

New South Wales

## Anti-Discrimination and Crimes Legislation Amendment (Disability) Bill 2024

#### **Explanatory note**

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

#### Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the *Anti-Discrimination Act 1977* and the *Crimes Act 1900* as follows—

- (a) to make it unlawful to vilify a person or group of persons on the grounds of disability,
- (b) to make it unlawful to offend, insult, humiliate or intimidate another person or a group of persons on the grounds of race, religion, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity or intersex or HIV/AIDS status,
- (c) to create an offence of threatening or inciting violence on the grounds of disability.

#### Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name, also called the short title, of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on the date of assent to the proposed Act.

### Schedule 1 Amendment of Anti-Discrimination Act 1977 No 48

Schedule 1[1] replaces the definition of disability. Schedule 1[4] makes a consequential amendment.

**Schedule 1[2] and [3]** provide that, for the *Anti-Discrimination Act 1977*, a reference to a person with a disability includes a reference to—

- (a) a person who has a genetic disposition to be a parent to a child who has a disability, and
- (b) a person who is a carer of a person who has a disability, and
- (c) a person who may have a disability in the future, whether or not there is anything to indicate the person may have a disability in the future.

**Schedule 1[5]** inserts proposed Part 4A, Division 3A to make it unlawful for a person, by conduct observable by the public, to incite hatred towards, serious contempt for or severe ridicule of a person or a group of persons on the grounds that they have or do not have a disability. **Schedule 1[7]** makes a consequential amendment.

**Schedule 1[6]** inserts proposed Part 5A to make it unlawful for a person, by conduct observable by the public, to offend, insult, humiliate or intimidate a person or a group of persons on the grounds of race, religion, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity or intersex or HIV/AIDS status.

#### Schedule 2 Amendment of Crimes Act 1900 No 40

Schedule 2[4] and [6] make it an offence to make public threats or incite violence against a person or a group of persons on the grounds the person has a disability, is a person who has a genetic disposition to be a parent to a child who has a disability or the person is a person who is a carer of a person who has a disability. Schedule 2[1], [2] and [5] make consequential amendments.

Schedule 2[3] makes a minor amendment.



New South Wales

# **Anti-Discrimination and Crimes Legislation Amendment (Disability) Bill 2024**

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This PUBLIC BILL, originated in the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY for its concurrence.

Clerk of the Parliaments

Legislative Council



# Anti-Discrimination and Crimes Legislation Amendment (Disability) Bill 2024

No , 2024

#### A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Anti-Discrimination Act 1977* and the *Crimes Act 1900* to make it unlawful to vilify a person or group of persons on the grounds of disability; to make it unlawful to offend, insult, humiliate or intimidate another person or a group of persons on the grounds of certain specified attributes; to create an offence of threatening or inciting violence on the grounds of disability; and for related purposes.

The LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY has this day agreed to this Bill with/without amendment.

Clerk of the Legislative Assembly

Legislative Assembly

The Legislature of New South Wales enacts—					
1	Name of Act	2			
	This Act is the Anti-Discrimination and Crimes Legislation Amendment (Disability) Act 2024.	3			
2	Commencement	5			
	This Act commences on the date of assent to this Act.	F			

Sch	nedule 1	Amer 48	ndme	ent of Anti-Discrimination Act 1977 No	1 2	
[1]	Section 4 De	efinitions			3	
• •	Omit section 4(1), definition of <i>disability</i> . Insert instead—					
		disability—		<b>y</b>	4 5	
		(a) mean	1s		6	
		(i)	total	or partial loss of a bodily or mental function, or	7	
		(ii)	total	or partial loss of a part of the body, or	8	
		(iii)	the p	presence in the body of organisms that cause disease or ss, or	9 10	
		(iv)		resence in the body of organisms that are capable of causing use or illness, or	11 12	
		(v)	the d	lisfigurement of a part of the body, or	13	
		(vi)		sorder that results in a person learning differently from a on without the disorder, or	14 15	
		(vii)	proce	sorder, illness or disease that affects a person's thought esses, perception of reality, emotions or judgment or that ts in disturbed behaviour, or	16 17 18	
		(viii)	anotl	ner condition prescribed by regulations, and	19	
		(b) inclu	ıdes—		20	
		(i)	behar and	viour that is a symptom or manifestation of the disability,	21 22	
		(ii)		sability that a person may have in the future, including use of a genetic disposition to the disability, and	23 24	
		(iii)		ability that it is thought a person may have in the future, her or not—	25 26	
			(A)	the person has a genetic disposition to the disability, or	27	
			(B)	there is anything else to indicate the person may have the disability in the future, and	28 29	
		(iv)	that, full a	in interaction with various barriers, may hinder a person's and effective participation in society on an equal basis with a persons, and	30 31 32 33	
		(v)		nce on—	34	
			(A)	a support person, being a person who provides assistance or services to another person because of a disability the other person has, or	35 36 37	
			(B)	a disability aid, being equipment, including a palliative or therapeutic device, generally recognised to alleviate an effect of a disability or another thing prescribed by regulations, or	38 39 40 41	
			(C)	an assistance animal within the meaning of the <i>Disability Discrimination Act 1992</i> of the Commonwealth, section 9.	42 43	
[2]	Section 4(6)	)			44	
	Insert after s	ection 4(5)-	_		45	

		(6)			t, a reference to a person who has a disability includes a reference wing—	1
			(a)		son who has a genetic disposition to be a parent to a child who has ability, and	3 4
			(b)	a per	son who is a carer of a person who has a disability.	5
[3]	Section	on 49/	A Disa	bility	includes past, future and presumed disability	6
	Omit	section	n 49A	(d). Ins	sert instead—	7
			(d)	that a	a person may have in the future, including because of a genetic sition to the disability, or	8 9
			(e)	a disa not—	ability that it is thought a person may have in the future, whether or	10 11
				(i) (ii)	the person has a genetic disposition to the disability, or there is anything else to indicate the person may have the disability in the future.	12 13 14
[4]	Section	on 49I	3 Wha	t cons	stitutes discrimination on the ground of disability	15
	Omit	section	n 49B(	(3) and	(3A).	16
[5]	Part 4	IA, Div	vision	3 <b>A</b>		17
	Insert	after l	Part 4	A, Div	ision 3—	18
	Divis	sion (	3 <b>A</b>	Disa	ability vilification	19
49	OA	Defin	ition			20
				s part-		21
			publi		ncludes—	22
			(a)	printi	m of communication to the public, including speaking, writing, ng, displaying notices, broadcasting, telecasting, screening and ng of tapes or other recorded material, and	23 24 25
			(b)		uct, not being a form of communication referred to in paragraph bservable by the public, including—	26 27
				(i)	actions and gestures, and	28
				(ii)	the wearing or display of clothing, signs, flags, emblems and insignia, and	29 30
			(c)	the m	istribution or dissemination of matter to the public with knowledge natter promotes or expresses hatred towards, serious contempt for were ridicule of—	31 32 33
				(i)	a person on the ground the person has, or does not have, a disability, or	34 35
				(ii)	a group of persons on the ground the members of the group have, or do not have, a disability.	36 37
49	ОВ	Disab	oility v	vilificat	tion unlawful	38
		(1)			ful for a person, by a public act, to incite hatred towards, serious or or severe ridicule of—	39 40
			(a)	a pers	son on the ground the person has, or does not have, a disability, or	41
			(b)		up of persons on the ground the members of the group have, or do	42

		(2)	Noth	hing in this section renders unlawful—	1
			(a)	a fair report of a public act referred to in subsection (1), or	2
			(b)	a communication or the distribution or dissemination of a matter on an occasion that would be subject to a defence of absolute privilege, whether under the <i>Defamation Act 2005</i> or otherwise, in proceedings for defamation, or	3 4 5 6
			(c)	a public act, done reasonably and in good faith, for academic, artistic, scientific, research or religious discussion or instruction purposes or for other purposes in the public interest, including discussion or debate about and expositions of an act or matter.	7 8 9 10
[6]	Part	5A			11
	Inser	t after l	Part 5	5—	12
	Par	t 5A	reli	ohibition of offensive behaviour because of race, igion, disability, sexual orientation, gender	13 14
			ide	entity or intersex or HIV/AIDS status	15
	53A	Offer gend	nsive er ide	behaviour because of race, religion, disability, sexual orientation, entity or intersex or HIV/AIDS status	16 17
		(1)		unlawful for a person to do a public act that is—	18
			(a)	reasonably likely, in all the circumstances, to offend, insult, humiliate or intimidate another person or a group of persons, and	19 20
			(b)	done because of any one or more of the following grounds—	21
				(i) the race of the other person or one or more of the members of the group,	22 23
				(ii) the other person has, or one or more of the members of the group have, a specific religious belief or affiliation,	24 25
				(iii) the other person has, or one or more of the members of the group have, a disability,	26 27
				(iv) the sexual orientation of the other person or one or more of the members of the group,	28 29
				(v) the gender identity of the other person or one or more of the members of the group,	30 31
				(vi) the other person is, or one or more of the members of the group are, of intersex status,	32 33
				(vii) the other person is, or one or more of the members of the group are, living with HIV or AIDS.	34 35
		(2)		s section does not render unlawful anything said or done reasonably and in d faith—	36 37
			(a)	in the performance, exhibition or distribution of an artistic work, or	38
			(b)	during a statement, publication, discussion or debate made or held for a genuine academic, artistic or scientific purpose or another genuine purpose in the public interest, or	39 40 41
			(c)	in making or publishing—	42
				(i) a fair and accurate report of an event or matter of public interest, or	43 44

		(ii)	a fair comment on an event or matter of public interest if the comment is an expression of a genuine belief held by the person making the comment.	1 2 3			
(3)	this s belies refers	section, fs aboured to in	rmining whether an alleged offender has committed an offence against ction, it is irrelevant whether the alleged offender's assumptions or about an attribute of another person or a member of a group of persons d to in subsection (1)(b)(i)–(vii) were correct or incorrect when the act ged to have occurred.				
(4)	In thi	is sectio	on—	9			
	or oth	her genovention	tity means the gender related identity, appearance or mannerisms der related characteristics of a person, whether by way of medical or not, with or without regard to the person's designated sex at	10 11 12 13			
		<i>sex sta</i> res that	tus means the status of having physical, hormonal or genetic are—	14 15			
	(a)	neithe	er wholly female nor wholly male, or	16			
	(b) a combination of female and male, or						
	(c)	neithe	er female nor male.	18			
	<i>public act</i> includes—						
	(a)	displa	m of communication to the public, including speaking, writing, lying notices, playing of recorded material, broadcasting and nunicating through social media and other electronic methods, and	20 21 22			
	(b)		nct observable by the public, including actions and gestures and the ng or display of clothing, signs, flags, emblems and insignia, and	23 24			
	(c)	the di	stribution or dissemination of matter to the public.	25			
	To av	void do	ubt, an act may be a public act even if it occurs on private land.	26			
	<i>religi</i> or vie		<i>lief or affiliation</i> means holding or not holding a religious belief	27 28			
	sexu	al orien	ntation means a person's sexual orientation towards—	29			
	(a)	person	ns of the same sex, or	30			
	(b)	person	ns of a different sex, or	31			
	(c)	person	ns of the same sex and persons of a different sex.	32			
Section 87	Defini	itions		33			
Insert "49O	B," aft	ter "385	S," in section 87, definition of <i>vilification complaint</i> .	34			

[7]

nedule 2	Amer	ndment of Crimes Act 1900 No 40	1			
Part 3A, Divis	ion 8, he	ading	2			
Insert "disabil						
Section 93Z, h	neading		4			
Insert "disabil	ity," after	· "religion,".	5			
Section 93Z(1	)		6			
•	•	ad "one or more".	7			
Section 93Z(1	)(b1)		8			
Insert after sec	tion 93Z(	1)(b)—	9			
(b1			10 11			
Section 93Z(5	5)		12			
Insert in alphal	betical or	der—	13			
di	isability—	-	14			
(8	a) mear	1S—	15			
	(i)	total or partial loss of a bodily or mental function, or	16			
	(ii)	total or partial loss of a part of the body, or	17			
	(iii)	the presence in the body of organisms that cause disease or illness, or	18 19			
	(iv)	the presence in the body of organisms that are capable of causing disease or illness, or	20 21			
	(v)	the disfigurement of a part of the body, or	22			
	(vi)	a disorder that results in a person learning differently from a person without the disorder, or	23 24			
	(vii)	a disorder, illness or disease that affects a person's thought processes, perception of reality, emotions or judgment or that results in disturbed behaviour, or	25 26 27			
	(viii)	another condition prescribed by regulations, and	28			
(t	o) inclu		29			
	(i)	behaviour that is a symptom or manifestation of the disability, and	30 31			
	(ii)	a disability that a person may have in the future, including because of a genetic disposition to the disability, and	32 33			
	(iii)	a disability that it is thought a person may have in the future, whether or not—	34 35			
		(A) the person has a genetic disposition to the disability, or	36			
		(B) there is anything else to indicate the person may have the disability in the future, and	37 38			
	(iv)	a long-term physical, mental, intellectual or sensory impairment	39			
		that, in interaction with various barriers, may hinder a person's	40			
			41 42			
	(v)	reliance on—	43			
	Part 3A, Divis Insert "disabil Section 93Z, I Insert "disabil Section 93Z(1 Omit "any". In Section 93Z(1 Insert after sec (b) Section 93Z(5 Insert in alphal di (a	Part 3A, Division 8, headings Insert "disability," after Section 93Z, headings Insert "disability," after Section 93Z(1)  Omit "any". Insert instead Section 93Z(1)(b1)  Insert after section 93Z(1)(b1)  Insert after section 93Z(1)(b1)  Insert in alphabetical order disability—  (a) mean (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)  (v) (vi)  (vii)  (viii)  (viii)  (b) inclusion (i)  (ii)  (iii)  (iii)  (iii)	Part 3A, Division 8, heading Insert "disability," after "religion,".  Section 93Z, heading Insert disability," after "religion,".  Section 93Z(1)  Omit "any". Insert instead "one or more".  Section 93Z(1)(b1) Insert after section 93Z(1)(b)—  (b1) that the other person has, or one or more of the members of the group have, a disability.  Section 93Z(5) Insert in alphabetical order—  disability—  (a) means—  (i) total or partial loss of a bodily or mental function, or  (ii) total or partial loss of a part of the body, or  (iii) the presence in the body of organisms that cause disease or illness, or  (v) the disfigurement of a part of the body, or  (vi) a disorder, illness or disease that affects a person's thought processes, perception of reality, emotions or judgment or that results in disturbed behaviour, or  (viii) another condition prescribed by regulations, and  (b) includes—  (i) behaviour that is a symptom or manifestation of the disability, and  (ii) a disability that a person may have in the future, including because of a genetic disposition to the disability, and  (iii) a disability that it is thought a person may have in the future, whether or not—  (A) the person has a genetic disposition to the disability, or  (B) there is anything else to indicate the person may have the disability in the future, and  (iv) a long-term physical, mental, intellectual or sensory impairment that, in interaction with various barriers, may hinder a person's full and effective participation in society on an equal basis with other persons, and			

			(A)	a support person, being a person who provides assistance or services to another person because of a disability the other person has, or	1 2 3
			(B)	a disability aid, being, equipment, including a palliative or therapeutic device, generally recognised to alleviate an effect of a disability or another thing prescribed by regulations, or	4 5 6 7
			(C)	an assistance animal within the meaning of the <i>Disability Discrimination Act 1992</i> of the Commonwealth, section 9.	8 9
[6]	Section 93	3Z(6)			10
	Insert after	section	n 93Z(5)—		11
	(6)		s section, a re e following—	eference to a person who has a disability includes a reference	12 13
		(a)	a person what disability.	no has a genetic disposition to be a parent to a child who has and	14 15
		(b)	a person wh	no is a carer of a person who has a disability.	16