

New South Wales

Companion Animals Amendment Bill 2006

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

At present under the *Companion Animals Act 1998* (*the Act*), a council or a Local Court may declare a dog to be a dangerous dog if it has (without provocation) attacked or killed a person or animal or has repeatedly threatened to attack or chase a person or animal. Certain control requirements are currently imposed in relation to dogs that are declared to be dangerous (such as keeping the dog in a special enclosure and ensuring that the dog is muzzled and on a lead when it is outside of its enclosure). The Act also imposes similar control requirements in relation to dogs that are currently listed in the Act as restricted dogs (eg pit bull terriers) regardless of whether they have been declared dangerous. If a council is of the opinion that a dog is of a breed or kind of dog listed as a restricted dog, or is a cross-breed of such a listed dog, the council may also declare the dog to be a restricted dog.

The object of this Bill is to amend the Act as follows:

- (a) to enable a dog that displays unreasonable aggression or a dog that is kept or used for the purposes of hunting to be declared a dangerous dog under the Act,
- (b) to enable authorised officers of councils to make declarations under the Act in relation to dangerous dogs and restricted dogs instead of the council itself having to make such a declaration,

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- (c) to prohibit the sale (which includes giving away) and the acquisition of dangerous dogs in the same way as restricted dogs cannot be sold or acquired at present,
- (d) to enable a dangerous or restricted dog to be seized and destroyed if the dog attacks or bites without provocation or if the enclosure or muzzling requirements have not been complied with on 2 separate occasions over a 12-month period,
- (e) to require the owner of a dangerous or restricted dog to obtain a certificate of compliance in relation to the enclosure in which the dog is required to be kept,
- (f) to increase penalties for some offences under the Act (particularly in relation to dangerous and restricted dogs),
- (g) to expressly empower an authorised officer of a council who reasonably suspects a person of having committed any offence under the Act or the regulations to arrest the person (and detain for the purposes of taking the person before a Magistrate) if the person refuses to give his or her name and address or gives a name or address that the officer suspects is false,
- (h) to require dog owners generally to take reasonable precautions to prevent their dogs from escaping from the property on which they are kept,
- (i) to remove the exemption for working dogs (ie stock or farm dogs) from the registration and identification requirements under the Act,
- (j) to make a number of other amendments of a minor or consequential nature. The Bill also amends:
- (a) the Companion Animals Regulation 1999 to provide an exemption from the requirement to pay registration fees in the case of working dogs, to prohibit the misuse of the special collar that must be worn by dangerous and restricted dogs, to prescribe the maximum fee for issuing a certificate of compliance in relation to a dangerous or restricted dog enclosure, to specify additional offences that may be dealt with by way of a penalty notice and to increase the penalties that are payable for certain penalty notice offences, and
- (b) the Local Government (General) Regulation 2005 to require councils to include in their annual reports a detailed statement of their activities in relation to enforcing and ensuring compliance with the Companion Animals Act 1998 and the Companion Animals Regulation 1999.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

Clause 3 is a formal provision that gives effect to the amendments to the *Companion Animals Act 1998* set out in Schedule 1.

Clause 4 is a formal provision that gives effect to the amendments to the regulations set out in Schedule 2.

Clause 5 provides for the repeal of the proposed Act after all the amendments made by the proposed Act have commenced. Once the amendments have commenced the proposed Act will be spent and section 30 of the *Interpretation Act 1987* provides that the repeal of an amending Act does not affect the amendments made by that Act.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Companion Animals Act 1998

Dangerous and restricted dogs

Schedule 1 [15] and [31] expand the grounds on which a dog may be declared to be dangerous to include dogs that display unreasonable aggression and dogs that are kept or used for the purposes of hunting. A dog that is used only to locate, flush, point or retrieve game birds or small pest animals such as rodents is not to be considered a hunting dog for the purpose of any such declaration.

If a dog is declared to be a dangerous dog it must be muzzled and kept on a lead whenever it is outside of its enclosure. In the case of a dog that has been declared dangerous on the ground that it is used for hunting, **Schedule 1 [38]** provides that this requirement will not apply while the dog is actually engaged in lawful hunting.

Schedule 1 [39] inserts proposed sections 52A and 52B to prohibit the sale (which includes transfer ownership by any means) of a dangerous dog. It will also be an offence to accept ownership of a dangerous dog knowing that it is a dangerous dog. **Schedule 1 [34], [36], [37] and [53]** are consequential on the prohibition on selling dangerous dogs.

At present, the owner of a dog that is the subject of a notice of intention to declare the dog dangerous must comply with interim control requirements (eg muzzling and being kept on a lead) pending the decision to make the declaration. The dog may be seized during the interim period if the requirements are not complied with. **Schedule 1 [20]** will require the owner of a dog that is the subject of a notice of intention to register the dog (which also requires the dog to be microchipped) within 7 days of receiving the notice of intention.

Schedule 1 [50] inserts proposed section 58G to enable an authorised officer of a council (or a police officer) to seize a dangerous or restricted dog that attacks or bites without provocation or if the enclosure or muzzling requirements have not been complied with on 2 separate occasions over a 12-month period. Once seized, an authorised officer of a council may authorise the destruction of the dog. **Schedule 1 [42]** allows an authorised officer of a council to authorise the destruction of certain restricted dogs that are seized under section 57D of the Act.

Schedule 1 [50] also inserts proposed section 58H which requires the owner of a dangerous or restricted dog to obtain from the council a certificate of compliance in relation to the enclosure in which the dog must be kept. **Schedule 1 [35] and [41]** are consequential amendments.

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Declarations by authorised officers of a council

At present, it is the council that may declare a dog to be a dangerous dog or a restricted dog. A number of amendments made by the proposed Act will enable authorised officers to directly exercise functions relating to the declaration of dangerous or restricted dogs (see Schedule 1 [3], [14], [16]–[19], [21], [22], [25], [32], [40], [43], [45], [46] and [47]).

The decision of an authorised officer of a council to declare a dog to be a dangerous dog will, as is the case at present for council-made declarations, be appealable to a Local Court (Schedule 1 [23] and [28]). The power to revoke a dangerous dog declaration will remain with the council, although an application for a revocation cannot be made until after 12 months following the declaration by the authorised officer (Schedule 1 [26].) Schedule 1 [24], [27], [29] and [30] are minor or consequential amendments relating to appeals to a Local Court and the requirement to notify the Director-General of the Department of Local Government of a dangerous dog declaration or revocation.

At present, a restricted dog declaration is not reviewable although it can be revoked by the council that made the declaration. **Schedule 1 [48] and [49]** are consequential amendments relating to the requirement to notify the Director-General of restricted dog declarations and any revocation of such a declaration.

Power of arrest in relation to requirement to state name and address

At present under section 69G of the Act, a council officer or police officer may require a person whom the officer suspects of having committed an offence under the Act or the regulations to state the person's name and address. It is an offence under section 69G for the person to refuse to give a name or address or to give a false name or address. **Schedule 1** [54] empowers a council officer (regardless of whether the officer is a special constable) or a police officer to arrest, without a warrant, a person whom the officer suspects of having committed an offence under section 69G (eg if the person has given a false name or address) and to detain the person until they can be brought before a Magistrate.

Miscellaneous amendments

Schedule 1 [1] removes the provision that exempts working dogs (ie stock or farm dogs) from the registration and identification requirements under the Act. **Schedule 1** [2] and [4] are consequential amendments. **Schedule 1** [8] continues the exemption for working dogs from the requirement to wear a collar and name tag.

Schedule 1 [5] requires councils to find out about dangerous dogs in its area (as well as dogs that are likely to be declared dangerous).

Schedule 1 [6] makes it clear that councils have powers in relation to companion animals under other legislation such as the *Local Government Act 1993*.

Schedule 1 [7] imposes a duty on police officers and certain animal welfare officers to report to councils any information about dogs which pose a threat to the public or about incidents involving dog attacks.

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Schedule 1 [9] requires all dog owners to take reasonable precautions to prevent their dogs from escaping.

Schedule 1 [10]-[12] and [33] increase the maximum penalty for certain offences under the Act, particularly in the case where a dangerous or restricted dog is involved.

Schedule 1 [13] makes it clear that the owner of a restricted dog may be liable for any injury or personal property damage caused by the dog attacking a person.

Schedule 1 [44] is a minor amendment that simplifies the process for initiating a notice of intention to declare a dog to be a restricted dog.

Schedule 1 [51] makes a consequential amendment to a note specifying the provisions of the Act under which animals may be seized.

Schedule 1 [52] makes it clear that seized animals may be detained during the course of investigations into an offence in relation to the animal. Fees for detaining and holding a seized animal in a council pound may be charged at present under the Act.

Schedule 1 [55] gives the Chief Inspector of the RSPCA and the Chief Inspector of the Animal Welfare League authorised access to the Register of Companion Animals.

Schedule 1 [56] makes it clear that council pound fees and fees for issuing certificates of compliance in relation to dangerous or restricted dog enclosures are payable directly to the council concerned and are not paid into the Companion Animals Fund.

Schedule 1 [57] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made as a consequence of the proposed Act.

Schedules 1 [58] continues the operation of any existing dangerous or restricted dog declaration by a council.

Schedule 2 Amendment of other legislation

Schedule 2 contains the amendments to the *Companion Animals Regulation 1999* and the *Local Government (General) Regulation 2005* as described in the Overview above.

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Companion Animals Amendment Bill 2006

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Companion Animals Amendment Bill 2006

No , 2006

A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Companion Animals Act 1998* to make further provision with respect to the control of dangerous dogs and the duties and responsibilities of their owners; and for other purposes.

Clause 1 Companion Animals Amendment Bill 2006

The	Legisl	ature of New South Wales enacts:	1
1	Nam	e of Act	2
		This Act is the Companion Animals Amendment Act 2006.	3
2	Com	mencement	4
		This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.	5
3	Ame	ndment of Companion Animals Act 1998 No 87	6
		The Companion Animals Act 1998 is amended as set out in Schedule 1.	7
4	Ame	ndment of other legislation	8
		Each regulation specified in Schedule 2 is amended as set out in that Schedule.	9 10
5	Rep	eal of Act	11
	(1)	This Act is repealed on the day following the day on which all of the provisions of this Act have commenced.	12 13
	(2)	The repeal of this Act does not, because of the operation of section 30 of the <i>Interpretation Act</i> 1987, affect any amendment made by this Act	14 15

Scł	nedu	le 1	Am 199	endment of Companion Animals Act 8	1 2
				(Section 3)	3
[1]	Sect	ion 3 A	pplicatio	on of Act to working dogs	4
	Omi	t the se	ction.		5
[2]	Sect	ion 5 [efinition	s	6
	Inser the d	t ", but lefinitio	does not an of assis	include a working dog" after "of the Commonwealth" in stance animal in section 5 (1).	7 8
[3]	Sect	ion 5 (), definit	tion of "dangerous dog"	9
	Omi	t "a cou	ncil". Ins	ert instead "an authorised officer of a council".	10
[4]	Sect	ion 5 ()		11
	Inser	t in alp	habetical	order:	12
			droving,	dog means a dog used primarily for the purpose of tending, working or protecting stock, and includes a dog ained as a working dog.	13 14 15
[5]	Sect	ion 6A	General	duties of councils	16
	Omi	t "by th	e council	under Division 6" from section 6A (1) (b).	17
	Inse	t instea	d "under	Division 1 or 6".	18
[6]	Sect	ion 6A	note		19
	Inse	t at the	end of th	e section:	20
			under oth able to be order to the	uncils also have functions in relation to companion animals per legislation. For example, the number of dogs or cats that are exept on premises can be restricted by a council by giving an the occupier in terms of order No 18 in the Table to section 124 cal Government Act 1993.	21 22 23 24 25
[7]	Sect	ion 6B			26
	Inser	Insert after section 6A:			
	6B	Duty	to provid	de certain information to councils	28
		(1)	If an offi	icial person has any information about:	29
				dog that the person reasonably believes is a threat to the ablic, or	30 31

			(b) an incident involving a dog attacking or biting, without				
			provocation, a person or animal,	1 2			
			it is the duty of the official person to provide that information to	3			
	the relevant council (or councils) as soon as it is reasonably practicable.						
			Note. The relevant council would usually be the council of the area in	5 6			
			which the dog is ordinarily kept. However, the relevant council may also be the council of the area in which the incident concerned took place.	7 8			
		(2)	An official person does not incur any criminal or civil liability (including liability for breaching any duty of confidentiality) for providing any such information to a council if the information is provided in good faith.	9 10 11 12			
		(3)	In this section, official person means:	13			
			(a) a police officer, or	14			
			(b) an officer of the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, New South Wales, or of the Animal Welfare League NSW, as referred to in paragraph (b) of	15 16			
			the definition of <i>officer</i> in section 4 (1) of the <i>Prevention</i> of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979.	17 18 19			
[8]	Sect	ion 12	Dog to wear collar and tag	20			
	Inser	t "or to	o a working dog" after "the occupier" in section 12 (4).	21			
[9]	Sect	ion 12	A	22			
	Inser	t after	section 12:	23			
	12A	Prev	enting dog from escaping	24			
		(1)	The owner of a dog must take all reasonable precautions to prevent the dog from escaping from the property on which it is being kept.	25 26 27			
			Maximum penalty:	28			
			(a) 8 penalty units except in the case of a dangerous or restricted dog, or	29 30			
			(b) 50 penalty units in the case of a dangerous or restricted dog.	31 32			
		(2)	For the purposes of subsection (1), <i>owner</i> of a dog includes the person who is for the time being in charge of the dog.	33 34			

[10]	Sect	ion 13	Resp	onsibilities while dog in public place	1
	Omi	t the po	enalty	to section 13 (2). Insert instead:	2
		•	Max	imum penalty:	3
			(a)	10 penalty units except in the case of a dangerous or restricted dog, or	4 5
			(b)	100 penalty units in the case of a dangerous or restricted dog.	6 7
[11]	Sect	ion 14	Dogs	prohibited in some public places	8
	Omi	t the po	enalty	to section 14 (2). Insert instead:	9
			Max	imum penalty:	10
			(a)	10 penalty units except in the case of a dangerous or restricted dog, or	11 12
			(b)	100 penalty units in the case of a dangerous or restricted dog.	13 14
[12]	Sect	ion 23	Disq	ualification from owning or being in charge of dog	15
	Omi	t "50 p	enalty	units" from section 23 (6). Insert instead "100 penalty units".	16
[13]	Sect	ion 25	Liabi	lity for injury to person or damage to personal property	17
	Inse	rt "or r	estrict	ed dog" after "dangerous dog" in section 25 (2) (a).	18
[14]	Part	5, Div	ision	1, heading	19
	Omi	t "of c	ouncil	s".	20
[15]	Sect	tion 33	}		21
	Omi	t the se	ection.	Insert instead:	22
	33	Mea	ning o	f "dangerous"	23
		(1)	For t	the purposes of this Division, a dog is <i>dangerous</i> if it:	24
			(a)	has, without provocation, attacked or killed a person or animal (other than vermin), or	25 26
			(b)	has, without provocation, repeatedly threatened to attack or repeatedly chased a person or animal (other than vermin), or	27 28 29
			(c)	has displayed unreasonable aggression towards a person or animal (other than vermin), or	30 31
			(d)	is kept or used for the purposes of hunting.	32

		(2)	as being ke to locate, fl purposes o (such as roo Note. If a hu does not nec	t, for the purposes of subsection (1) (d), to be regarded pt or used for the purposes of hunting if it is used only ush, point or retrieve birds or vermin. <i>Vermin</i> for the f this subsection includes small pest animals only dents). Inting dog is declared to be a dangerous dog, the declaration ressarily mean that the dog cannot be used for the purposes ting—see section 51 (3).	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	
[16]	Sect	ions 3		38 (1), 58C (2) and (5) and 58D (1)	9	
[]				ever occurring.	10	
				rised officer of a council".	11	
[17]	Sect	ions 3	4 (2), 35 (1) :	and 58A (1)	12	
				herever occurring. Insert instead "the officer's".	13	
[18]	Sect	ion 34	Authorised	officer may declare dog to be dangerous	14	
		t "who on 34 (d officer made the declaration" after "the council" in	15 16	
[19]	Sect	ions 3	5 (2) (b), 37	(2) and (3), 58A (1), 58B (3) (b) and 58C (2)	17	
	Omit	"the c	ouncil" wher	ever occurring. Insert instead "the authorised officer".	18	
[20]	Sect	ion 36			19	
	Omit	the se	ction. Insert	instead:	20	
	36	Obliq decla	gations of overation	wner when notified of proposed dangerous dog	21 22	
			author		e is given under section 35 to the owner of a dog of an d officer's intention to declare the dog to be dangerous,	
				re that at all times when the dog is away from the erty where it is ordinarily kept:	26 27	
			(i)	it is under the effective control of some competent person by means of an adequate chain, cord or leash, and	28 29 30	
			(ii)	it has a muzzle securely fixed on its mouth in such a manner as will prevent it from biting any person or animal, and	31 32 33	

	(b) register the dog (if it is not already registered) within 7 days after receiving the notice.	1 2
	Note. Registration of a dog requires the dog to be microchipped.	3
	Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	4
(2)	Subsection (1) (a) only applies in respect of a dog:	5
	(a) for 28 days after the notice is given to the dog's owner, or	6
	(b) until the authorised officer notifies the owner that the officer has made the proposed declaration or has decided not to make it	7 8 9
	•	10
(3)	An authorised officer may seize a dog that is the subject of a proposed declaration if:	11 12
	(a) the officer is satisfied that the requirements of subsection (1) (a) have not been complied with (but may only seize the dog during the time when subsection (1) (a) applies in respect of the dog), or	13 14 15 16
	(b) the dog has not been registered as required by subsection (1) (b).	17 18
(4)	If a dog is seized under subsection (3), Part 7 applies in respect of the dog, except that a claim for the dog cannot be made under section 64 unless an authorised officer is satisfied that:	19 20 21
	(a) the requirements of subsection (1) (a) are capable of being complied with, and	22 23
	(b) the dog has been registered.	24
(5)	For the purposes of subsection (1) (a) (i), a dog is not considered to be under the effective control of a person if the person has more than 2 dogs (one of which is the dog the subject of the proposed declaration) under his or her control at the one time.	25 26 27 28
Section 37	7 Authorised officer must consider dog owner's objections	29
Insert after	section 37 (3):	30
(4)	A reference in this section to the authorised officer is a reference to any authorised officer of the council and is not limited to the authorised officer who gave the notice.	31 32 33
Sections 3	38 (1) and 58D (1)	34
	.,	35
	(3) (4) (5) Section 37 Insert after (4) Sections 3	7 days after receiving the notice. Note. Registration of a dog requires the dog to be microchipped. Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units. (2) Subsection (1) (a) only applies in respect of a dog: (a) for 28 days after the notice is given to the dog's owner, or (b) until the authorised officer notifies the owner that the officer has made the proposed declaration or has decided not to make it, whichever happens first. (3) An authorised officer may seize a dog that is the subject of a proposed declaration if: (a) the officer is satisfied that the requirements of subsection (1) (a) have not been complied with (but may only seize the dog during the time when subsection (1) (a) applies in respect of the dog), or (b) the dog has not been registered as required by subsection (1) (b). (4) If a dog is seized under subsection (3), Part 7 applies in respect of the dog, except that a claim for the dog cannot be made under section 64 unless an authorised officer is satisfied that: (a) the requirements of subsection (1) (a) are capable of being complied with, and (b) the dog has been registered. (5) For the purposes of subsection (1) (a) (i), a dog is not considered to be under the effective control of a person if the person has more than 2 dogs (one of which is the dog the subject of the proposed declaration) under his or her control at the one time. Section 37 Authorised officer must consider dog owner's objections Insert after section 37 (3): (4) A reference in this section to the authorised officer is a reference to any authorised officer of the council and is not limited to the

[23]	Section 38 Authorised officer to notify dog owner of decision and consequences						
	Omit sect	ion 38 ((2) (b). Insert instead:	3			
		(b)	the owner's right under section 41 to appeal to a Local Court against the declaration, and	4			
		(c)	the fact that the dog may, under section 58G, be seized and destroyed if the requirements imposed on the owner under section 51 (1) (c), (c1) or (e) are not complied with on 2 separate occasions over any period of 12 months (whether or not each occasion relates to the same requirement).	6 7 8 9			
[24]	Section 3	9 Cour	ncil can revoke dangerous dog declaration	11			
	Omit "this	s Part" t	from section 39 (1). Insert instead "this Division".	12			
[25]	Sections	39 (1) a	and 58D (3) (b) and (c)	13			
	Omit "tha	t made'	wherever occurring.	14			
	Insert inst	ead "w	hose authorised officer made".	15			
[26]	Section 39 (1A)						
	Insert after section 39 (1):						
	(1A)	the p	application under subsection (1) cannot be made until after period of 12 months following the date on which the dog was ared to be dangerous.	18 19 20			
[27]	Section 4	10		21			
	Omit the section. Insert instead:						
		ector-G claratio	General to be notified of making or revocation of n	23 24			
	(1)	this	nuthorised officer of a council who makes a declaration under Division must give notice of the declaration to the ector-General within 7 days.	25 26 27			
	(2)		ouncil that revokes a declaration under this Division must notice of the revocation to the Director-General within ys.	28 29 30			
[28]	Section 4	1 Appe	eal to Local Court	31			
	Omit sect	ion 41 ((1) and (2). Insert instead:	32			
	(1)	The	owner of a dog can appeal to a Local Court:	33			

		(a)	against the declaration by an authorised officer of a council that the dog is dangerous, or	1 2	
		(b)	against a refusal by a council to revoke a declaration that the dog is dangerous.	3 4	
	(2		appeal can only be made within 28 days after the date the er of the dog:	5 6	
		(a)	is given notice by the authorised officer under section 38 that the officer has made the declaration, or	7 8	
		(b)	is given notice by the council under section 39 that it has refused to revoke the declaration.	9 10	
[29]	Section	42 Dete	rmination of appeals by Local Court	11	
	Omit "of	the cou	ncil".	12	
	Insert ins	stead "of	f the authorised officer or the council (as the case requires)".	13	
[30]	Section	44 Loca	al Court has power to declare dog to be dangerous	14	
	Insert "a 44 (1).	n autho	rised officer of" after "against a declaration by" in section	15 16	
[31]	Section 45				
	Omit the	section.	Insert instead:	18	
	45 W	hen Loc	cal Court can declare dog to be dangerous	19	
	(1) A L satis	ocal Court can declare a dog to be dangerous if the Court is sfied that the dog:	20 21	
		(a)	has, without provocation, attacked or killed a person or an animal (other than vermin), or	22 23	
		(b)	has, without provocation, repeatedly threatened to attack or repeatedly chased a person or an animal (other than vermin), or	24 25 26	
		(c)	has displayed unreasonable aggression towards a person or animal (other than vermin), or	27 28	
		(d)	is kept or used for the purposes of hunting.	29	
	(2) Sect	tion 33 (2) applies for the purposes of subsection (1) (d).	30	
[32]	Sections	s 47 (2)	(b) and 48 (2) (b)	31	
	Omit "a	council'	s declaration that a dog is dangerous" wherever occurring.	32	
	Insert ins		e declaration by an authorised officer of a council that a dog	33 34	

Schedule 1 Amendment of Companion Animals Act 1998

[33]	Secti	ons 4	9 and 50	1			
	Omit	"40 p	enalty units" wherever occurring.	2			
	Insert	inste	ad "100 penalty units".	3			
[34]		on 51 reme	Owner of dangerous dog must comply with control nts	4 5			
			d any person who subsequently becomes the owner of such a dog," from section 51 (1).	6 7			
[35]	Secti	on 51	(1) (c)	8			
	Insert	at the	e end of the paragraph:	9			
			Note. A certificate of compliance in relation to the prescribed enclosure must be obtained by the owner of the dog—see section 58H.	10 11			
[36]	Secti	on 51	(1) (g) and (h)	12			
	Omit the paragraphs.						
[37]	Secti	on 51	(1) (i) (iv)	14			
	Omit the subparagraph.						
[38]	Section 51 (3)						
	Omit the subsection. Insert instead:						
	(3)		Exemption from being on lead and muzzled while hunting	18			
			In the case of a dog that has been declared dangerous on the ground that it is kept or used for the purposes of hunting, the requirements imposed under subsection (1) (e) do not apply while the dog is actually engaged in lawful hunting.	19 20 21 22			
[39]	Sections 52A and 52B						
	Insert after section 52:						
	52A	Proh	ibition on selling dangerous dog or proposed dangerous dog	25			
		(1)	A person who sells, or advertises the sale of, a dangerous dog or proposed dangerous dog is guilty of an offence.	26 27			
			Maximum penalty: 150 penalty units.	28			
			Note. The term "sell" extends to the transfer of owner by any means, including by gift.	29 30			
			Abandoning an animal is also an offence—see section 11 of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979.	31 32			

	(2)	only on to a control Note.	of surrendering a dangerous dog or proposed dangerous dog council pound or an approved animal welfare organisation. A dangerous dog that is surrendered to a council pound or an	
	(3)	mean	is a dog that is the subject of a proposed declaration under	- - 8
) 10
	(1)	dange	erous dog is guilty of an offence.	1°
				13
	(2)	A per		14
		(a)	by reason only of taking delivery of, or detaining, a dog under Part 7 or as the consequence of a dog being surrendered to a council pound or an approved animal welfare organisation, or	19 16 17 18
		(b)	if the person does not know, or could not reasonably be expected to know, that the dog was a dangerous dog or proposed dangerous dog.	19 20 21
Section 56 (1)	ns 5 (a) aı	5 (1) (e nd (h),	e) and (2) (definition of "proposed restricted dog"), 57D (1), 58A (1) and 58D (3) and (4)	22 23
Omit '	'a cou	ıncil" v	wherever occurring.	24
Insert	instea	ıd "an	authorised officer of a council".	2
Section require	n 56 emer	Owne nts	r of restricted dog must comply with control	26
Insert	at the	end o	f section 56 (1) (a1):	28
		Note. must l	A certificate of compliance in relation to the prescribed enclosure be obtained by the owner of the dog—see section 58H.	29 30
Section transi	n 57l tion p	D Decl period	ared restricted dogs may be seized and destroyed after	3 ²
Omit s	section	n 57D	(4) (b). Insert instead:	33
		(b)	an authorised officer of a council may authorise the destruction of the dog.	34 3!
Part 5	, Divi	sion 6	s, heading	36
Omit '	by co	ouncils	s ".	3
	Section 56 (1) Omit of Insert Section require Insert Section transity Omit of Section 15 (1) Omit of Section 15 (1	Sections 55 56 (1) (a) an Omit "a could Insert instead Section 56 requirement Insert at the Section 57 transition properties of the Section 58 transition properties of the Section 57 transition properties o	only to a condition of the section o	only of surrendering a dangerous dog or proposed dangerous dog to a council pound or an approved animal welfare organisation. Note. A dangerous dog that is surrendered to a council pound or an approved animal welfare organisation cannot be sold. (3) In this section and in section 52B, proposed dangerous dog means a dog that is the subject of a proposed declaration under Division 1. 52B Prohibition on accepting ownership of dangerous dog or proposed dangerous dog (1) A person who accepts ownership of a dangerous dog or proposed dangerous dog is guilty of an offence. Maximum penalty: 150 penalty units. (2) A person does not commit an offence under this section: (a) by reason only of taking delivery of, or detaining, a dog under Part 7 or as the consequence of a dog being surrendered to a council pound or an approved animal welfare organisation, or (b) if the person does not know, or could not reasonably be expected to know, that the dog was a dangerous dog or proposed dangerous dog. Sections 55 (1) (e) and (2) (definition of "proposed restricted dog"), 56 (1) (a) and (h), 57D (1), 58A (1) and 58D (3) and (4) Omit "a council" wherever occurring. Insert instead "an authorised officer of a council". Section 56 Owner of restricted dog must comply with control requirements Insert at the end of section 56 (1) (a1): Note. A certificate of compliance in relation to the prescribed enclosure must be obtained by the owner of the dog—see section 58H. Section 57D Declared restricted dogs may be seized and destroyed after transition period Omit section 57D (4) (b). Insert instead: (b) an authorised officer of a council may authorise the

Companion Animals Amendment Bill 2006

Schedule 1 Amendment of Companion Animals Act 1998

[44]	Sect	ion 58	A Notice of intention to declare dog to be restricted dog	1				
	Omit	sectio	on 58A (3).	2				
[45]		ion 58 declar	B Obligations of owner when notified of proposed restricted ration	3				
	Omit	"a co	uncil's" from section 58B (1).	5				
	Inser	t inste	ad "an authorised officer's".	6				
[46]	Secti	ions 5	8B (5) (b) and 58F (1)	7				
	Omit	"by tl	ne council" wherever occurring.	8				
[47]	Secti	ion 58	C Authorised officer may declare dog to be restricted dog	9				
	Omit "the council that gave the notice" from section 58C (1).							
	Insert instead "the authorised officer who gave the notice (or any other authorised officer of the council)".							
[48]		ion 58 equer	D Authorised officer to notify dog owner of decision and nees	13 14				
	Omit	section	on 58D (5).	15				
[49]	Sect	ion 58	DA	16				
	Inser	t after	section 58D:	17				
5	8DA		ctor-General to be notified of making or revocation of aration	18 19				
		(1)	An authorised officer of a council who makes a declaration under this Division must give notice of the declaration to the Director-General within 7 days.	20 21 22				
		(2)	A council that revokes a declaration under this Division must give notice of the revocation to the Director-General within 7 days.	23 24 25				

[50]	Part 5, Division 7									
	Inser	Insert after Division 6:								
	Division 7			Other provisions relating to dangerous and restricted dogs						
	58G			wer to seize and destroy dangerous or restricted dog in certain						
		(1)	An au if:	uthorised officer may seize a dangerous dog or restricted dog	- {					
			(a)	the dog attacks or bites a person or animal (other than vermin) without provocation, or	10					
			(b)	the requirements referred to in section 51 (1) (c), (c1) or (e) or section 56 (1) (a1), (a2) or (d), as the case requires, are not complied with in relation to the dog on at least 2 separate occasions over any period of 12 months (whether or not each occasion relates to the same requirement).	1: 1: 1: 1: 1:					
		(2)	If a d	og is seized under subsection (1):	16					
			(a)	the dog is to be delivered as soon as possible to a council pound, and	17 18					
			(b)	an authorised officer of a council may authorise the destruction of the dog.	19 20					
		(3)	subse destru reaso	ever, if the dog has been seized on the ground referred to in ection (1) (b), the authorised officer may authorise the author of the dog only if the officer is satisfied that it is nable to do so after appropriate enquiries have been made the circumstances that resulted in the dog being seized.	2° 2° 2° 2° 2°					
		(4)	Part 7 to a d	7 (other than sections 68 and 69) does not apply in relation log that is seized under subsection (1).	26 27					
		(5)		section does not limit the power of an authorised officer to a dangerous or restricted dog under any other provision of Act.	28 29 30					
	58H		ificate enclos	of compliance required for dangerous and restricted sures	3 ²					
		(1)	a cer relation	rson must not own a dangerous dog or restricted dog unless tificate of compliance under this section is in force in on to the enclosure in which the dog is required to be kept r section 51 (1) (c) or 56 (1) (a1) (as the case requires). mum penalty: 100 penalty units.	33 34 38 36					

	(2)	comp	authorised officer of a council may issue a certificate of pliance in relation to the enclosure in which a dangerous or icted dog is required to be kept if:	1 2 3
		(a)	the officer is satisfied that the enclosure complies with the relevant requirements imposed under section 51 (1) (c) or 56 (1) (a1), and	4 5 6
		(b)	the fee prescribed by the regulations (or such fee as does not exceed the prescribed fee) in connection with issuing the certificate is paid to the council.	7 8 9
	(3)	revol offic	rtificate of compliance in relation to a dog enclosure may be ked at any time by an authorised officer of a council if the er is satisfied that the enclosure does not comply with the rant requirements.	10 11 12 13
	(4)	A pe	rson does not commit an offence under this section:	14
		(a)	in the case of a dog that is a dangerous dog or restricted dog as at the date on which this section commences—until after the period of 28 days following that commencement, or	15 16 17 18
		(b)	in any other case—until after section 51 (1) (c) or 56 (1) (a1) is required to be complied with.	19 20
[51]	Section 62 approved p		d animals must be delivered to owner, council pound or ses	21 22
	Omit the no	te to s	section 62 (1). Insert instead:	23
		Note	. Animals may be seized under the following provisions of this Act:	24
		(a)	section 13,	25
		(b)	section 14,	26
		(c)	section 18,	27
		(d)	section 22,	28
		(e)	section 30,	29
		(f)	section 32,	30
		(g)	section 36,	31
		(h)	section 52,	32
		(i)	section 57,	33
		(j)	section 58B.	34
			als may also be seized under sections 57D and 58G, however this does not apply to animals seized under those sections.	35 36

[52]	Section 64 Unclaimed seized animal may be sold or destroyed							
	Omit sectio	on 64 (3A). Insert instead:	2					
	(3A)	Despite any other provision of this section, if an offence under this Act in relation to a seized animal is in the course of being investigated (or proceedings in relation to any such offence have commenced but have not been determined):	3 4 5 6					
		(a) the council may detain the animal at the council pound, and	7 8					
		(b) the animal may not be claimed,	9					
		until such time as those investigations are completed or those proceedings are finally determined.	10 11					
[53]	Sections 6	4 (6) and 64A (5)	12					
	Insert "dang	gerous or" after "to sell a" wherever occurring.	13					
[54]	Section 69G Requirement to state name and address							
	Insert after section 69G (3):							
	(4)	If an authorised officer suspects on reasonable grounds that a person has committed an offence under this section, the authorised officer may, without a warrant, arrest the person.	16 17 18					
	(5)	An authorised officer who arrests a person under this section must, as soon as is reasonably practicable, take the person before an authorised officer (within the meaning of the <i>Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002</i>) to be dealt with according to law.	19 20 21 22 23					
[55]	Section 75	Access to Register	24					
	Insert after	section 75 (7) (a1):	25					
		(a2) the Chief Inspector of the Royal Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, New South Wales,	26 27					
		(a3) the Chief Inspector of the Animal Welfare League NSW,	28					
[56]	Section 84	Establishment of Fund	29					
		neer than any fee or charge payable to a council for the purposes of order section 58H)" after "under this Act" in section 84 (1) (a).	30 31					
[57]	Schedule 3	3 Savings and transitional provisions	32					
	Insert at the	e end of clause 1 (1):	33					
		Companion Animals Amendment Act 2006	34					

Schedule 1	Amendment of	Companion	Animale	Act 1998

[58]	Schedule 3, Part 4 Insert after Part 3:						
	Part 4	4 Provisions consequent on enactment of Companion Animals Amendment Act 2006					
	7 Cou	uncil-declared dangerous or restricted dogs	Ę				
		A declaration by a council in force under Part 5 immediately before the commencement of this clause is taken to be a declaration by an authorised officer of the council under that Part (as amended by the <i>Companion Animals Amendment Act 2006</i>).	6 7 8				

Schedule 2		ule 2 Amendment of other legislation					
			(Section 4)	2			
2.1	Compan	ion A	nimals Regulation 1999	3			
[1]	Clause 5A	Categ	ories of identified companion animals	4			
	Omit the no	ote to o	clause 5A (3).	5			
[2]	Clause 18	Regis	tration fee	6			
	Omit claus	e 18 (2). Insert instead:	7			
	(2)		e is an exemption from payment of a registration fee for the stration of the following:	8 9			
		(a)	any animal the Director-General is satisfied is in the service of an instrumentality of the State,	10 11			
		(b)	a working dog.	12			
			Note. A working dog is defined in the Act as a dog used primarily for the purpose of droving, tending, working or protecting stock (or a dog being trained as a working dog). If the dog is declared to be a dangerous dog, it cannot be a working dog while the declaration is in force.	13 14 15 16 17			
[3]	Clause 28	A		18			
	Insert after	clause	28:	19			
			fee for issuing certificate of compliance in relation to I enclosure	20 21			
			he purposes of section 58H (2) (b) of the Act, the fee of \$100 escribed.	22 23			
[4]	Clause 30	Distin	ctive collars for dangerous and restricted dogs	24			
	Insert at the	e end c	of the clause:	25			
	(2)		og must not wear any such collar unless the dog is a gerous dog or a restricted dog.	26 27			
	(3)	If su	bclause (2) is contravened:	28			
		(a)	the owner of the dog, or	29			

Schedule 2 Amendment of other legislation

	(4)	is guilt Maxim A pers	if the owner another per charge of the y of an official on does not does not be a constant.	son who ne dog a ence. y: 8 pen ot comm	o is on at that alty u nit ar	f or above time—then nits.	e the age on the	of 16 year erson, s clause	rs is in	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
			that the col 51 (1) (d1					the purpo	ses of	8
[5]	Schedule 1				`	i) or the	7101.			10
[9]										10
	Insert in app	propriate	e order und	er the h	eadin	g "Offen	ce under	the Act"	•	11
	Section 12A	(1)			\$220	ı				
	Section 52A	(1)			\$1,32	20				
	Section 52B	(1)			\$1,32	20				
[6]	Schedule 1	I								12
	Omit the ma	atter rela	ating to sec	tions 13	3 (2) a	and 14 (2)). Insert in	stead:		13
	Section 13 (2)					case of a da or \$220 (in			
	Section 14 (2)					case of a da or \$330 (in			
[7]	Schedule 1	ĺ								14
	Insert in Regulation		ate order	under	the	heading	"Offenc	e under	this	15 16
	Clause 30 (3	3)			\$220)				

2.2	Local Government (General) Regulation 2005						
	Clause 217 Additional information for inclusion in annual report	2					
	Insert after clause 217 (1) (e):						
	(f) a detailed statement, prepared in accordance with such guidelines as may be issued by the Director-General from time to time, of the council's activities during the year in relation to enforcing, and ensuring compliance with, the provisions of the <i>Companion Animals Act 1998</i> and the regulations under that Act.	2 6 - 1					