2, to be reduced by the portion of that dutiable value that is referable to the portion of the land used or to be used for an exempt purpose.

[37] Section 282

Omit the section. Insert instead:

282 Mortgage-backed securities

- (1) Duty under this Act is not chargeable in respect of a mortgage to the extent that it is a mortgage over the interest of a person in a pool of mortgages relating to debt securities that are mortgage-backed securities issued by the person to secure the repayment of financial accommodation provided to the person.
- (2) Duty under this Act is not chargeable in respect of a mortgage to the extent that it is a mortgage of a mortgage or pool of mortgages or part of a pool of mortgages in connection with creating, issuing, marketing or securing a mortgage-backed security.
- (3) Duty under this Act is not chargeable in respect of a transaction or instrument to the extent that it is, or effects:
 - (a) the issue or making of a mortgage-backed security, or
 - (b) the transfer or assignment of or other dealing with a mortgage-backed security, or
 - (c) the discharge, cancellation or termination of a mortgage-backed security.
- (4) Duty under this Act is not chargeable in respect of a mortgage executed on or after 1 July 1998 to the extent that it is a mortgage of a mortgage or pool of mortgages or part of a pool of mortgages for the purpose of creating, issuing, marketing or securing a mortgage-backed security:
 - (a) to a person entitled to a mortgage-backed security or a trustee or agent for such a person, or
 - (b) by or to a person who issues, makes or endorses a mortgage-backed security, or

Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

Schedule 1

				to a person who provides security (whether as a guarantor, surety or otherwise) to a person entitled to a mortgage-backed security or a trustee or agent for such a person. . Mortgage, mortgage-backed security and pool of mortgages efined in the Dictionary.	1 2 3 4 5 6
[38]	Sect	ion 283		ruments issued for the purpose of creating, issuing or	7
[00]				age-backed securities	8
	Inser	t "to th	e exte	nt that it was executed for that purpose" after "securities".	9
[39]	Sect	ion 284	4		10
	Omit	t the sec	ction.	Insert instead:	11
	284	Asse	t-bacl	ked securities	12
	-		Duty the e	is not chargeable in respect of a transaction or instrument to xtent that it is, or effects, any of the following:	13 14
			(a)	the issue or making of an asset-backed security,	15
			(b)	the transfer or assignment of or other dealing with an asset-backed security,	16 17
			(c)	the discharge, cancellation or termination of an asset-backed security,	18 19
			(d)	an instrument that, in the Chief Commissioner's opinion, was executed for the purpose of creating, issuing or marketing asset-backed securities,	20 21 22
			(e)	a mortgage over the interest of a person in a pool of assets, being a mortgage relating to debt securities that are asset-backed securities issued by the person to secure the repayment of financial accommodation provided to the person,	23 24 25 26 27
			(f)	a mortgage over a financial asset or pool of assets or part of a pool of assets in connection with creating, issuing, marketing or securing an asset-backed security,	28 29 30
			(g)	a policy of insurance covering any or all assets in a pool of assets acquired or held for the purpose of issuing asset-backed securities, but only so far as the instrument relates to asset-backed securities.	31 32 33 34
			Note. Dictio	. Asset-backed security and pool of assets are defined in the onary.	35 36
[40]	Sect	ion 288	BA Re	assessment following interim payment of duty	37
	Omi	t the sec	ction.		38

Page 25

Schedule 1 Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

[41]	Sche	edule 1	I Savings, transitional and other provisions	1
	Inser	t at the	e end of clause 1 (1):	2
			State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010	3
[42]	Sche	edule 1	I, Part 33	4
	Inser	t after	Part 32:	5
	Part 33		Provisions consequent on enactment of	
			State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act	7
			2010	8
	83	Defir	nition	
			In this Part:	10
			Schedule 1.3 amendments means the amendments made to this	11
			Act by Schedule 1.3 to the <i>State Revenue Legislation Amendment</i> <i>Act 2010.</i>	12 13
			Act 2010.	15
	84	Gene	eral application of amendments	14
		(1)	The Schedule 1.3 amendments do not affect any liability for duty that arose before 1 July 2010.	15 16
		(2)	In particular, the repeal of Chapter 5 by the Schedule 1.3	17
			amendments does not affect any obligation to pay duty under this	18
			Act in respect of a lease instrument first executed before 1 January 2008 and this Act, as in force immediately before	19 20
			1 July 2010, continues to apply in respect of any such obligation.	21
	85	35 Amendments relating to assessment of duty on dutiable transactions		22 23
			The Schedule 1.3 amendments apply in respect of any dutiable transaction that occurs on or after 1 July 2010.	24 25
	86	Amendments to call option assignment duty		
			The amendments made to section 107 by the Schedule 1.3 amendments do not apply in respect of an agreement or arrangement entered into before 1 July 2010.	27 28 29

Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

Schedule 1

87 Mortgage duty 1 (1)The Schedule 1.3 amendments, in relation to mortgage duty, 2 apply to the assessment of mortgage duty in respect of the 3 following: 4 (a) a mortgage first executed on or after 1 July 2010 or that 5 first becomes liable to duty as a mortgage on or after 6 1 July 2010, 7 an instrument of security that first affects property in New 8 (b) South Wales on or after 1 July 2010 (whether or not the 9 instrument was first executed before that date). 10 The Schedule 1.3 amendments, in relation to mortgage duty, (2)11 extend to the assessment of duty in respect of a mortgage first 12 executed before 1 July 2010 or that first became liable to duty as 13 a mortgage before 1 July 2010 if an advance or further advance 14 is made on or after 1 July 2010 that is secured by the mortgage. 15 [43] Dictionary 16 Omit the definitions of *loan-backed security* and *pool of loans*. 17 Insert in alphabetical order: 18 asset-backed security means: 19 an instrument or property creating, conferring or 20 (a) comprising a right or interest (whether described as a unit, 21 bond or otherwise) of or on a beneficiary in a scheme 22 under which the profits, distributions of capital or income 23 in which beneficiaries participate arise or arises from the 24 acquisition, holding, management or disposal of financial 25 assets, a pool of assets or a part of a pool of assets, or any 26 instrument which evidences such a right or interest, or 27 (b) a debt security: 28 the payments under which by the person that issues 29 (i) or makes the instrument are derived substantially 30 from the acquisition, holding, management or 31 disposal of financial assets, a pool of assets or a part 32 of a pool of assets, and 33 that is secured by a mortgage or charge over (ii) 34 financial assets, a pool of assets or a part of a pool 35 of assets, or 36 an instrument of a class or description of instruments, or (c) 37 property of a class or description of property, prescribed by 38 the regulations to be an asset-backed security for the 39 purposes of this definition. 40

Schedule 1 Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

finar	ncial asset means:	1
(a)	a loan, including any security for the loan, or	2
(b)	a credit card account, or	3
(c)	a hire purchase agreement, or	4
(d)	a chattel lease, whether finance or operating, or	5
(e)	a vehicle dealer floor plan agreement, or	6
(f)	a contract under which insurance or any other financial service or product is provided, or	7 8
(g)	any rights of a lender, bailor or financial service or product provider that are usually conferred in relation to a financial asset referred to above or that are incidental to a financial asset referred to above.	9 10 11 12
	<i>of assets</i> means a pool of assets that is comprised tantially of any one or more of the following:	13 14
(a)	financial assets,	15
(b)	cash,	16
(c)	notes, debentures, loans, stock, promissory notes, bonds or other securities of a government body,	17 18
(d)	bills of exchange, promissory notes or other negotiable instruments accepted, drawn or endorsed by a bank, a permanent building society or a government body,	19 20 21
(e)	deposits with, or the acquisition of certificates of deposit or any other security issued by, a bank, a permanent building society or a government body,	22 23 24
(f)	asset-backed securities,	25
(g)	mortgage-backed securities,	26
(h)	a guaranteed investment contract of a type approved by the Chief Commissioner,	27 28
(i)	assets of a class or description of assets prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this definition.	29 30
Dictionary, defin arrangement", "	itions of "cost", "fit-out costs", "franchise", "franchise franchisee", "franchisor" and "variation"	31 32
Omit the definition	ons.	33

[44]

Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

Schedule 1

[45] Dictionary 1 Insert in alphabetical order: 2 *special disability trust* has the meaning given by section 1209L 3 of the Social Security Act 1991 of the Commonwealth. 4 5 Commencement The amendments commence, or are taken to have commenced, on 1 July 2010. 6 7 Explanatory note 8 Duties exemptions and concessions Items [4] and [14] (proposed section 65 (22)) of the proposed amendments provide for 9 a nominal amount of duty, or an exemption from duty, in respect of certain dutiable 10 transactions and declarations of trust that are made in connection with a special 11 disability trust. These are certain trusts that are established for the purpose of making 12 financial provision for people with disabilities and that comply with requirements under 13 the Social Security Act 1991 of the Commonwealth. Item [45] contains a definition of 14 special disability trust. 15 Item [3] refines the circumstances in which certain transactions that are made as a 16 consequence of the retirement of a trustee and the appointment of a new trustee are 17 chargeable with nominal duty. Under the existing provisions, a nominal amount is charged in such circumstances if the dutiable property concerned is transferred to a special trustee. The amendment limits the definition of *special trustee*, so that the 18 19 20 concession applies only to a licensed trustee acting in its capacity as trustee or 21 administrator of a deceased estate or the trustee of a complying superannuation fund 22 23 24 acting in its capacity as trustee of that fund. Item [4] includes new requirements that must be met before a transfer of dutiable property to a licensed trustee company that is not acting in its capacity as trustee or administrator of a deceased estate will be 25 chargeable with nominal duty. 26 Items [5] and [6] are a consequential amendments to the amendments made by items [3] and [4]. 27 28 Item [7] provides for nominal duty on certain transfers of dutiable property that are 29 made by the custodian for the trustee of a trust to another custodian of the trustee of 30 the trust, where there is no change in the beneficial ownership of the dutiable property 31 32 and certain other requirements are met. 33 Item [8] extends an existing duty concession for certain transfers that are made in connection with a person changing superannuation funds. The concession is extended 34 to a transfer of marketable securities from a life company or custodian for a life 35 company to the trustee, or the custodian of the trustee, of a superannuation fund that 36 is made in the consideration of the surrender or termination of a policy of life insurance 37 issued by the life company. 38 Item [9] provides for the charging of a nominal amount of duty on a transfer or an 39 agreement to transfer dutiable property from a person to the trustee of a self managed 40 superannuation fund, if: 41 the transferor is the only member of the superannuation fund or the property is 42 (a) to be held by the trustee of the superannuation fund solely for the benefit of the 43 transferor, and 44 the property is to be used solely for the purpose of providing a retirement benefit 45 (b) to the transferor. 46 Item [10] provides for the charging of nominal duty on a declaration by an executor of 47 a will that is made under section 11 of the Trustee Act 1925 (a declaration by the 48

Schedule 1 Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

executor that he or she ceases to hold property as executor and now holds property as a trustee or beneficiary).

Item [11] exempts from duty a transfer of dutiable property to, or vesting of dutiable property in, a former bankrupt for no consideration, where the transfer or vesting is made as a consequence of the discharge or annulment of bankruptcy.

Item [12] revises a duty exemption that is applicable to certain instruments relating to superannuation, so that it applies only if the Chief Commissioner of State Revenue is satisfied that the primary purpose for which the relevant transaction was effected was to comply with legal requirements relating to superannuation funds.

Item [13] exempts from duty a vesting of association property in an association that occurs on the registration of a plan or dealing by which association property is created under the *Community Land Development Act 1989*.

Item [14] (proposed section 65 (23)) establishes a duty exemption for certain dutiable transactions that are made as a consequence of enforcement action taken in respect of a registered maintenance liability under the *Child Support (Registration and Collection) Act 1988* of the Commonwealth (such as a liability for child or spouse support).

Item [14] (proposed section 65 (24)) establishes a duty exemption for certain dutiable transactions that are made to rectify the consequences of fraudulent conduct or as a consequence of a court declaration that a registered transfer is void or voidable.

Items [15], [25] and [33] extend duty exemptions relating to the break-up of marriages and other relationships so that they apply to a transfer of vested bankruptcy property of a party to a marriage or de facto relationship in the same way as they apply to matrimonial property or relationship property.

Item [34] makes it clear that an exemption for the transfer of land used for primary production between family members does not apply if the person acquiring the land does so as a trustee.

Items [35] and [36] extend existing duty exemptions available to charitable and benevolent bodies so that they apply to a larger range of dutiable transactions.

Items [39] and [43] extend an existing exemption for securitisation arrangements so that it applies not only to loan-backed securities but to any asset-backed security. *Asset-backed security* is defined in item [43]. The amendments also ensure that the exemption applies to transactions or instruments to the extent that they relate to securitisation only. Items [37] and [38] include a similar limitation for securitisation arrangements that relate to mortgage-backed securities.

Dutiable transactions

Item [1] makes it clear, for avoidance of doubt, that a liability for duty arises in respect of a transaction with respect to dutiable property that is taken to be a transfer of dutiable property (such as an agreement to transfer property or a declaration of trust over dutiable property) even if the dutiable property is not in existence at the time that the transfer is taken to have occurred.

First Home Plus scheme

Item [16] ensures that a person who owns property as an executor of an estate is not prevented from being eligible under the First Home Plus scheme if he or she decides to purchase the property.

Item [19] makes further provision for the application of the First Home Plus scheme to multiple occupancy contracts. The object of the amendment is to ensure that the cap on the value of the dutiable transaction applies to that part of the land that is to be an exclusive occupancy under the contract, and not to the whole of the land. Items [17] and [18] are consequential amendments.

Amendment of Duties Act 1997 No 123

Schedule 1

Call option assignments

Item [20] provides for further circumstances in which the assignment of a call option will be considered to be a dutiable transaction. As a result of the amendment, an agreement or arrangement under which a person nominates another person as purchaser or transferee of dutiable property the subject of a call option will be treated as a dutiable transaction in certain circumstances. Item [21] is a consequential amendment. Item [22] is to avoid an argument that the provisions apply to natural persons only.

Landholder duty

Item [24] amends the landholder duty provisions that allow the tracing of interests through linked entities. The amendment clarifies that interests can be traced through trusts and partnerships. It also ensures that where a person holds property in different capacities, the property holdings will be treated as separate property holdings for the purposes of the tracing provisions.

Items [23] and [27] are law revision amendments to clarify that certain provisions that apply with respect to the custodian of the trustee of a unit trust scheme also apply to any sub-custodian of the custodian.

Item [26] omits a redundant provision.

Mortgage duty

Items [29] and [30] clarify the method for determining the value of property secured by a mortgage (for mortgage duty) when the mortgage relates to property that is partly within and partly outside New South Wales.

Item [29] makes it clear that more than one relevant document can be used for the purpose of determining the value of property affected by the mortgage. The document or documents used must provide a value of all the property affected by the mortgage. The proposed amendment also provides that, for a mortgagor who is a member of a group, the consolidated accounts of the group (if available and relevant) are to be used for the purpose of calculating the dutiable proportion of the mortgage. In that case, the only debt or equity to be taken into account is the debt or equity as disclosed in the consolidated accounts. This last requirement prevents a practice of double-counting which reduces the dutiable proportion of the mortgage.

Item [30] provides a method for calculating the value of the goodwill of a business or intellectual property in New South Wales, using a test similar to the test for business assets in Chapter 2 of the *Duties Act 1997*.

Item [31] removes a redundant provision.

Item [32] corrects a cross-reference.

Miscellaneous

Items [28] and [44] omit provisions of the *Duties Act 1997* relating to duty on lease instruments. The provisions are redundant on account of the abolition of lease duty. Items [2] and [40] are consequential amendments.

Item [41] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made as a consequence of the enactment of the proposed Act.

Item [42] provides for specific savings and transitional matters.

Schedule 2 Amendment of emergency services legislation

	-				
2.1	Fire Brigades Act 1989 No 192	3			
[1]	Section 47 Imposition of fire brigade contributions to be paid				
	Insert after section 47 (2):				
	(3) The Chief Executive, Emergency Management NSW (as defined in the <i>State Emergency and Rescue Management Act 1989</i>) or such other person as may be approved by the Minister is, on behalf of the Commissioner, authorised to collect fire brigade contributions and to bank the money that is collected before it is paid into the Fund.	6 7 8 9 10 11			
[2]	Section 49 When fire brigade contributions are to be paid	12			
	Omit "1 July" from section 49 (2) (a). Insert instead "1 August". Commencement Item [2] commences, or is taken to have commenced, on 30 June 2010. Explanatory note Item [1] of the proposed amendments expressly authorises the Chief Executive, Emergency Management NSW to collect fire brigade contributions payable under	13 14 15 16 17 18			
	Part 5 of the <i>Fire Brigades Act 1989</i> and to bank the money before it is paid into the NSW Fire Brigades Fund. Item [2] provides that the first of the 4 fire brigade contribution instalments for a financial year is to be paid on or before 1 August instead of 1 July.	19 20 21 22			
2.2	Rural Fires Act 1997 No 65	23			
[1]	Section 106 Imposition of rural fire brigade contributions to be paid	24			
	Insert after section 106 (2):	25			
	(3) The Chief Executive, Emergency Management NSW (as defined in the <i>State Emergency and Rescue Management Act 1989</i>) or such other person as may be approved by the Minister is, on behalf of the Commissioner, authorised to collect rural fire brigade contributions and bank the money that is collected before it is paid into the Fund.	26 27 28 29 30 31			
[2]	Section 108 When fire brigade contributions are to be paid	32			
	Omit "1 July" from section 108 (2) (a). Insert instead "1 August". Commencement Item [2] commences, or is taken to have commenced, on 30 June 2010.	33 34 35			

Amendment of emergency services legislation

Schedule 2

	Item collec and to Item	t rural f bank [2] prov	r note ressly authorises the Chief Executive, Emergency Management NSW to fire brigade contributions payable under Part 5 of the <i>Rural Fires Act 1997</i> the money before it is paid into the NSW Rural Fire Fighting Fund. rides that the first of the 4 rural fire brigade contribution instalments for a r is to be paid on or before 1 August instead of 1 July.	1 2 3 4 5 6
2.3	Stat	e Em	ergency and Rescue Management Act 1989 No 165	7
[1]	Sect	ion 3 I	Definitions	8
	Inser	t in alp	phabetical order in section 3 (1):	9
			<i>Chief Executive, Emergency Management NSW</i> means the person holding office under Chapter 1A of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002</i> as the chief executive of Emergency Management NSW.	10 11 12 13
			<i>Emergency Management NSW</i> means that part of the Government Service comprising the group of staff who are principally involved in the administration of this Act.	14 15 16
[2]	Sect	ion 20	A State Emergency Recovery Controller	17
	Omit	: "a ser	nior executive officer" where firstly occurring in section 20A (2).	18
	Inser	t inste	ad "the Chief Executive, Emergency Management NSW".	19
[3]	Sche	dule 4	4 Savings, transitional and other provisions	20
	Inser	t at the	e end of clause 1 (1):	21
			State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010, but only to the extent that it amends this Act, the Fire Brigades Act 1989, the Rural Fires Act 1997 or the State Emergency Service Act 1989.	22 23 24
[4]	Sche	dule 4	4, Part 7	25
	Inser	t after	Part 6:	26
	Par	t 7	Provisions consequent on State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010	27 28
	14	Colle	ection of emergency services contributions	29
		(1)	In this clause:	30
			<i>relevant provision</i> means any of the following provisions (as	31
			inserted by the <i>State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010</i>):	32
			 (a) section 47 (3) of the <i>Fire Brigades Act 1989</i>, (b) section 106 (3) of the <i>Rural Fires Act 1997</i>, 	33 34
			(0) section 100 (5) of the Natural Physics Act 1777,	54

(c) section 24E (3) of the <i>State Emergency Service Act 1989</i> .	1			
(2) Anything done by the Chief Executive, Emergency Management	2			
NSW before the commencement of this clause that could have	3			
been validly done under a relevant provision if the provision had	4			
been in force when it was done is taken to have been validly done on and from the date when it was done.	5 6			
Explanatory note	7			
Item [1] recognises Emergency Management NSW as being that part of the Government Service in which persons are employed to administer the <i>State Emergency and Rescue Management Act 1989</i> and also defines the position of Chief	8 9 10			
Executive, Emergency Management NSW.	11			
Item [2] provides that the person appointed as the State Emergency Recovery Controller must be the Chief Executive, Emergency Management NSW rather than any senior executive officer.	12 13 14			
Item [3] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made as a consequence of	14			
the proposed amendments and the amendments made elsewhere by this Schedule.	16			
Item [4] validates any previous action by the Chief Executive, Emergency Management NSW in collecting emergency services contributions.				
State Emergency Service Act 1989 No 164	19			
Section 24E Imposition of SES contributions to be paid	20			
Insert after section 24E (2):	21			
(3) The Chief Executive, Emergency Management NSW or such other person as may be approved by the Minister is, on behalf of the Commissioner, authorised to collect SES contributions and bank the money that is collected before it is paid into the Fund.	22 23 24 25			
Section 24G When SES contributions are to be paid 26				

[2] S

Omit "1 July" from section 24G (2) (a). Insert instead "1 August". Commencement Item [2] commences, or is taken to have commenced, on 30 June 2010. Explanatory note

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Item [1] expressly authorises the Chief Executive, Emergency Management NSW to collect SES contributions payable under Part 5A of the *State Emergency Service Act* 1989 and to bank the money before it is paid into the NSW State Emergency Service Fund.

Item [2] provides that the first of the 4 SES contribution instalments for a financial year is to be paid on or before 1 August instead of 1 July.

2.4

[1]

Amendment of Gaming Machine Tax Act 2001 No 72

Schedule 3

Sc	hedule 3 Amendment of Gaming Machine Tax Act 2001 No 72	1 2			
[1]	Section 12 Annual rate for hoteliers	3			
	Insert at the end of section 12:	4			
	Note. From the 2010 tax year, tax rates 1 and 2 are nil. Accordingly, no tax is payable on profits of up to \$200,000.	5 6			
[2]	Section 13 Instalment rate for hoteliers	7			
	Insert at the end of section 13:	8			
	Note. From the 2010 tax year, tax rates 1 and 2 are nil. Accordingly, an instalment is not payable on profits in an instalment period of up to \$50,000.	9 10 11			
[3]	Section 13A Tax rates for hoteliers	12			
	Omit the matter relating to 2010 and subsequent tax years from Table 1.	13			
	Insert instead:	14			
	2010 and Nil Nil 33.0 33.0 36.0 50.0 subsequent tax years				
[4]	Schedule 2 Savings and transitional provisions	15			
	Insert at the end of clause 1 (1):	16			
	State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010				
	Commencement				
	The amendments commence, or are taken to have commenced, on 1 July 2010.				
	Explanatory note				
	Item [3] of the proposed amendments changes the rates of gaming machine tax applicable to hotels in the year commencing 1 July 2010 and subsequent years. Hotels	21 22			
	will no longer be liable to pay gaming machine tax on the first \$200,000 of annual	23			
	gaming machine profits. For profits exceeding \$200,000 a year and up to \$5,000,000 a year, the rates are increased. For profits exceeding \$5,000,000 the rate remains the	24 25			
	same. Items [1] and [2] are consequential amendments.	26			
	Item [4] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made as a consequence of the enactment of the proposed Act.	27 28			

Item [4] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made as a consequence of the enactment of the proposed Act.

Scł	nedule 4	4 Amendment of Health Insurance Levies Act 1982 No 159	1 2
[1]	Section [•]	16C Authorised agents	3
	Omit sec	tion 16C (1) (a)–(d1). Insert instead:	4
		(a) N.I.B. Health Funds Limited, and	
		(b) Westfund Limited, and	6
		(c) Australian Health Management Group Pty Limited, and	7
		(d) Grand United Corporate Health Limited, and	8
[2]	Schedul	e 3 Transitional provisions	9
	Insert aft	er Part 5:	10
	Part 6	Provision consequent on enactment of State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010	11 12 13
	7 Au	thorised agents	14
	(1)	An appointment by the Minister for Health of a prescribed	15
		organisation as an authorised agent under section $16C(2)$ is taken	16
		on the commencement of the <i>State Revenue Legislation</i> <i>Amendment Act 2010</i> to be an appointment of the relevant	17 18
		successor organisation.	19
	(2)		20
		Minister for Health under section 16C (2) is taken on that commencement to be an agreement entered into with the relevant	21 22
		successor organisation.	22
	(3)	For the purposes of this clause, the <i>relevant successor</i> organisation is:	24 25
		(a) in the case of the Western District Health Fund—Westfund Limited, and	26 27
		(b) in the case of the Wollongong Hospital and Medical Benefits Contribution Fund—Australian Health Management Group Pty Limited, and	28 29 30
		(c) in the case of Grand United Friendly Society Limited— Grand United Corporate Health Limited.	31 32
	Explanato	-	33
	names of o	the proposed amendments removes a health benefits fund and updates the other health benefits funds that are listed as prescribed organisations. Under <i>Insurance Levies Act 1982</i> , the Minister for Health may appoint these	34 35 36

Amendment of Health Insurance Levies Act 1982 No 159

Schedule 4

organisations as authorised agents and enter into agreements with them for the purposes of performing functions under the State Ambulance Insurance Plan.

Item [2] is a savings provision that provides that the appointment, before the commencement of the proposed amendments, of a prescribed organisation as an authorised agent is taken to be an appointment of the prescribed organisation under its updated name. Similarly, an agreement entered into with a prescribed organisation before the commencement of the proposed amendments is taken to be an agreement with the prescribed organisation under its updated name.

Schedule 5	Amendment of Insurance Protection Tax
	Act 2001 No 40

			Act 2001 No 40			
[1]	Part	1A				
	Inser	Insert after Part 1:				
	Par	t 1A	Abolition of tax			
	3A	Aboli	ition of tax—effective 1 July 2011			
		(1)	The tax imposed by this Act is abolished on 1 July 2011.			
		(2)	The tax imposed by this Act is payable only in respect of a year commencing before 1 July 2011.			
		(3)	Section 11A applies only to a premium paid in a month occurring before July 2011.			
	3B	Liabi	lities not affected			
			The abolition of the tax imposed by this Act does not affect any liability to pay the tax that arises before 1 July 2011 and this Act continues to apply in respect of any such liability.			
	3C	Refu	nds of tax from Policyholders Protection Fund			
		(1)	If, at any time after 1 July 2011, the Treasurer determines that any amount standing to the credit of the Policyholders Protection Fund is not needed for payments to the Building Insurers' Guarantee Fund and the Nominal Defendant's Fund in accordance with Part 3A, the Treasurer may direct that the amount (the <i>refund amount</i>) be paid from the Policyholders Protection Fund for the purposes of providing a refund to insurers.			
		(2)	The refund amount is to be paid to insurers who pay tax under this Act in respect of the year commencing 1 July 2010.			
		(3)	Each of those insurers is to be paid the relevant proportion of the refund amount.			
		(4)	The relevant proportion is the proportion that the amount of tax paid by the insurer under this Act in respect of the year commencing 1 July 2010 bears to the total amount of tax paid by all insurers under this Act in respect of that year.			
		(5)	The Chief Commissioner is to pay the refund amount to insurers in accordance with this section.			

Amendment of Insurance Protection Tax Act 2001 No 40

Schedule 5

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[2] Section 16B Policyholders Protection Fund

Insert after section 16B (3) (c):

(ca) money the Treasurer directs to be paid from the Fund for the purposes of providing a refund to insurers in accordance with section 3C,

Explanatory note

Item [1] of the proposed amendments abolishes the tax imposed by the *Insurance Protection Tax Act 2001* with effect on 1 July 2011. It also enables the Treasurer to authorise the refund to insurers of any amounts standing to the credit of the Policyholders Protection Fund that are not required for the purposes of payment to the Building Insurers' Guarantee Fund and the Nominal Defendant's Fund. Item [2] is a consequential amendment.

Schedule 6 Amendment of Land Tax Management Act 1956 No 26

[1] Section 3B Concessional trust—meaning

Insert after section 3B (2):

- (3) For the purposes of this Act:
 - (a) a *special disability trust* (within the meaning of section 1209L of the *Social Security Act 1991* of the Commonwealth) is taken to be a concessional trust, and
 - (b) the principal beneficiary of the special disability trust, as referred to in section 1209M of the *Social Security Act 1991* of the Commonwealth, is taken to be a beneficiary of the trust.

[2] Section 9C Reduction in land value for flats on mixed development land or mixed use land

Insert after section 9C (3):

(4) For the purposes of determining whether a flat has been used and occupied by an owner of land as his or her principal place of residence under subsection (3) (a), clauses 8, 9 and 10 of Schedule 1A apply in respect of the flat, and that part of the land on which the flat is situated, in the same way as they apply in respect of land under the principal place of residence exemption.

Note. The effect of this provision is to deem a flat to be used and occupied by the owner of the land as a principal place of residence in certain circumstances, similar to the principal place of residence exemption. As a consequence, the land value of the mixed development land or mixed use land on which the flat is situated can be reduced by the allowable proportion under this section.

[3] Section 9D Reduction in land value for single dwellings on mixed use land

Insert after section 9D (6):

(6A) For the purposes of determining whether a single dwelling has been used and occupied by an owner of land as his or her principal place of residence under subsection (6) (a), clauses 8, 9 and 10 of Schedule 1A apply in respect of the single dwelling, and that part of the land on which the dwelling is situated, in the same way as they apply in respect of land under the principal place of residence exemption.

Note. The effect of this provision is to deem a single dwelling to be used and occupied by the owner of the land as a principal place of residence in certain circumstances, similar to the principal place of residence

/ inci			
		exemption. As a consequence, the land value of the mixed use land on which the single dwelling is situated can be reduced by the allowable proportion under this section.	
[4]	Section 10	Land exempted from tax	
		<i>dren (Care and Protection) Act 1987</i> , a residential child care centre der that Act" from section 10 (1) (g) (ii).	
	Insert instead	ad "Children and Young Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1998".	
[5]	Section 10	(1) (p1)	
		t is, an agreement that remains in force for an indefinite period and t be unilaterally terminated by the owner of the land)" after	
[6]	Section 10	(2) (a)	
	Omit "secti	on 10B (2)". Insert instead "section 10B".	
[7]	Section 11	Limitation of exemption	
	Insert at the	e end of the section:	
	(2)	This section does not apply in respect of the principal place of residence exemption (within the meaning of Schedule 1A). Note. See clause 2 (3) of Schedule 1A.	
[8]	Section 25	A Classification of trust as special trust	
	Insert "tha	t is made on the application of the trustee of a trust" after ion of a trust as a special trust" in section 25A (3).	
[9]	Section 25	A (7)	
		t is made on the application of the trustee of a trust" after of a classification".	
10]	Section 25	A (10)	
	Insert at the	e end of section 25A (10) (b):	
		, and	
		(c) assess or re-assess any land tax liability for land the subject of a trust that is not a fixed trust on the basis of the trust being a special trust, including land tax liability in respect of land tax years that commenced or occurred before the trust was classified as a special trust.	

Schedule 6 Amendment of Land Tax Management Act 1956 No 26

[11]	Section 25	5A (11)	1			
	Insert after section 25A (10):					
	(11)	In this section:	3			
	<i>fixed trust</i> has the meaning given by section 3A.					
[12]	Section 26	Purchaser and vendor	5			
	Omit section	on 26 (3). Insert instead:	6			
	(3)	However, the purchaser under the agreement for sale is taken, for the purposes of this Act, to be the owner of the land (to the exclusion of the liability of the registered proprietor or vendor) if under the terms of the agreement for sale:	7 8 9 10			
		(a) the purchaser is entitled to receive, if the land is let to a tenant, any rents and profits derived from the tenancy, or	11 12			
		(b) the purchaser is entitled to exclusive possession of the land and has taken possession of the land.	13 14			
[13]	Section 65	A Alteration of strata unit entitlements	15			
	Omit the se	ection.	16			
[14]	Schedule	1A Principal place of residence exemption	17			
	Omit "2 tax	x years" wherever occurring in clause 6 (3).	18			
	Insert inste	ad "4 tax years".	19			
[15]	Schedule	1A, clause 6 (4)	20			
	Omit the su	ıbclause.	21			
[16]	Schedule	1A, clause 6 (7) (a)	22			
	Insert "or 9	D" after "section 9C".	23			
[17]	Schedule [•]	1A, clause 7 (4)	24			
	Omit "any	tax year". Insert instead "the tax year".	25			
[18]	Schedule	1A, clause 8 (3A)	26			
	Insert after	clause 8 (3):	27			
	(3A)	The principal place of residence exemption also ceases to have effect if the land ceases to be capable of being used and occupied as a residence and remains incapable of being so used and occupied for a period exceeding 4 years.	28 29 30 31			

Amendment of Land Tax Management Act 1956 No 26	Schedule 6
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[19]	Schedule 1A, clause 8 (7) (a)	1
	Omit "the total period for which any such right of occupation is conferred does not exceed 6 months in the tax year".	2 3
	Insert instead "the period for which any such right of occupation is conferred does not exceed a continuous period of 6 months, or a total period of 182 days, in the tax year".	4 5 6
[20]	Schedule 1A, clause 8 (7A)	7
	Insert after clause 8 (7):	8
	(7A) For the purposes of subclause (7), each overnight stay counts as one day.	9 10
[21]	Schedule 1A, clause 9 (1A)	11
	Omit the subclause.	12
[22]	Schedule 1A, clause 9 (2)	13
	Omit "Subclauses (1) and (1A) operate".	14
	Insert instead "Subclause (1) operates".	15
[23]	Schedule 1A, clause 9 (3) (c) (i)	16
	Omit "(or the flat or dwelling)".	17
[24]	Schedule 1A, clause 10 (2)	18
	Omit the subclause. Insert instead:	19
	(2) A person who is taken to be the owner of land under this clause is taken to be the owner to the exclusion of any company that owns the land in its capacity as the deceased person's personal representative.	20 21 22 23
[25]	Schedule 1A, clause 11	24
	Insert at the end of the note at the end of the clause: See also clause 10 (2).	25 26
[26]	Schedule 1A, clause 13 (1) (b)	27
	Omit the paragraph. Insert instead:	28
	(b) the lots are in the same ownership, and	29

[27]	Schedule	1A, cla	ause 13 (1A)	1
	Insert after clause 13 (1):			
	(1A)	Lots	are in the same ownership if:	3
	()	(a)	the lots are owned by the same person or, if any of the lots are jointly owned, the lots are all jointly owned by the same persons, or	4 5 6
		(b)	each lot is beneficially owned by the same person or, if any of the lots have more than one beneficial owner, each lot is beneficially owned by the same persons (subject to clause 11).	7 8 9 10
[28]	Schedule	1A, cla	ause 13 (2) (a1)	11
	Insert after	clause	e 13 (2) (a):	12
		(a1)	separate lots that are divided by a fence, wall or other structure are not to be regarded as adjoining unless access is readily available between the lots, by means of gates, doors, steps, stiles, elevators or openings or by similar means, and	13 14 15 16 17
[29]	Schedule	1A, cla	ause 14 (1) (b)	18
	Omit the pa	aragrap	bh. Insert instead:	19
		(b)	the strata lots are in the same ownership, and	20
[30]	Schedule	1A, cla	ause 14 (1A)	21
	Insert after	clause	: 14 (1):	22
	(1A)	Strat	a lots are in the same ownership if:	23
		(a)	the lots are owned by the same person or, if any of the lots are jointly owned, the lots are all jointly owned by the same persons, or	24 25 26
		(b)	each lot is beneficially owned by the same person or, if any of the lots have more than one beneficial owner, each lot is beneficially owned by the same persons (subject to clause 11).	27 28 29 30
[31]	Schedule	2 Savi	ngs and transitional provisions	31
	Insert at the end of clause 1A (1):			32
	State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010			

Amendment of Land Tax Management Act 1956 No 26

Schedule 6

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[32] Schedule 2, Part 24

Insert after Part 23:

Part 24 Provisions consequent on enactment of State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010

48 Definition

In this Part:

amending Act means the *State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010.*

49 Application of amendments

The amendments made to this Act by the amending Act apply in respect of a land tax year commencing on or after the date of commencement of the amendments and do not affect any liability for land tax in respect of any land tax year commencing before that date, except as otherwise provided by this Part.

50 Repeal of section 65A

- (1) The repeal of section 65A by the amending Act is taken to have had effect on and from the relevant date.
- (2) The repeal revokes the power that was conferred on the Chief Commissioner by that section, including in relation to a tax year occurring or commencing before the relevant date.
- (3) The amending Act does not affect the validity of any assessment, reassessment or compromise assessment of land tax made on the basis of section 65A before the relevant date.
- (4) The amending Act does not affect any objection lodged or other proceedings commenced before the relevant date that have not been finally determined and section 65A continues to apply for those purposes only.
- (5) In this clause, the *relevant date* means the date of introduction of the Bill for the *State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010* into the Legislative Assembly.

51 Concession for unoccupied land intended to be owner's principal place of residence

Clause 6 of Schedule 1A, as in force immediately before its amendment by the amending Act, continues to apply in respect of a claim for the principal place of residence exemption that is

Schedule 6 Amendment of Land Tax Management Act 1956 No 26

made by a person in respect of the 2011 tax year or a subsequent tax year if clause 6 of Schedule 1A applied in respect of the assessment of the person's ownership of the land in the 2010 tax year or a previous tax year.

Explanatory note

Special disability trusts

Item [1] of the proposed amendments provides that a special disability trust is a concessional trust for the purposes of the *Land Tax Management Act* 1956 (**the Act**). A special disability trust is a trust that is established for the purpose of making financial provision for people with disabilities and that complies with the requirements of the *Social Security Act* 1991 of the Commonwealth. This enables the principal place of residence exemption to be claimed by the trustee of the trust.

Mixed development and mixed use land

Items [2] and [3] relate to the land tax reduction that is applicable to mixed use or mixed development land where part of the land is used and occupied as a principal place of residence. The amendments apply certain concessions that are available under the principal place of residence exemption for residential land, so that the land tax reduction can be applied in certain circumstances where the residence concerned is not actually being used and occupied by the owner of the land. The concessions on death of the owner, and the concession for a tenancy following the death of an owner. The last 2 concessions are already available in relation to mixed use and mixed development land, but the amendments restructure the relevant provisions so that they are all located in the one place.

Items [21]–[23] and [24] (to the extent that it omits clause 10 (2) of Schedule 1A) are consequential amendments.

Principal place of residence exemption

The general rule for exemptions from land tax is that the exemption applies to the benefit of the owner of the land who is exempt, and not to any other owners. Item [7] makes it clear that this is subject to the principal place of residence exemption (that is, if one owner uses and occupies the land as a principal place of residence all owners receive the benefit of the principal place of residence exemption).

Item [14] extends (from 2 to 4 years) the period during which the principal place of residence exemption can be claimed in respect of unoccupied land that is intended to be the owner's principal place of residence. As a consequence of item [15], the Chief Commissioner of State Revenue (the **Chief Commissioner**) will no longer have a discretion to extend that period further.

Item [17] makes it clear that the concession under the principal place of residence exemption for the sale of a former principal place of residence can apply only for one tax year.

Items [19] and [20] revise the conditions under which a person can claim the principal place of residence exemption during an extended absence. At present, the exemption can be claimed only if the residence is not rented for more than 6 months in a tax year. The amendments clarify that the residence also must not be rented for a total period of 182 days in a tax year, with each overnight stay counting as one day.

Item [18] further provides that the principal place of residence exemption ceases to have effect if the land ceases to be capable of being used and occupied as a principal place of residence and remains incapable of being so used and occupied for a period exceeding 4 years.

Item [24] (to the extent that it inserts new clause 10 (2) in Schedule 1A) allows the principal place of residence exemption to be claimed in respect of land owned by a

Amendment of Land Tax Management Act 1956 No 26

Schedule 6

company in its capacity as the personal representative of a deceased person, in a case where the existing principal place of residence concession for a continuing tenancy following the death of an owner of the land would apply. Item [25] is a consequential amendment.

Item [28] clarifies the circumstances in which the principal place of residence exemption can be claimed in respect of 2 adjoining lots of land where the lots are divided by a fence, wall or other structure. In order for the exemption to apply, access must be readily available between the lots by means of gates, doors, steps, stiles, elevators or openings, or by similar means. This requirement is additional to the other requirements applicable to adjoining lots of land (for instance, that the lots must be in the same ownership and occupied as the site of a single residence).

Items [27] and [30] provide, in relation to the same exemption, that lots may be regarded as being in the same ownership if the lots are beneficially owned by the same person or persons. Items [26] and [29] are consequential amendments.

Classification of trusts

At present, the Act allows the Chief Commissioner to classify a trust as a special trust either on the application of the trustee or on his or her own motion. Land the subject of a special trust does not receive the benefit of the tax-free threshold. Land that is the subject of a fixed trust does receive the benefit of the tax-free threshold. Items [8]–[11] make it clear that the fact that the Chief Commissioner does not classify a fixed trust as a special trust until a particular year does not prevent the Chief Commissioner from assessing or re-assessing the land tax liability in respect of land the subject of that trust for a previous year if that trust was not a fixed trust. However, a classification of a fixed trust as a special trust that is made on the application of the trustee of the trust has a prospective application only.

Alteration of strata scheme unit entitlements

Item [13] repeals section 65A of the Act. This provision enabled the Chief Commissioner to alter unit entitlements under a strata scheme for land tax purposes.

Miscellaneous

Item [5] clarifies the circumstances in which land the subject of a voluntary conservation agreement will be exempt from land tax. The existing requirement is that the agreement must be one that has effect in perpetuity. The amendment defines that to mean an agreement that remains in force for an indefinite period and which cannot be unilaterally terminated by the owner of the land.

Item [4] is a law revision amendment to update a reference to the *Children (Care and Protection) Act 1987*, which has been replaced by the *Children and Young Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1998*. The amendment in Schedule 13.1 is consequential on this amendment.

Item [6] corrects a cross-reference.

Item [12] clarifies that a purchaser under an agreement for sale of land will be taken to be the owner of the land for land tax purposes (to the exclusion of the owner) if, under the terms of the agreement, the purchaser is entitled to receive any rents or profits derived from a tenancy of the land or the purchaser is entitled to exclusive possession of the land.

Item [16] updates a reference to the concession provision that applies to flats on mixed development land or mixed use land so that it extends to the similar concession provision that applies to single dwellings on mixed use land.

Item [31] provides for the making of savings and transitional regulations as a consequence of the enactment of the proposed Act.

Item [32] provides for specific savings and transitional matters.

Page 47

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Schedule 7 Amendment of Motor Vehicles Taxation Act 1988 No 111

Schedule 7 Amendment of Motor Vehicles Taxation Act 1988 No 111

1

[1]	Section 3 Definit	tions	3		
	Insert in alphabet	ical order in section 3 (1):	4		
	bus	bus means a motor vehicle (not being a taxi-cab):			
	(a)	plying on a road or road related area for hire for the conveyance of passengers at separate fares, or	6 7		
	(b)	fitted or equipped or constructed so as to seat more than 8 adult persons and used or let or intended to be used or let for the conveyance of passengers for hire or for any consideration or in the course of any trade or business.	8 9 10 11		
		<i>taxed motor vehicle</i> means a motor vehicle not exceeding 0 kilograms in weight that:	12 13		
	(a)	is used substantially for private purposes and has been modified in a manner or to an extent that is recognised by the Authority as being solely or primarily for the transport of a wheelchair, or	14 15 16 17		
	(b)	is owned by at least one person who receives a carer allowance or carer payment under the <i>Social Security Act 1991</i> of the Commonwealth, or	18 19 20		
	(c)	is designated by the Authority as a kind of energy efficient motor vehicle in a list that is maintained for the purposes of this definition by the Authority and is made publicly available on its website or in some other manner that the Authority considers appropriate, or	21 22 23 24 25		
	(d)	is a trailer.	26		
[2]	Section 3 (1), de	finition of "motor car"	27		
	Omit "motor omr	ibus". Insert instead "bus".	28		
[3]	Section 3 (1), de	finition of "motor omnibus"	29		
	Omit the definition	on.	30		

Schedule 7

[4]	Section	n 3B		1		
	Omit th	ne section.	Insert instead:	2		
		Relationsl Act 1997	hip with Part 2A of Road Transport (Vehicle Registration)	3		
		of ta	Act applies to motor vehicles in respect of which an amount ax (including a nil amount) is specified in Schedule 1, but s not apply to:	5 6 7		
		(a)	a vehicle in respect of which a registration charge (including a nil charge) is imposed under Part 2A of the <i>Road Transport (Vehicle Registration) Act 1997</i> , or	8 9 10		
		(b)	unless otherwise expressly provided in that Schedule, a vehicle that is exempt from registration charges under that Part.	11 12 13		
		Note make	Part 2A of the Road Transport (Vehicle Registration) Act 1997 es provision for registration charges for heavy vehicles.	14 15		
[5]	Sectio	n 5 Amou	nt of tax	16		
	Omit "	1996" fror	n section 5 (1). Insert instead "2010".	17		
[6]	Sectio	n 5 (1A)		18		
	Omit the subsection. Insert instead:					
	(1.	class on a the	gistration or renewal of registration of a motor vehicle of a s described in Schedule 1 is effected for 1 year commencing ny date (referred to in this section as the <i>registration date</i>), amount of motor vehicle tax applicable to the vehicle on stration or renewal of registration is:	20 21 22 23 24		
		(a)	in a case where the registration date occurs in the calendar year 2011—the amount of such tax specified in Schedule 1 for a motor vehicle of that class, adjusted by the prescribed proportion, or	25 26 27 28		
		(b)	in a case where the registration date occurs in any subsequent calendar year—the amount of such tax for which a motor vehicle of that class was liable during the previous year, adjusted by the prescribed proportion.	29 30 31 32		
[7]	Sectio	n 5 (1E)		33		
	Omit th	ne subsecti	ion.	34		

Schedule 7 Amendment of Motor Vehicles Taxation Act 1988 No 111

[8] Section 23 Regulations

Omit "motor omnibuses" wherever occurring in section 23 (2) (b). Insert instead "buses".

[9] Schedule 1

Omit the Schedule. Insert instead:

Schedule 1 Motor vehicle tax for 2010

(Section 5)

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Note. Clause 2 of Schedule 2 provides that the amounts of tax specified in this Schedule do not apply to motor vehicle tax payable under this Act before 1 July 2010. Registrations and renewals effected in 2011 and subsequent calendar years attract motor vehicle tax at indexed rates determined in accordance with section 5.

1 Motor cycles

The amount of tax for a motor cycle is \$52.

2 Motor vehicles not exceeding 2,500 kg

The amount of tax for a motor vehicle (other than a motor cycle) that has a weight not exceeding 2,500 kilograms is:

- (a) if the vehicle is used substantially for private purposes and is not a lower taxed motor vehicle—the amount specified in Column 2 of Table 1 to this clause shown opposite the appropriate range of weights for the vehicle in Column 1 of that Table, or
- (b) if the vehicle is not used substantially for private purposes and is not a lower taxed motor vehicle—the amount specified in Column 3 of Table 1 to this clause shown opposite the appropriate range of weights for the vehicle in Column 1 of that Table, or
- (c) if the vehicle is used substantially for private purposes and is a lower taxed motor vehicle—the amount specified in Column 2 of Table 2 to this clause shown opposite the appropriate range of weights for the vehicle in Column 1 of that Table, or
- (d) if the vehicle is not used substantially for private purposes and is a lower taxed motor vehicle—the amount specified in Column 3 of Table 2 to this clause shown opposite the appropriate range of weights for the vehicle in Column 1 of that Table.

Amendment of Motor Vehicles Taxation Act 1988 No 111

Schedule 7

Table 1—Mo vehicles	otor vehicle	s that are not low	er taxed motor	
Column 1		Column 2	Column 3	
Weight of vehicle		Tax if vehicle used substantially for private purposes	Tax if vehicle not used substantially for private purposes	
Exceeding kg	Not exceeding kg	\$	\$	
	975	176	286	
975	1,150	204	325	
1,150	1,500	250	394	
1,500	2,500	381	594	

Table 2—Lower taxed motor vehicles

Column 1		Column 2	Column 3 Tax if vehicle not used substantially for private purposes	
Weight of ve	hicle	Tax if vehicle used substantially for private purposes		
Exceeding Not kg exceeding kg		\$	\$	
	975	176	286	
975	1,150	199	320	
1,150	1,500	230	374	
1,500	2,500	351	564	

3 Motor vehicles exceeding 2,500 kg that are not buses, private use vehicles, motor lorries or light self-propelled plant

The amount of tax for a motor vehicle with all of the following characteristics is the amount specified in, or calculated in the manner specified in, Column 2 of the Table to this clause shown opposite the appropriate range of weights for the vehicle in Column 1 of that Table:

- (a) the vehicle has a weight exceeding 2,500 kilograms,
- (b) the vehicle is not liable to registration charges (including a nil charge) under Part 2A of the *Road Transport (Vehicle*

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Schedule 7 Amendment of Motor Vehicles Taxation Act 1988 No 111

Registration) Act 1997 or is exempt from registration charges under that Part,

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- (c) the vehicle is not used substantially for private purposes,
- (d) the vehicle is not a bus, motor lorry or light self-propelled plant as defined in clause 6.

Column 1		Column 2	
Weight of the	vehicle	Тах	
Exceeding kg	Not exceeding kg	\$	
2,500	2,790	922	
2,790	3,050	1,048	
3,050	3,300	1,148	
3,300	3,560	1,248	
3,560	3,810	1,340	
3,810	4,060	1,442	
4,060	4,320	1,537	
4,320	4,500	1,636	
4,500	4,830	1,730	
4,830	5,080	1,828	
5,080	5,330	1,931	
5,330	5,590	2,025	
5,590	5,840	2,125	
5,840	6,100	2,221	
6,100	6,350	2,318	
6,350	6,600	2,413	
6,600	6,860	2,515	
6,860	7,110	2,609	
7,110		\$2,609 plus \$94.90 for each 254 kg or part thereof by which the weight exceeds 7,110 kg	

kg

2,500

kg

2,790

Schedule 7 Amendment of Motor Vehicles Taxation Act 1988 No 111

Column 1		Column 2
Weight of veh	icle	Тах
Exceeding kg	Not exceeding kg	\$
2,790	3,050	1,092
3,050	3,300	1,196
3,300	3,560	1,301
3,560	3,810	1,397
3,810	4,060	1,503
4,060	4,320	1,603
4,320	4,500	1,705

7 Primary producers' vehicles—special provisions

The amount of tax for a primary producer's vehicle that is a motor lorry (other than a station wagon), a tractor or a trailer is the lesser of the following amounts: 1

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- (a) 55 per cent of the amount which would, but for this clause, be applicable to the vehicle under clause 2 or 3,
- (b) \$564 (in the case of a lower taxed motor vehicle) or \$594 (in the case of a motor vehicle that is not a lower taxed motor vehicle).

8 Tractors—special provisions

Despite any other provision of this Schedule:

- (a) the amount of tax payable for a tractor that is not a primary producer's vehicle is not to exceed:
 - (i) if the tractor is a lower taxed motor vehicle— \$960, or
 - (ii) if the tractor is not a lower taxed motor vehicle— \$990, and
- (b) the amount of tax payable for a tractor that is a primary producer's vehicle is not to exceed:
 - (i) if the tractor is a lower taxed motor vehicle— \$528, or
 - (ii) if the tractor is not a lower taxed motor vehicle— \$545.

	9	Addi	tional	amount of tax—vehicles over 3,560 kg	1
		(1)	This	clause applies to a motor vehicle that:	2
			(a)	has a weight exceeding 3,560 kilograms, and	3
			(b)	is not liable to registration charges (including a nil charge) under Part 2A of the <i>Road Transport (Vehicle</i> <i>Registration) Act 1997</i> or is exempt from registration charges under that Part, and	4 5 6 7
			(c)	is not used substantially for private purposes.	8
		(2)		amount of tax applicable under clause 3 or 4 to a vehicle to h this clause applies is increased:	9 10
			(a)	if the vehicle is not a bus—by \$221, or	11
			(b)	if the vehicle is a bus—by \$133.	12
[10]	Sche	dule 2	2 Savin	ngs and transitional provisions	13
	Insert	at the	end of	f clause 1 (1):	14
			State	Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010	15
[11]	Schee	dule 2	2, claus	se 2	16
	Insert after clause 1:			17	
				consequent on enactment of State Revenue Legislation nt Act 2010	18 19
			Rever motor regist regist Acco with	amendments made to section 5 and Schedule 1 by the <i>State</i> <i>nue Legislation Amendment Act 2010</i> do not affect any r vehicle tax that was or is payable in relation to the tration or renewal of registration of a motor vehicle if that tration or renewal was required before 1 July 2010. rdingly, any such motor vehicle tax is payable in accordance this Act as in force before the commencement of those adments.	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27
	Comm	nencer	nent		28
				ommence, or are taken to have commenced, on 1 July 2010.	29
	Explanatory note				
	the Mc Act for as me substa owned Comm an end	otor Ve statut aning intially by a ionwea ergy e	hicles 7 e law re a moto for priv a perso alth Gov fficient	sed amendments includes the term <i>lower taxed motor vehicle</i> in <i>Faxation Act 1988 (the Act</i>) and updates another term used in that evision purposes. The term <i>lower taxed motor vehicle</i> is defined r vehicle, not exceeding 2,500 kilograms in weight, that is used vate purposes and is modified for wheelchair transport, that is on receiving a carer payment or carer allowance from the vernment, that is designated by the Roads and Traffic Authority as motor vehicle in a list kept by the Authority and made publicly trailer. Items [2] and [3] are consequential amendments.	31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39

Schedule 7 Amendment of Motor Vehicles Taxation Act 1988 No 111

Item [9] substitutes Schedule 1 to the Act which contains the amounts of motor vehicle tax. The new Schedule updates the figures which have been automatically increased, in accordance with section 5 of the Act, to reflect CPI increases since the Schedule was substituted in 1996. The new Schedule also generally increases the tax payable by vehicles not exceeding 2,500 kilograms in weight on a sliding scale of \$5 to \$30 increasing with the weight of the vehicle.

The following motor vehicles are exempt from the non-CPI related increases of tax:

- (a) lower taxed motor vehicles,
- (b) motor cycles,

(c) motor vehicles not exceeding 975 kilograms in weight.

Items [5]–[8] are consequential amendments.

Item [4] substitutes section 3B of the Act for statute law revision purposes to clarify the relationship between the Act and Part 2A of the *Road Transport (Vehicle Registration) Act 1997* which deals with registration charges for heavy vehicles. The new section makes it clear that, if Schedule 1 to the Act expressly provides (as is currently the case), motor vehicle tax is payable in respect of certain heavy vehicles that are exempt from tax under Part 2A of the *Road Transport (Vehicle Registration) Act 1997*.

Item [10] enables regulations of a savings or transitional nature to be made consequent on the enactment of the proposed amendments.

Item [11] provides that the new rates of motor vehicle tax are not payable in relation to a motor vehicle if it was required to be registered, or its registration was required to be renewed, before 1 July 2010.

Amendment of Payroll Tax Act 2007 No 21

Schedule 8

Schedule 8		Amendment of Payroll Tax Act 2007 No 21			
[1]	Sect	ion 53	nity and adoption leave	3	
	Inser	t at the	end o	f section 53:	4
			pateri	. Clause 13A of Schedule 2 provides for a similar exemption for nity leave given to a male employee. That exemption is not included me corresponding laws.	5 6 7
[2]				ulation of payroll tax liability for financial year uly 2007 and subsequent financial years	8 9
	Omit	: paragr	aphs ((c) and (d) from the definition of \boldsymbol{R} in clause 1.	10
	Inser	t instea	d:		11
			(c)	5.65% on and from 1 January 2010 until the end of 30 June 2010, and	12 13
			(d)	5.5% on and from 1 July 2010 until the end of 31 December 2010, and	14 15
			(e)	5.45% on and from 1 January 2011.	16
[3]	Sche	edule 2	NSW	specific provisions	17
				n employee of the employer within the period of 3 months ng employment as a trainee" from clause 5 (5) (b).	18 19
	than	3 mont	hs full	o has been continuously employed by the employer for more l-time or 12 months casual or part-time immediately prior to loyment as a trainee".	20 21 22
[4]	Sche	edule 2	, clau	se 13A	23
	Inser	t after o	clause	13:	24
	13A	Pater	nity le	eave	25
		(1)	empl male with	es are exempt wages if they are paid or payable to an oyee in respect of paternity leave, being leave given to a employee in connection with the pregnancy of a woman his unborn child or the birth of his child (other than sick e, recreation leave, annual leave or any similar leave).	26 27 28 29 30
		(2)		immaterial whether the leave is taken during or after the nancy.	31 32
		(3)	maxi	exemption is limited to wages paid or payable in respect of a mum of 14 weeks paternity leave in respect of any one nancy.	33 34 35

Page 57

(4)	For the avoidance of doubt, a reference in subclause (3) to a
	period of 14 weeks paternity leave is a reference to:

(a) a period that is the equivalent of 14 weeks leave on full pay, in the case of full-time employees who take leave on less than full pay, or

- (b) a period of 14 weeks leave at part-time rates of pay, in the case of part-time employees.
- (5) The exemption does not apply to any part of wages paid or payable in respect of paternity leave that comprises fringe benefits.
- (6) An employer wishing to claim an exemption under this clause in respect of paternity leave must obtain and keep a medical certificate in respect of, or statutory declaration by, the employee:
 - (a) stating that a woman is or was pregnant with the employee's unborn child, or
 - (b) stating that a woman has given birth to the employee's child and the date of birth.

Note. Section 53 of the *Taxation Administration Act* 1996 requires these records to be kept for at least 5 years unless the Chief Commissioner authorises earlier destruction.

[5] Schedule 2A Special provisions for financial years 2008–2010

Omit the note at the end of clause 3. Insert instead:

Note. This method of adding the payroll tax payable for 2 half-years accommodates the financial years commencing on 1 July 2008, 2009 and 2010, in which the rate that applies in the first half of the year is different from the rate that applies in the second half of the year.

[6]	Schedule 3 Savings, transitional and other provisions	27			
	Insert at the end of clause 1 (1):				
	State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010				

Amendment of Payroll Tax Act 2007 No 21

Schedule 8

[7] Schedule 3, Part 6

Insert after Part 5:

Part 6 Provision consequent on enactment of State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act

19 Exemptions and rebates

The amendments to Schedule 2 made by the *State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010* apply to wages paid or payable on or after 1 July 2010.

Commencement

The amendments commence, or are taken to have commenced, on 1 July 2010.

Explanatory note

Item [2] of the proposed amendments reduces the payroll tax rate payable for the period from 1 July 2010 to 31 December 2010 from 5.65% to 5.5%. This brings forward the payroll tax reduction that was due to occur on 1 January 2011. From 1 January 2011, the rate is further reduced to 5.45%. Item [5] is a consequential amendment to update a note.

Item [4] exempts from payroll tax wages that are paid or payable to a male employee for paternity leave. This exemption is similar to the exemption that applies to maternity leave and adoption leave. Item [1] inserts a note in the maternity leave exemption provisions drawing attention to the paternity leave exemption. The paternity leave provisions are in a different part of the Act because not all States and Territories have adopted a paternity leave exemption. Item [7] provides that the amendment applies to wages paid or payable on or after 1 July 2010.

Item [3] provides that the payroll tax rebate that an employer is entitled to in respect of apprentice/trainee wages does not apply to wages payable to a trainee who has been continuously employed by the employer for more than 3 months full-time or 12 months casual or part-time immediately before commencing work as a trainee. This replaces an existing exclusion for wages payable to a trainee who was an employee of the employer within the period of 3 months before becoming a trainee. Item [7] provides that the amendment applies to wages paid or payable on or after 1 July 2010.

Item [6] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made as a consequence of the enactment of the proposed Act.

Schedule 9 Amendment of Public Finance and Audit Act 1983 No 152

Schedule 9 Amendment of Public Finance and Audit Act 1983 No 152

Section 12A

Insert after section 12:

12A Minister may delegate or authorise other Ministers to delegate expenditure of money appropriated etc to Minister

- (1) A Minister to whom a sum of money is appropriated out of the Consolidated Fund for a use or purpose (whether by an annual Appropriation Act or other Act) may:
 - (a) delegate to another Minister or to an officer of any authority, or

(b) authorise another Minister to delegate to an officer of any authority,

the committing or incurring of expenditure from the sum so appropriated.

- (2) A Minister who is authorised to make payments for a use or purpose from any account in the Special Deposits Account may:
 - (a) delegate to another Minister or to an officer of any authority, or
 - (b) authorise another Minister to delegate to an officer of any authority,

the committing or incurring of expenditure from the money in that account.

(3) This section has effect for the purposes of section 12 and any other law of the State.

Commencement

The amendment commences, or is taken to have commenced, on 1 July 2010.

Explanatory note

The proposed amendment (which makes express provision for a Minister's authority to delegate the incurring of expenditure from money appropriated or made available to the Minister) is consequential on the revised format of the *Appropriation Bill 2010* arising from the amalgamation of government departments and other agencies. The principal agencies are responsible to more than one Minister. The *Appropriation Bill 2010* provides that the appropriation for an agency is made to one of those Ministers with the intention that the Minister will authorise other relevant Ministers (under the above amendment) to incur expenditure, or to delegate authority to incur expenditure to relevant officers of the agency, in relation to the service group for which the other Minister is responsible.

Amendment of real property legislation

Scl	hedu	le 10	Amendment of real property legislation	1
10.1	l Rea	l Pro	perty Act 1900 No 25	2
[1]	Sect	ion 3 l	Definitions	3
	Inser	t in alı	bhabetical order in section 3 (1) (a):	4
			<i>Torrens assurance levy</i> —has the meaning given by section 134A.	5 6
[2]	Sect	ion 11	7 Certificate of correctness	7
	Omit	:"1 pe	nalty unit" from section 117 (2). Insert instead "10 penalty units".	8
[3]	Sect	ion 13	4 Torrens Assurance Fund	9
	Omit	sectio	on 134 (2) (a). Insert instead:	10
			(a) any amounts that the Minister (after consultation with the	11
			Treasurer) directs to be paid to the Fund from Torrens assurance levies paid to the Registrar-General (whether	12 13
			during the financial year in which the levies are paid or in	14
			subsequent financial years),	15
[4]	Sect	ion 13	4 (2A)	16
	Inser	t after	section 134 (2):	17
		(2A)	The Minister may make a direction under subsection (2) (a) at	18
			any time after the levies are paid into the Consolidated Fund, in which case the amounts are to be paid into the Torrens Assurance	19 20
			Fund without further appropriation.	21
[5]	Sect	ion 13	4 (4)	22
	Omit	the su	ubsection.	23
[6]	Sect	ion 13	4A	24
	Inser	t after	section 134:	25
	134A	Torr	ens assurance levy	26
		(1)	The regulations may require a levy (a <i>Torrens assurance levy</i>) to be paid to the Registrar-General in respect of any dealing, caveat, withdrawal of caveat, instrument, application or request lodged under this Act.	27 28 29 30
		(2)	The regulations are to specify the amount of the levy or the manner of calculating the amount of the levy.	31 32

Scheo	dule 10	A	Amendment of real property legislation	
		(3)	A Torrens assurance levy may comprise a specified amount, an ad valorem amount, or a specified base amount to which an ad valorem amount is added.	
		(4)	A Torrens assurance levy is additional to any fee that is payable under this Act for the lodgment of a dealing, caveat, withdrawal of caveat, instrument, application or request.	
7]	Sect	ion 14	44 Regulations	
	Omit	: "may	y make regulations prescribing" from section 144 (1).	
	Inser	t inste	ead "may make regulations for or with respect to".	
8]	Sect	ion 14	44 (1) (b) and (c)	
			on 144 (1) (b). Insert instead:	
			(b) the Torrens assurance levies payable under this Act, and	
			(c) the refund or waiver of any such fees, charges, expenses or levies, and	
9]	Sect	ion 14	44A	
	Inser	t after	r section 144:	
1	44A	Рауі	ment and recovery of fees or levies	
		(1)	The Registrar-General may enter into an arrangement with the Chief Commissioner of State Revenue for the administration and enforcement of any provision made by or under this Act for the payment of fees or levies.	
		(2)	The regulations may make provision, in connection with any such arrangement or proposed arrangement, for the application of the <i>Taxation Administration Act 1996</i> , or any regulations under that Act, to any fee or levy payable under this Act.	
		(3)	Without limiting the above, the regulations may provide that the <i>Taxation Administration Act 1996</i> applies in respect of a fee or levy payable under this Act, with or without modifications, as if the fee or levy were a tax and this Act were a taxation law (within the meaning of that Act).	•
10]	Sche	dule	3 Savings and transitional provisions	
	Inser	t at the	e end of clause 1 (1):	
			State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010, to the extent that it amends this Act and the regulation under this Act	-

Amendment of real property legislation

Schedule 10

Commencement

The amendments commence on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

Explanatory note

Item [6] of the proposed amendments enables the regulations under the *Real Property Act 1900* (*the Act*) to require a levy (a *Torrens assurance levy*) to be paid in respect of any dealing, caveat, withdrawal of caveat, instrument, application or request lodged under the Act. The levy may comprise a specified amount, an ad valorem amount or a specified base amount to which an ad valorem amount is added.

The Torrens assurance levy replaces existing arrangements for the funding of the Torrens Assurance Fund. At present, the Act allows the Minister to direct payments to be made to the Torrens Assurance Fund from fees paid to the Registrar-General for the lodgment of any dealing, caveat or withdrawal of caveat. It also permits the fee payable to the Registrar-General for lodgment of a dealing, caveat or withdrawal of caveat to be prescribed so as to include the amount to be paid into the Torrens Assurance Fund. Under the new arrangements, the levy will be a separate charge to the administrative fees paid under the Act, and will be payable into the Consolidated Fund. The Minister may, after consultation with the Treasurer, direct that payments be made to the Torrens Assurance Fund from Torrens assurance levies paid to the Registrar-General. Any money the subject of such a direction is to be paid from the Consolidated Fund, without further appropriation. See items [3], [4] and [5]. Item [1] is a consequential amendment.

Items [7] and [8] are related amendments to broaden the regulation-making powers under the Act, so that the regulations can make further provision for the charging of the levy, and the refund or waiver of the levy.

Item [9] enables the Registrar-General to enter into arrangements with the Chief Commissioner of State Revenue for the administration and enforcement of any provision made by or under the Act for the payment of fees or levies.

Item [2] increases the penalty for making a false statement to the Registrar-General in connection with an application under the Act from 1 penalty unit (\$110) to 10 penalty units (\$1,100).

Item [10] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made as a consequence of the enactment of the proposed Act.

10.2 Real Property Regulation 2008

[1] Clause 4 Lodgment of dealings and caveats

Omit clause 4 (b). Insert instead:

- (b) be accompanied by the relevant fee, as set out in Part 1 of Schedule 1, and
- (c) be accompanied by any Torrens assurance levy payable, as set out in Part 2 of Schedule 1.

[2] Clauses 10 (4), 11 (c) and 12 (1)

Insert "Part 1 of" before "Schedule 1" wherever occurring.

Schedule 10 Amendment of real property legislation

[3]	Clau	se 12/	^			
[3]				12.	1	
	Insert after clause 12:					
	12A	Torr	ens as	surance levy	3	
		(1)	cavea listed	brrens assurance levy is payable in respect of any dealing, at, withdrawal of caveat, instrument, application or request 1 in Part 2 of Schedule 1 that is lodged with the strar-General.	4 5 6 7	
		(2)		amount of the levy is the amount as specified or calculated cordance with Part 2 of Schedule 1.	8 9	
		(3)		y that is not a whole dollar amount is to be rounded down to earest whole dollar amount.	10 11	
		(4)	witho such	y is payable on the lodgment of the relevant dealing, caveat, drawal of caveat, instrument, application or request or at time and in accordance with such conditions as the strar-General may agree with the person paying the levy.	12 13 14 15	
		(5)	Regis stater accor evide	the purposes of determining the levy payable, the strar-General is entitled (but not required) to rely on any ment made in a notice of sale (being the notice required to mpany a dealing under section 39 (1B) of the Act) as ence of the purchase price and date on which a contract for ale of land was entered into.	16 17 18 19 20 21	
[4]	Clau	se 18/	4		22	
	Inser	t after	clause	18:	23	
	18A	Tran	sitiona	al—introduction of ad valorem Torrens assurance levy	24	
			of the Part 2	a dealing to transfer the ownership in land under section 46 e Act, the levy payable is the amount specified in item 7 of 2 of Schedule 1 (and not item 5 or 6) if either of the following isions apply:	25 26 27 28	
			(a)	the dealing is a transfer executed to give effect to a contract for the sale of land entered into before the commencement of this clause,	29 30 31	
			(b)	the dealing is a transfer first executed before the commencement of this clause.	32 33	
[5]			1 (as a 1 2010)	mended by the Real Property Amendment (Fees)	34 35	
	Inser	t "and	Levie	s" after "Fees" in the heading.	36	

Amendment of real property legislation	Schedule 10
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[6]	Sch	edule 1, clause reference		1			
[•]		t "4 (b), 10 (4), 11 (c) and 12 (1)". Insert instead "4, 10, 11, 1	2 and 12A".	2			
[7]		edule 1, Part 1, heading		3			
••	Insert at the beginning of the Schedule (after the clause reference):						
	Da	rt 1 Fees		_			
				5			
[8]		edule 1, items 8–13		6			
	Omi	t the items. Insert instead:		7			
	8	On lodgment of an application under section 45D of the Act by a person in possession of land to be recorded as proprietor of an estate or interest in that land	93.00				
		In addition, for each quarter-hour or part of a quarter-hour occupied in examining the application	50.00				
	9	On lodgment of a transfer by way of discharge of mortgage where a mortgagee has been recorded as registered proprietor pursuant to section 12B of the Act	93.00				
	10	On lodgment of a dealing for registration or recording of a unilateral severance of a joint tenancy pursuant to section 97 of the Act	93.00				
	11	On lodgment of a dealing to transfer an estate in land that changes the tenancy of co-tenants without altering their shares	93.00				
	12	On lodgment of a dealing to transfer the ownership of an estate in land pursuant to section 46 of the Act	190.00				
	13	On lodgment of an application, request or dealing for which no fee is otherwise provided	93.00				
[9]	Sch	edule 1, items 15–20		8			
	Omi	t the items. Insert instead:		9			
	15	On lodgment of an application to dispose of Crown land arising from the closing of a public road under the <i>Roads Act 1993</i> , regardless of how many recordings will ensue	190.00				
	16	On lodgment of an application or request for amendment of a folio of the Register, Crown grant or certificate of title	93.00				

Sched	lule 10	Amendment of real property legislation	
	17	On lodgment of an application to record in the Register an appurtenant easement created by a deed	93.00
		In addition, for each quarter-hour or part of a quarter-hour occupied in processing the application	50.00
	18	On lodgment of an application under section 81A of the Act for the extinguishment of a restrictive covenant	93.00
		In addition:	
		(a) for each quarter-hour or part of a quarter-hour occupied in examining the application	50.00
		(b) for the Registrar-General's costs of giving notice under section 81D of the Act by way of registered post	Such reasonable fee (determined by the Registrar-General) as is warranted by the cost incurred in posting the notice
	19	On lodgment of an application under section 49 of the Act for the cancellation of an easement that has been abandoned or extinguished	93.00
		In addition, for each quarter-hour or part of a quarter-hour occupied in examining the application	50.00
	20	On lodgment of an application for the determination under Part 14A of the Act of the position of the common boundary of adjoining lands	93.00
[10]	Sche	dule 1, items 24–29	
	Omit	the items. Insert instead:	
	24	On lodgment or recording of a caveat	93.00
	25	On with drawal or partial with drawal of a caveat pursuant to section 74M (1) of the Act	93.00
	26	On lodgment of a request for withdrawal or partial withdrawal of a Registrar-General's caveat (no fee is payable for withdrawal or partial withdrawal of a Registrar-General's caveat consequent on lodgment and registration of a dealing)	93.00
	27	On lodgment of a request for the Registrar-General to direct the manner of service of a notice on a caveator pursuant to section 74N (1) (e) of the Act	93.00

Amer	Idment	of real property legislation	Schedule 10				
	28	On lodgment of an application for preparation of a notice	93.00				
		for service on a caveator pursuant to section 74C (3), 74I (1) or (2), 74J (1) or 74JA (2) of the Act					
	29	On lodgment of a notice of a change of name of a caveator or of the address for service of a notice on a caveator	93.00				
[11]	Sche	edule 1, item 34		1			
	Omi	t the item. Insert instead:		2			
	34	On lodgment of an application for a new certificate of title under section 111 of the Act	190.00				
[12]	Sche	edule 1, items 35 and 36		3			
	Omi	t the items. Insert instead:		4			
	35	On depositing an instrument declaratory of trusts	93.00				
	35A	On depositing any other instrument not specified	97.00				
	36	On lodgment of an application for a statement of reasons under section 121 of the Act	93.00				
[13]	Sche	edule 1, Part 2		5			
	Inser	t at the end of the Schedule:		6			
	Par	t 2 Torrens assurance levies		7			
			Levy payable				
	Applications, requests and dealings						
	1	Application under section 45D of the Act by a person in possession of land to be recorded as proprietor of an estate or interest in that land	\$4				

	or interest in that land	
2	Transfer by way of discharge of mortgage where a mortgagee has been recorded as registered proprietor pursuant to section 12B of the Act	\$4
3	Dealing for registration or recording of a unilateral severance of a joint tenancy pursuant to section 97 of the Act	\$4
4	Dealing to transfer an estate in land that changes the tenancy of co-tenants without altering their shares	\$4

		Levy payable
5	Dealing to transfer the ownership of an estate in land under section 46 of the Act, if the dealing is a transfer executed to give effect to a sale of land and the purchase price exceeds \$500,000 but not \$1,000,000	\$4 plus 0.2% of the amount by which the purchase price exceeds \$500,000
6	Dealing to transfer the ownership of an estate in land under section 46 of the Act, if the dealing is a transfer executed to give effect to a sale of land and the purchase price exceeds \$1,000,000	\$1,004 plus 0.25% of the amount by which the purchase price exceeds \$1,000,000
7	Dealing to transfer the ownership of an estate in land under section 46 of the Act for which no levy is otherwise provided	\$4
8	Application, request or dealing which is charged with a fee under item 13 of Part 1	\$4
9	Application to dispose of Crown land arising from the closing of a public road under the <i>Roads Act 1993</i> , regardless of how many recordings will ensue	\$4
10	Application or request for amendment of a folio of the Register, Crown grant or certificate of title	\$4
11	Application to record in the Register an appurtenant easement created by a deed	\$4
12	Application under section 81A of the Act for the extinguishment of a restrictive covenant	\$4
13	Application under section 49 of the Act for the cancellation of an easement that has been abandoned or extinguished	\$4
14	Application for the determination under Part 14A of the Act of the position of the common boundary of adjoining lands	\$4
Cav	eats	
15	Lodgment or recording of a caveat	\$4
16	Withdrawal or partial withdrawal of a caveat pursuant to section 74M (1) of the Act	\$4

Schedule 10 Amendment of real property legislation

Amendment of real property legislation

Schedule 10

		Levy payable
17	Request for withdrawal or partial withdrawal of a Registrar-General's caveat (no levy is payable for withdrawal or partial withdrawal of a Registrar-General's caveat consequent on lodgment and registration of a dealing)	\$4
18	Request for the Registrar-General to direct the manner of service of a notice on a caveator pursuant to section 74N (1) (e) of the Act	\$4
19	Application for preparation of a notice for service on a caveator pursuant to section 74C (3), 74I (1) or (2), 74J (1) or 74JA (2) of the Act	\$4
20	Notice of a change of name of a caveator or of the address for service of a notice on a caveator	\$4
Cer	tificates of title	
21	Application for a new certificate of title under section 111 of the Act	\$4
Mis	cellaneous	
22	Instrument declaratory of trusts	\$4
23	Application for a statement of reasons under section 121 of the Act	\$4

Commencement

The amendments commence on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

Explanatory note

Item [3] of the proposed amendments requires a Torrens assurance levy to be paid in respect of certain dealings, caveats, withdrawal of caveats, instruments, applications or requests lodged with the Registrar-General under the *Real Property Act 1900* (*the Act*). In most cases, the levy payable is \$4. Under existing arrangements, a \$4 amount is taken (for deposit into the Torrens Assurance Fund) from the general fee paid to the Registrar-General when certain dealings and other instruments are lodged under the Act. As a consequence of the new arrangements, the amendments revise the Schedule of fees under the Act so that, in cases where a levy is payable, the fee is reduced by \$4. (The figures used anticipate the annual increases to fees that will have effect on 1 July 2010.)

A new part is added to the Schedule, which lists the matters in respect of which the separate Torrens assurance levy is required, and the amount payable.

Under the new arrangements, the levy is calculated on an ad valorem basis in certain circumstances. An ad valorem levy applies to a dealing to transfer the ownership of an estate in land under section 46 of the Act, if the dealing is a transfer executed to give effect to a sale of land and the purchase price exceeds \$500,000.

Items [8]–[12] make the adjustments to the existing fees under the Act described above. Item [13] provides for the matters in respect of which a Torrens assurance levy

Schedule 10 Amendment of real property legislation

is payable, and the amount payable. Items [2] and [5]-[7] are consequential amendments.

Item [4] is a transitional provision which ensures that the new ad valorem levy will not be chargeable in respect of dealings that reflect certain agreements entered into or transfers executed before the relevant amendments commence.

Item [1] requires dealings and caveats to be accompanied by the Torrens assurance levy payable (as well as the existing fee for lodgment).

Amendment of Taxation Administration Act 1996 No 97

Schedule 11

Schedule 11		hedule 11 Amendment of Taxation Administration Act 1996 No 97		1 2			
[1]	Sect	ion 45	Joint and several liability	3			
	Insert "any related charges, being" after "is also jointly and severally liable to pay" in section 45 (2).			4 5			
[2]	Section 45 (2A)						
	Insert after section 45 (2):						
		(2A)	The Chief Commissioner may issue a notice of assessment of the liability of a person to pay any tax and related charges for which the person is jointly and severally liable with another person under a taxation law, even if a notice of assessment has already been issued to the other person.	8 9 10 11 12			
[3]	Sche	dule '	I Savings, transitional and other provisions	13			
	Inser	t at the	e end of clause 1 (1):	14			
			State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010	15			
			8				
[4]	Sche	edule '	I, Part 8	16			
[4]				16 17			
[4]		t after	l, Part 8				
[4]	Inser	t after t 8	I, Part 8 Part 7: Provisions arising from enactment of State	17 18			
[4]	Inser Par	t after t 8	I, Part 8 Part 7: Provisions arising from enactment of State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010	17 18 19			

Page 71

- (3) This clause does not limit section 30 of the *Interpretation Act* 1987.
- (4) In this clause:
 amending Act means the *State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010.*

Explanatory note

Item [2] of the proposed amendments makes it clear that the Chief Commissioner of State Revenue can issue a notice of assessment under the *Taxation Administration Act 1996* of the liability of a person to pay tax or related charges for which the person is jointly and severally liable with another person, even if a notice of assessment has been issued to the other person. The provisions of that Act relating to assessments, and objections to assessments, will apply in respect of the notice. Item [1] is a related amendment.

Item [3] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made as a consequence of the enactment of the proposed Act.

Item [4] relates to the repeal of the *Petroleum Products Subsidy Act* 1997 and the regulation under that Act by Schedule 13.3. The amendment saves the operation of certain provisions of that legislation for investigation and enforcement purposes.

Amendment of Unclaimed Money Act 1995 No 75

Schedule 12

Schedule 12				Amendment of Unclaimed Money Act 1995 No 75		
[1]	Sect	ion 12	Public	cation of information relating to unclaimed money	3	
	Inser	t after	section	etion 12 (1):		
		(1A) T		Chief Commissioner may also cause to be published the wing information:	5 6	
			(a)	the existence of each sum of money paid to the Treasurer under section 266 of the <i>Legal Profession Act 2004</i> or section 26 of the <i>Trustee Companies Act 1964</i> (which relate to unclaimed money),	7 8 9 10	
			(b)	the identity of the owner of the money (if known).	11	
[2]	Sect	ion 25	4		12	
	Inser	t after :	section	25:	13	
	25A		rprise in cas	entitled to recover money from Chief Commissioner in es	14 15	
		(1)	owner Chief amou	nterprise that pays an amount of unclaimed money to the r of the money, after having paid the same amount to the Commissioner under this Act, is entitled to recover the nt paid to the Chief Commissioner from the Chief missioner.	16 17 18 19 20	
		(2)	owne	Part applies in respect of the money as if a reference to the r of the money were a reference to the enterprise entitled to rer the money from the Chief Commissioner.	21 22 23	
		(3)		berson to whom the money was paid by the enterprise is not ed to recover the money from the Chief Commissioner.	24 25	
		(4)	Chief Chief	section does not apply in respect of any money paid to the Commissioner that was paid to a person determined by the Commissioner to be the owner of the money before an cation to recover the money is made by an enterprise.	26 27 28 29	
[3]	Sect	ion 32			30	
	Inser	t after	section	1 31:	31	
	32	Chief other	f Comr ' Acts	missioner may process unclaimed money claims under	32 33	
		(1)		Chief Commissioner is authorised to process claims for the ent or repayment of unclaimed trust money on behalf of the surer.	34 35 36	

		(2)	For that purpose, Part 4 (other than sections 16, 18 and 25A) applies in respect of unclaimed trust money in the same way as it applies to unclaimed money paid to the Chief Commissioner under this Act.	1 2 3 4
		(3)	Anything done or omitted to be done by the Chief Commissioner under this Act in respect of unclaimed trust money is taken, for the purposes of the <i>Legal Profession Act 2004</i> and the <i>Trustee</i> <i>Companies Act 1964</i> , to have been done or omitted by the Treasurer.	5 6 7 8 9
		(4)	In this section, <i>unclaimed trust money</i> means money that is paid to the Treasurer under:	10 11
			(a) section 266 of the <i>Legal Profession Act 2004</i> , or	12
			(b) section 26 of the <i>Trustee Companies Act 1964</i> .	13
[4]	Sche	dule 2	2 Savings, transitional and other provisions	14
	Inser	t at the	e end of clause 1 (1):	15
			State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010	16
[5]	Sche	dule 2	2, Part 9	17
	Inser	t after	Part 8:	18
	Par	t 9	Provisions consequent on enactment of	19
			State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act	20
			2010	21
	15	Defir	nition	22
			In this Part, <i>amending Act</i> means the <i>State Revenue Legislation Amendment Act 2010</i> .	23 24
	16	Uncl	aimed money under other Acts	25
		(1)	The amendment made to section 12 by the amending Act applies only in respect of money paid to the Treasurer on or after the commencement of the amendment.	26 27 28
		(2)	Section 32, as inserted by the amending Act, extends to unclaimed money that was paid to the Treasurer before the insertion of that section.	29 30 31

Amendment of Unclaimed Money Act 1995 No 75

Schedule 12

17 Enterprise entitled to recover money from Chief Commissioner in certain cases

Section 25A, as inserted by the amending Act, extends to any unclaimed money paid by an enterprise to the owner of the money or to the Chief Commissioner before the insertion of that section.

Explanatory note

Item [3] of the proposed amendments authorises the Chief Commissioner of State Revenue to process certain claims for the payment of unclaimed money on behalf of the Treasurer. Unclaimed money in trust accounts and trust funds under the *Legal Profession Act 2004* and the *Trustee Companies Act 1964* is currently paid to the Treasurer, who processes claims for the money. The amendment will allow claims for, and repayment of, unclaimed money under those Acts to be dealt with by the Chief Commissioner in the same way as claims for other unclaimed money are dealt with under the *Unclaimed Money Act 1995* (*the Act*).

Item [1] enables the Chief Commissioner of State Revenue to publish details of these amounts of unclaimed money and the identity of the owners of the money (if known) in the same way as the Chief Commissioner publishes details of other unclaimed money received under the Act.

Item [2] enables an enterprise that has paid an amount of unclaimed money to the owner of the money, after having paid the same amount to the Chief Commissioner of State Revenue under the Act, to recover the amount paid to the Chief Commissioner from the Chief Commissioner.

Item [4] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made as a consequence of the enactment of the proposed Act.

Item [5] contains transitional provisions.

Schedule 13 Consequential amendments and repeals

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13.1 Children and Young Persons Legislation (Repeal and Amendment) Act 1998 No 158

Schedule 2 Amendment of other Acts

Omit Schedule 2.19.

Explanatory note

The proposed amendment repeals an uncommenced amendment that is made redundant by the amendments to the *Land Tax Management Act 1956* in Schedule 6.

13.2 Retirement Villages Act 1999 No 81

Section 31 Costs of preparation of village contracts

Omit the note at the end of section 31(5).

Explanatory note

The proposed amendment repeals a note in the *Retirement Villages Act 1999* that is redundant because of the repeal of the lease duty provisions in the *Duties Act 1997* (see Schedule 1.3).

13.3 Repeal of petroleum products subsidy legislation

The following Act and regulation are repealed:

(a) the Petroleum Products Subsidy Act 1997 No 112,
(b) the Petroleum Products Subsidy Regulation 2004.

Commencement

Schedule 13.3 commences, or is taken to have commenced, on 1 July 2010.

Explanatory note

Schedule 13.3 repeals the *Petroleum Products Subsidy Act 1997* and the *Petroleum Products Subsidy Regulation 2004*. The legislation is no longer required because the payment of subsidies under the legislation has been abolished (with effect on 1 July 2009).