

New South Wales

Companion Animals Amendment (Rehoming Animals) Bill 2021

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the *Companion Animals Act 1998* to set out actions a council must take towards rehoming a seized or surrendered animal.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name, also called the short title, of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on the date of assent to the proposed Act.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Companion Animals Act 1998 No 87

Schedule 1 inserts proposed section 64B into the *Companion Animals Act 1998* to set out actions a council must take towards rehoming a seized or surrendered animal before destroying the animal under section 64(1) or 64A(1), and the records the council is required to keep and make available for inspection.



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Companion Animals Amendment (Rehoming Animals) Bill 2021

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Companion Animals Amendment (Rehoming Animals) Bill 2021

No , 2021

A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Companion Animals Act 1998* to set out actions a council must take towards rehoming a seized or surrendered animal; and for related purposes.

The	Legislature of New South Wales enacts—	1
1	Name of Act	2
	This Act is the Companion Animals Amendment (Rehoming Animals) Act 2021.	3
2	Commencement	4
	This Act commences on the date of assent to this Act.	5

Schedule 1		Amendment of Companion Animals Act 1998 No 87			
Section 64B					
Insert after section 64A—					
64B	B Rehoming seized or surrendered animals				
V. 2	(1)	A council must, before taking action under section 64 or 64A to destroy a seized or surrendered animal—		5 6 7	
			written notice to at least 2 rehoming organisations that the animal ailable for rehoming, and	8 9	
		(b) take	reasonable steps to advertise the animal as available for rehoming.	10	
	(2)	The notice given under subsection (1)(a) must specify the period of time, not less than 7 days from the date the notice is given, during which the animal is available for rehoming.			
(3) If a rehoming organisation, whether or not the organisation was given wrinotice under subsection (1)(a), gives the council written notice that it is abrehome an animal, the council must—		er subsection (1)(a), gives the council written notice that it is able to	14 15 16		
		(a) not d	lestroy the animal, and	17	
			e arrangements to transfer the animal to the organisation for ming.	18 19	
	(4)	4) Subsection (3) does not apply if the rehoming organisation fails to ta custody of the animal within—		20 21	
		(a) 7 day	ys of giving the written notice, or	22	
			nger period agreed in writing between the council and the nisation.	23 24	
	(5)	A council must keep and make available for inspection the following records—		25 26	
		(a) for a anim	an animal rehomed under this section—a record identifying the hal,	27 28	
		(b) for a	n animal destroyed under section 64 or 64A—	29	
		(i)	a record identifying the animal, and	30	
		(ii)	the actions the council took under this section to rehome the animal, and	31 32	
		(iii)	alternative action the council considered before destroying the animal.	33 34	
	(6)	practitioner	n does not apply to an animal that, in the opinion of a veterinary r, is so severely injured, so diseased or in such a physical condition ael to keep the animal alive.	35 36 37	

(7) In this section—

rehoming organisation does not include a council or another operator of a council pound.

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