

New South Wales

State Revenue Legislation Further Amendment Bill 2004

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the *Duties Act 1997* as follows:

- (a) The criteria for eligibility for the First Home Plus stamp duty concession for first home buyers will be clarified in their application to vacant land by:
 - (i) removing the criteria relating to a required period of residency in the home after its completion and relying on the Chief Commissioner being satisfied that the applicant will build a home on the land and reside in it, and
 - (ii) preventing a new home buyer obtaining the concession twice (once in relation to vacant land and once in relation to an existing dwelling) by providing that a person can only receive the concession once. See Schedule 1 [2]–[5].

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- (b) The operation of the new Premium Property Duty (which is applicable to residential property sold for more than \$3 million) will be clarified so that where a transaction involves more than one property that is sold for over \$3 million, the premium property duty rate will only apply to that part of the consideration for each property that exceeds \$3 million. See Schedule 1 [1].
- (c) The limitations on the kinds of conservation agreements under the *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974* that qualify land for exemption from the new vendor duty will be removed, so that any conservation agreement under that Act will qualify for exemption. The exemption will also be extended to land the subject of a registered trust agreement under the *Nature Conservation Trust Act 2001*. See Schedule 1 [15] and [16].
- (d) The application of certain purchaser duty provisions to the determination of dutiable value of dutiable property for the purposes of vendor duty will be clarified. See Schedule 1 [6].
- (e) The vendor duty concession for sale of a former principal place of residence (under which a home owner can be treated as still living in the former residence during a period of absence of up to 6 years) will be clarified so that a home owner will not be able to count any period of deemed occupation of the former residence as a period of occupation of any other residence for vendor duty concession purposes. See Schedule 1 [25] and [26].
- (f) The vendor duty concession that applies to the sale of a former principal place of residence within 6 months of ceasing to occupy the residence will be broadened so that:
 - (i) the Chief Commissioner will be able to extend the period of 6 months if satisfied that there is good reason for doing so, and
 - (ii) an owner who ceased occupation within 6 months before 1 June 2004 (the commencement of the vendor duty provisions) will get the concession if they sell within 6 months after 1 June 2004. See Schedule 1 [22] and [24].
- (g) The vendor duty exemption that applies to the sale of a principal place of residence will be tightened so that the exemption will not apply unless at least 50% of the ownership interest is held by one or more natural persons who reside in the home as their principal place of residence. The Bill will also remove a restriction that prevents the principal place of residence exemption applying where any of the vendors is not a natural person (which is made redundant by the requirement for at least 50% ownership by a natural person residing in the home). See Schedule 1 [7] and [8].

- (h) The operation of the 12% increase in value test for vendor duty will be clarified so that where several interests in a single dutiable property are purchased over time and the interests are sold together, the test will be applied separately to each of the several interests. See Schedule 1 [9] and [10].
- (i) The vendor duty exemption for new and substantially new buildings will be revised to:
 - (i) make it clear that the concession for buildings unoccupied before sale only applies where the building has never been occupied before sale, and
 - (ii) provide the Chief Commissioner with a discretion to allow the concession for new buildings constructed for residential purposes that have never been occupied for residential purposes before sale (even if occupied before sale for other purposes, such as display homes), and
 - (iii) provide that the concession only applies once (to the first sale after completion of the building), including in the case of "off the plan" sales of new buildings, and
 - (iv) provide certainty as to when construction of a building is completed by linking completion to the issue of a local council occupation certificate. See Schedule 1 [11].
- (j) The vendor duty exemption for improved vacant land will be revised by requiring the improvements to have been made at the vendor's expense. See Schedule 1 [12].
- (k) The operation of the vendor duty exemptions for transactions and entities that are the subject of exemptions and concessions for ad valorem purchaser duty will be revised to clarify their operation and provide that an exemption from vendor duty does not apply to persons selling to exempt or concessional entities. See Schedule 1 [17], [18] and [20].
- (l) The vendor duty concession that applies to the sale of the principal place of residence of a person within 12 months after their death will be revised so that:
 - (i) the 12 months will start from the grant of probate or letters of administration (rather than the date of death), and
 - (ii) if probate or letters of administration were granted before 1 June 2004, the 12 months will date from 1 June 2004. See Schedule 1 [22] and [27].
- (m) The operation of the vendor duty concession that applies to the sale of the principal place of residence of a deceased person following the termination of a life estate created on the death of the person will be

- clarified to provide that on the termination of the life estate, the executor or beneficiary has a further 12 months to sell the property. See Schedule 1 [28].
- (n) A new vendor duty exemption will be created for the sale of land-related property by a mortgagee, receiver, liquidator or trustee in bankruptcy pursuant to the bona fide exercise of a power of sale. See Schedule 1 [14].
- (o) The vendor duty exemption for the sale of a business will be revised to limit the exemption to the sale of land-related property pursuant to the sale of the whole of a business (not just part of a business). See Schedule 1 [13].
- (p) Provision for the imposition of duty on an inter-jurisdictional mortgage will be revised so that duty will not be payable on property located in the ACT or Northern Territory (in line with the treatment of inter-jurisdictional mortgages affecting property in other States). See Schedule 1 [19].

The Bill also revokes the repeal of the *Petroleum Products Subsidy Act 1965* (see clause 5) and amends the *Land Tax Management Act 1956* to remove restrictions on a land tax exemption for land subject to a conservation agreement under the *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974* and to extend that exemption to land the subject of a registered trust agreement under the *Nature Conservation Trust Act 2001* (see Schedule 2).

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act.

Clause 3 is a formal provision that gives effect to the amendments to the *Duties Act 1997* set out in Schedule 1.

Clause 4 is a formal provision that gives effect to the amendments to the *Land Tax Management Act 1956* set out in Schedule 2.

Clause 5 revokes the repeal of the *Petroleum Products Subsidy Act 1965* and the regulation under that Act.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Duties Act 1997

Schedule 1 [1] makes the amendment referred to in paragraph (b) of the Overview.

Schedule 1 [2]–[5] make the amendments referred to in paragraph (a) of the Overview.

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Schedule 1 [6] makes the amendment referred to in paragraph (d) of the Overview.

Schedule 1 [7] and [8] make the amendments referred to in paragraph (g) of the Overview.

Schedule 1 [9] and [10] make the amendments referred to in paragraph (h) of the Overview.

Schedule 1 [11] makes the amendment referred to in paragraph (i) of the Overview.

Schedule 1 [12] makes the amendment referred to in paragraph (j) of the Overview.

Schedule 1 [13] makes the amendment referred to in paragraph (o) of the Overview.

Schedule 1 [14] makes the amendment referred to in paragraph (n) of the Overview.

Schedule 1 [15] and [16] make the amendments referred to in paragraph (c) of the Overview.

Schedule 1 [17], [18] and [20] make the amendments referred to in paragraph (k) of the Overview.

Schedule 1 [19] makes the amendment referred to in paragraph (p) of the Overview.

Schedule 1 [21] provides for the making of savings and transitional regulations consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.

Schedule 1 [23] provides for the amendments made by the Bill (except those made by Schedule 1 [2]–[5] and [19] and Schedule 2) to have effect as if they had commenced on 1 June 2004.

Schedule 1 [22] and [24] make the amendments referred to in paragraph (f) of the Overview.

Schedule 1 [25] and [26] make the amendments referred to in paragraph (e) of the Overview.

Schedule 1 [22] and [27] make the amendments referred to in paragraph (1) of the Overview.

Schedule 1 [28] makes the amendment referred to in paragraph (m) of the Overview.

Schedule 2 Amendment of Land Tax Management Act 1956

Schedule 2 [1] removes restrictions on a land tax exemption for land subject to a conservation agreement under the *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974* and extend that exemption to land the subject of registered trust agreement under the *Nature Conservation Trust Act 2001*.

Schedule 2 [2] provides for a proportionate reduction where only part of land is the subject of such an exemption.

Schedule 1 [3] provides for the making of savings and transitional regulations consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.



New South Wales

State Revenue Legislation Further Amendment Bill 2004

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New South Wales

State Revenue Legislation Further Amendment Bill 2004

No , 2004

A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Duties Act 1997* and other State Revenue legislation to make further provision with respect to First Home Plus, premium property duty, vendor duty, inter-jurisdictional mortgage duty, land tax and petroleum products subsidies; and for other purposes.

The	Legis	lature of New South Wales enacts:	1	
1	Nan	ne of Act	2	
		This Act is the State Revenue Legislation Further Amendment Act 2004.	3 4	
2	Con	nmencement	5	
	(1)	This Act commences on the date of assent, except as provided by subsection (2).	6 7	
	(2)	The following provisions commence, or are taken to have commenced, on the dates specified:	8 9	
		(a) Schedule 1 [2]–[5]—1 July 2004,	10	
		(b) Schedule 1 [19]—1 September 2004,	11	
		(c) Schedule 2—31 December 2004.	12	
3	Ame	endment of Duties Act 1997 No 123	13	
		The Duties Act 1997 is amended as set out in Schedule 1.	14	
4	Amendment of Land Tax Management Act 1956 No 26			
		The Land Tax Management Act 1956 is amended as set out in Schedule 2.	16 17	
5	Rev	ocation of repeal	18	
	(1)	The Petroleum Products Subsidy Act 1965 and the Petroleum Products Subsidy Regulation 1998 are taken not to be, and never to have been, repealed by the State Revenue Legislation Further Amendment (No 2) Act 2001.	19 20 21 22	
	(2)	The Petroleum Products Subsidy Regulation 1998 is taken not to be, and never to have been, repealed by section 10 of the Subordinate Legislation Act 1989, and for the purposes of that section is taken to have been published on the date of assent to this Act.	23 24 25 26	

Sch	nedule 1	Amendment of Duties Act 1997 (Section 3)	1 2
[1]		2A Premium rate for residential land with dutiable value \$3,000,000	3 4
	Insert after	section 32A (2):	5
	(2A)	If the dutiable property subject to a dutiable transaction comprises 2 or more individual items of residential land and 1 or more of those items has a dutiable value exceeding \$3,000,000, the rate of duty chargeable on the dutiable transaction is as follows:	6 7 8 9 10
		(a) for each item of residential land that has a dutiable value exceeding \$3,000,000—\$150,490 plus \$7 for every \$100, or part, by which the dutiable value of the item exceeds \$3,000,000,	11 12 13 14
		(b) for the rest of the dutiable property—the rate provided for by section 32.	15 16
[2]		1 Restrictions on eligibility—previous ownership of I property or first home concession	17 18
	Omit section	on 71 (1) and (2). Insert instead:	19
	(1)	A purchaser or transferee under an agreement or transfer may apply under the scheme, but will be eligible only if the purchaser or transferee:	20 21 22
		(a) has not at any time owned residential property in Australia (either solely or with someone else), and	23 24
		(b) has not previously been a party to an application under the scheme that was approved by the Chief Commissioner.	25 26 27
	(2)	If a purchaser or transferee under an agreement or transfer has a spouse, the purchaser or transferee is eligible only if the spouse of the purchaser or transferee:	28 29 30
		(a) has not at any time owned residential property in Australia (either solely or with someone else), and	31 32
		(b) has not previously been a party to an application under the scheme that was approved by the Chief Commissioner.	33 34 35

[3]	Section 7	1 (6)	1	
		r who has previously been a party to an application under the at was approved by the Chief Commissioner," after "residential	2 3 4	
[4]	Section 7	6 Residence requirement	5	
	Omit "in a	ccordance with the residence requirement" from section 76 (3).	6	
	Insert inste	ead "as their principal place of residence".	7	
[5]	Section 7	6 (6)	8	
	Omit the s	ubsection.	9	
[6]	Section 1	58 What is the "dutiable value" of land-related property?	10	
	Insert "(ex (2) (d).	acept in sections 22 and 23)" after "transferee" in section 158	11 12	
[7]	Section 162B Principal place of residence exemption			
	Insert after section 162B (4):			
	(5)	For the purposes of the principal place of residence exemption, a vendor of land that is owned by 2 or more persons is not considered to be used and occupied by the vendor as the principal place of residence of the vendor unless the land is used and occupied as the principal place of residence of:	15 16 17 18 19 20	
		(a) at least one of the owners who is a natural person and whose ownership share is 50% or more, or	21 22	
		(b) each of 2 or more of the owners who are natural persons and whose combined ownership share is 50% or more.	23 24	
[8]	Section 1	62D Exemption applies to natural persons only	25	
	Omit the s	ection.	26	
[9]	Section 1	62M What is the vendor acquisition date?	27	
	Omit "a le	gal or equitable interest in" wherever occurring.	28	

[10]	Sect	tion 1	620 T	ransactions relating to multiple items or interests	1
	Inser	rt at th	e end o	of the section:	2
		(2)	item dutia excee vend be a	rendor duty transaction relates to separate interests in an of land-related property, the amount if any by which the ble value of the land-related property on the transfer date eds the dutiable value of the land-related property on the or acquisition date is, for the purposes of this Division, to ssessed and determined separately for each of those rate interests, and duty is chargeable accordingly.	3 4 5 6 7 8 9
[11]	Sect	tions '	162P a	and 162Q	10
	Omi	t the se	ections	s. Insert instead:	11
1	162P	Exer	nptior	n for sale of new buildings	12
		(1)	Exen	nption for new buildings never occupied before sale	13
				greement for the sale or transfer, or a transfer, of land is hargeable with vendor duty if:	14 15
			(a)	it is an agreement for the sale or transfer, or a transfer, of land on which one or more buildings have been constructed by or on behalf of the vendor that are suitable for use or occupation for residential, commercial or other purposes, and	16 17 18 19 20
			(b)	the building or buildings have never been occupied or used for any purpose prior to the first execution of the agreement or transfer or (if the Chief Commissioner is satisfied that they were constructed to be occupied or used for residential purposes) have never been occupied or used for residential purposes before that first execution, and	21 22 23 24 25 26 27
			(c)	the Chief Commissioner is satisfied that the building or buildings are a significant improvement to the land, and	28 29
			(d)	the sale or transfer is the first sale or transfer of the land since the building or buildings were completed, and	30 31
			(e)	there are no other buildings on the land that are suitable for use or occupation for residential, commercial or	32 33

other purposes, other than heritage buildings.

(2)	Exemption for new buildings sold within 12 months after completion				
		agreement for the sale or transfer, or a transfer, of land is chargeable with vendor duty if:	3 4		
	(a)	it is an agreement for the sale or transfer, or a transfer, of land on which one or more buildings have been constructed by or on behalf of the vendor that are suitable for use or occupation for residential, commercial or other purposes, and	5 6 7 8 9		
	(b)	the building or buildings have never been occupied or used for any purpose prior to being completed, and	10 11		
	(c)	the Chief Commissioner is satisfied that the building or buildings are a significant improvement to the land, and	12 13		
	(d)	the agreement for the sale or transfer, or the transfer, of the land was first executed within 12 months after the building or buildings were completed, and	14 15 16		
	(e)	the sale or transfer is the first sale or transfer of the land since the building or buildings were completed, and	17 18		
	(f)	there are no other buildings on the land that are suitable for use or occupation for residential, commercial or other purposes, other than heritage buildings.	19 20 21		
(3)		mption for new buildings to be constructed on divided lots before completion	22 23		
		greement for the sale or transfer of land is not chargeable vendor duty if:	24 25		
	(a)	it is an agreement for the sale or transfer of a lot in a plan of subdivision (including an unregistered plan of subdivision), on which a building is to be constructed before completion of the sale or transfer, and	26 27 28 29		
	(b)	the Chief Commissioner is satisfied that the building will be a significant improvement to the land, and	30 31		
	(c)	the sale or transfer is the first sale or transfer of the lot.	32		
(4)	For when	the purposes of this section, a building is <i>completed</i> n:	33 34		
	(a)	an occupation certificate under the Environmental	35		

Planning and Assessment Act 1979 has been issued for

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the building, or

162Q

	(b)	if such an occupation certificate is not required before the building can be lawfully occupied—the Chief Commissioner is satisfied that the building is ready for	1 2 3
		occupation for a purpose for which it has been constructed.	4 5
(5)	In thi	is section:	6
		age building means a building that the Chief missioner is satisfied has heritage significance.	7 8
Exer	nptior	n for sale of substantially new buildings	9
(1)		nption for substantially new buildings not occupied reen completion and sale	10 11
		greement for the sale or transfer, or a transfer, of land is hargeable with vendor duty if:	12 13
	(a)	it is an agreement for the sale or transfer, or a transfer,	14 15
		of land on which one or more substantially new buildings have been constructed by or on behalf of the	16
		vendor that are suitable for use or occupation for residential, commercial or other purposes, and	17 18
	(b)	the building or buildings have not been occupied or used for any purpose after completion and prior to the first execution of the agreement or transfer, and	19 20 21
	(c)	the Chief Commissioner is satisfied that the building or buildings are a significant improvement to the land, and	22 23
	(d)	the sale or transfer is the first sale or transfer of the land since the building or buildings were completed, and	24 25
	(e)	there are no other buildings on the land that are suitable	26 27
		for use or occupation for residential, commercial or other purposes, other than heritage buildings or unoccupied new buildings.	28 29
(2)		nption for substantially new buildings sold within 12 ths after completion	30 31
		greement for the sale or transfer, or a transfer, of land is hargeable with vendor duty if:	32 33
	(a)	it is an agreement for the sale or transfer, or a transfer, of land on which one or more substantially new	34 35

buildings have been constructed by or on behalf of the

(3)

(4)

(5)

vendor that are suitable for use or occupation for residential, commercial or other purposes, and	1 2
(b) the agreement for the sale or transfer, or the transfer, of the land was first executed within 12 months after the building or buildings were completed, and	3 4 5
(c) the Chief Commissioner is satisfied that the building or buildings are a significant improvement to the land, and	6 7
(d) the sale or transfer is the first sale or transfer of the land since the building or buildings were completed, and	8
(e) there are no other buildings on the land that are suitable for use or occupation for residential, commercial or other purposes, other than heritage buildings or unoccupied new buildings.	10 11 12 13
For the purposes of this section, a building is <i>completed</i> when:	14 15
(a) an occupation certificate under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> has been issued for the building, or	16 17 18
(b) if such an occupation certificate is not required before the building can be lawfully occupied—the Chief Commissioner is satisfied that the building is ready for occupation for a purpose for which it has been constructed.	19 20 21 22 23
For the purposes of this section, a building is a <i>substantially new building</i> if the Chief Commissioner is satisfied that all parts of the building have been replaced with the exception of the following:	24 25 26 27
(a) parts of the building (if any) that have heritage significance,	28 29
(b) parts of the building required to be retained for structural necessity,	30 31
(c) major plant and equipment associated with the building.	32 33
In this section:	34
<i>heritage building</i> means a building that the Chief Commissioner is satisfied has heritage significance.	35 36

unoccupied new building means a building that has never

been occupied or used for any purpose.

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[12]	Section	162S Improved vacant land	1	
	Omit "by	y or on behalf of the vendor' wherever occurring.	2	
	Insert in	stead "at the vendor's expense".	3	
[13]	Section	162T Sale of business that includes land-related property	4	
	Insert "tl	ne whole of" before "a business".	5	
[14]	Section	162UA	6	
	Insert af	ter section 162U:	7	
16	2UA Sa	le by mortgagee or receiver under power of sale	8	
		An agreement for the sale or transfer, or a transfer, of land-related property is not chargeable with vendor duty if the	9 10	
		Chief Commissioner is satisfied that the agreement or transfer	11	
		is pursuant to the bona fide exercise of a power of sale by a	12	
		mortgagee, receiver, liquidator or trustee in bankruptcy.	13	
[15]	Section	162V Land subject to conservation instruments	14	
	Omit sec	tion 162V (1). Insert instead:	15	
	(1)	This section applies to a vendor duty transaction if the Chief	16	
		Commissioner is satisfied that the land-related property	17	
		transferred is land that is wholly or partly the subject of a	18	
		conservation agreement under the National Parks and	19	
		Wildlife Act 1974 or a trust agreement registered as referred to	20 21	
		in section 36 of the Nature Conservation Trust Act 2001.	21	
		These conservation agreements and registered trust agreements are referred to in this section as <i>conservation</i>	23	
		instruments.	24	
[16]	Section 162V (2)-(4)			
	Omit "conservation agreement" wherever occurring.			
	Insert instead "conservation instrument".			

[17]	Section 162X Transactions exempt from ad valorem duty under Chapter 2			1 2	
	Omit section 162X (1). Insert instead:				
		(1)	Subject to this Division, no vendor duty is chargeable under this Chapter on a vendor duty transaction if:		
			(a)	ad valorem duty is not chargeable on the transaction as a dutiable transaction under Chapter 2 because of any of the provisions of Parts 6 and 7 of Chapter 2 (other than sections 61 and 62), or	6 7 8 9
			(b)	the transaction is the subject of an exemption under any of sections 96–99, or	10 11
			(c)	the duty chargeable on the transaction under Chapter 2 is the duty chargeable under section 18 (3), or	12 13
			(d)	the transaction is a transfer in respect of which the Chief Commissioner is required by section 51 to refund ad valorem duty.	14 15 16
[18]		ion 1 oter 1		Exemptions for charities and others under	17 18
	Omit	secti	on 162	2Y (3).	19
[19]	Section 216 Mortgages over property not wholly within New South Wales			20 21	
	Omit	"with	nin a T	Territory or" from the value of T in section 216 (2).	22
[20]	Sect	ion 2	75		23
	Omit the section. Insert instead:				24
	275	Cha	ritable	e and benevolent bodies	25
		(1)	on a lease dutia	y under this Act (other than vendor duty) is not chargeable a transfer, or an agreement for the sale or transfer, or a e, of dutiable property to, or a declaration of trust over able property held or to be held on trust for, or a mortgage in by or on behalf of, an exempt charitable or benevolent y.	26 27 28 29 30 31
		(2)		dor duty is not chargeable on a transfer, or an agreement the sale or transfer, of land-related property by, or a	32 33

		declaration of trust over land-related property by, an exemple charitable or benevolent body.	npt 1 2
	(3)	In this section:	3
		exempt charitable or benevolent body means:	4
		 (a) any society or institution for the time being approved the Chief Commissioner for the purposes of the paragraph whose resources are, in accordance with rules or objects, used wholly or predominantly for: (i) the relief of poverty in Australia, or 	nis 6
		(ii) the promotion of education in Australia, or	10
		(b) any society or institution that, in the opinion of the Chief Commissioner, is of a charitable or benevoled nature, or has as its primary object the promotion of the interests of Aborigines and if:	ent ¹²
		 (i) (in the application of this definition for the purposes of subsection (1)) the dutial transaction or instrument is for such purposes the Chief Commissioner may approve accordance with guidelines approved by the Treasurer, or (ii) (in the application of this definition for the purposes of subsection (2)) the land-related property was used by the society or institution is such purposes as the Chief Commissioner mapprove in accordance with guidelines approve by the Treasurer. 	ble 16 as 17 in 18 the 19 che 21 the 22 for 23 ay 24
[21]	Schedule	1 Savings, transitional and other provisions	27
_	Insert at th	e end of clause 1 (1):	28
		State Revenue Legislation Further Amendment Act 2004	29
[22]	Schedule	1, clause 41 (5) and (6)	30
رحد			31
		clause 41 (4):	
	(5)	The occupation by a vendor of land to which a vendor dutransaction applies as his or her principal place of resident that ceased not more than 6 months before 1 June 2004 is, the purposes of the application of clause 4 of Schedule 2 respect of the transaction, to be treated as having ceasimmediately before 1 June 2004.	rice 33 for 34 in 35

		(6)	If the vendor in respect of a vendor duty transaction is the legal personal representative of a deceased person, or a beneficiary under a will of a deceased person or on the intestacy of a deceased person, and the grant of probate or letters of administration occurred before 1 June 2004, clause 6 of Schedule 2 applies in respect of the transaction as if the grant of probate or letters of administration had occurred on 1 June 2004.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8		
[23]	Sch	edule	1, Part 19	9		
	Insert after Part 18:					
	Par	t 19	Provisions consequent on enactment of State Revenue Legislation Further Amendment Act 2004	11 12 13		
	43	Ame	endments operate from 1 June 2004	14		
		(1)	An amendment to this Act made by the <i>State Revenue Legislation Further Amendment Act 2004</i> , except an amendment referred to in section 2 (2) of that Act, is taken to have effect as if it had commenced on 1 June 2004.	15 16 17 18		
		(2)	A vendor duty transaction that occurred on or after 1 June 2004 in respect of which vendor duty is chargeable because of the amendments made to this Act by the <i>State Revenue Legislation Further Amendment Act 2004</i> is taken (if the vendor duty has not already been paid) to become chargeable with that duty on the date of assent to that Act.	19 20 21 22 23 24		
		(3)	The imposition, payment and recovery of duty under this Act before the date of assent to the <i>State Revenue Legislation Further Amendment Act 2004</i> is taken to have been validly done to the extent that it would have been validly done had the amendments made by that Act been in force at the time it was done.	25 26 27 28 29 30		

[24]	Schedule 2 Principal place of residence exemption—concessions and restrictions				
	Insert after clause 4 (3):				
	(4)	The Chief Commissioner may, if satisfied that there is a good reason for doing so, extend the period of 6 months referred to in subclause (1) in a particular case.	4 5 6		
[25]	Schedule	2, clause 5 (1)	7		
	Omit "the vendor is taken".				
	Insert instead "the vendor is entitled (if the vendor so chooses) to be taken".				
[26]	Schedule 2, clause 5 (4)				
	Omit the s	ubclause. Insert instead:	12		
	(4)	Any period for which a person is taken pursuant to this clause to have continued to use and occupy a former residence as his or her principal place of residence is to be disregarded as a period of use and occupation of any other residence as the person's principal place of residence (despite the fact that the use and occupation of the other residence during that period was use and occupation as the person's actual principal place of residence).	13 14 15 16 17 18 19		
[27]	Schedule 2, clause 6 (2) (a)				
	Omit "the date of the deceased person's death".				
	Insert instead "the grant of probate or letters of administration to the legal personal representative".				
[28]	Schedule 2, clause 7 (2)				
	Omit the subclause. Insert instead:				
	(2)	Subclause (1) applies to a vendor duty transaction only if:			
		(a) the vendor under the transaction is the legal personal representative of the deceased person or is a beneficiary under the will of the deceased person, or on the intestacy of the deceased person, in whom the deceased person's interest vested after the termination (by expiry or surrender) of the life estate, and	28 29 30 31 32 33		

(b)	the date on which (but for this clause) a liability for vendor duty would arise in respect of the transaction is
	within 12 months after the termination of the life estate.

1 2

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Schedule 2		Amendment of Land Tax Management	,		
		Act 1956 (Section 4)	3		
[1]	Section 1	0 Land exempted from tax	4		
	Omit section	on 10 (1) (p1). Insert instead:	į		
		(p1) land that is the subject of a conservation agreement under the <i>National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974</i> or a trust agreement registered as referred to in section 36 of the <i>Nature Conservation Trust Act 2001</i> ,	6 - - - -		
[2]	Section 1	0 (2C)	10		
	Insert after	section 10 (2B):	1		
	(2C)	Where part of any land is the subject of a conservation agreement under the <i>National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974</i> or a trust agreement registered as referred to in section 36 of the <i>Nature Conservation Trust Act 2001</i> (as referred to in subsection (1) (p1)), the land value of that land is, for the purposes of the assessment of land tax, to be reduced by an amount that bears the same proportion to that land value as the area of the part that is the subject of the agreement bears to the area of the whole of the land.	12 13 14 18 16 17 18 18		
[3]	Schedule	2 Savings and transitional provisions	2		
	Insert at the end of clause 1A (1):				
		State Revenue Legislation Further Amendment Act 2004 (to the extent that it amends this Act)	2: 24		