

New South Wales

Entertainment Industry Bill 2013

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The objects of this Bill are:

- (a) to regulate the entertainment industry, and
- (b) to provide protections for performers.

Outline of provisions

Part 1 Preliminary

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

Clause 3 sets out the objects of the proposed Act.

Clause 4 defines certain words and expressions used in the proposed Act including the terms performer representative, venue representative, performer and entertainment industry agreement.

Part 2 Entertainment industry obligations

Division 1 Performer representatives

Clause 5 defines *performer representative* for the purposes of the proposed Act. A performer representative is defined as a person who, for financial benefit, provides or agrees to provide one or more of the following services to a performer:

- (a) seeking or finding work opportunities for the performer,
- (b) negotiating terms of an agreement for, and the conditions of, a performance,
- (c) finalising arrangements relating to the payment of the performer,
- (d) negotiating arrangements relating to the attendance of the performer at a performance,
- (e) administering the agreement between the performer and an entertainment industry hirer,
- (f) making arrangements for publicity attendances and related publicity responsibilities of the performer.

Clause 6 requires a performer representative who receives money on behalf of a performer to hold that money in trust for the performer and to disburse the money in accordance with the performer's directions.

Clause 7 requires an entertainment industry representative to keep certain financial statements in relation to money received on behalf of a performer and to provide copies of those statements to specified persons.

Clause 8 imposes a duty on a person who acts as both a performer representative and a venue representative for a performance to inform both the performer and entertainment industry hirer concerned of that fact.

Clause 9 defines the *capped amount* payable to a performer representative by a performer as being the percentage, prescribed by the regulations, of the remuneration payable to the performer.

Clause 10 defines *entertainment industry managerial agreement* as an entertainment industry agreement:

- (a) that is in writing, and
- (b) under which the performer representative agrees to provide services in relation to the management of the reputation, career or career development of the performer that are in addition to the services referred to in section 5, and
- (c) that fixes the fees payable by the performer in respect of the services specified in the agreement, and
- (d) that contains an acknowledgment by the performer of the following:
 - (i) that the performer understands the effect of the acknowledgment,
 - (ii) that the performer understands the cooling-off period provided by the proposed Act,
 - (iii) that the performer has received the information required to be provided by the performer representative under the proposed Act.

Clause 11 prohibits a performer representative from demanding fees or remuneration that exceeds the capped amount, demanding joining or audition fees or a retention or retainer fee or, if the performer representative is also a venue representative in respect of a performance, demanding remuneration from the performer in certain circumstances. The fees or remuneration payable may exceed the capped amount if the parties have entered into an entertainment industry managerial agreement.

Clause 12 provides for a cooling-off period for entertainment industry managerial agreements during which the performer may terminate the agreement. The agreement may provide for certain services to continue to be provided to the performer, subject to the fee cap, if the performer gives notice of termination during the cooling-off period. The proposed provision also provides for the remuneration of the performer representative in respect of services provided before notice of

termination during the cooling-off period and for the waiver of the cooling-off period by a performer.

Clause 13 requires a performer representative to provide certain information to a performer or prospective performer before entering into an entertainment industry agreement.

Clause 14 requires a performer representative to keep certain records with respect to the performer representative's business as such for a period of 5 years from the making of any such record.

Division 2 Venue representatives

Clause 15 defines *venue representative* for the purposes of the proposed Act. A venue representative is a person who, for financial benefit, arranges a performance by a performer on behalf of an entertainment industry hirer.

Clause 16 requires a venue representative to disburse any money received for a performer within 14 days after receiving the money.

Clause 17 requires a venue representative to keep certain records with respect to the venue representative's business as such for a period of 5 years from the making of any such record.

Division 3 Entertainment industry hirers

Clause 18 requires an entertainment industry hirer to make a payment to a performer within 1 calendar month of the performance, or such other period as may be agreed between the performer and entertainment industry hirer.

Clause 19 requires an entertainment industry hirer to keep certain records with respect to payments made to entertainment industry representatives for the services of performers for a period of 5 years from the making of the record.

Part 3 Enforcement

Division 1 Undertakings

Clause 20 provides that the Secretary of the Treasury (the *Secretary*) may accept an undertaking from an entertainment industry representative or entertainment industry hirer if the Secretary reasonably believes that the representative or hirer has failed to disburse funds as required by the proposed Act or, in the case of a performer representative, has breached the code of conduct.

Clause 21 allows the Local Court to make certain orders with respect to the breach of a term of an undertaking. The orders may include orders requiring the person to comply with the undertaking, to pay an amount to the State not exceeding the financial benefit obtained from the breach and to pay compensation to any person who suffered loss or damage as a result of the breach.

Division 2 Entertainment industry prohibition orders

Clause 22 provides that, for the purposes of the proposed Division, a *director of a corporation* includes a person who is concerned in the management of the corporation.

Clause 23 authorises the Secretary to require a performer representative or the director of a corporation that carries on the business of a performer representative, to show cause why the performer representative or director should not be prohibited from carrying on the business of a performer representative or from being a director of such a corporation. The Secretary may impose such a requirement only if of the opinion that the performer representative or director has engaged in unlawful conduct.

Clause 24 authorises the Secretary, after asking a performer representative or director of a corporation that carries on the business of a performer representative to show cause why the performer representative or director should not be prohibited from carrying on the business of a performer representative or being a director of such a corporation, to seek an order from the

Supreme Court prohibiting the representative or director from carrying on the business of a performer representative or from being a director of such a corporation.

Division 3 Authorised officers

Clause 25 defines authorised officer, for the purposes of the proposed Act, as:

- (a) a person appointed as an inspector for the purposes of the *Industrial Relations Act* 1996, or
- (b) any other person, eligible to be appointed as an inspector under that Act, who is authorised by the Secretary or the Minister to exercise the functions of an authorised officer under the proposed Act.

Clause 26 enables an authorised officer to enter and inspect premises which the officer believes to be premises at which a person carries on the business of an entertainment industry hirer or entertainment industry representative and, while on the premises, to exercise certain functions for the purpose of determining whether an entertainment industry representative or entertainment industry hirer has engaged in unlawful conduct.

Clause 27 enables an authorised officer to apply for a search warrant for premises if the authorised officer has reasonable grounds for believing that a provision of the proposed Act or the regulations has been or is being contravened.

Clause 28 makes it an offence for a person, without reasonable excuse to:

- (a) obstruct or hinder an authorised officer in the exercise of a function under the proposed Division, or
- (b) fail to comply with a requirement of an authorised officer under the proposed Division.

Part 4 Disclosure of information about contraventions

Clause 29 authorises the Secretary to keep a register of information about offences against the proposed Act or the regulations, undertakings or entertainment industry prohibition orders and orders of the Local Court for a breach of a civil penalty provision of the proposed Act.

Clause 30 provides that the register is to be made available for public inspection on the website of the Treasury.

Clause 31 provides for the correction of any error or omission in the information in the register.

Clause 32 provides for the removal of certain information from the register, including information relating to a conviction that has been quashed or annulled or information relating to a conviction if 2 years have elapsed since the conviction.

Part 5 General

Clause 33 provides that a person must not disclose information obtained in connection with the administration or execution of the proposed Act except in certain circumstances.

Clause 34 provides for the issuing of penalty notices for offences under the proposed Act or the regulations.

Clause 35 allows the Secretary to delegate his or her functions under the proposed Act.

Clause 36 provides that persons exercising functions under the proposed Act do not incur personal liability for acts done or omitted to be done in good faith under the proposed Act.

Clause 37 provides that the directors and other persons engaged in the management of a corporation that contravenes a provision of the proposed Act or the regulations are taken to have engaged in the same contravention and may be prosecuted or convicted in respect of that conduct.

Clause 38 provides that the provisions of the proposed Act have effect despite any contract or agreement to the contrary.

Clause 39 provides for the service of documents under the proposed Act.

Clause 40 provides for the service of documents on the Secretary under the proposed Act.

Clause 41 provides that proceedings for an offence under the proposed Act may be taken and prosecuted by any person acting with the authority of the Secretary and are to be dealt with in the Local Court.

Clause 42 identifies the contravention of certain provisions of the proposed Act or of the code of conduct as being contraventions that will incur a civil penalty. The contravention of such a provision is not an offence and the rules of court applying to civil proceedings are to apply to proceedings for a contravention.

Clause 43 makes it clear that a person cannot be both convicted of an offence and the subject of a civil penalty in respect of essentially the same act or omission.

Clause 44 enables the Governor to make regulations for the purposes of the proposed Act.

Clause 45 provides for a review of the proposed Act in 8 years and an interim review to be conducted in 3 years.

Clause 46 provides for the repeal of the *Entertainment Industry Act 1989* and the *Entertainment Industry Regulation 2004*.

Schedule 1 Code of conduct

Schedule 1 sets out the code of conduct for performer representatives.

Schedule 2 Savings, transitional and other provisions

Schedule 2 contains savings, transitional and other provisions consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.

Schedule 3 Amendment of other Acts

Schedule 3 makes consequential amendments to the Acts specified in the Schedule.



New South Wales

Entertainment Industry Bill 2013

Contents

			Page
Part 1	Pre	liminary	
	1	Name of Act	2
	2	Commencement	2
	3	Objects of Act	2
	4	Definitions	2
Part 2	Ente	ertainment industry obligations	
	Divis	sion 1 Performer representatives	
	5	Performer representative	4
	6	Trust accounts to be established by performer representatives	4
	7	Financial statements for money received for performers	5
	8	Duty of disclosure	6
	9	Capped amount of performer representative fees	6
	10	Entertainment industry managerial agreement	6
	11	Fees of performer representatives	7
	12	Cooling-off period for agreements including additional fee acknowledgment	7
	13	Performer representatives to provide information to performers	8
	14	Records to be kept by performer representatives	8

-				Page		
	Divis	sion 2	Venue representatives			
	15	Venue	representative	8		
	16		representative to disburse funds	9		
	17		s to be kept by venue representatives	9		
	Divis	sion 3	Entertainment industry hirers			
	18 19		or making of payment by entertainment industry hirers ls to be kept by entertainment industry hirers	9 9		
Part 3	Enf	orceme	ent			
	Divis	sion 1	Undertakings			
	20	Secreta	ary may accept undertakings	11		
	21		ement of undertakings	11		
	Divis	sion 2	Entertainment industry prohibition orders			
	22	Definition	on	11		
	23	Secreta	ary may require person to show cause	11		
	24	Enterta	inment industry prohibition orders	12		
	Divis	sion 3	Authorised officers			
	25	Definition	on	13		
	26		sed officer's powers	13		
	27		warrants	14		
	28	Offence	e to obstruct etc authorised officer	14		
Part 4	Disclosure of information about contraventions					
	29	Secreta	ary may keep register	15		
	30		ation of information on register	15		
	31	Correct	tion of register	16		
	32	Remov	al of information from register	16		
Part 5	Gen	eral				
	33	Disclos	sure of relevant information	17		
	34	Penalty	notices	17		
	35	Delega	tion	18		
	36		al liability	18		
	37		of directors and managers of corporations	18		
	38		cting out void	18		
	39		e of documents	18		
	40		e of documents on the Secretary	19		
	41 42		dings for offences	19		
	42 43		enalty for breaches	19		
	43 44	Regula	jeopardy	20 20		
	44 45	Review		20		
	46		of Act and regulation	21		
Schedule	1	Code	of conduct	22		

		Page
Schedule 2	Savings, transitional and other provisions	24
Schedule 3	Amendment of other Acts	26



New South Wales

Entertainment Industry Bill 2013

No , 2013

A Bill for

An Act to provide for the regulation of the entertainment industry; and for other purposes.

The 1	Legisl	ature (of New South Wales enacts:	1
Par	t 1	Pre	liminary	2
1	Nam	e of A	ct	3
		This	Act is the Entertainment Industry Act 2013.	4
2	Com	mence	ement	F
_			Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.	6
3	Ohie	cts of		7
3	Obje		objects of this Act are:	8
		(a)	to provide effective, fair and consistent regulation of the entertainment industry, and	9
		(b)	to provide protections for performers.	11
4	Defii	nitions		12
	(1)		is Act:	13
	` /		orised officer—see section 25.	14
		<i>busin</i> throu	ness day means a day that is not a Saturday, a Sunday or a public holiday aghout New South Wales.	15 16
		capp	ed amount—see section 9.	17
		-	penalty order means an order under section 42.	18
			<i>of conduct</i> means the code of conduct for performer representatives set out in dule 1.	19 20
			<i>tor</i> of a corporation means a person who is a director of a corporation within the ing of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth.	21 22
		perfo	tainment industry agreement means an agreement between a performer and a armer representative for the performer representative to provide one or more of ervices referred to in section 5.	23 24 25
			tainment industry hirer means a person who engages or contracts any ormer for the purpose of a performance.	26 27
		enter	tainment industry managerial agreement—see section 10.	28
		enter	tainment industry prohibition order—see section 24 (2).	29
		repre	tainment industry representative means a performer representative or a venue sentative.	30 31
			tion includes a power, authority or duty and exercise a function includes orm a duty.	32 33
		perfo	ermance means:	34
		(a)	a performance that is given in any place or by the use of any medium for the transmission of sound or images, or both, or	35 36
		(b)	a performance that is recorded for the purpose of using the recording in any place or for the transmission of sound or images, or both,	37 38
		hirer	one of the purposes of which is the financial benefit of an entertainment industry or performer, or both.	39 40
		perfo	<i>ormer</i> means any actor, singer, dancer, acrobat, model, musician or other ormer of any kind who enters an entertainment industry agreement with a ormer representative.	41 42 43

	perf	prmer representative—see section 5.	1					
	Secretary means the Secretary of the Treasury.							
	show cause notice means a notice served by the Secretary under section 23.							
	unla	wful conduct means conduct by a performer representative that constitutes:	4					
	(a)	a breach of the code of conduct, or	5					
	(b)	a breach of a term of an undertaking given by the performer representative under section 20, or	6					
	(c)	a contravention of a provision of this Act or the regulations, whether or not any proceedings have been brought in respect of the contravention.	9					
	venu	te representative—see section 15.	10					
(2)	In this Act, a reference to an <i>award</i> or <i>industrial agreement</i> is a reference to an award or industrial agreement relating to the employment of performers in the entertainment industry.		11 12 13					
(3)	Note	es included in this Act do not form part of this Act	14					

Par	t 2	Ent	ertainment industry obligations	1
Divi	sion	1	Performer representatives	2
5	Perf	ormer	representative	3
		provi	is Act, a <i>performer representative</i> means a person who, for financial benefit, des or agrees to provide one or more of the following services to a performer ther or not the agreement also provides for other services to be provided):	4 5 6
		(a)	seeking or finding work opportunities for the performer,	7
		(b)	negotiating terms of an agreement for, and the conditions of, a performance,	8
		(c)	finalising arrangements relating to the payment of the performer,	9
		(d)	negotiating arrangements relating to the attendance of the performer at a performance,	10 11
		(e)	administering the agreement between the performer and an entertainment industry hirer,	12 13
		(f)	making arrangements for publicity attendances and related publicity responsibilities of the performer,	14 15
			loes not include a person who does so solely as an employee of any such sentative.	16 17
6	Trus	t acco	unts to be established by performer representatives	18
	(1)		rformer representative who receives money on behalf of a performer, from any on, must:	19 20
		(a)	hold the money exclusively for the performer, and	21
		(b)	ensure that the requirements of this Act and the regulations under this Act are complied with in relation to the money.	22 23
	(2)	paid t	ey received on behalf of a performer by a performer representative that is not to the performer immediately (or within such period as may be prescribed by the ations) must:	24 25 26
		(a)	be paid to the credit of a general trust account at an authorised deposit-taking institution in New South Wales and be held in accordance with the regulations, and	27 28 29
		(b)	be disbursed as directed by the performer within 14 days after the performer representative receives the money.	30 31
			Note. Section 42 provides that the Local Court may order a person to pay a pecuniary penalty not exceeding \$10,000 for a contravention of paragraph (b).	32 33
	(3)		st account under this section must be kept exclusively for the purpose of money ved on behalf of a performer.	34 35
	(4)		erformer representative must keep accounting records in respect of money wed on behalf of a performer.	36 37
	(5)	The a	accounting records must:	38
		(a)	disclose at all times the true position concerning the money received, and	39
		(b)	be kept at the principal place of business of the performer representative, and	40
		(c)	be otherwise kept in accordance with the regulations.	41
	(6)		regulations may make provision for or with respect to the administration of trust under this section, in particular:	42 43
		(a)	the establishment of trust accounts, and	44

		(b)	the keeping of documents and records by performer representatives.	1
	(7)		erson who, without reasonable excuse, contravenes a provision of this section or than subsection (2) (b)) or the regulations under this section is guilty of an acce.	3
		Max	imum penalty: 75 penalty units.	5
7	Fina	ncial s	statements for money received for performers	6
	(1)	perfo	entertainment industry representative who receives money on behalf of a ormer must, as soon as practicable after receiving the money, give a financial ment to the following persons:	7 8 9
		(a)	the performer,	10
		(b)	any other entertainment industry representative who has represented the performer, or carried out activities on behalf of the performer, in connection with the performance for which the money has been received,	11 12 13
		(c)	the entertainment industry hirer (or other person) by whom or on whose behalf the money has been paid.	14 15
	(2)		nancial statement required to be given to another entertainment industry esentative must include:	16 17
		(a)	a statement of the amount of money received on behalf of the performer by the representative giving the statement, and	18 19
		(b)	a statement of the amount of money paid to the performer for the performance.	20
	(3)	A fir	nancial statement required to be given to a performer must include:	21
		(a)	a statement of the amount of money received on behalf of the performer by the representative giving the statement, and	22 23
		(b)	a statement of the amount of money paid to the performer for each performance, including the following particulars:	24 25
			(i) the method of payment,(ii) any deduction from the money received by the representative that has	26 27
			been made for the representative's fee or other remuneration,	28
			(iii) any deduction from the money received by the representative that has been made for expenses incurred by the performer in connection with the performance (such as for travel expenses and equipment hire) and paid for by the representative, and	29 30 31 32
		(c)	the date and details of any performance to which the statement relates, and	33
		(d)	any business name under which the representative carries on business as a representative, and	34 35
		(e)	if the representative is a corporation under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth, the corporation's ACN within the meaning of that Act, and	36 37
		(f)	if the representative has an ABN for his or her business as a representative, the ABN.	38 39
	(4)	requi	rson must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to provide a financial statement ired by this section.	40 41
			Section 42 provides that the Local Court may order a person to pay a pecuniary penalty xceeding \$10,000 for a contravention of this subsection.	42 43
	(5)		is section, ABN means an Australian Business Number registered under the A	44

8	Duty of disclosure						
	(1)	repre	erformer representative who is both a performer representative and venue sentative in respect of a performance is, by instrument in writing, to give notice at fact to both the performer and the entertainment industry hirer.	2 3 4			
	(2)	•	rson must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to give notice under this section. Imum penalty: 40 penalty units.	5 6			
9	Capp	oed an	nount of performer representative fees	7			
	(1)		capped amount for the fees and other remuneration of a performer sentative is:	8 9			
		(a)	the percentage, prescribed by the regulations, of the total amount payable to the performer for any performances in respect of which the performer representative provided services under an entertainment industry agreement, or	10 11 12 13			
		(b)	if there are no performances in respect of which the performer representative provided a service under an entertainment industry agreement, the amount determined in accordance with the regulations.	14 15 16			
	(2)		regulations may make provision for or with respect to the fees and other neration referred to in this section and, in particular:	17 18			
		(a)	may prescribe different percentages of fees or other remuneration in respect of different kinds of performances or services provided by performer representatives, or other matters, and	19 20 21			
		(b)	may prescribe the amounts (being amounts payable to performers) that are to be excluded when calculating such fees or other remuneration, and	22 23			
		(c)	may prescribe the manner in which the capped amount for fees or other remuneration is to be determined under an entertainment industry agreement when there are no performances in respect of which the performer representative provides a service.	24 25 26 27			
10	Ente	rtainm	ent industry managerial agreement	28			
	(1)		entertainment industry managerial agreement is an entertainment industry ement:	29 30			
		(a)	that is in writing, and	31			
		(b)	under which the performer representative agrees to provide services in relation to the management of the reputation, career or career development of the performer that are in addition to the services referred to in section 5, and	32 33 34			
		(c)	that fixes the fees payable by the performer in respect of the services specified in the agreement, and	35 36			
		(d)	that includes an additional fee acknowledgement.	37			
	(2)	An <i>a</i> cthat:	dditional fee acknowledgement means an acknowledgement by the performer	38 39			
		(a)	the performer understands that the written agreement will allow the performer representative to demand or receive fees or other remuneration that exceeds the capped amount, and	40 41 42			
		(b)	the performer understands that a cooling-off period applies in respect of the agreement, and	43 44			
		(c)	the performer representative has provided the performer with the information required to be provided under section 13.	45 46			

11	Fees	of performer representatives	1
	(1)	from a performer under an entertainment industry agreement that exceeds the capped amount, unless the agreement is an entertainment industry managerial agreement and the additional services under the agreement are provided.	2 3 4 5
		Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units.	6
	(2)	A performer representative must not demand or receive fees or other remuneration from a performer for:	7 8
			9
			11 12
		Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units.	13
	(3)	from a performer under an entertainment industry agreement for any performance in respect of which the performer representative is also the venue representative (unless the agreement is an entertainment industry managerial agreement and the additional services under the agreement are provided).	14 15 16 17
		Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units.	19
12	Cool	ing-off period for agreements including additional fee acknowledgment	20
	(1)		21 22
	(2)		23 24
	(3)	the end of the cooling-off period, by notice in writing to the performer representative	25 26 27
	(4)		28 29
		and the contract of the contra	30 31
		provided in accordance with the agreement before its termination, of fees or	32 33 34
	(5)	performance, the performer representative is entitled to payment by the performer of the reasonable costs incurred by the representative in providing services to the performer in accordance with the agreement before the notice of termination was	35 36 37 38 39
	(6)		10 11
			12 13
		agreement as being services that the representative will provide if notice of	14 15 16

	(7)		rformer may waive the cooling-off period provided by this section, at the time tering into an agreement, by notice in writing to the performer representative.	1 2			
	(8)		ce of termination and notice of the waiver of the cooling-off period must be in orm approved by the Secretary.	3 4			
13	Perf	ormer	representatives to provide information to performers	5			
	(1)	agree infor	erformer representative must, before entering into an entertainment industry ement with a performer or prospective performer, provide the performer with the mation or documents, if any, prescribed by the regulations relating to this Act or egulations under this Act or to the entertainment industry generally.	6 7 8 9			
	(2)	With to:	out limiting subsection (1), the prescribed information or documents may relate	10 11			
		(a)	the cooling-off period referred to in section 12 (including the waiver of the cooling-off period), and	12 13			
		(b)	the effect of entering into an entertainment industry managerial agreement.	14			
	(3)	wĥo by th	rformer representative must, before entering into an agreement with a performer is a child, provide the parents of the child with the information, if any, required he regulations relating to the conditions of employment of minors under the alren and Young Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1998 or any other Act or law.	15 16 17 18			
	(4)	a req	rformer representative must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with uirement imposed under this section. Section 42 provides that the Local Court may order a person to pay a pecuniary penalty sceeding \$10,000 for a contravention of this subsection.	19 20 21 22			
14	Records to be kept by performer representatives						
	(1)		rformer representative must keep the following records at the representative's cipal place of business for at least 5 years after the records are made:	24 25			
		(a)	each accounting record the representative is required to keep under section 6 (4) in respect of money received on behalf of a performer,	26 27			
		(b)	a copy of each financial statement provided by the representative under section 7,	28 29			
		(c)	a copy of each written agreement the representative has entered into with a performer or with another person on behalf of the performer.	30 31			
	(2)	(c) ir	rformer representative who holds any record referred to in subsection (1) (b) or a relation to a performer must, after receiving a request by or on behalf of the ormer for a copy of the record:	32 33 34			
		(a)	make the copy available for collection at the representative's principal place of business if requested to do so within 3 days or such other time as may be agreed, or	35 36 37			
		(b)	send the copy (whether by post or otherwise) to the performer within 14 days.	38			
	(3)	A pe offen	rson who, without reasonable excuse, contravenes this section is guilty of an ace.	39 40			
		Maxi	imum penalty: 20 penalty units.	41			
Divi	sion	2	Venue representatives	42			
15	Venu	ıe repi	resentative	43			
			is Act, a <i>venue representative</i> means a person who, for financial benefit, acts on lf of an entertainment industry hirer to arrange a performance by a performer at	44 45			

		a particular venue, but does not include an entertainment industry hirer or a person who arranges for a performance solely in the capacity of an employee of a venue representative.	1 2 3
16	Venu	ue representative to disburse funds	4
		A venue representative must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to disburse any money received on behalf of a performer to the performer within 14 days of its receipt or otherwise in accordance with the directions of the performer. Note. Section 42 provides that the Local Court may order a person to pay a pecuniary penalty not exceeding \$10,000 for a contravention of this section.	5 6 7 8 9
17	Reco	ords to be kept by venue representatives	10
	(1)	A venue representative must keep accounting records in respect of money that the representative pays to a performer representative for the services of a performer.	11 12
	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the accounting records must disclose the basis on which the payments are made in addition to any other particulars of the payments.	13 14
	(3)	The venue representative must keep each such accounting record at the representative's principal place of business for at least 5 years after the record is made.	15 16 17
	(4)	A venue representative who holds any such record must, after receiving a request by or on behalf of a performer for a copy of the record:	18 19
		(a) make the copy available for collection at the representative's principal place of business if requested to do so within 3 days or such other time as may be agreed, or	20 21 22
		(b) send the copy (whether by post or otherwise) to the performer within 14 days.	23
	(5)	A person who, without reasonable excuse, contravenes this section is guilty of an offence.	24 25
		Maximum penalty: 20 penalty units.	26
Divi	sion	3 Entertainment industry hirers	27
18	Time	for making of payment by entertainment industry hirers	28
		An entertainment industry hirer who is required to make a payment to a performer in relation to a performance must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to make the payment within:	29 30 31
		(a) 1 calendar month after the date of the performance, or	32
		(b) such other period as may be specified in an agreement between the performer and the hirer in writing.	33 34
		Note. Section 42 provides that the Local Court may order a person to pay a pecuniary penalty not exceeding \$10,000 for a contravention of this section.	35 36
19	Reco	ords to be kept by entertainment industry hirers	37
	(1)	An entertainment industry hirer who engages or contracts with a performer for a performance must keep accounting records in respect of any money paid to an entertainment industry representative for the services of the performer.	38 39 40
	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the accounting records must disclose the basis on which the payments are made in addition to any other particulars of the payments.	41 42
	(3)	An entertainment industry hirer who is required to keep records under this section must keep the record, at the hirer's principal place of business, for at least 5 years after it is made.	43 44 45

(4) An entertainment industry hirer who, without reasonable excuse, contravenes this section is guilty of an offence.
 Maximum penalty: 20 penalty units.

Part	t 3	Enf	orcement	1
Divis	sion 1	1	Undertakings	2
20	Secre	etary n	nay accept undertakings	3
	(1)	entert carryi Secre	Secretary may accept (by written notice) a written undertaking given by an animent industry representative or entertainment industry hirer, relating to the ing on of the business of the entertainment industry representative or hirer, if the tary reasonably believes that the entertainment industry representative or hirer contravened:	4 5 6 7 8
		(a)	in the case of a performer representative:	9
			(i) the code of conduct, or(ii) section 6 (2) (b), 7 (4) or 13 (4), or	10 11
		(b)	in the case of a venue representative, section 16, or	12
		(c)	in the case of an entertainment industry hirer, section 18.	13
	(2)		epresentative or hirer may withdraw or vary the undertaking at any time but with the Secretary's written consent.	14 15
	(3)	repres	Secretary must not accept an undertaking given by an entertainment industry sentative or entertainment industry hirer if proceedings for a civil penalty have instituted in relation to the alleged contravention.	16 17 18
21	Enforcement of undertakings		nt of undertakings	19
	(1)	a pers	secretary may apply to the Local Court for an order under subsection (2) against son if the Secretary considers that the person has breached an undertaking given this Part.	20 21 22
	(2)		Local Court may make all or any of the following orders if it is satisfied that the n has breached an undertaking:	23 24
		(a)	an order directing the person to comply with the term of the undertaking concerned,	25 26
		(b)	an order directing the person to pay to the State an amount not exceeding the amount of any financial benefit that the person has obtained directly or indirectly and that is reasonably attributable to the breach,	27 28 29
		(c)	any order that the Court thinks appropriate directing the person to compensate any other person who has suffered loss or damage as a result of the breach,	30 31
		(d)	any other order that the Court considers appropriate.	32
Divis	sion 2	2	Entertainment industry prohibition orders	33
22	Defin	ition		34
			s Division, <i>director of a corporation</i> includes a person who is concerned in the gement of the corporation.	35 36
23	Secre	etary n	nay require person to show cause	37
	(1)	a corp	decretary may, if of the opinion that a performer representative or the director of coration that carries on the business of a performer representative has engaged lawful conduct, serve on the representative or director a show cause notice.	38 39 40
	(2)	or dir	we cause notice issued by the Secretary is to require the performer representative vector on whom the notice was served to show cause why the representative or should not, for the reason specified in the notice:	41 42 43

	(a)	in the case of a performer representative, be prevented from continuing to carry on the business of a performer representative, or	1 2
	(b)	in the case of a person who is a director of a corporation that carries on the business of a performer representative, be prevented from being a director of such a corporation.	3 4 5
(3)	The	notice must:	6
	(a)	be in writing, and	7
	(b)	specify the period (being at least 14 days after the notice is served) in which the person may show cause.	8 9
(4)	with	person on whom a notice to show cause has been served under this section may, in the period specified in the notice, make a written submission to the Secretary lation to the matters to which the notice relates.	10 11 12
(5)	The	Secretary:	13
	(a)	is to consider any submission made within the period specified in the notice, and	14 15
	(b)	may conduct such inquiries, or make such investigations, in relation to the matters to which the notice relates as the Secretary thinks appropriate.	16 17
Ente	rtainn	nent industry prohibition orders	18
(1)	takin Supr	Secretary may, after serving a show cause notice on a person under this Part and ag into consideration any submissions made in relation to the matter, apply to the eme Court for an order under this section in respect of the person if the Secretary the opinion that:	19 20 21 22
	(a)	the person is likely to engage again, or continue to engage, in unlawful conduct, or	23 24
	(b)	if the person is a director of a corporation that carries on the business of a performer representative, the person is likely to knowingly authorise or permit the corporation to engage again, or continue to engage, in unlawful conduct.	25 26 27
(2)	the b	Supreme Court may, on the application of the Secretary, make an order (an <i>rtainment industry prohibition order</i>) prohibiting the person from carrying on business of a performer representative or being a director of a corporation that es on the business of a performer representative for an indefinite period or for a od specified in the order and may make such other orders as the Court considers opriate in relation to:	28 29 30 31 32 33
	(a)	the carrying on of the business of a performer representative by the person, or	34
	(b)	if the person is a director of a corporation that carries on the business of a performer representative, the conduct of a person as a director of such a corporation.	35 36 37
(3)	or da	Supreme Court may also, if the Court is satisfied that a person has sustained loss amage as a result of the unlawful conduct of the person against whom the order ade, order the person to compensate the other person for the loss or damage.	38 39 40
(4)	appli	Supreme Court may amend or revoke an order made under this section, on the ication of the Secretary or of the person who is subject to the order concerned, if Court is satisfied that there are reasonable grounds for doing so.	41 42 43

24

Division 3		3	Authorised officers			
25	Defi	nition		2		
		In thi	is Act, <i>authorised officer</i> means:	3		
		(a)	a person appointed as an inspector for the purposes of the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1996</i> , or	4 5		
		(b)	any other person eligible to be appointed as an inspector under that Act who is authorised, in writing, by the Secretary or the Minister to exercise the functions of an authorised officer.	6 7 8		
26	Auth	orised	d officer's powers	9		
	(1)		uthorised officer may exercise powers under this section only for the purpose of stigating possible unlawful conduct.	10 11		
	(2)	that enter	uthorised officer may, at any reasonable time, enter and inspect any premises the officer has reasonable grounds to suspect are the premises of an tainment industry representative or entertainment industry hirer, and inspect work being done there and, while on any premises entered under this section:	12 13 14 15		
		(a)	require any person employed or engaged at the premises to produce to the authorised officer such records or other documents as are required to be kept under this Act or the regulations and are in the custody or under the control of the person so employed or engaged, and	16 17 18 19		
		(b)	question any entertainment industry representative, entertainment industry hirer, or employee of a representative or hirer, as to any matter concerning the possible unlawful conduct.	20 21 22		
	(3)	An a	uthorised officer may, at any time:	23		
		(a)	require an entertainment industry representative or entertainment industry hirer to produce for the authorised officer's examination, at such time and place as the officer may reasonably specify, any specified records required to be kept under this Act (and retain any such record for such period as may be necessary in order to take copies of or extracts from it), and	24 25 26 27 28		
		(b)	require an entertainment industry representative or entertainment industry hirer to deliver to the authorised officer, within such time and to such place as the officer may reasonably specify, any specified information concerning possible unlawful conduct, and	29 30 31 32		
		(c)	make such other examinations and inquiries as the authorised officer thinks necessary to ascertain whether the requirements of this Act or the regulations are being or have been contravened.	33 34 35		
	(4)		quirement of an authorised officer under this section may be made personally or otice in writing served by post.	36 37		
	(5)	the o	uthorised officer who enters premises under this section may seize anything that fficer reasonably considers to be evidence of a contravention of this Act or the lations.	38 39 40		
	(6)		authorised officer must not exercise the powers conferred by this section in ion to any part of any premises used for residential purposes except:	41 42		
		(a)	with the permission of the occupier of the premises, or	43		
		(b)	under the authority conferred by a search warrant issued under section 27.	44		

27	Search warrants					
	(1)	appli	authorised officer may apply to an issuing officer for a search warrant if the cant has reasonable grounds for believing that a provision of this Act or the lations has been or is being contravened on premises.	2 3 4		
	(2)	section warra	ssuing officer to whom an application for a search warrant is made under this on may, if satisfied that there are reasonable grounds for doing so, issue a search ant authorising the authorised officer named in the warrant, when accompanied police officer, and any other person named in the warrant:	5 6 7 8		
		(a)	to enter the premises concerned, and	9		
		(b)	to search the premises for evidence of a contravention of this Act, the regulations or the code of conduct.	10 11		
	(3)		sion 4 of Part 5 of the <i>Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002</i> les to a search warrant issued under this section.	12 13		
	(4)	In th	is section:	14		
			ng officer means an authorised officer within the meaning of the Law reement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002.	15 16		
28	Offe	nce to	obstruct etc authorised officer	17		
	A person must not, without reasonable excuse:					
		(a)	obstruct or hinder an authorised officer in the exercise by the authorised officer of any function under this Division or when executing a search warrant under section 27, or	19 20 21		
		(b)	fail to comply with a requirement of an authorised officer under this Division.	22		
		Max	imum penalty: 50 penalty units.	23		

Part 4		Dis	Disclosure of information about contraventions			
29	Secr	etary	may keep register	2		
	(1)	The	Secretary may keep a register (the <i>register</i>) of information about the following:	3		
		(a)	offences committed against this Act or the regulations,	4		
		(b)	undertakings given to the Secretary by entertainment industry representatives or entertainment industry hirers,	5 6		
		(c)	entertainment industry prohibition orders,	7		
		(d)	civil penalty orders.	8		
	(2)	has b unde	register may contain any of the following information in relation to a person who been convicted of an offence under this Act or the regulations, who has given an ortaking or who is the subject of an entertainment industry prohibition order or penalty order:	9 10 11 12		
		(a)	the name of the person,	13		
		(b)	the name and address of the usual place of business (if any) of the person,	14		
		(c)	the trade name (if any) under which the person trades,	15		
		(d)	if the person is a corporation, the names of the chief executive officer and any director of the corporation,	16 17		
		(e)	if the person has committed an offence:	18		
			(i) a description of the nature and circumstances of the offence, the decision of the court and the penalty imposed, and	19 20		
			(ii) the enforcement agency or other body under the direction of which, or on behalf of whom, the relevant prosecution was conducted,	21 22		
		(f)	if the person has given an undertaking, a copy of the undertaking,	23		
		(g)	if the person is the subject of an entertainment industry prohibition order, a copy of the order,	24 25		
		(h)	if the person is the subject of a civil penalty order, a copy of the order.	26		
	(3)	Info	rmation relating to a particular offence is not to be published on the register until:	27		
		(a)	if no appeal is made, after the last day on which an appeal may be made against the conviction, or	28 29		
		(b)	if an appeal is made, after a final order has been made on appeal affirming the conviction.	30 31		
	(4)	The	register may be kept in such form as the Secretary considers appropriate.	32		
	(5)		the purposes of this Part, an order under section 10 of the <i>Crimes (Sentencing sedure) Act 1999</i> in relation to an offence is taken to be a conviction for the ace.	33 34 35		
30	Publ	licatio	n of information on register	36		
	(1)	The Trea	register is to be made available for public inspection on the website of the sury.	37 38		
	(2)		rmation contained in the register may be provided to members of the public in other manner approved by the Secretary.	39 40		
	(3)		nout limiting subsection (2), the Secretary may publish any information ained in the register in the Gazette or in a newspaper circulating in this State	41 42		

31	Corr	ection of register	1
	(1)	The Secretary must correct any error or omission in information in the register as soon as practicable after becoming aware of the error or omission.	2
	(2)	The Secretary may correct any error in, or omission from, the register on the Secretary's own initiative or on an application by a person under this Part.	4 5
32	Rem	oval of information from register	6
	(1)	The Secretary may remove any information from the register.	7
	(2)	The Secretary must remove information about a conviction for a particular offence from the register as soon as practicable after becoming aware that:	8 9
		(a) the conviction has been quashed or annulled, or	10
		(b) an appeal has been made against the conviction, or	11
		(c) a period of 2 years has elapsed since the end of the period during which an appeal could have been made against the conviction, or if an appeal was made against the conviction, the date on which a final order was made affirming the conviction.	12 13 14 15
	(3)	The Secretary must remove information about a civil penalty order being made in relation to a person as soon as practicable after becoming aware that:	16 17
		(a) an appeal has been lodged against the making of the order, or	18
		(b) the order has been overturned, or	19
		(c) a period of 2 years has elapsed since the end of the period during which an appeal could have been made against the making of the order, or if an appeal was made against the making of the order, the date on which a final order was made affirming the order.	20 21 22 23
	(4)	However, in a case where the Secretary removes information from the register because an appeal is made against a conviction for an offence or the making of a civil penalty order, the Secretary may restore information regarding the offence or order to the register if satisfied that any such appeal was unsuccessful.	24 25 26 27
	(5)	The Secretary must remove information about an undertaking being given by an entertainment industry representative or entertainment industry hirer as soon as practicable after becoming aware that the undertaking has expired or has otherwise ceased to be in force.	28 29 30 31
	(6)	The Secretary must remove information about an entertainment industry prohibition order being made in relation to a person as soon as practicable after becoming aware that the person is no longer subject to a prohibition order.	32 33 34
	(7)	The Secretary may remove any information about an undertaking, entertainment industry prohibition order, civil penalty order or conviction for an offence from the register if it is appropriate in the circumstances to remove the information from the register.	35 36 37 38
	(8)	The Secretary may remove information from the register on the Secretary's own initiative or on an application by a person under this Part.	39 40

Part 5		General				
33	Disc	losure	of relevant information	2		
	(1)	A person must not disclose any relevant information obtained in connection with the administration or execution of this Act or the regulations unless the disclosure is made:				
		(a)	with the consent of the person from whom the information was obtained, or	6		
		(b)	in connection with the administration or execution of this Act, or	7		
		(c)	for the purposes of any legal proceedings arising out of this Act or the regulations or of any report of any such proceedings, or	9		
		(d)	to the Children's Guardian in connection with the engagement of child performers, or	10 11		
		(e)	in accordance with a requirement imposed under the Ombudsman Act 1974, or	12		
		(f)	with any other lawful excuse.	13		
		Maxi	imum penalty: 40 penalty units.	14		
	(2)	In th	is section:	15		
		relev	ant information means:	16		
		(a)	information concerning the business or financial affairs of the person from whom the information is obtained, or	17 18		
		(b)	information concerning any investigation under Division 3 of Part 3.	19		
34	Pena	tices	20			
	(1)	offic	authorised officer may serve a penalty notice on a person if it appears to the er that the person has committed an offence under this Act or the regulations, g an offence prescribed by the regulations as a penalty notice offence.	21 22 23		
	(2)	A penalty notice is a notice to the effect that, if the person served does not wish to have the matter determined by a court, the person can pay, within the time and to the person specified in the notice, the amount of the penalty prescribed by the regulations for the offence if dealt with under this section.				
	(3)		nalty notice under this section is declared to be a penalty notice for the purposes e <i>Fines Act 1996</i> .	28 29		
	(4)	A pe	nalty notice may be served personally or by post.	30		
	(5)	If the	e amount of penalty prescribed for an alleged offence is paid under this section, erson is liable to any further proceedings for the alleged offence.	31 32		
	(6)	purp	nent under this section is not to be regarded as an admission of liability for the ose of, and does not in any way affect or prejudice, any civil claim, action or eeding arising out of the same occurrence.	33 34 35		
	(7)	The 1	regulations may:	36		
		(a)	prescribe an offence for the purposes of this section by specifying the offence or by referring to the provision creating the offence, and	37 38		
		(b)	prescribe the amount of penalty payable for the offence if dealt with under this section, and	39 40		
		(c)	prescribe different amounts of penalties for different offences or classes of offences.	41 42		

	(8)	The amount of a penalty prescribed under this section for an offence is not to exceed the maximum amount of penalty that could be imposed for the offence by a court.	1
	(9)	This section does not limit the operation of any other provision of, or made under, this or any other Act relating to proceedings that may be taken in respect of offences.	3
35	Dele	gation	5
		The Secretary may delegate any function of the Secretary under this Act (other than this power of delegation) to:	7
		(a) any member of staff of the Treasury, or	8
		(b) any person, or any class of persons, authorised for the purposes of this section by the regulations.	10
36	Pers	onal liability	11
	(1)	A matter or thing done or omitted to be done by the Secretary or any person acting under the direction of the Secretary, if the matter or thing was done or omitted to be done in good faith for the purposes of executing this or any other Act, does not subject the Secretary or a person so acting personally to any action, liability, claim or demand.	12 13 14 15
	(2)	However, any such liability attaches instead to the Crown.	17
37	Liab	ility of directors and managers of corporations	18
	(1)	If a corporation contravenes, whether by act or omission, a provision of this Act or the regulations, each person who is a director of the corporation or who is concerned in the management of the corporation is taken to have engaged in the same unlawful conduct if the person knowingly authorised or permitted the unlawful conduct.	19 20 21 22
	(2)	A person may be proceeded against and convicted under a provision pursuant to this section whether or not the corporation has been proceeded against or convicted under that provision.	23 24 25
	(3)	Nothing in this section affects any liability imposed on a corporation for an offence committed by the corporation against this Act or the regulations.	26 27
38	Conf	racting out void	28
		The provisions of this Act and the regulations have effect despite any stipulation to the contrary and no contract or agreement made or entered into before or after the commencement of this section operates to annul, vary or exclude any of the provisions of this Act or the regulations.	29 30 31 32
39	Serv	ice of documents	33
	(1)	A document that is authorised or required by this Act or the regulations to be served on any person may be served by:	34 35
		(a) in the case of a natural person:	36
		(i) delivering it to the person personally, or	37
		(ii) sending it by post to the address specified by the person for the giving or service of documents or, if no such address is specified, the residential or business address of the person last known to the person giving or serving the document, or	38 39 40 41
		(iii) sending it by facsimile transmission to the facsimile number of the person, or	42 43

		(b) in the case of a body corporate:	1
		(i) leaving it with a person apparently of or above the age of 16 years at, or	2
		by sending it by post to, the head office, a registered office or a principal office of the body corporate or to an address specified by the body	3 4
		corporate for the giving or service of documents, or	5
		(ii) sending it by facsimile transmission to the facsimile number of the body	6
		corporate.	7
	(2)	Nothing in this section affects the operation of any provision of a law or of the rules of a court authorising a document to be served on a person in any other manner.	8 9
10	Serv	ice of documents on the Secretary	10
	(1)	A document may be served on the Secretary by leaving it at, or by sending it by post to:	11 12
		(a) the office of the Treasury, or	13
		(b) if the Treasury has more than one office, any one of its offices.	14
	(2)	Nothing in subsection (1) affects the operation of any provision of a law or of the rules of a court authorising a document to be served on the Secretary in a manner not provided for by subsection (1).	15 16 17
11	Proc	eedings for offences	18
	(1)	Proceedings for an offence under this Act or the regulations may be taken and prosecuted by any person acting with the authority of the Secretary.	19 20
	(2)	Proceedings for an offence under this Act or the regulations are to be commenced not more than 12 months after the date of the alleged offence.	21 22
	(3)	Proceedings for an offence under this Act or the regulations are to be dealt with summarily before an industrial magistrate or the Local Court.	23 24
	(4)	In a prosecution for an offence under this Act or the regulations, an authority to prosecute, purporting to have been signed by the Secretary, is evidence of such authority without proof of the signature of the Secretary.	25 26 27
12	Civil	penalty for breaches	28
	(1)	The Local Court may order the person to pay a pecuniary penalty not exceeding \$10,000 (a <i>civil penalty</i>) if the Court is satisfied that a person has contravened one of the following:	29 30 31
		(a) section 6 (2) (b),	32
		(b) section 7 (4),	33
		(c) section 13 (4),	34
		(d) section 16,	35
		(e) section 18,	36
		(f) the code of conduct.	37
		Note. Section 21 of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> provides that the expression "contravene" in an Act includes a failure to comply.	38 39
	(2)	Proceedings for a civil penalty may be instituted by any of the following:	40
		(a) an authorised officer or any other person authorised by or under this Act or the regulations to institute proceedings for offences,	41 42
		(b) if the contravention is alleged to have been committed by a performer representative, a performer who, at the time of the alleged contravention, was a party to an entertainment industry agreement with the representative.	43 44 45

	(3)	Proceedings for a civil penalty may only be instituted within 6 years after the contravention.	1 2
	(4)	To avoid doubt, the rules of evidence apply to proceedings for a civil penalty.	3
	(5)	Evidence given in proceedings for the recovery of money is not admissible in proceedings for a civil penalty.	4 5
	(6)	In any proceedings for a civil penalty, the court may award costs to either party and assess the amount of those costs. Costs cannot be awarded against the prosecutor except in the circumstances in which costs can be awarded against the prosecutor in criminal proceedings.	6 7 8 9
	(7)	If the court orders a person to pay a pecuniary penalty, the penalty is payable to the State.	10 11
	(8)	The provisions of any Act relating to the recovery of penalties imposed for an offence apply to the recovery of a pecuniary penalty imposed under a civil penalty order.	12 13
	(9)	If, at the time of making a civil penalty order in respect of a contravention of section 6 (2) (b), 7 (4), 16 or 18, the Local Court is satisfied that the amount required to be paid under the section concerned remains outstanding, the Court may make such orders with respect to the payment of the outstanding amount as the Court considers appropriate.	14 15 16 17 18
43	Doub	ble jeopardy	19
	(1)	A person is not liable to be both convicted of an offence under this Act and the subject of a civil penalty in respect of essentially the same act or omission.	20 21
	(2)	Payment of a penalty in respect of an alleged offence under section 34 (Penalty notices) is to be treated as a conviction for the offence for the purposes of this section. The making of an order by the court under section 10 of the <i>Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999</i> in respect of an offence is also to be treated as a conviction for the offence for the purposes of this section.	22 23 24 25 26
44	Regu	ulations	27
	(1)	The Governor may make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, for or with respect to any matter that by this Act is required or permitted to be prescribed or that is necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.	28 29 30 31
	(2)	In particular, the regulations may make provision for or with respect to:	32
		(a) the form and content documents or records required to be kept by entertainment industry representatives and entertainment industry hirers, and	33 34
		(b) the fees or other remuneration of entertainment industry representatives, and	35
		(c) the fees chargeable or payable for doing any act or providing any service for the purposes of the regulations, and	36 37
		(d) the exclusion of a class of persons from the operation of this Act.	38
	(3)	A regulation may create an offence punishable by a penalty not exceeding 20 penalty units.	39 40
45	Revi	ew of Act	41
	(1)	The Minister is to review this Act to determine whether the policy objectives of the Act remain valid and whether the terms of the Act remain appropriate for securing those objectives.	42 43 44

	(2)	The review is to be undertaken as soon as possible after the period of 8 years from the commencement of this Act.	1 2
	(3)	A report on the outcome of the review is to be tabled in each House of Parliament within 12 months after the end of the period of 8 years.	3 4
	(4)	In addition, the Minister is to cause an interim review of the Act to be carried out, as soon as possible after the period of 3 years from the commencement of this Act.	5 6
	(5)	A report on the outcome of the interim review is to be tabled in each House of Parliament within 12 months after the end of the period of 3 years.	7 8
46	Repe	eal of Act and regulation	9
		The Entertainment Industry Act 1989 and the Entertainment Industry Regulation 2004 are repealed.	10 11

Scł	nedul	e 1	Code of conduct	1
1	1 Objectives			2
		The o	objectives of this code of conduct are:	3
		(a)	to set out the principles, values and behaviour expected of performer representatives, and	4 5
		(b)	to promote and encourage a high standard of ethical practice by performer representatives and their employees in their dealings with performers, entertainment industry hirers and other performer representatives, and	6 7 8
		(c)	to promote efficient and transparent transactions within the entertainment industry, and	9 10
		(d)	to ensure that performer representatives act honestly, fairly and professionally in the best interests of their clients.	11 12
2	Cond	uct of	f performer representatives	13
	(1)	with exerc	rformer representative must carry out the functions of a performer representative the degree of care, diligence and honesty that a reasonable person would rise as a performer representative carrying out the same functions in the same mstances.	14 15 16 17
	(2)		rformer representative must not act or purport to act on behalf of a performer out the authority of the performer.	18 19
	(3)	the ir	rformer representative must, in representing a performer, act in accordance with astructions of the performer unless doing so would be a breach of any law or this of conduct.	20 21 22
	(4)	if the	rformer representative must not enter into an agreement to represent a performer representative is aware of any conflict of interest, or apparent conflict of rest, between the interests of the representative and the performer, unless the former representative has:	23 24 25 26
		(a)	notified the performer of that fact, and	27
		(b)	disclosed the full nature and extent of the conflict of interest.	28
	(5)	confl intere	oon as practicable after a performer representative becomes aware of any ict of interest, or apparent conflict of interest, that has arisen between the ests of the representative and a performer represented by the representative, the sentative:	29 30 31 32
		(a)	must notify the performer of that fact, and disclose the full nature and extent of the conflict of interest, and	33 34
		(b)	must not continue to represent the performer unless the performer consents to continued representation by the representative.	35 36
	(6)	repre	erformer representative must not refer a performer to any other performer esentative or service provider if the representative making the referral receives financial benefit or reward from the referral unless the representative first coses to the performer the full nature and extent of the reward or benefit.	37 38 39 40
	(7)		rformer representative must not, at any time, use or disclose any confidential mation obtained while acting for or on behalf of a performer unless:	41 42
		(a)	the client authorises the disclosure, or	43
		(b)	the representative is required or compelled by law to disclose the information.	44

	(8)		rformer representative must use the representative's best endeavours to ensure employees of the representative:	1
		(a)	comply with this Act and the regulations, and	3
		(b)	this code.	4
	(9)	misle	erformer representative must not knowingly or recklessly make a false or eading representation about the obligations, rights or responsibilities of any on under this Act or the regulations.	5 6 7
3	Othe	r lega	l obligations of performer representatives	8
			Act and the regulations impose additional obligations on performer sentatives, including:	10
		(a)	the keeping of records of money received on behalf of performers (see section 7), and	11 12
		(b)	complying with requests for information from performers (see section 14), and	13
		(c)	providing performers with certain information relating to the Act, the regulations and the entertainment industry generally (see section 13), and	14 15
		(d)	if a performer representative proposes to enter into an entertainment industry agreement with a child, providing the parents of the child with the information, if any, required by the regulations relating to the employment of minors (see section 13).	16 17 18

Schedule 2 Savings, transitional and other provisions						
Par	t 1	Gen	eral	2		
1	Regulations		S	3		
	(1)		egulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional nature consequent enactment of this Act or any Act that amends this Act.	4 5		
	(2)	Any s assent	uch provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect from the date of to the Act concerned or a later date.	6 7		
			e extent to which any such provision takes effect from a date that is earlier than the of its publication on the NSW legislation website, the provision does not the so as:	8 9 10		
			to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of its publication, or	11 12 13		
		(b)	to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted to be done before the date of its publication.	14 15 16		
Par	t 2	Prov	visions consequent on enactment of this Act	17		
2	Defi	nitions		18		
		In this	Part:	19		
			Act means the Entertainment Industry Act 1989, as in force immediately before real by this Act.	20 21		
3	Refund of bonds					
	(1)	Secret remun money	son who was required, under section 40 of the 1989 Act, to lodge with the tary a bond to cover the payment of money owed (by way of fees and other neration) to performers is, on the repeal of that Act, entitled to be refunded any y secured by a bond lodged under that section and which is standing to the of the person.	23 24 25 26 27		
	(2)	persor award	uch refund is to be paid only if the Secretary is satisfied that all liabilities of the under the 1989 Act (including any amount owing to a performer under an industrial agreement or entertainment industry contract) have been urged or adequately provided for.	28 29 30 31		
	(3)	requir persor	application for a refund is made by a person other than the person who was ed to pay a bond under section 40 of the 1989 Act, or by 2 or more such as, the Secretary may determine whether the person or which of the persons is ed to receive the refund.	32 33 34 35		
	(4)		etermination is made by the Secretary under subclause (3), the refund is to be the person so determined.	36 37		
4	Refund of licence fees					
	(1)	licenc	son who, immediately before the repeal of the 1989 Act, was the holder of a e (within the meaning of the 1989 Act) is entitled to a refund of a portion of cence fee paid during the 12 months immediately before that repeal.	39 40 41		
	(2)		ortion of the licence fee that is to be refunded is that part of the licence fee that the same proportion to the licence fee as the part of the year for which the	42 43		

		licence fee was paid that was remaining on the repeal of the 1989 Act bears to the whole of the year for which the licence fee was paid.	1 2
	(3)	If an application for a refund is made by a person other than the person who paid the licence fee, or by 2 or more such persons, the Secretary may determine whether the person or which of the persons is entitled to receive the refund.	3 4 5
	(4)	If a determination is made by the Secretary under subclause (3), the refund is to be paid to the person so determined.	6 7
	(5)	In this clause, <i>licence fee</i> means a fee required to accompany an application for a licence under section 19 of the 1989 Act or an application for the continuation of a licence under section 28 of that Act.	8 9 10
5	Exist	ting entertainment industry contracts	11
	(1)	Section 38 of the 1989 Act and clause 4 of the <i>Entertainment Industry Regulation</i> 2004, as in force immediately before the repeal of that Act, continue to apply in respect of an existing entertainment industry contract that was in force immediately before that repeal.	12 13 14 15
	(2)	Section 10 of this Act does not apply in respect of an existing entertainment industry contract.	16 17
	(3)	An existing entertainment industry contract ceases to be an existing entertainment industry contract on the earlier of:	18 19
		(a) the end of the term of that contract (not including any period of renewal or extension provided for in that contract), or	20 21
		(b) the day that is 12 months after the date on which this Act commences.	22
	(4)	The regulations may require a performer representative to provide each performer with whom the representative had an existing entertainment industry contract immediately before the repeal of the 1989 Act with the information or documents prescribed by the regulations relating to this Act, the regulations under this Act, the repeal of the 1989 Act or the entertainment industry generally.	23 24 25 26 27
	(5)	In this clause:	28
		existing entertainment industry contract means an entertainment industry contract (within the meaning of the 1989 Act) entered into before the repeal of that Act.	29 30
6	Exist	ting records	31
	(1)	A reference in this Act to a record that is required to be kept under this Act or the regulations includes a reference to a record that was required to be kept under the 1989 Act or the regulations under that Act.	32 33 34
	(2)	Clauses 5A and 5B of the <i>Entertainment Industry Regulation 2004</i> , as in force immediately before the commencement of this Act, continue to apply in respect of any such records.	35 36 37

Sch	iedu	le 3 Amendment of other Acts	1			
3.1	Fair Trading Act 1987 No 68 Section 48 Interpretation					
		(b) an entertainment industry representative within the meaning of the <i>Entertainment Industry Act 2013</i> , or	5 6			
3.2	Industrial Relations Act 1996 No 17					
	Section 382 Jurisdiction of Chief and other Industrial Magistrates					
	Omit	"Entertainment Industry Act 1989" from section 382 (1).	9			
	Inser	t instead "Entertainment Industry Act 2013".	10			
3.3	Industrial Relations Amendment (Jurisdiction of Industrial Relations Commission) Act 2009 No 32					
	Schedule 2 Amendment of other legislation					
	Omit Schedule 2.9. Insert instead:					
	2.9	Entertainment Industry Act 2013	15			
		Section 41 Proceedings for offences	16			
		Omit "an industrial magistrate or Local Court" from section 41 (3).	17			
		Insert instead "the Industrial Relations Commission in Court Session".	18			
3.4	Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002 No 103					
	Schedule 2 Search warrants under other Acts					
	Omit "Entertainment Industry Act 1989, section 58".					
	Inser	t instead "Entertainment Industry Act 2013, section 27".	22			