



New South Wales

# Justice Portfolio Legislation (Miscellaneous Amendments) Bill 2016

## Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

## Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to make miscellaneous amendments to the following Acts within, or with provisions relating to matters within, the Justice portfolio:

- (a) the *Bail Act 2013*,
- (b) the *Bail Amendment Act 2015*,
- (c) the *Children (Criminal Proceedings) Act 1987*,
- (d) the *Crimes Act 1900*,
- (e) the *Crimes (Domestic and Personal Violence) Amendment (Review) Act 2016*,
- (f) the *Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999*,
- (g) the *Criminal Procedure Act 1986*,
- (h) the *District Court Act 1973*,
- (i) the *Drug Misuse and Trafficking Act 1985*,
- (j) the *Drug Misuse and Trafficking Amendment (Drug Exhibits) Act 2016*,
- (k) the *Land and Environment Court Act 1979*,
- (l) the *Legal Profession Uniform Law Application Act 2014*,
- (m) the *Local Court Act 2007*,
- (n) the *Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975*,
- (o) the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*,

- (p) the *Supreme Court Act 1970*,
- (q) the *Surveillance Devices Act 2007*.

## Outline of provisions

**Clause 1** sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

**Clause 2** provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on the date of assent to the proposed Act.

## Schedule 1 Amendment of Acts

**Schedule 1.1** amends the *Bail Act 2013*:

- (a) to clarify that a prosecutor may make an application for the grant of bail with the imposition of bail conditions where there has not been a previous bail decision in relation to the offence concerned, and
- (b) to provide that the Local Court or an authorised justice may hear a variation application with the consent of the accused person and the prosecutor.

**Schedule 1.2** amends the *Bail Amendment Act 2015* (which contains uncommenced amendments to the *Bail Act 2013*):

- (a) to provide that the show cause requirement under the *Bail Act 2013* applies to a serious indictable offence committed by an accused person while the person was the subject of an arrest warrant issued under the *Criminal Procedure Act 1986* or the *Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999*, and
- (b) to provide that, in assessing bail concerns, a bail authority is to consider whether the accused person has a history of compliance or non-compliance with supervision orders under the *Crimes (High Risk Offenders) Act 2006*.

**Schedule 1.3** amends the *Children (Criminal Proceedings) Act 1987* to remove a restriction that prevents the Children's Court from hearing and determining certain committal proceedings involving a charge made jointly against a child and an adult where the adult is more than 3 years older than the child. The amendment allows the Children's Court to hear and determine those proceedings if the Court is of the opinion that it is in the interests of justice to do so.

**Schedule 1.4** amends the *Crimes Act 1900*:

- (a) to extend the limitation period with respect to the offence of unauthorised accessing or modifying of restricted data held in a computer from 6 months to 12 months from when the offence was alleged to have been committed, and
- (b) to remove references to repealed provisions.

**Schedule 1.5** amends the *Crimes (Domestic and Personal Violence) Amendment (Review) Act 2016* to enable regulations of a savings or transitional nature to be made in relation to the application of certain new provisions of the *Crimes (Domestic and Personal Violence) Act 2007* to existing apprehended violence orders.

**Schedule 1.6** amends the *Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999*:

- (a) to enable a court to decline to set a non-parole period for a sentence of imprisonment or an aggregate sentence of imprisonment, for an offence or offences set out in the Table to Division 1A of Part 4 of that Act, being the Table of Standard non-parole periods for certain offences (that is, set a fixed term of imprisonment for convictions for these offences), but only if the term of the sentence is at least as long as the term of the non-parole period that the court would have set for the sentence if a non-parole period had been set in accordance with that Division, and
- (b) to provide that a court may set a non-parole period for a sentence of imprisonment that is 6 months or less for a conviction for an offence if it is imposing the sentence as part of an

aggregate sentence of imprisonment in respect of 2 or more offences for a term that exceeds 6 months, and

- (c) to make it clear that the Local Court may impose an aggregate sentence of imprisonment, but only if the aggregate sentence does not exceed 5 years, and
- (d) to restore certain provisions to that Act to make it clear that an intensive correction order may be made in relation to a sentence of imprisonment that is to be served consecutively (or partly concurrently and partly consecutively) with some other sentence of imprisonment the subject of an intensive correction order and that an intensive correction order is not invalidated merely because it specifies a date of commencement other than the date on which the order is made.

**Schedule 1.7** amends the *Criminal Procedure Act 1986*:

- (a) to provide for a means of replacing a presiding judge in criminal proceedings being tried by a jury in the District Court or the Supreme Court if the judge dies, becomes ill or is otherwise unable to continue the proceedings, and
- (b) to clarify that any part of any proceedings in respect of a prescribed sexual offence in which evidence given by a complainant by means of an audio visual or audio recording is heard by the court, is to be held in camera, unless the court otherwise directs, and
- (c) to provide that, in sexual offence proceedings, where a record of the original evidence of the complainant is tendered by the prosecutor by means of an audio visual or audio recording, the recording is to be heard by the court in camera, unless the court otherwise directs, and
- (d) to make it clear that members of the Australian Federal Police and the police forces of other States and Territories are investigating officials for the purposes of Part 6 (Giving of evidence by vulnerable persons) of Chapter 6 of that Act, being provisions that enable the evidence of a vulnerable person of a previous representation to be given wholly or partly in the form of a recording made by an investigating official, and
- (e) to provide that the provisions of the child sexual offence evidence pilot scheme apply to evidence given by prosecution witnesses as well as any child who is a complainant in the proceedings concerned, and
- (f) to provide that the child sexual offence evidence pilot scheme applies to evidence given by children in proceedings that relate to more than one offence so long as at least one of those offences is a prescribed sexual offence for the purposes of the scheme, and
- (g) to extend the child sexual offence evidence pilot scheme to criminal proceedings in relation to a prescribed sexual offence (whenever committed) commenced by a court attendance notice filed or indictment presented before the commencement of the scheme provisions, where the matter was listed for trial before that commencement, but was or is re-listed for trial after that commencement, and
- (h) to clarify the role of children's champions under the child sexual offence evidence pilot scheme, and
- (i) to provide that persons with tertiary qualifications in teaching are suitable to be appointed as children's champions for the purposes of the scheme.

**Schedule 1.8** amends the *District Court Act 1973* to make it clear that an acting District Court judge is to be paid remuneration so long as the person continues to hold office or until the acting judge has completed or otherwise dealt with matters heard, or partly heard, by the acting judge, whichever is the later.

**Schedule 1.9** amends the *Drug Misuse and Trafficking Act 1985* to update certain public service references.

**Schedule 1.10** amends the *Drug Misuse and Trafficking Amendment (Drug Exhibits) Act 2016* to remove certain incorrect amendments relating to public service references.

**Schedule 1.11, 1.13 and 1.14** amend the *Land and Environment Court Act 1979*, the *Local Court Act 2007* and the *Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975* to provide that the remuneration of acting Land and Environment Court Commissioners and acting Magistrates is to be determined in accordance with the *Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975*.

**Schedule 1.12** amends the *Legal Profession Uniform Law Application Act 2014*:

- (a) to provide that a party to a costs assessment may apply for a review of the determination of the assessment within 30 days after the certificate of determination by the costs assessor has been forwarded to the parties in accordance with the regulations or the costs assessment rules (rather than within 30 days after the issue of the certificate of determination), and
- (b) to enable the tabling of certain annual reports in Parliament when the Houses of Parliament are not sitting.

**Schedule 1.13** also amends the *Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975* to enable certain judicial officers to salary sacrifice a living away from home allowance.

**Schedule 1.15** amends the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* with respect to the recovery of unpaid contributions, interest and expenses, specifically to provide that:

- (a) an owners corporation may bring proceedings for the recovery of interest or expenses in the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a court only if that action is taken together with an action to recover the unpaid contributions concerned, and
- (b) action for the recovery of unpaid contributions, interest and expenses may be brought in that Tribunal only if proceedings are already on foot between the owners corporation and the owner of the lot in the strata scheme or other person concerned, and
- (c) only reasonable expenses of owners corporations incurred in recovering such amounts may be recovered.

**Schedule 1.16** amends the *Supreme Court Act 1970*:

- (a) to make it clear that an acting Supreme Court Judge is to be paid remuneration so long as the person continues to hold office or until the acting Judge has completed or otherwise dealt with matters heard, or partly heard, by the acting Judge, whichever is the later, and
- (b) to provide that appeals from a Judicial Registrar of the District Court are to be made to a Division of the Supreme Court rather than the Court of Appeal.

**Schedule 1.17** amends the *Surveillance Devices Act 2007*:

- (a) to provide that law enforcement officers may use optical surveillance devices (that is, video cameras) in the conduct of a search or inspection that is permitted without a warrant under certain specified laws, and
- (b) to provide that law enforcement officers may also use optical surveillance devices in the execution of search warrants issued under a provision specified in Schedule 2 to the *Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002* or Part 3 (Covert search warrants) of the *Terrorism (Police Powers) Act 2002*.



New South Wales

# Justice Portfolio Legislation (Miscellaneous Amendments) Bill 2016

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New South Wales

# Justice Portfolio Legislation (Miscellaneous Amendments) Bill 2016

No. , 2016

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## A Bill for

An Act to amend various Acts relating to courts and crimes and other Justice portfolio matters.

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**The Legislature of New South Wales enacts:**

1

**1 Name of Act**

2

This Act is the *Justice Portfolio Legislation (Miscellaneous Amendments) Act 2016*.

3

**2 Commencement**

4

This Act commences on the date of assent to this Act.

5

<b>Schedule 1</b>	<b>Amendment of Acts</b>	1
<b>1.1</b>	<b>Bail Act 2013 No 26</b>	2
<b>[1]</b>	<b>Section 4 Definitions</b>	3
	Insert in alphabetical order in section 4 (1):	4
	<i>supervision order</i> means an extended supervision order or an interim supervision order under the <i>Crimes (High Risk Offenders) Act 2006</i> .	5 6
<b>[2]</b>	<b>Section 16B Offences to which the show cause requirement applies</b>	7
	Omit the definition of <i>supervision order</i> from section 16B (3).	8
<b>[3]</b>	<b>Section 50 Prosecutor may make detention application</b>	9
	Insert “or for the grant of bail with the imposition of bail conditions” after “refusal or revocation of bail for an offence” in section 50 (1).	10 11
<b>[4]</b>	<b>Section 68 Limited powers when proceedings pending in another court</b>	12
	Insert after section 68 (2):	13
	(2A) Despite subsection (1) (a), the Local Court or an authorised justice may hear a variation application with the consent of the accused person and the prosecutor.	14 15 16
<b>1.2</b>	<b>Bail Amendment Act 2015 No 44</b>	17
<b>[1]</b>	<b>Schedule 1 Amendment of Bail Act 2013 No 26 in response to Hatzistergos and Sentencing Council reports</b>	18 19
	Insert at the end of section 16B (1) (l) (ii) in Schedule 1 [2]:	20
	, or	21
	(iii) the <i>Criminal Procedure Act 1986</i> , or	22
	(iv) the <i>Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999</i> .	23
<b>[2]</b>	<b>Schedule 1</b>	24
	Insert after section 18 (1) (f) (ix) in Schedule 1 [4]:	25
	(x) supervision orders,	26
<b>1.3</b>	<b>Children (Criminal Proceedings) Act 1987 No 55</b>	27
<b>[1]</b>	<b>Section 29 Jurisdiction in respect of 2 or more co-defendants who are not all children</b>	28
	Insert “if the Children’s Court is of the opinion that it is in the interests of justice to do so” after “both of those persons” in section 29 (2).	29 30
<b>[2]</b>	<b>Section 29 (3)</b>	31
	Omit the subsection.	32



<b>1.4 Crimes Act 1900 No 40</b>	1
<b>[1] Section 308H Unauthorised access to or modification of restricted data held in computer (summary offence)</b>	2
Insert after section 308H (3):	3
(4) Proceedings for an offence against this section must be commenced not later than 12 months from when the offence was alleged to have been committed.	4
<b>[2] Schedule 10</b>	7
Omit clause 1 (a)–(d1) and (f) (ii)–(vi).	8
<b>[3] Schedule 10, clause 1 (f) (i)</b>	9
Omit “165, 166, 168, 169, 170, 172, 178A, 178BA, 178BB, 178C, 184A, 185.”	10
<b>1.5 Crimes (Domestic and Personal Violence) Amendment (Review) Act 2016 No 33</b>	11
<b>Schedule 1 Amendment of Crimes (Domestic and Personal Violence) Act 2007 No 80</b>	12
Insert “and the regulations” after “this Part” in clause 11 (3) in Schedule 1 [35].	13
<b>1.6 Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999 No 92</b>	14
<b>[1] Section 45 Court may decline to set non-parole period</b>	15
Omit “(other than an offence or offences set out in the Table to Division 1A of this Part)” from section 45 (1).	16
<b>[2] Section 45 (1A) and (1B)</b>	17
Insert after section 45 (1):	18
(1A) A court may decline to set a non-parole period for a sentence of imprisonment, or an aggregate sentence of imprisonment, for an offence or offences set out in the Table to Division 1A of this Part only if the term of the sentence is at least as long as the term of the non-parole period that the court would have set for the sentence if a non-parole period had been set in accordance with that Division.	19
(1B) Subsection (1A) does not apply in relation to the sentencing of an offender in respect of an offence:	20
(a) which is being dealt with summarily, or	21
(b) if the offender was under the age of 18 years at the time the offence was committed.	22
<b>[3] Section 46 Court not to set non-parole period for sentence of 6 months or less</b>	23
Insert at the end of the section:	24
(2) For the avoidance of doubt, subsection (1) does not apply to a court imposing an aggregate sentence of imprisonment in respect of 2 or more offences for a term exceeding 6 months. This subsection has effect even if the sentence that would have been imposed for any of those offences would have been 6 months or less (as referred to in section 53A (2) (b)).	25

<b>[4] Section 53B</b>	1
Insert after section 53A:	2
<b>53B Limitation on aggregate sentences imposed by Local Court</b>	3
For the avoidance of doubt, the Local Court may impose an aggregate sentence of imprisonment that does not exceed 5 years.	4 5
<b>[5] Section 71 Commencement of ICOs</b>	6
Insert at the end of the section:	7
(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to an intensive correction order made in relation to a sentence of imprisonment that is to be served consecutively (or partly concurrently and partly consecutively) with some other sentence of imprisonment the subject of an intensive correction order.	8 9 10 11
(3) An intensive correction order is not invalidated merely because it specifies a date of commencement of the sentence of imprisonment that does not comply with the requirements of this section.	12 13 14
<b>1.7 Criminal Procedure Act 1986 No 209</b>	15
<b>[1] Section 164A</b>	16
Insert after section 164:	17
<b>164A Judge unable to continue in trial by jury</b>	18
(1) If the presiding judge of criminal proceedings being tried by a jury in the District Court or the Supreme Court dies, becomes ill or is otherwise unable to continue the proceedings (the <i>former presiding judge</i> ), the senior judicial officer of the relevant court may, after hearing submissions from the parties to the proceedings:	19 20 21 22 23
(a) nominate another judge of the court (the <i>new presiding judge</i> ) to take over the conduct of the proceedings, or	24 25
(b) discharge the jury and order a new trial.	26
(2) Before making a decision to nominate a new presiding judge, the senior judicial officer must consider whether it would be in the interests of justice to do so, including (but not limited to) the following matters:	27 28 29
(a) whether the new presiding judge will be available to take over the conduct of the proceedings within a reasonable time,	30 31
(b) whether a transcript, audio or video recording of all of the proceedings is available,	32 33
(c) the time that will be required for the new presiding judge to familiarise himself or herself with any available transcript or audio or video recording of the proceedings, and with any evidence that has been given in the proceedings,	34 35 36 37
(d) the submissions from the parties,	38
(e) the progress of the trial, including whether any key witnesses for the prosecution or the defence have given evidence,	39 40
(f) the history, estimated length and complexity of the trial,	41
(g) the availability of witnesses,	42
(h) whether the decision to nominate a new presiding judge would be unfair to any of the parties to the trial.	43 44

(3)	If the senior judicial officer of the relevant court is unable to make a decision, the senior judicial officer may nominate another judge of the relevant court to make a decision in accordance with this section.	1 2 3
(4)	If a new presiding judge takes over the conduct of the proceedings, an order or ruling made by the former presiding judge is binding on the new presiding judge unless, in the opinion of the new presiding judge, it would not be in the interests of justice for that order or ruling to be binding.	4 5 6 7
	<b>Note.</b> Section 5F (Appeal against interlocutory judgment or order) of the <i>Criminal Appeal Act 1912</i> does not extend to a decision made under this section.	8 9
<b>[2]</b>	<b>Section 291 Proceedings must be held in camera when complainant gives evidence</b>	10
	Insert “, or an audio visual or audio recording of evidence of the complainant is heard by the court,” after “evidence is given by a complainant” in section 291 (1).	11 12
<b>[3]</b>	<b>Section 291 (6)</b>	13
	Omit “or, if the record is an audio visual or audio recording, heard by the court in camera”.	14
<b>[4]</b>	<b>Section 306M Definitions</b>	15
	Insert in alphabetical order in section 306M (1):	16
	<i>police officer</i> means:	17
	(a) a member of the Australian Federal Police, or	18
	(b) a member of the police force of a State or Territory.	19
<b>[5]</b>	<b>Section 306Q Regulations may require interviews with vulnerable persons to be recorded</b>	20 21
	Insert at the end of the section:	22
	(2) In this section, <i>investigating official</i> does not include:	23
	(a) a member of the Australian Federal Police, or	24
	(b) a member of the police force of another State or Territory.	25
<b>[6]</b>	<b>Schedule 2 Savings, transitional and other provisions</b>	26
	Insert “or prosecution witness” after “a complainant” in the definition of <i>witness</i> in clause 82.	27 28
<b>[7]</b>	<b>Schedule 2, clause 83 (1)</b>	29
	Omit “a prescribed sexual offence (whenever committed)”.	30
	Insert “a prescribed sexual offence whenever committed (or, if the proceedings relate to more than one offence, at least one of those offences is a prescribed sexual offence whenever committed)”.	31 32 33
<b>[8]</b>	<b>Schedule 2, clause 83 (1) (b)</b>	34
	Omit the paragraph. Insert instead:	35
	(b) before the commencement of this Part but only if the matter:	36
	(i) was not listed for trial before that commencement, or	37
	(ii) was listed for trial before that commencement, but was or is re-listed for trial after that commencement.	38 39

<b>[9] Schedule 2, clause 83 (3)</b>	1
Insert after clause 83 (2):	2
(3) The amendments to subclause (1) by the <i>Justice Portfolio Legislation (Miscellaneous Amendments) Act 2016</i> are taken to have commenced on the commencement of this Part.	3 4 5
<b>[10] Schedule 2, clause 88 (1)</b>	6
Omit “and explain”.	7
<b>[11] Schedule 2, clause 89 (2)</b>	8
Insert “, Teaching” after “Speech Pathology”.	9
<b>1.8 District Court Act 1973 No 9</b>	10
<b>[1] Section 18 Acting Judges</b>	11
Omit “The remuneration payable to such a person is to be paid to the person so long as he or she continues to hold office.” from section 18 (3B).	12 13
<b>[2] Section 18 (3C)</b>	14
Insert after section 18 (3B):	15
(3C) The remuneration payable to a person appointed under this section is to be paid:	16
(a) so long as the person continues to hold office, or	17 18
(b) until the person has completed or otherwise dealt with matters (as referred to in subsection (3A)),	19 20
whichever is the later.	21
<b>1.9 Drug Misuse and Trafficking Act 1985 No 226</b>	22
<b>[1] Section 43 Certificate evidence</b>	23
Omit “Director-General of the Department of Industry and Investment” from section 43 (5).	24
Insert instead “Secretary of the Department of Industry, Skills and Regional Development”.	25
<b>[2] Section 43 (5)</b>	26
Omit “Director-General” where secondly occurring. Insert instead “Secretary”.	27
<b>1.10 Drug Misuse and Trafficking Amendment (Drug Exhibits) Act 2016 No 6</b>	28 29
<b>Schedule 1 Amendment of Drug Misuse and Trafficking Act 1985 No 226</b>	30
Omit Schedule 1 [7] and [8].	31
<b>1.11 Land and Environment Court Act 1979 No 204</b>	32
<b>[1] Section 13 Acting Commissioners</b>	33
Omit section 13 (4). Insert instead:	34
(4) An acting Commissioner is entitled to be paid:	35

(a)	remuneration in accordance with the <i>Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975</i> , and	1 2
(b)	such travelling and subsistence allowances as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the acting Commissioner.	3 4
<b>[2]</b>	<b>Schedule 3 Savings, transitional and other provisions</b>	5
	Insert at the end of the Schedule, with appropriate clause numbering:	6
	<b>Provision consequent on enactment of Justice Portfolio Legislation (Miscellaneous Amendments) Act 2016</b>	7 8
	Section 13 (4), as in force before its substitution by the <i>Justice Portfolio Legislation (Miscellaneous Amendments) Act 2016</i> , continues to apply until the Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Tribunal makes provision for the remuneration of acting Commissioners under the <i>Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975</i> .	9 10 11 12 13
<b>1.12</b>	<b>Legal Profession Uniform Law Application Act 2014 No 16</b>	14
<b>[1]</b>	<b>Section 70 Certificate as to determination of costs to parties</b>	15
	Insert after section 70 (5):	16
(5A)	The regulations may make provision for or with respect to the forwarding of a certificate issued under this section (or a copy of the certificate):	17 18
(a)	by the costs assessor to the parties to the costs assessment or the Manager, Costs Assessment or both, and	19 20
(b)	by the Manager, Costs Assessment to the parties to the costs assessment.	21 22
<b>[2]</b>	<b>Section 83 Application by party for review</b>	23
	Omit “within 30 days after the issue of a certificate of determination by a costs assessor” from section 83 (1).	24 25
	Insert instead “within 30 days after the certificate of determination by the costs assessor has been forwarded to the parties in accordance with the regulations or the costs assessment rules”.	26 27 28
<b>[3]</b>	<b>Section 84 Application by Manager, Costs Assessment for review</b>	29
	Omit “within 30 days after the issue of a certificate of determination by a costs assessor” from section 84 (1).	30 31
	Insert instead “within 30 days after the certificate of determination by the costs assessor has been forwarded to the parties in accordance with the regulations or the costs assessment rules”.	32 33 34
<b>[4]</b>	<b>Section 93 Costs assessment rules</b>	35
	Omit section 93 (1) (b) (vi). Insert instead:	36
(vi)	the issue of certificates of determinations and the forwarding of such certificates (or copies of such certificates):	37 38
(A)	by the costs assessor to the parties to the costs assessment or the Manager, Costs Assessment or both, and	39 40
(B)	by the Manager, Costs Assessment to the parties to the costs assessment, and	41 42

<b>[5] Section 167</b>	1
Insert after section 166:	2
<b>167 Tabling of certain annual reports in Parliament when it is not sitting</b>	3
(1) This section applies with respect to a report that the Attorney General is required by the following provisions to lay (or cause to be laid) before a House of Parliament:	4
(a) section 26 or 34 of this Act,	5
(b) clause 26 (5) of Schedule 1 or clause 10 (7) of Schedule 2 to the <i>Legal Profession Uniform Law (NSW)</i> .	6
(2) If a House of Parliament is not sitting when the Attorney General seeks to lay the report before it, the Attorney General is to cause a copy of the report to be presented to the Clerk of that House of Parliament.	7
(3) A report presented under subsection (2):	8
(a) is, on presentation and for all purposes, taken to have been laid before the House, and	9
(b) may be printed by authority of the Clerk of the House, and	10
(c) if so printed, is taken to be a document published by or under the authority of the House, and	11
(d) is to be recorded:	12
(i) in the case of the Legislative Council—in the Minutes of the Proceedings of the Legislative Council, and	13
(ii) in the case of the Legislative Assembly—in the Votes and Proceedings of the Legislative Assembly,	14
on the first sitting day of the House after receipt of the copy of the report by the Clerk.	15
(4) In this section, <i>lay</i> includes table.	16
<b>1.13 Local Court Act 2007 No 93</b>	17
<b>[1] Schedule 1 Provisions relating to Magistrates</b>	18
Omit clause 12 (4). Insert instead:	19
(4) A person appointed as an acting Magistrate is entitled to be paid remuneration in accordance with the <i>Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975</i> .	20
<b>[2] Schedule 4 Savings, transitional and other provisions</b>	21
Insert at the end of the Schedule, with appropriate Part and clause numbering:	22
<b>Part Provision consequent on enactment of Justice Portfolio Legislation (Miscellaneous Amendments) Act 2016</b>	23
<b>Remuneration of acting Magistrates</b>	24
Clause 12 (4) of Schedule 1, as in force before its substitution by the <i>Justice Portfolio Legislation (Miscellaneous Amendments) Act 2016</i> , continues to apply until the Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Tribunal makes provision for the remuneration of acting Magistrates under the <i>Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975</i> .	25

<b>1.14 Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975 (1976 No 4)</b>	1
<b>[1] Section 11C</b>	2
Insert after section 11B:	3
<b>11C Salary sacrifice for living away from home expenses for office holders not subject to section 11A</b>	4
(1) This section applies to office holders other than office holders to whom section 11A applies.	5
(2) The employment benefit that an office holder may be provided with under this section is a living away from home allowance to compensate the office holder (and family members) for additional expenses incurred and disadvantages suffered as a result of the office holder being required to live away from the office holder's usual place of residence in order to perform the office holder's functions for a temporary period of time (such as accommodation and food expenses).	6
(3) An office holder to whom this section applies is entitled to be provided with any such employment benefit if:	7
(a) the office holder elects by notice in writing to the Minister to be provided with that employment benefit, and	8
(b) the Minister approves of the provision of that employment benefit, and	9
(c) the salary otherwise payable to the office holder under section 11 is reduced by the cost of that employment benefit (being the cost determined by the Secretary of the Department of Justice).	10
(4) An election referred to in subsection (3) (a) may, with the approval of the Minister, be revoked at any time.	11
(5) This section has effect despite anything to the contrary in this Part.	12
<b>[2] Schedule 1 Public offices</b>	13
Insert after the matter relating to Magistrates under the <i>Local Court Act 2007</i> :	14
Acting Magistrate (under the <i>Local Court Act 2007</i> )	15
<b>[3] Schedule 2 Public offices</b>	16
Insert after the matter relating to Full-time Commissioners under the <i>Land and Environment Court Act 1979</i> in Part 1:	17
Acting Commissioner (under the <i>Land and Environment Court Act 1979</i> )	18
<b>1.15 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 No 50</b>	19
<b>[1] Section 85 Interest, discounts on contributions and payment plans</b>	20
Insert "or a court" after "The Tribunal" in section 85 (8).	21
<b>[2] Section 85 (8)</b>	22
Insert "or the court" after "the Tribunal".	23
<b>[3] Section 86 Recovery of unpaid contributions and interest</b>	24
Omit section 86 (1) and (2). Insert instead:	25
(1) The Tribunal may order the owner of a lot in the strata scheme, or other person, to pay a contribution that is payable by the owner or other person under this	26

Act that is not paid at the end of 1 month after it becomes due and payable, together with any interest payable on that unpaid contribution and the reasonable expenses of the owners corporation incurred in recovering those amounts.	1 2 3 4
(2) The Tribunal may make an order under subsection (1) only:	5
(a) on the application of the owners corporation, and	6
(b) if proceedings between the owners corporation and the owner of a lot in the strata scheme or other person are pending before the Tribunal.	7 8
(2A) An owners corporation may, without obtaining an order under this section, recover as a debt in a court of competent jurisdiction, a contribution not paid at the end of 1 month after it becomes due and payable, together with any interest payable on that unpaid contribution and the reasonable expenses of the owners corporation incurred in recovering those amounts.	9 10 11 12 13
<b>Note.</b> Clause 6 of Schedule 4 to the <i>Civil and Administrative Tribunal Act 2013</i> provides for the transfer of proceedings between the Tribunal and a court which has jurisdiction (and vice versa) if the parties to the proceedings agree or if the Tribunal or court of its own motion or on the application of a party so directs.	14 15 16 17
<b>1.16 Supreme Court Act 1970 No 52</b>	18
<b>[1] Section 37 Acting Judges</b>	19
Omit “The remuneration payable to an acting Judge is to be paid to the acting Judge so long as his or her commission continues in force.” from section 37 (3B).	20 21
<b>[2] Section 37 (3C)</b>	22
Insert after section 37 (3B):	23
(3C) The remuneration payable to an acting Judge is to be paid:	24
(a) so long as the acting Judge’s commission continues in force, or	25
(b) until the acting Judge has completed or otherwise dealt with matters (as referred to in subsection (3A)),	26 27
whichever is the later.	28
<b>[3] Section 48 Assignment to the Court of Appeal</b>	29
Insert “(but not a Judicial Registrar of that Court)” after “Judge of the District Court” in section 48 (1) (a) (iv).	30 31
<b>1.17 Surveillance Devices Act 2007 No 64</b>	32
<b>[1] Section 8 Installation, use and maintenance of optical surveillance devices without consent</b>	33 34
Insert after section 8 (2) (d):	35
(d1) the use of an optical surveillance device by a law enforcement officer in the conduct of a search or inspection (including the use of an optical surveillance device to record any activity in connection with the search or inspection) that is permitted without a warrant under the following:	36 37 38 39
(i) the <i>Child Protection (Offenders Registration) Act 2000</i> ,	40
(ii) the <i>Firearms Act 1996</i> ,	41
(iii) the <i>Restricted Premises Act 1943</i> ,	42
(iv) the <i>Terrorism (Police Powers) Act 2002</i> ,	43



**[2] Section 8 (3), definition of “search warrant”**

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Insert after paragraph (a):

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(a1) a provision specified in Schedule 2 to the *Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002*, or

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(a2) Part 3 (Covert search warrants) of the *Terrorism (Police Powers) Act 2002*, or

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