

### New South Wales

# Child Protection (Offenders Registration) Amendment Bill 2024

## **Explanatory note**

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

### Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to make miscellaneous amendments to the *Child Protection (Offenders Registration) Act 2000 (the Act)* following a review of the Act, including in relation to the following—

- (a) the offences under New South Wales and Commonwealth legislation that, if committed by a person, make the person a registrable person with reporting obligations under the Act (*registrable offences*),
- (b) the requirement for a court to make an order that a person is a registrable person when sentencing the person for a registrable offence in certain circumstances (a *registrable person order*),
- (c) the reporting obligations for registrable persons, including the period during which the obligations apply and the information that must be reported,
- (d) the application of the Act to a person in New South Wales who may be a registrable person in another Australian jurisdiction or another country.

The Bill also makes a consequential amendment to the Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999.

# Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name, also called the short title, of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act.

# Schedule 1 Amendment of Child Protection (Offenders Registration) Act 2000 No 42

### Registrable offences

**Schedule 1[5]** inserts proposed sections 2D–2I. Proposed section 2D sets out the offences that are Class 1 and Class 2 offences, which are registrable offences for the purposes of the Act. **Schedule 1[59]** inserts proposed Schedules 1A and 1B, which specify certain criminal offences that are Class 1 and Class 2 offences. Proposed sections 2E and 2F provide for when similar offences and offences arising from the same incident may be treated as a single offence.

Schedule 1[14] and [15] make consequential amendments.

### Registrable person orders and child protection registration orders

Schedule 1[12] inserts proposed Part 2A, Division 1, which contains the following provisions—

- (a) proposed section 3C that requires a court that sentences a person for a registrable offence to make a registrable person order in certain circumstances,
- (b) proposed section 3CA that provides for the effect on a registrable person order of an appeal against the conviction or sentence for the registrable offence.

**Schedule 1[9]–[11]** make consequential amendments.

**Schedule 1[17]** inserts general provisions that apply to both the proposed registrable person orders and the existing child protection registration orders, including the following—

- (a) proposed section 3I that sets out how a reporting period must be calculated,
- (b) proposed section 3J that—
  - (i) requires the court to give a copy of a registrable person order or child protection registration order to the person, the Commissioner of Police and the supervising authority for the registrable person, and
  - (ii) requires the court to give the person a written notice and verbal explanation of the person's reporting obligations, and
  - (iii) allows regulations to be made about the arrangements for persons who are not physically present in court when a registrable person order or child protection registration order is made,
- (c) proposed section 3K that provides that a person in relation to whom an registrable person order or child protection registration order is made and who has been given a copy of the order and the required written notice is taken to know the following—
  - (i) the person is a registrable person,
  - (ii) the person's reporting period,
  - (iii) the person's reporting obligations.

Schedule 1[19] omits provisions no longer required because of proposed section 3J.

Schedule 1[16] requires a child protection registration order to specify the reporting period for the registrable person. Schedule 1[13] makes a consequential amendment.

Schedule 1[20], [24], [30], [38] and [41]-[45] make consequential amendments in relation to reporting periods.

Reporting obligations

**Schedule 1[59]** inserts proposed Schedule 1C, which sets out the information (*relevant personal information*) a registrable person must give the Commissioner of Police in a report (a *personal information report*).

Schedule 1[25]–[29], [31] and [32] set out the circumstances when a registrable person with reporting obligations must give a personal information report to the Commissioner of Police. Schedule 1[33] inserts provisions about reporting requirements, including the following—

(a) proposed section 10 that requires a registrable person to give the Commissioner of Police a personal information report each year,

- (b) proposed section 10A that requires a registrable person to report changes in the person's relevant personal information to the Commissioner of Police,
- (c) proposed section 11 that requires a registrable person to report contact with children to the Commissioner of Police.

Schedule 1[48] and [56] make consequential amendments.

Schedule 1[21] and [23] set out when the Commissioner of Police may give a registrable person written notice of a person's reporting obligations and the consequences of failing to comply with the person's reporting obligations.

Schedule 1[46] and [47] make consequential amendments in relation to how reporting periods for registrable persons are extended.

### Corresponding registrable persons

Schedule 1[18] inserts proposed Part 2B, which sets out the following—

- (a) when a person is a corresponding registrable person,
- (b) the reporting requirements for a corresponding registrable person,
- (c) the notice required to be given to a corresponding registrable person by the Commissioner of Police.

Schedule 1[8], [22], [50] and [53]-[55] make consequential amendments.

#### Other amendments

Schedule 1[1] makes consequential amendments to definitions used in the Act.

Schedule 1[5] inserts the following provisions relating to definitions and interpretation—

- (a) proposed section 2G that inserts a definition of *forensic custody*, which is a type of government custody,
- (b) proposed section 2H that inserts a definition of a *relevant vehicle or other transport* for a person, which is required because information about a registrable person's relevant vehicle or other transport is relevant personal information that must be reported,
- (c) proposed section 2I that provides that a person who travels to Norfolk Island travels outside of New South Wales.

Schedule 1[6] amends the definition of registrable person.

**Schedule 1**[37] provides that a registrable person may apply to the Commissioner of Police for approval under the *Criminal Code* of the Commonwealth to travel outside Australia.

**Schedule 1[39] and [40]** provide that appeals against certain decisions made by the Commissioner of Police in relation to a registrable person who is or has been a participant in a witness protection program under the *Witness Protection Act 1995* must be heard by the Law Enforcement Conduct Commission instead of the Ombudsman, as is currently the case.

**Schedule 1[49]** updates the requirements for the Civil and Administrative Tribunal to notify the Children's Guardian and the Commissioner of Police about the making of an application to suspend a registrable person's reporting obligations. The amendment also provides that the Commissioner of Police is a party to proceedings and is entitled to make submissions, in addition to the Children's Guardian.

**Schedule 1[51]** updates an existing power of police officers to enter and inspect a registrable person's residential premises.

Schedule 1[52] updates the defence available to a registrable person for the offence of failing to comply with the person's reporting obligations.

Schedule 1[58] inserts the following provisions—

- (a) proposed section 23 that requires the administration of the Child Protection Register to be audited at least every 2 years,
- (b) proposed section 24 that provides for administrative review by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal of certain decisions under the Act,
- (c) proposed section 25 that requires the Minister for Police and Counter-terrorism to conduct a review of the amendments within 2 years.

Schedule 1[2]-[4], [7], [34]-[36] and [57] make other minor, miscellaneous and consequential amendments.

**Schedule 1[60]** inserts savings and transitional provisions consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.

### Schedule 2 Amendment of Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999 No 92

Schedule 2 makes a consequential amendment to the Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999.



# **Child Protection (Offenders Registration) Amendment Bill 2024**

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This PUBLIC BILL, originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

Clerk of the Legislative Assembly

Legislative Assembly



New South Wales

# Child Protection (Offenders Registration) Amendment Bill 2024

No , 2024

### A Bill for

An Act to make miscellaneous amendments to the *Child Protection (Offenders Registration) Act 2000* following a review of the Act; and for other purposes.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with/without amendment.

Clerk of the Parliaments

Legislative Council

The	Legislature of New South Wales enacts—	1
1	Name of Act	2
	This Act is the Child Protection (Offenders Registration) Amendment Act 2024.	3
2	Commencement	4
	This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.	5

Scł	nedule 1	Amendment of Child Protection (Offenders Registration) Act 2000 No 42	1
[1]	Section 3 De	efinitions	3
	Class 1 offer	3(1), definitions of child abuse material, child protection registration order, ace, Class 2 offence, corresponding registrable person, government custody, relevant personal information, reporting obligations and reporting period.	2 5
	Insert in alph	abetical order—	7
		carriage service has the same meaning as in the Telecommunications Act 1997 of the Commonwealth.	9
		<i>child protection registration order</i> means an order made under Part 2A, Division 2.	10 11
		Class 1 offence—see section 2D(1).	12
		Class 2 offence—see section 2D(2).	13
		corresponding registrable person—see section 3L(1).	14
	•	forensic custody—see section 2G(1).	15
		government custody means the following—	16
		(a) custody as an inmate or detainee,	17
		(b) forensic custody,	18
		(c) custody under a law of a foreign jurisdiction in the nature of custody referred to in paragraph (a) or (b).	19 20
		<i>personal information report</i> , for a registrable person, means a report that includes all relevant personal information.	21 22
		registrable person order—see section 3C(1).	23
		relevant personal information means—	24
		(a) the information specified in Schedule 1C, and	25
		(b) other information prescribed by the regulations.	26
		relevant vehicle or other transport—see section 2H.	27
		<i>reporting obligations</i> , in relation to a registrable person, means the obligations imposed on the person under this Act.	28 29
		reporting period, in relation to a registrable person, means the period during which the person must comply with the person's reporting obligations that is—	30 31 32
		(a) specified in a registrable person order or child protection registration order, or	33 34
		(b) determined in accordance with Part 3, Division 6.	35
		<b>residential premises</b> , of a registrable person, means premises at which the person resides for 7 days or more, whether or not consecutively, in a 12-month period.	36 37 38
[2]	Section 3(3)		39
• •	Omit the sub	section.	40
[3]	Section 2B		41
	Renumber se	ection 3, as amended by Schedule 1[1] and [2], as section 2B.	42

[4]	Sect	ion 2C			1			
	Renu	ımber s	ection	n 3AA as section 2C.	2			
[5]	Sections 2D–2I							
	Insert after section 2C, as renumbered by Schedule 1[4]—							
	2D	2D Class 1 offences and Class 2 offences						
		(1)	In th	is Act, a <i>Class 1 offence</i> means the following—	6			
			(a)	murder, if the person murdered was a child,	7			
			(b)	an offence specified in Schedule 1A,	8			
			(c)	an offence under a law of a foreign jurisdiction that—	ę			
				(i) if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence of a kind specified in this subsection, or	10 11			
				(ii) is prescribed by the regulations as a Class 1 offence,	12			
			(d)	an offence of attempting, or of conspiracy or incitement, to commit an offence of a kind specified in this subsection,	13 14			
			(e)	an offence that, when it was committed, was a Class 1 offence,	15			
			(f)	an offence committed before 8 December 2000 that was an offence of a kind specified in this subsection.	16 17			
		(2)	In th	is Act, a <i>Class 2 offence</i> means the following—	18			
			(a)	manslaughter, other than manslaughter as a result of a motor vehicle accident, if the person killed was a child,	19 20			
			(b)	an offence specified in Schedule 1B,	21			
			(c)	an offence under a law of a foreign jurisdiction that—	22			
				(i) if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence of a kind specified in this subsection, or	23 24			
				(ii) is prescribed by the regulations as a Class 2 offence,	25			
			(d)	an offence of attempting, or of conspiracy or incitement, to commit an offence of a kind specified in this subsection,	26 27			
			(e)	an offence that, when it was committed, was a Class 2 offence,	28			
			(f)	an offence committed before 8 December 2000 that was an offence of a kind specified in this subsection.	29 30			
	2E	Court	t may	treat offences as single offence	31			
		(1)		urt may, for the purposes of this Act, treat 2 or more offences as a single ace if satisfied it is appropriate treat the offences as a single offence.	32 33			
		(2)		ers that may be relevant to a decision to treat offences as a single offence de the following—	34 35			
			(a)	whether the offences are of the same kind,	36			
			(b)	whether the offences were committed against the same person,	37			
			(c)	whether the offences were committed at the same time or close together in time,	38 39			
			(d)	other matters prescribed by the regulations.	40			
			Note- same	— Offences of the same kind that are committed against the same person in the 24-hour period are offences that may be treated as a single offence.	41 42			

	(3)		ngle offence must be treated as a Class 1 offence if at least 1 of the es comprising the single offence is a Class 1 offence.	1 2
	(4)	The sin	ngle offence must be treated as a Class 2 offence if—	3
			at least 1 of the offences comprising the single offence is a Class 2 offence, and	4 5
		(b)	none of the offences is a Class 1 offence.	6
2F	Offe	nces ari	sing from same incident to be treated as single offence	7
	(1)	or morincider  Examp	on, other than a court, who is calculating a reporting period must treat 2 re offences as a single offence if the offences arise from the same nt.  • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	8 9 10 11 12
	(2)		ngle offence must be treated as a Class 1 offence if at least 1 of the es comprising the single offence is a Class 1 offence.	13 14
	(3)	The sin	ngle offence must be treated as a Class 2 offence if—	15
			at least 1 of the offences comprising the single offence is a Class 2 offence, and	16 17
		(b)	none of the offences is a Class 1 offence.	18
	(4)	For thi	is section, offences arise from the same incident if—	19
			each of the offences is committed within 24 hours of one or more of the other offences, and	20 21
			for offences committed against a person—the offences are committed against the same person.	22 23
2G	Fore	nsic cu	stody	24
	(1)	In this	Act, a person is in <i>forensic custody</i> if the person is—	25
		(a)	subject to—	26
			(i) an order under the <i>Mental Health and Cognitive Impairment Forensic Provisions Act 2020</i> , section 33(1), 61(2) or 65(2) that, as originally made, requires the person to be kept in strict government custody, or	27 28 29 30
			(ii) an order prescribed by the regulations, or	31
			involuntarily detained in a mental health facility in circumstances prescribed by the regulations.	32 33
	(2)	The re	gulations may make provision about—	34
			the circumstances in which a person in forensic custody is taken not to be in government custody, and	35 36
			the identification of the supervising authority for persons in forensic custody who are not detained in a mental health facility.	37 38
2H	Rele	vant vel	hicles or other transport	39
	(1)	follow	Act, a <i>relevant vehicle or other transport</i> , for a person, means the ing if owned by the person or used by the person for 7 days or more in nonth period, whether or not consecutively—	40 41 42
		(a)	a motor vehicle within the meaning of the Road Transport Act 2013,	43
		(b)	a caravan or trailer,	44

		(c) a vessel or aircraft required to be registered under a law of New South Wales or another Australian jurisdiction.	1 2
	(2)	In this section—	3
	· /	owned includes leased and hired.	4
		vessel has the same meaning as in the Marine Safety Act 1998.	5
	2I Trav	el to Norfolk Island is travel outside New South Wales	6
		For this Act, if a person travels to Norfolk Island, the person travels outside New South Wales.	7 8
[6]	Section 3A	Registrable persons	9
	Omit section	n 3A(1). Insert instead—	10
	(1)	In this Act, each of the following is a <i>registrable person</i> —	11
		(a) a person subject to a registrable person order,	12
		(b) a person subject to a child protection registration order,	13
		(c) a corresponding registrable person,	14
		(d) a person who has been found guilty by a court of an offence specified in section 2D(1)(c) or (2)(c),	15 16
		(e) a person who was a registrable person immediately before the commencement of this subsection, as substituted by the <i>Child Protection (Offenders Registration) Amendment Act 2024</i> .	17 18 19
[7]	Section 3A	a(2)(c) and (5)	20
	Omit the pr	ovisions.	21
[8]	Section 3A	n(4)	22
	Omit "or cl	nild protection registration order".	23
	Insert insteregistration	ad ", child protection registration order or corresponding child protection order".	24 25
[9]	Section 3E	Circumstances in which person ceases to be registrable person	26
	Insert "regi	strable person order or" after "subject to a" in section 3B(c).	27
[10]	Section 3C	Discretion to treat child offender as non-registrable	28
	Omit the se	ction.	29
[11]	Part 2A		30
	Omit the he	eading. Insert instead—	31
	Part 2A	Registrable person orders and child protection registration orders	32 33
[12]	Part 2A, Di	vision 1	34
	Insert before	re section 3D—	35

Division 1			Registrable person orders				
3C	Registrable person orders by sentencing court						
	(1)	A court (the <i>sentencing court</i> ) that sentences a person for a registrable offence must make an order (a <i>registrable person order</i> ) that the person is a registrable person if—					
		(a)	for a person who was an adult when the registrable offence was committed—the sentencing court imposes a sentence for the registrable offence, other than a no conviction order, or	6 7 8			
		(b)	for a person who was a child when the registrable offence was committed—	9 10			
			(i) the sentencing court imposes a sentence for the registrable offence, other than a no conviction order, and	11 12			
			(ii) the prosecution requests the registrable person order be made, and	13 14			
			(iii) the sentencing court is satisfied the registrable person order is necessary because the person poses a risk to the lives or sexual safety of one or more children or of children generally.	15 16 17			
		to be	<ul> <li>The Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999, section 43 allows proceedings reopened if the sentencing court makes an incorrect registrable person order or make a registrable person order.</li> </ul>	18 19 20			
	(2)	If a person is sentenced for more than 1 registrable offence, only 1 registrable person order must be made for all the offences.					
	(3) The registrable person order must specify the reporting period calculated in accordance with section 3I.						
	(4)	In thi	s section—	25			
	adult means a person who is not a child.						
		no co	nviction order means an order under—	27			
		(a)	the Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999, section 10, or	28			
		(b)	the Children (Criminal Proceedings) Act 1987, section 33(1)(a).	29			
3CA	Effec	t of ap	peals on registrable person orders	30			
	(1)	A regist	gistrable person order is not part of the sentence imposed for the rable offence that gave rise to the order.	31 32			
	(2)	offen	appeal is made against the conviction or sentence for a registrable ce, the registrable person order imposed for the offence is not stayed and nues in force, subject to subsection (3).	33 34 35			
	(3)		art (the <i>appeal court</i> ) that determines an appeal against a registrable n's conviction or sentence for a registrable offence may—	36 37			
		(a)	if a registrable person order would not be required to be made under this Act if the decision of the appeal court were the original decision of the sentencing court—revoke the registrable person order, or	38 39 40			
		(b)	if a different reporting period would be required to be specified in the registrable person order if the decision of the appeal court were the original decision of the sentencing court—amend the registrable person order or the reporting period specified in the order in accordance with section 3I.	41 42 43 44 45			
	(4)	In thi	s section—	46			
		sente	ncing court has the same meaning as in section 3C.	47			

	Divi	sion	2	Chil	d protection registration orders	1		
[13]	Sect	ions 3	D(6), 3	3E(4), 3	BF(3) and 3G(4)	2		
	Omit	Omit "Division 6 of Part 3" wherever occurring.						
	Inser	t inste	ad "ca	lculatin	ng the person's reporting period under this Act".	4		
[14]	Sect	ion 3F	Orde	rs mad	le in relation to foreign offences and old offences	5		
	offen	<i>ice</i> in s	section	3(1), 0	ed to in paragraph (a), (a2) or (c1) of the definition of <i>Class 2</i> of which the person was found guilty before the commencement of tion $3F(1)(c)$ .	6 7 8		
	Inser	t inste	ad "a r	elevant	t Class 2 offence".	9		
[15]	Sect	ion 3F	(7)			10		
	Inser	t after	sectio	n 3F(6)	<del></del>	11		
		(7)	In th	is secti	on—	12		
			relev	ant Cla	ass 2 offence, in relation to a person, means an offence—	13		
			(a)	referr	red to in—	14		
				(i)	section 2D(2)(a), or	15		
				(ii)	Schedule 1B, Part 1, item 1 or 21, and	16		
			(b)	of wh	nich the person was found guilty before 24 October 2014.	17		
[16]	Section 3H							
	Insert after section 3G—							
	3H Child protection registration order must specify reporting period							
	A child protection registration order made in relation to a person must specify the reporting period for the person calculated in accordance with section 3I.							
[17]	Part 2A, Division 3							
	Inser	t after	section	n 3H, a	s inserted by Schedule 1[16]—	24		
	Division 3			Gen	eral provisions	25		
	31	Calc	ulatio	n of re	porting period specified in orders	26		
		(1)	The orde	reportii r or chi	ng period for a registrable person subject to a registrable person ld protection registration order is—	27 28		
			(a)		ars, if the person has only ever been found guilty of a single Class ence, or	29 30		
			(b)	15 ye	ears, if the person—	31		
				(i)	has only ever been found guilty of a single Class 1 offence, or	32		
				(ii)	has ever been found guilty of more than a single registrable offence, but is not covered by paragraph (c), or	33 34		
			(c)		emainder of the person's life, if the person is a registrable person in on to—	35 36		
				(i)	a Class 1 offence and the person subsequently commits and is found guilty of another registrable offence, or	37 38		
				(ii)	a Class 2 offence and the person subsequently commits and is found guilty of a Class 1 offence, or	39 40		

	(iii) a Class 2 offence and the person subsequently commits and is found guilty of another Class 2 offence and has ever been found guilty of 3 or more Class 2 offences.	1 2 3
(2)	If the registrable person was a child when each registrable offence was committed, the reporting period for the registrable person order or child protection registration order is—	4 5 6
	(a) half the period that would otherwise apply under subsection (1)(a) or (b), or	7 8
	(b) 7 and a half years, if subsection (1)(c) would otherwise apply.	9
(3)	If section 14C applies in relation to the registrable person, the reporting period must be extended in accordance with that section.	10 11
(4)	Subsection (1)(c) or (2)(b) does not apply if the registrable person was not given notice of the person's reporting obligations under this Act or a corresponding Act before the person committed the subsequent offence.	12 13 14
(5)	A reference in subsection (1) or (2) to an offence extends to an offence committed before the commencement of the subsection.	15 16
Noti	ce requirements	17
(1)	This section applies to a court that makes a registrable person order or child protection registration order in relation to a person.	18 19
(2)	When the order is made, the court must—	20
	(a) arrange for the following to be given to the person, including if the person is not physically present in the court—	21 22
	(i) a copy of the order,	23
	(ii) written notice of—	24
	(A) the person's reporting obligations, and	25
	(B) the consequences of failing to comply with the person's reporting obligations, and	26 27
	(b) ensure all reasonable steps are taken to verbally explain the matters specified in subparagraph (a)(ii) to the person in language the person is able to readily understand.	28 29 30
(3)	The notice referred to in subsection (2)(a)(ii) must comply with the requirements of the regulations in relation to the form of the notice.	31 32
(4)	The court may require the person to remain in court until subsection (2) has been complied with.	33 34
(5)	A registrable person order or child protection registration order is not invalidated by a failure to comply with subsection (2)(b).	35 36
(6)	The regulations may make provision about the arrangements for giving the person a copy of the order or written notice under subsection (2)(a) if the person is not physically present in the court when the order is made. <b>Example—</b> a person attending court by audio visual link	37 38 39 40
(7)	As soon as practicable after the order is made, the court must give a copy of the order to—	41 42
	(a) the Commissioner of Police, and	43
	(b) the supervising authority for the person.	44

3J

	3K	Regi	strabl	le pers	ons taken to know certain matters	1
		(1)	This	section	n applies to a person if—	2
			(a)		sistrable person order or child protection registration order is made lation to the person, and	3 4
			(b)		person has been given a copy of the order and the written notice ired under section 3J(2)(a).	5 6
		(2)	The	person	is taken to know the following—	7
			(a)	the p	person is a registrable person,	8
			(b)	the p	person's reporting period,	9
			(c)	the p	person's reporting obligations.	10
[18]	Part	2B				11
	Inse	t after	Part 2	Α—		12
	111001		_			
	Pai	t 2B	Co	rresp	oonding registrable persons	13
	3L	Corre	espor	nding r	registrable persons	14
		(1)	In th	is Act,	a corresponding registrable person means—	15
			(a)	a per	rson who—	16
				(i)	has at any time been—	17
					(A) in a foreign jurisdiction, and	18
					(B) required, other than because the person is a registrable person in New South Wales, to report to the corresponding registrar in that jurisdiction, and	19 20 21
				(ii)	would, if still in that jurisdiction, be required, other than because the person is a registrable person in New South Wales, to report to the corresponding registrar, or	22 23 24
			(b)	a per	rson who—	25
			(-)	(i)	has been found guilty in a foreign jurisdiction of a Class 1 offence or a Class 2 offence, and	26 27
				(ii)	has been required, as a consequence of having been found guilty of the offence, to report in that jurisdiction information about the person to a person or body exercising functions substantially similar to the functions of the Commissioner of Police under this Act, and	28 29 30 31 32
				(iii)	would, if still in that jurisdiction, be required to report the person's information.	33 34
		(2)	subs	ection	he regulations, a person is a corresponding registrable person under (1) even if the offence in relation to which the person is required to e foreign jurisdiction is not a registrable offence under this Act.	35 36 37
		(3)			tions may exclude a person or class of persons from being a ing registrable person.	38 39
	3M	Corre	espor	nding r	registrable persons to report to Commissioner of Police	40
		(1)	if the	e perso	n applies to a corresponding registrable person in New South Wales n has not given a personal information report to the Commissioner within the previous 12 months.	41 42 43

(2)	The corresponding registrable person must give the Commissioner of Police a report that includes the following—					
	(a)		erson's name and contact details,	3		
	(b)	the fo	oreign jurisdictions in which the person would be required to report corresponding registrar if the person were in that jurisdiction,	4 5		
	(c)	the re	eason for the person's visit to New South Wales,	6		
	(d)	the a	mount of time the person is proposing to stay in New South Wales,	7		
	(e)	wher	e the person will be staying in New South Wales,	8		
	(f)	wher	e the person will be travelling to in New South Wales,	9		
	(g)		ls of carriage services, including phone numbers, used, or intended used, by the person during the visit,	10 11		
	(h)	detai	ls of expected contact with children during the visit,	12		
	(i)		nake, model, colour and registration number of all relevant vehicles her transport to be used by the person during the visit,	13 14		
	(j)	infor	mation prescribed by the regulations.	15		
	Provi	<b>–</b> Failir ding fal r sectio	ng to give a report under this section is an offence under section 17. se or misleading information in a report under this section is an offence n 18.	16 17 18		
(3)	The	report 1	must be given—	19		
	(a)	Soutl	in 5 days after the corresponding registrable person arrives in New h Wales, not counting days when the corresponding registrable on is in government custody, and	20 21 22		
	(b)	befor	re the person leaves New South Wales.	23		
(4)	This	section	n does not apply to—	24		
( )	(a)		son who—	25		
	, ,	(i)	resides outside of New South Wales in an area prescribed by the regulations, and	26 27		
		(ii)	does not stay in New South Wales for more than 24 hours, or	28		
	(b)	a per	son prescribed by the regulations.	29		
Notio	ce to c	orres	oonding registrable person of reporting obligations	30		
(1)	This	section	n applies to a person (a <i>relevant person</i> ) who—	31		
	(a)	corre	Commissioner of Police reasonably suspects has become a esponding registrable person while in New South Wales, or	32 33		
	(b)		orresponding registrable person who has not previously been given e of the person's reporting obligations in New South Wales and —	34 35 36		
		(i)	notifies the Commissioner of Police that the person proposes to stay in New South Wales for longer than the prescribed period, or	37 38		
		(ii)	the Commissioner of Police reasonably suspects proposes to stay in New South Wales for longer than the prescribed period.	39 40		
(2)			issioner of Police must cause written notice of the following to be e relevant person—	41 42		
	(a)	the p	person's reporting obligations, including the person's reporting od,	43 44		
	(b)		consequences of failing to comply with the person's reporting gations.	45 46		

**3N** 

	(.		ce becomes aware the person is a relevant person.	2
	(4	4) The	regulations may prescribe—	3
		(a)	the form of the notice, and	4
		(b)	the way in which the notice must be given.	5
	(:		elevant person must comply with the person's reporting obligations under Act until the later of—	6 7
		(a)	the expiry of the person's reporting period in relation to all corresponding registrars to whom the person has reporting obligations, or	8 9 10
		(b)	the expiry of the reporting period that would have applied to the person under this Act if the person had been sentenced by a court in New South Wales.	11 12 13
	(0	*	s section does not apply to a corresponding registrable person if the son—	14 15
		(a)	is a resident of New South Wales, and	16
		(b)	has given a personal information report to the Commissioner of Police within the previous 12 months.	17 18
	(′	7) In th	nis section—	19
		peri	scribed period, in relation to a corresponding registrable person, means a sod of 14 days, not counting days when the corresponding registrable son is in government custody.	20 21 22
[19]	Section	s 4 and	4A	23
	Omit the	e sections	S.	24
[20]			es to be given when registrable person commences supervised gistrable offence	25 26
	Insert at	ter section	on 5(1)(a)—	27
		(a1)	the person's reporting period, and	28
[21]	Section	7 Notice	es may be given by Commissioner of Police	29
			). Insert instead—	30
	(		Commissioner of Police may, at any time, cause written notice of the owing to be given to a registrable person—	31 32
		(a)	the person's reporting obligations,	33
		(b)	the consequences of failing to comply with the person's reporting obligations.	34 35
[22]	Section	7 <b>A</b>		36
	Omit the	e section.	. Insert instead—	37
	7A N	lotices t	o be given to registrable persons who enter New South Wales	38
	(	pers	s section applies to a registrable person who enters New South Wales if the son has not previously been given notice of the person's reporting gations in New South Wales.	39 40 41

	(2)	perso	Commissioner of Police must, as soon as practicable after the registrable on becomes a person to whom this section applies, cause written notice of following to be given to the registrable person—	1 2 3
		(a)	the person's reporting obligations,	4
		(b)	the consequences of failing to comply with the person's reporting obligations.	5 6
	(3)		regulations may make provision about the form and way in which written ce must be given under subsection (2).	7 8
[23]	Section 7E	8 Notic	ce to be given when reporting obligations change	9
	Omit section	on 7B(2	2). Insert instead—	10
	(2)		Commissioner of Police must cause written notice of the following to be n to the registrable person—	11 12
		(a)	the person's reporting obligations,	13
		(b)	the consequences of failing to comply with the person's reporting obligations.	14 15
	(2A)	Noti	ce under this section must be given—	16
		(a)	as soon as practicable after the change in the registrable person's reporting obligations occurs, and	17 18
		(b)	before the person is required to make the person's next report under this Act.	19 20
[24]	Section 9 I	Releva	ant personal information to be reported	21
	Omit the se	ection.		22
[25]	Sections 9	A(1) a	and (2) and 9B(1), (3) and (5)	23
	Omit "repo wherever o		person's relevant personal information to the Commissioner of Police" ng.	24 25
	Insert inste person".	ad "gi	ive the Commissioner of Police a personal information report about the	26 27
[26]	Section 9A	Whe	n initial report must be made	28
	Omit "7 da	ys" wł	herever occurring in section 9A(1), Table, Column 2.	29
	Insert inste	ad "5 o	days".	30
[27]	Section 9A	\(1), Ta	able, Column 1	31
	Omit "repo	rt his o	or her relevant personal information to the Commissioner of Police".	32
	Insert inste person".	ad "gi	ive the Commissioner of Police a personal information report about the	33 34
[28]	Section 9A	<b>A</b> (3)		35
	Insert after	section	n 9A(2)—	36
	(3)		orresponding registrable person is not required to give the Commissioner olice a personal information report if the person—	37 38
		(a)	does not remain in New South Wales for longer than 14 days, and	39
		(b)	gives the Commissioner of Police a report under section 3M, and	40 41

			(c)	is not given written notice by the Commissioner of Police under section 3N.	1
[29]	Sect repo	ion 9B rting c	Wher obligat	n new initial report must be made by person whose previous tions have ceased	3
				(1), (2) or (3) to report relevant personal information to the Commissioner e person must report that information" from section 9B(4).	5
				ubsection (1) or (3) to give the Commissioner of Police a personal t about the person, the person must give the report".	7
[30]	Sect	ion 9B	3(5)		g
	Omit	t "subs	ections	s (1)–(3)". Insert instead "subsections (1) and (3)".	10
[31]	Sect	ion 9C	Perso	ons required to report under corresponding Act	11
	Omi	t "7 da	ys" fro	om section 9C(2). Insert instead "5 days".	12
[32]	Sect	ion 9C	(4)(d)	and (e)	13
				4)(d). Insert instead—	14
			(d)	gives the Commissioner of Police a personal information report in accordance with section 9A, or	15 16
			(e)	gives the Commissioner of Police a report in accordance with section 3M.	17 18
[33]	Sect	ions 1	0–11		19
	Omi	t sectio	ns 10	and 11. Insert instead—	20
	10 Registrable person must report annually				21
		(1)	infor	egistrable person must give the Commissioner of Police a personal mation report about the person each year during the reporting month for erson.	22 23 24
		(2)	durir	personal information report must be given under this section each year ag the reporting month, regardless of whether the person has given another trunder this Act.	25 26 27
		(3)	gave section	the registrable person has been in government custody since the person last the Commissioner of Police a personal information report under this on, the report must include details of when and where the government ody occurred.	28 29 30 31
		(4)	In th	is section—	32
			repo	rting month, for a registrable person, means—	33
			(a)	the calendar month in which the person first gave the Commissioner of Police a personal information report under this Act, or	34 35
			(b)	if the registrable person's reporting period expires, but the person is then required to give the Commissioner a personal information report under section 9A—the calendar month in which the person first gave the Commissioner of Police a personal information report for the current reporting period.	36 37 38 39 40

10A	Regi	strabl	e person must report changes in relevant personal information	1
	(1)	notif	ng a registrable person's reporting period, the registrable person must by the Commissioner of Police of a change in the registrable person's rant personal information—	2 3 4
		(a)	if the change occurs when the registrable person is in New South Wales and not in government custody—	5 6
			(i) for information referred to in Schedule 1C, clause 9—within 24 hours after the change occurs, or	7 8
			(ii) otherwise—within 5 days after the change occurs, or	9
		(b)	if the change occurs when the registrable person is in government custody in New South Wales—within 5 days after the registrable person ceases to be in government custody, or	10 11 12
		(c)	if the change occurs when the registrable person is not in New South Wales—within 5 days after the registrable person enters New South Wales.	13 14 15
	(2)	relev	nange in a registrable person's relevant personal information includes if ant personal information previously included in a personal information at no longer applies to the registrable person.	16 17 18
	(3)		avoid doubt, a change in a registrable person's relevant personal rmation includes the following—	19 20
		(a)	starting or ceasing to reside at particular premises,	21
		(b)	starting or ceasing work,	22
		(c)	acquiring or disposing of a relevant vehicle or other transport,	23
		(d)	starting or ceasing to use a telephone number, carriage service or internet service provider,	24 25
		(e)	a child starting or ceasing to reside with the registrable person.	26
11	Cont	act wi	ith children must be reported	27
	(1)		section applies if a registrable person has contact with a child that lves the registrable person—	28 29
		(a)	supervising or caring for the child, or	30
		(b)	visiting or staying at a household where the child is present, or	31
		(c)	exchanging contact details with the child, including giving the person's contact details to the child, or	32 33
		(d)	attempting to befriend the child, or	34
		(e)	attempting to establish contact or further contact with the child.	35
	(2)	regis	in 24 hours after the registrable person has the contact with the child, the trable person must give the Commissioner of Police a report that includes ollowing information, to the extent it is known by the registrable person—	36 37 38
		(a)	the child's name,	39
		(b)	the child's date of birth,	40
		(c)	the child's address or other means of contacting the child.	41
	(3)		gistrable person is not required to give the Commissioner of Police a rt under this section if—	42 43
		(a)	the child resides with the registrable person, and	44

			(b)	the registrable person has previously reported to the Commissioner of Police that the child resides with the registrable person.  — See Schedule 1C, clause 9(2) for the circumstances in which a child is taken	1 2 3
			to res	side with a person.	4
		(4)	In th	is section—	5
			cont	act or further contact, with a child, includes the following—	6
			(a)	physical contact with the child, including by touching the child or being in very close physical proximity to the child,	7 8
			(b)	oral communication with the child, including communication taking place in person or by telephone or electronic means,	9 10
			(c)	written communication with the child, including communication taking place by mail, telephone or electronic means.	11 12
[34]	Sect	ion 11	D Rep	oort of other absences from New South Wales	13
	Omit	"mon	th" fro	om section 11D(1). Insert instead "calendar month".	14
[35]	Sect	ion 11	F Inte	nded change of place where registrable person generally resides	15
	Omit	"secti	on 11	(1) (b)" from section 11F(1), note. Insert instead "section 10A".	16
[36]	Sect	ion 11	F(4)		17
	Omit	"secti	on 11'	". Insert instead "section 10A".	18
[37]	Sect	ion 11	G		19
	Inser	t after	section	n 11F—	20
	11G	App	roval	of travel outside Australia	21
		(1)	unde	gistrable person may apply to the Commissioner of Police for approval er the <i>Criminal Code</i> of the Commonwealth, section 271A.1(3) to travel ide Australia.	22 23 24
		(2)	An a Polic	application must be made in the way determined by the Commissioner of ce.	25 26
		(3)	The	Commissioner of Police may determine an application by—	27
			(a)	granting the application and giving written approval, or	28
			(b)	refusing the application.	29
		(4)	give	e Commissioner of Police refuses an application, the Commissioner must the registrable person written notice of the refusal, including the reasons he refusal.	30 31 32
[38]	Sect	ion 12	A Hov	w reports to be made	33
	Omit	section	n 12A	L(1)(a) and (b). Insert instead—	34
			(a)	an initial personal information report required by Division 2,	35
			(b)	an annual personal information report required by section 10,	36
[39]	Sect	ion 13	Modi	fied reporting procedures for protected witnesses	37
	Omit	"Omł	oudsm	an" wherever occurring in section 13(8) and (10)(c).	38
	Inser	t inste	ad "La	aw Enforcement Conduct Commission".	39

[40]	Section 13(9)				1
	Omit	"The	Ombu	ıdsman's".	2
	Inser	t instea	ad "Th	ne Law Enforcement Conduct Commission's".	3
[41]	Secti	ion 13	A Mo	dification of ongoing reporting obligations	4
	Omit	"Secti	ons 9	(1), 11A–11D".	5
	Inser	t instea	ad "Se	ections 2B(1), definition of <i>relevant personal information</i> , 11–11D".	6
[42]	Secti	ion 14	AA		7
	Inser	t after	sectio	n 14—	8
•	14AA	Repo	rting	period specified in relevant order	9
		(1)	perio	relevant order made in relation to a registrable person specifies a reporting od, the registrable person must continue to comply with the reporting gations imposed under this Act for the specified reporting period.	10 11 12
		(2)	In th	is section—	13
			relev	vant order, for a registrable person, means—	14
			(a)	a registrable person order or child protection registration order made in relation to the person, or	15 16
			(b)	if more than 1 order under paragraph (a) relates to the person—the most recent order.	17 18
[43]	Secti	ion 14	A, hea	ading	19
	Omit	the he	ading	. Insert instead—	20
	14A	Repo	rting	period not specified in relevant order	21
[44]	Secti	ion 14	A(1A)		22
	Inser	t befor	e sect	ion 14A(1)—	23
	1	(1A)		section applies to a registrable person with reporting obligations imposed or this Act to whom section 14AA does not apply.	24 25
[45]	Secti	ion 14	A(1)		26
	Omit	"A reg	gistral	ole person". Insert instead "The registrable person".	27
[46]	Secti	ion 15	Susp	ension and extension of reporting obligations	28
	Omit	sectio	n 15(3	3)–(5). Insert instead—	29
		(3)	susp	reporting period of a registrable person whose reporting obligations are ended under subsection (1)(b) is extended by the length of time during the od of suspension that—	30 31 32
			(a)	the person was—	33
				(i) travelling outside Australia for longer than 28 days, or	34
			(1.)	(ii) resident outside Australia, and	35
			(b)	the person was not required to report under a corresponding Act.	36
		(4)	perio	reporting period of a registrable person is extended by the additional od specified in subsection (5) if the person is in breach of the person's rting obligations because the person failed to give the Commissioner of	37 38 39

				ce a personal information report within 28 days after the day on which the ort was due to be given.	1
		(5)	The	additional period for subsection (4)—	3
			(a)	means the period—	4
				(i) starting 28 days after the personal information report was due to be given, and	5
				(ii) ending when the person gives the Commissioner of Police the personal information report, and	7 8
			(b)	excludes any period during which the person's reporting obligations are suspended.	9 10
[47]	Section	on 15	Α		11
	Insert	after	section	on 15—	12
	15A	Calc	ulatio	on of extended reporting period	13
		(1)		registrable person's reporting period is extended under section 15, the mmissioner of Police must—	14 15
			(a)	calculate the person's extended reporting period, and	16
			(b)	cause written notice of the extended reporting period to be given to the person.	17 18
		(2)		regulations may make provision about the form and way in which written ce must be given under subsection (1)(b).	19 20
[48]	Section	on 16	NCAT	T may exempt persons from compliance with reporting obligations	21
	Omit	"by tl	nis Par	rt" from section 16(1)(a). Insert instead "under this Act".	22
[49]	Section	on 16	(6) an	nd (7)	23
	Omit	sectio	n 16(6	6)–(8). Insert instead—	24
		(6)		soon as practicable after an application under this section is made, the Civil Administrative Tribunal must notify—	25 26
			(a)	the Children's Guardian, and	27
			(b)	the Commissioner of Police.	28
		(7)	The	Children's Guardian and the Commissioner of Police are—	29
			(a)	parties to proceedings for an order arising from the application, and	30
			(b)	entitled to make submissions about the making of the order.	31
[50]	Section	on 16	A Ces	ssation of order	32
	Omit this Pa	"unde art" fi	er secti om se	tion 19BC continue to comply with the reporting obligations imposed by ection 16A(1)(c).	33 34
	Insert	inste	ad "co	ontinue to comply with the reporting obligations imposed under this Act".	35
[51]	Section	ons 1	6C an	nd 16D	36
	Omit	sectio	n 16C	C. Insert instead—	37

16C	Poli	ce offi	cers may enter and inspect residential premises	1
	(1)	regis	or more police officers may enter and inspect residential premises of a strable person that are identified, or required to be identified, in a personal rmation report as premises at which the person generally resides.	2 3 4
	(2)	The	power of entry and inspection (the <i>entry power</i> ) also authorises—	5
		(a)	the entry into and inspection of a relevant vehicle or other transport of the registrable person, and	6 7
		(b)	access to information held on, or accessed by or from, an electronic or other device at the premises or in the relevant vehicle or other transport.	8 9
	(3)		entry power may be exercised for either or both of the following ooses—	10 11
		(a)	to verify relevant personal information reported by the registrable person,	12 13
		(b)	to determine whether the registrable person is complying with the requirements of this Act.	14 15
	(4)		ce is not required to be given to the registrable person before the entry er is exercised.	16 17
	(5)		a reporting obligation of a registrable person to cooperate with a police eer exercising the entry power, including by—	18 19
		(a)	complying with a reasonable direction given to the registrable person by the police officer, and	20 21
		(b)	giving the police officer the information or assistance reasonably necessary for the officer to view, or to enable access to, data held in or accessible from an electronic or other device.	22 23 24
16D	Limi	ts on	entry into and inspection of residential premises by police officers	25
	(1)	resid	entry power under section 16C must not be exercised at particular dential premises of the registrable person more than 2 times in a calendar, except as provided by subsection (2).	26 27 28
	(2)	2 tin	entry power may be exercised at particular residential premises more than nes in a calendar year if, for each time the entry power is exercised after 2 s, approval is given by a police officer who—	29 30 31
		(a)	holds the rank of superintendent or above, and	32
		(b)	has a reasonable suspicion the registrable person has committed an offence under this Act that has not been previously dealt with.	33 34
	(3)	The	entry power must not be exercised—	35
		(a)	if the relevant reporting period of the registrable person has ended, or	36
		(b)	in part of the residential premises of the registrable person exclusively occupied by another person unless the police officer exercising the entry power has a reasonable suspicion that the part of the premises is used by the registrable person, or	37 38 39 40
		(c)	in relation to a registrable person who is under 18 years of age unless reasonable steps are taken to have a suitable person present to represent the interests of the registrable person while the power is exercised.	41 42 43
	(4)	In th	is section—	44
	. /		<b>able person</b> , for a registrable person, means a person, other than a police per, who—	45 46

			(a)	is acceptable to the registrable person, and	1	
			(b)	is—	2	
				(i) a parent or guardian of the registrable person, or	3	
				(ii) capable of representing the interests of the registrable person.	4	
[52]	Sect	ion 17	Offen	nce of failing to comply with reporting obligations	5	
	Omi	t section	on 17(3	3). Insert instead—	6	
		(3)	It is regis	a defence to proceedings for an offence arising under this section if the strable person charged with the offence establishes—	<del>7</del> 8	
			(a)	the offence did not arise because of a failure to comply with section 3M, and	9 10	
			(b)	at the time the offence is alleged to have occurred, the person—  (i) had not received notice of the person's reporting obligations, and  (ii) was otherwise unaware of the person's reporting obligations.	11 12 13	
		(4)	In th	is section—	14	
				<b>reting obligation</b> , for a corresponding registrable person, includes the gation to give a report to the Commissioner of Police under section 3M.	15 16	
[53]	Sect	ion 18	Offen	nce of furnishing false or misleading information	17	
	Omi	t "this	Part".	Insert instead "this part or section 3M".	18	
[54]	Sect	ion 19	Child	I Protection Register	19	
	Inser 19(2	Insert "or corresponding child protection registration order" after "order" in section 19(2)(c).				
[55]	Part	3, Div	ision '	10	22	
	Omi	t the di	ivision		23	
[56]				olication of reporting obligations to persons subject to child	24 25	
		t "noti sectio		Commissioner of Police of the person's relevant personal information" (3).	26 27	
	Inser	rt inste	ad "giv	ve the Commissioner of Police a personal information report".	28	
[57]	Sect	ion 22	Reau	ılations	29	
			_	4A" from section 22(3). Insert instead "section 3J".	30	
[58]		ions 2			31	
[50]				and 26. Insert after section 22—	32	
	23			administration of Register	33	
		(1)	audit	administration of the Register by the Commissioner of Police must be ted in accordance with this section.	34 35	
		(2)	An a	audit must be carried out by a person prescribed by the regulations.	36	
		(3)	An a	audit must occur at least once every 2 years.	37	
		(4)		regulations may make provision about audits, including— the matters required to be audited, and	38 39	

			(b)	the publication of the outcomes of audits.	1
	24	Adm	inistra	ative review of decisions by NCAT	2
			Adn	erson aggrieved by the following decisions may apply to the Civil and ministrative Tribunal for an administrative review under the <i>Administrative</i> isions Review Act 1997 of the decision—	3 4 5
			(a)	a decision that the person is a relevant person for section 3N,	6
			(b)	a decision under section 11G to refuse an application to allow the person to travel outside of Australia,	7 8
			(c)	a decision to extend a person's reporting obligations under section 15.	9
	25	Revi	ew of	Act	10
		(1)		Minister must conduct a review of the reviewable provisions to identify ther—	11 12
			(a)	the policy objectives of the reviewable provisions remain valid, and	13
			(b)	the terms of the reviewable provisions remain appropriate for securing the objectives.	14 15
		(2)		review must be undertaken as soon as possible after the period of 2 years the commencement of this section.	16 17
		(3)		eport on the outcome of the review must be tabled in each House of iament within 12 months after the end of the period of 2 years.	18 19
		(4)	In th	nis section—	20
				ewable provisions means the amendments made to this Act by the Child tection (Offenders Registration) Amendment Act 2024.	21 22
[59]	Sche	dules	1A-1	C	23
	Inser	t befor	e Sch	edule 1—	24
	Sch	nedu	le 1	A Class 1 offences	25
				section 2D(1)(b)	26
	Par	t 1	Off	fences under Crimes Act 1900	27
	Item		Sec	ction Circumstances	

# 1 26 Conspiring to commit murder the person to be murdered is less than 18 years of age 2 27 Acts done to the person with intent to murder the person intended to be murdered is less than 18 years of age 3 29 Certain other attempts to murder the person intended to be murdered is less than 18 years of age

5 37(2) Choking, suffocation and the other indictable offence is an offence strangulation specified in this part

30 Attempts to murder by other means

the person attempted to be murdered is

less than 18 years of age

Item	Section	Circumstances
6	38 Using intoxicating substance to commit an indictable offence	(a) the other person is less than 18 years of age, and
		(b) the indictable offence intended to be committed is an offence specified in this part
7	45 Prohibition of female genital mutilation	the other person is less than 18 years of age
8	55 Possessing or making explosives or other things with intent to injure	(a) the person intended to be injured, or against whom the serious indictable offence is intended to be committed, is less than 18 years of age, and
		(b) the serious indictable offence is an offence specified in this part
9	61I Sexual assault	the other person is less than 18 years of age
10	61J Aggravated sexual assault	the other person is less than 18 years of age
11	61JA Aggravated sexual assault in company	the other person in section 61JA(1)(a) is less than 18 years of age
12	61K Assault with intent to have sexual intercourse	the other person is less than 18 years of age
13	66A Sexual intercourse—child under 10	_
14	66B Attempting, or assaulting with intent, to have sexual intercourse with child under 10	_
15	66C Sexual intercourse—child between 10 and 16	_
16	66D Assault with intent to have sexual intercourse—child between 10 and 16	_
17	66EA Persistent sexual abuse of a child	_
18	66F Sexual offences—cognitive impairment	the person with a cognitive impairment is less than 18 years of age
19	73 Sexual intercourse—young person between 16 and 18 under special care	_
20	78A Incest	the close family member is less than 18 years of age
21	78B Incest attempts	the close family member is less than 18 years of age
22	80A Sexual assault by forced self-manipulation	the other person is less than 18 years of age
23	113 Breaking etc into any house etc with intent to commit serious indictable offence	(a) the person against whom the serious indictable offence is intended to be committed is less than 18 years of age, and
		(b) the serious indictable offence is an offence specified in this part

Item	Section	Circu	ımstances
24	114 Being armed with intent to commit indictable offence	(a)	the person against whom the indictable offence is intended to be committed is less than 18 years of age, and
		(b)	the indictable offence is an offence specified in this part
25	308C Unauthorised access, modification or impairment with intent to commit serious indictable offence		mmitted is an offence specified in

## Part 2 Offences under Criminal Code of Commonwealth

Item	Section	Circumstances
1	11.1 Attempt	the offence attempted is an offence specified in this part
2	11.2 Complicity and common purpose	the offence taken to have been committed is an offence specified in this part
3	11.2A Joint commission	the joint offence is an offence specified in this part
4	11.3 Commission by proxy	the offence taken to have been committed is an offence specified in this part
5	11.4 Incitement	the offence incited is an offence specified in this part
6	11.5 Conspiracy	the offence conspired is an offence specified in this part
7	268.8 Crime against humanity—murder	one or more of the persons murdered are less than 18 years of age
8	268.14 Crime against humanity—rape	the other person is less than 18 years of age
9	268.15 Crime against humanity—sexual slavery	the other person is less than 18 years of age
10	268.16 Crime against humanity—enforced prostitution	one or more of the other persons are less than 18 years of age
11	268.17 Crime against humanity—forced pregnancy	one or more of the women are less than 18 years of age
12	268.18 Crime against humanity—enforced sterilisation	one or more of the other persons are less than 18 years of age
13	268.19 Crime against humanity—sexual violence	one or more of the other persons are less than 18 years of age
14	268.59 War crime—rape	the other person is less than 18 years of age
15	268.60 War crime—sexual slavery	the other person is less than 18 years of age
16	268.61 War crime—enforced prostitution	one or more of the other persons are less than 18 years of age

Item	Section	Circumstances
17	268.62 War crime—forced pregnancy	one or more of the women are less than 18 years of age
18	268.63 War crime—enforced sterilisation	one or more of the other persons are less than 18 years of age
19	268.64 War crime—sexual violence	one or more of the other persons are less than 18 years of age
20	268.70 War crime—murder	one or more of the persons murdered are less than 18 years of age
21	268.82 War crime—rape	the other person is less than 18 years of age
22	268.83 War crime—sexual slavery	the other person is less than 18 years of age
23	268.84 War crime—enforced prostitution	one or more of the other persons are less than 18 years of age
24	268.85 War crime—forced pregnancy	one or more of the women are less than 18 years of age
25	268.86 War crime—enforced sterilisation	one or more of the other persons are less than 18 years of age
26	268.87 War crime—sexual violence	one or more of the other persons are less than 18 years of age
27	271.4 Offence of trafficking in children	_
28	271.7 Offence of domestic trafficking in children	_
29	271.7G Harbouring a victim—aggravated offence	the third person offence is an offence under section 271.4 or 271.7
30	272.8 Sexual intercourse with child outside Australia	_
31	272.10 Aggravated offence—sexual intercourse or other sexual activity with child outside Australia	the underlying offence is an offence under section 272.8
32	272.11 Persistent sexual abuse of child outside Australia	_
33	272.18 Benefiting from offence against this Division	the offence in section 272.18(1)(b) is an offence specified in this part
34	272.19 Encouraging offence against this Division	the offence in section 272.19(1)(b) is an offence specified in this part
35	272.20 Preparing for or planning offence against this Division	the offence in section 272.20(1)(b) or (2)(b) is an offence specified in this part
36	477.1 Unauthorised access, modification or impairment with intent to commit a serious offence	the offence intended to be committed is an offence specified in this part

## Schedule 1B Class 2 offences

section 2D(2)(b)

# Part 1 Offences under Crimes Act 1900

Item	Section	Circumstances
1	33(1) Intent to cause grievous bodily harm	(a) the person against whom the offence is committed is less than 10 years of age, and
		(b) the person committing the offence is at least 18 years of age
2	37(2) Choking, suffocation and strangulation	the other indictable offence is an offence specified in this part
3	45A Removing person from State for female genital mutilation	the other person is less than 18 years of age
4	55 Possessing or making explosives or other things with intent to injure	(a) the person intended to be injured, or against whom the serious indictable offence is intended to be committed, is less than 18 years of age, and
		(b) the serious indictable offence is an offence specified in this part
5	61KC Sexual touching	the complainant is less than 18 years of age
6	61KD Aggravated sexual touching	the complainant is less than 18 years of age
7	61KE Sexual act	the complainant is less than 18 years of age
8	61KF Aggravated sexual act	the complainant is less than 18 years of age
9	66DA Sexual touching—child under 10	_
10	66DB Sexual touching—child between 10 and 16	_
11	66DC Sexual act—child under 10	_
12	66DD Sexual act—child between 10 and 16	_
13	66DE Aggravated sexual act—child between 10 and 16	_
14	66DF Sexual act for production of child abuse material—child under 16	_
15	66EB Procuring or grooming child under 16 for unlawful sexual activity	_
16	66EC Grooming a person for unlawful sexual activity with a child under the person's authority	_
17	73A Sexual touching—young person between 16 and 18 under special care	_
18	80D Causing sexual servitude	the other person is less than 18 years of age
19	80E Conduct of business involving sexual servitude	one or more of the other persons are less than 18 years of age

Item	Section	Circumstances
20	86 Kidnapping	the person taken or detained is less than 18 years of age
21	87 Child abduction	the person who committed the offence has never had parental responsibility, within the meaning of the section, for the child
22	91D Promoting or engaging in acts of child prostitution	does not include an offence committed by a prostitute who is less than 18 years of age
23	91E Obtaining benefit from child prostitution	does not include an offence committed by a prostitute who is less than 18 years of age
24	91F Premises not to be used for child prostitution	does not include an offence committed by a prostitute who is less than 18 years of age
25	91G Children not to be used for production of child abuse material	does not include an offence committed by a prostitute who is less than 18 years of age
26	91H Production, dissemination or possession of child abuse material	does not include an offence committed by a prostitute who is less than 18 years of age
27	91HAA Administering a digital platform used to deal with child abuse material	_
28	91HAB Encouraging use of a digital platform to deal with child abuse material	_
29	91J Voyeurism	one or more persons being observed are less than 18 years of age
30	91K Filming a person engaged in private act	one or more persons being filmed are less than 18 years of age
31	91L Filming a person's private parts	the other person is less than 18 years of age
32	91P Record intimate image without consent	(a) the other person is less than 18 years of age, and
		(b) the offender is—
		<ul> <li>(i) at least 21 years of age, or</li> <li>(ii) less than 21 years of age and has previously been found guilty of one or more offences under the <i>Crimes Act 1900</i>, section 91P, 91Q or 91R in circumstances where the person in the image is, or appears to be, less than 16 years of age</li> </ul>

Item	Section	Circu	umstances
33	91Q Distribute intimate image without consent	(a)	the other person is less than 18 years of age, and
		(b)	the offender is—
			(i) at least 21 years of age, or
			(ii) less than 21 years of age and has previously been found guilty of one or more offences under the <i>Crimes Act 1900</i> , section 91P, 91Q or 91R in circumstances where the person in the image is, or appears to be, less than 16 years of age
34	91R Threaten to record or distribute intimate image	(a)	the other person is less than 18 years of age, and
		(b)	the offender is—
			(i) at least 21 years of age, or
			(ii) less than 21 years of age and has previously been found guilty of one or more offences under the <i>Crimes Act 1900</i> , section 91P, 91Q or 91R in circumstances where the person in the image is, or appears to be, less than 16 years of age
35	93AB Slavery, servitude and child forced labour		erson held in slavery or servitude is han 18 years of age
36	113 Breaking etc into any house etc with intent to commit serious indictable offence	(a)	the person against whom the serious indictable offence is intended to be committed is less than 18 years of age, and
		(b)	the serious indictable offence is an offence specified in this part
37	114 Being armed with intent to commit indictable offence	(a)	the person against whom the indictable offence is intended to be committed is less than 18 years of age, and
		(b)	the indictable offence is an offence specified in this part
38	308C Unauthorised access, modification or impairment with intent to commit serious indictable offence		rious indictable offence intended to mmitted is an offence specified in art

# Part 2 Offences under Criminal Code of Commonwealth

Item	Section	Circumstances
1	11.1 Attempt	the offence attempted is an offence specified in this part

Item	Section	Circumstances
2	11.2 Complicity and common purpose	the offence taken to have been committed is an offence specified in this part
3	11.2A Joint commission	the joint offence is an offence specified in this part
4	11.3 Commission by proxy	the offence taken to have been committed is an offence specified in this part
5	11.4 Incitement	the offence incited is an offence specified in this part
6	11.5 Conspiracy	the offence conspired is an offence specified in this part
7	270.3 Slavery offences	one or more slaves are less than 18 years of age
8	270.5 Servitude offences	the other person is less than 18 years of age
9	270.6A Forced labour offences	the other person is less than 18 years of age
10	270.7 Deceptive recruiting for labour or services	the victim is less than 18 years of age
11	270.7B Forced marriage offences	the victim is less than 18 years of age
12	270.7C Offence of debt bondage	the other person is less than 18 years of age
13	272.9 Sexual activity (other than sexual intercourse) with child outside Australia	_
14	272.10 Aggravated offence—sexual intercourse or other sexual activity with child outside Australia	the underlying offence is an offence under section 272.9
15	272.12 Sexual intercourse with young person outside Australia—defendant in position of trust or authority	
16	272.13 Sexual activity (other than sexual intercourse) with young person outside Australia—defendant in position of trust or authority	
17	272.14 Procuring child to engage in sexual activity outside Australia	_
18	272.15 "Grooming" child to engage in sexual activity outside Australia	_
19	272.15A "Grooming" person to make it easier to engage in sexual activity with a child outside Australia	
20	272.18 Benefiting from offence against this Division	the offence in section 272.18(1)(b) is an offence specified in this part
21	272.19 Encouraging offence against this Division	the offence in section 272.19(1)(b) is an offence specified in this part
22	272.20 Preparing for or planning offence against this Division	the offence in section 272.20(1)(b) or (2)(b) is an offence specified in this part

Item	Section	Circumstances
23	273.6 Possessing, controlling, producing, distributing or obtaining child abuse material outside Australia	_
24	273.7 Aggravated offence—offence involving conduct on 3 or more occasions and 2 or more people	_
25	273A.1 Possession of child-like sex dolls etc.	_
26	471.19 Using a postal or similar service for child abuse material	_
27	471.20 Possessing, controlling, producing, supplying or obtaining child abuse material for use through a postal or similar service	
28	471.22 Aggravated offence—offence involving conduct on 3 or more occasions and 2 or more people	_
29	471.24 Using a postal or similar service to procure persons under 16	_
30	471.25 Using a postal or similar service to "groom" persons under 16	_
31	471.25A Using a postal or similar service to "groom" another person to make it easier to procure persons under 16	
32	471.26 Using a postal or similar service to send indecent material to person under 16	_
33	474.22 Using a carriage service for child abuse material	_
34	474.22A Possessing or controlling child abuse material obtained or accessed using a carriage service	_
35	474.23 Possessing, controlling, producing, supplying or obtaining child abuse material for use through a carriage service	_
36	474.23A Conduct for the purposes of electronic service used for child abuse material	_
37	474.24A Aggravated offence—offence involving conduct on 3 or more occasions and 2 or more people	_
38	474.25A Using a carriage service for sexual activity with person under 16 years of age	_
39	474.25B Aggravated offence—using a carriage service for sexual activity with person under 16 years of age	_

Item	Section	Circumstances
40	474.25C Using a carriage service to prepare or plan to cause harm to, engage in sexual activity with, or procure for sexual activity, persons under 16	_
41	474.26 Using a carriage service to procure persons under 16 years of age	_
42	474.27 Using a carriage service to "groom" persons under 16 years of age	_
43	474.27AA Using a carriage service to "groom" another person to make it easier to procure persons under 16 years of age	_
44	474.27A Using a carriage service to transmit indecent communication to person under 16 years of age	_
45	477.1 Unauthorised access, modification or impairment with intent to commit a serious offence	the serious offence intended to be committed is an offence specified in this part

### Part 3 Other offences

Item	Act	Section	Circumstances
1	Customs Act 1901 of the Commonwealth	233BAB Special offence relating to tier 2 goods	the tier 2 goods are items of child abuse material

# Schedule 1C Relevant personal information

section 2B(1), definition of "relevant personal information"

### 1 Personal details

The following personal details—

- (a) the person's current name,
- (b) all other names by which the person is or has previously been known and the periods during which the person was known by each other name,
- (c) the person's date of birth,
- (d) the address of each of the premises at which the person generally resides or, if the person does not generally reside at particular premises, the name of each of the localities in which the person may generally be found
- (e) details of all tattoos or permanent distinguishing marks the person has or has had removed,
- (f) the postal address at which the person elects to receive notices under this Act,
- (g) other details prescribed by the regulations.

#### 2 Work

(1) If the person is a worker, the following details of the person's work—

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	(a)	the nature of the person's work,	1			
	(b)	if the person has an employer—the name of the person's employer,	2			
	(c)	the address of each of the premises at which the person generally works,	3			
	(d)	other details prescribed by the regulations.	4			
(2)		person does not generally work at particular premises, subclause (1)(c) not apply and the following information is required instead—	5 6			
	(a)	the name of each of the localities in which the person generally works, or	7 8			
	(b)	if the person does not generally work in a locality—	9			
		(i) information about how to contact the person while the person is working, unless the information has already been provided, and	10 11			
		(ii) if the person's work takes the person to a place where the person may reasonably expect to come into contact with children—the address or locality of the place.	12 13 14			
(3)	A pe	erson is taken to start working with an employer—	15			
	(a)	when the person enters into a contract of employment with the employer, or	16 17			
	(b)	if the person starts working before or without entering into a contract—on the person's first day of work.	18 19			
(4)	In th	is clause—	20			
		loyer has the same meaning as in the Child Protection (Working with dren) Act 2012.	21 22			
	work includes participation in a work for the dole program.					
		ther has the same meaning as in the Child Protection (Working with dren) Act 2012.	24 25			
Club	s and	other affiliations	26			
		ils of the person's affiliation with clubs or organisations that involve or or both of the following—	27 28			
	(a)	child members,	29			
	(b)	the participation of children in the club's or organisation's activities.	30			
Rele	vant v	rehicles or other transport	31			
		following details of each of the person's relevant vehicles or other port—	32 33			
	(a)	type,	34			
	(b)	make,	35			
	(c)	model,	36			
	(d)	colour,	37			
	(e)	registration number,	38			
	(f)	other details prescribed by the regulations.	39			
	-	cation devices and services	40			
(1)	inter	following details of communication devices and services used, or aded to be used, by the person—	41 42			
	(a)	telephone numbers,	43			

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		(b)	chat	room user names and all other user names or identities used ugh the internet or another electronic communication service,	1 2 3
		(c)	carri	age services,	4
		(d)	inter	net service providers,	5
		(e)		ype of internet connection, including whether the connection is less, broadband, ADSL or dial-up,	6 7
		(f)	acco	-based services that allow for online communication, including unts, user names and online gaming handles, other than a -based service—	8 9 10
			(i) (ii)	operated by or on behalf of a government agency in Australia, or <b>Examples—</b> the Service NSW and Medicare mobile phone applications operated by or on behalf of an authorised deposit-taking institution, or	11 12 13 14
			(iii)	prescribed by the regulations.	15
		(g)	other	r details prescribed by the regulations.	16
	(2)			the website domains owned by the person and the websites ed, managed or updated by the person.	17 18
	(3)	In th	is clau	se—	19
				rvice provider has the same meaning as in the Online Safety Act commonwealth.	20 21
		web-	based	service includes a platform, application and game.	22
6	Fore	ign of	fences	s and corresponding child protection registration orders	23
	(1)			ne person has ever been found guilty of a relevant foreign offence where the finding was made.	24 25
	(2)			ne person has ever been subject to a corresponding child protection a order and, if so, where the order was made.	26 27
	(3)	In th	is clau	se—	28
		relev	ant fo	reign offence means—	29
		(a)		offence that required the person to report to a corresponding strar, or	30 31
		(b)		ffence that is substantially the same as an offence specified in edule 1A or 1B.	32 33
7	Time	in cu	stody		34
		Wale	es or a on bec	the time the person has spent in government custody in New South foreign jurisdiction in relation to a registrable offence since the ame a registrable person, including when and where the custody	35 36 37 38
8	Trav	el out	side N	ew South Wales	39
		in A	ıstralia	on leaves, or intends to leave, New South Wales to travel elsewhere a on an average of at least once in a calendar month, irrespective of of the absence from New South Wales, the following details—	40 41 42
		(a)	_	eason for travelling, in general terms,	43
		(b)		requency and destinations of the travel, in general terms,	44
		(c)		r details about the travel prescribed by the regulations.	45

	9	Cont	tact with children	1
		(1)	The following information for each child with whom the person resides—	2
			(a) the child's name,	3
			(b) the child's date of birth,	4
			(c) the child's address or other means of contacting the child,	5
			(d) other information prescribed by the regulations.	6
		(2)	The person is taken to reside with a child if the person stays overnight 3 or more times in a 12-month period, whether or not consecutively, in—	7 8
			(a) the same household as the child, or	9
			(b) a household where the child normally resides.	10
[60]	Sche	dule 2	2 Savings, transitional and other provisions	11
	Inser	at the	e end of the schedule, with appropriate part and clause numbering—	12
	Par	t	Provisions consequent on enactment of Child	13
			Protection (Offenders Registration) Amendment	14
			Act 2024	15
		Appl	lication of amendments	16
		(1)	An existing section 3C order, in force immediately before the repeal of former section 3C by the amending Act, continues in force despite the repeal.	17 18
		(2)	New section 3C does not apply to a court sentencing a person before the commencement of that section.	19 20
		(3)	An offence that became a registrable offence because of the commencement of Schedule 1A or 1B, as inserted by the amending Act, is taken not to be a registrable offence if the offence was committed before the commencement of that amendment.	21 22 23 24
		(4)	The repeal of section 9(1C)–(1E) by the amending Act does not affect anything done under the subsections before the repeal.	25 26
		(5)	In this clause—	27
			amending Act means the Child Protection (Offenders Registration) Amendment Act 2024.	28 29
			existing section 3C order means an order made under section 3C, as in force immediately before the repeal of former section 3C by the amending Act.	30 31
			<i>former section 3C</i> means section 3C as in force immediately before the repeal of the section by the amending Act.	32 33
			new section 3C means section 3C as inserted by the amending Act.	34
		Endi	ng of reporting obligations for certain offenders	35
		(1)	The Commissioner of Police may, by order given to a registrable person, direct that the registrable person's reporting obligations cease to have effect.	36 37
		(2)	The Commissioner of Police may make the order only if—	38
			(a) the person has the reporting obligations only because of a registrable offence that the person committed when the person was a child, and	39 40
			(b) the person was sentenced for the registrable offence before the commencement of this clause.	41 42

(3)	The regulations may make provision in relation to the making of an order, including the following—		1
	(a)	the matters that the Commissioner of Police must consider, or be satisfied of, before making an order,	3 4
	(b)	applications for an order,	5
	(c)	review of decisions by the Commissioner of Police under this clause.	6

Schedule 2	Amendment of Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999 No 92	1 2
Section 43 C	court may reopen proceedings to correct sentencing errors	3
Insert at the	end of section 43(6), definition of <i>impose a penalty</i> , paragraph (e)—	4
	, or	5
	(f) make a registrable person order under the Child Protection (Offenders	6
	Registration) Act 2000, including specifying a reporting period in the	7
	order.	8