

New South Wales

Alcohol Consumption in Public Places (Liberalisation) Bill 2024

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to remove restrictions and prohibitions on the consumption of alcohol in public places other than—

- (a) in public places prescribed by the regulations that are of cultural or religious significance, or
- (b) where a person is intoxicated and disorderly.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name, also called the short title, of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on the date of assent to the proposed Act.

Clause 3 provides for the purpose of the proposed Act.

Clause 4 defines *public place* for the proposed Act.

Clause 5 provides that the proposed Act binds the Crown.

Clause 6 provides that the proposed Act prevails to the extent of an inconsistency with another Act or law unless otherwise provided for by the proposed Act.

Clause 7 provides that a person does not commit an offence under an Act or law related to the person's consumption of alcohol in a public place.

Clause 8 provides that alcohol must not be confiscated from a person in a public place unless the person is subject to a direction under the *Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act* 2002, Part 14.

Clause 9 provides that, despite the proposed Act, offences related to a person's consumption of alcohol continue to apply if a public place is declared by the regulations to be a place of cultural or religious significance.

Clause 10 provides that, despite the proposed Act, the following continue to apply—

- (a) police powers to give directions under the *Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities)*Act 2002, Part 14, including to give move on directions to people who are intoxicated and disorderly,
- (b) the offence under the Summary Offences Act 1988, section 9 for not complying with move on directions under the Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002, section 198

Clause 11 enables the Governor to make regulations.



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This PUBLIC BILL, originated in the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY for its concurrence.

Clerk of the Parliaments

Legislative Council



Alcohol Consumption in Public Places (Liberalisation) Bill 2024

No , 2024

A Bill for

An Act to remove restrictions on the consumption of alcohol in public places; and for related purposes.

The LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY has this day agreed to this Bill with/without amendment.

Clerk of the Legislative Assembly

Legislative Assembly

The	Legisl	ature of New South Wales enacts—	1
1	Nam	e of Act	2
		This Act is the Alcohol Consumption in Public Places (Liberalisation) Act 2024.	3
2	Com	mencement	4
		This Act commences on the date of assent to this Act.	5
3	Purr	pose of Act	6
Ū		The purpose of this Act is to limit the prohibition and regulation of the consumption of alcohol in public places in NSW.	7 8
4	Defi	nition	9
		In this Act—	10
		<i>public place</i> means land used by the public for recreation—	11
		(a) including the following—	12
		(i) Crown land within the meaning of the Crown Land Management Act 2016,	13 14
		(ii) public land within the meaning of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i>,(iii) land held by a statutory body or NSW government agency, but	15 16
		(b) not including a road within the meaning of the <i>Roads Act 1993</i> unless recreational activities are permitted on the road.	17 18
		Note— The <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> contains definitions and other provisions that affect the interpretation and application of this Act.	19 20
5	Act	to bind Crown	21
		This Act binds the Crown in right of New South Wales and, to the extent the legislative power of the Parliament of New South Wales permits, the Crown in all its other capacities.	22 23 24
6	Rela	tionship with other Acts and laws	25
	(1)	This Act prevails to the extent of an inconsistency with another Act or law unless otherwise provided for by this Act.	26 27
	(2)	To avoid doubt, reference to another Act or law includes the following—	28
		(a) the Centennial Park and Moore Park Trust Act 1983,	29
		(b) the Crown Land Management Act 2016,	30
		(c) the Greater Sydney Parklands Trust Act 2022,	31
		(d) the Local Government Act 1993,	32
		(e) the Luna Park Site Act 1990,	33
		(f) the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974,	34
		(g) the Parramatta Park Trust Act 2001,	35
		(h) the Royal Botanic Gardens and Domain Trust Act 1980,	36
		(i) the Sydney Olympic Park Authority Act 2001,	37
		(j) the Western Sydney Parklands Act 2006.	38
7	Free	dom of consumption of alcohol in public places	39
		A person does not commit an offence under an Act or law related to the person's consumption of alcohol in a public place.	40 41

8	Limi	ations on confiscation of alcohol	1
	(1)	Alcohol in the possession of a person who is in a public place must not be confiscated.	2
	(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if the person is subject to a direction under the <i>Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002</i> , Part 14.	4 5
9	Exce	otion for public places of cultural or religious significance	6
		Sections 7 and 8 do not apply to a public place declared by the regulations to be a place of cultural or religious significance.	7 8
		Examples—	9
		war memorial	10
		place of worship	11
10	Exce	otion for intoxicated and disorderly conduct	12
		Despite this Act, the following provisions continue to have effect—	13
		(a) the Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002, Part 14	14
		(b) the Summary Offences Act 1988, section 9.	15
11	Reg	lations	16
		The Governor may make regulations about a matter that is—	17
		(a) required or permitted by this Act to be prescribed, or	18
		(b) necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.	19 20