First print



New South Wales

# **Community Services Sector (Portable Long Service Leave) Bill 2024**

# Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

# Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to establish a scheme for the portability of long service leave for workers in the community services sector.

# Outline of provisions

## Part 1 Preliminary

Part 1 deals with preliminary matters, including by—

- (a) setting out the key concepts used in the proposed Act, including *community service work*, *worker* and *employer*, and
- (b) establishing the Community Services Sector Long Service Leave Committee (the *Committee*), which consists of the Secretary of the Department of Customer Service and representatives of employers and workers in the community services sector.

# Part 2 Registration of employers and workers

Part 2 provides for the registration of employers and workers under the proposed Act. Workers may be employees or contractors. The Long Service Corporation (the *Corporation*), constituted under the *Long Service Corporation Act 2010*, will keep an employers register and a workers register.

# Part 3 Service credits

Part 3 provides for how a worker's service is credited in the workers register under the proposed Act.

# Part 4 Returns and records

Part 4 imposes requirements on employers and contractors in relation to submitting returns to the Corporation and keeping records.

# Part 5 Long service leave levy

Part 5 provides for the levy for long service leave that is payable to the Corporation by employers and contractors.

# Part 6 Long service leave

Part 6 contains provisions about calculating a worker's entitlement to long service leave and payments for long service leave.

# Part 7 Appeals to Committee

Part 7 provides for appeals to be made to the Committee.

# Part 8 Inspectors

Part 8 authorises the Corporation to appoint inspectors and sets out the functions of the inspectors in relation to compliance with the proposed Act.

# Part 9 Relationship to other laws

Part 9 provides for workers who may be eligible for long service benefits under the proposed Act as well as under other legislation in New South Wales or other States or Territories.

# Part 10 Reciprocal arrangements

Part 10 contains provisions about reciprocal arrangements for long service leave between different States and Territories.

# Part 11 Enforcement

Part 11 contains provisions about proceedings for offences and evidentiary matters.

## Part 12 Miscellaneous

Part 12 contains miscellaneous provisions.

# Schedule 1 Community services

Schedule 1 specifies the services that are community services for the proposed Act.

## Schedule 2 Members and procedure of Committee

Schedule 2 contains provisions relating to the members and procedure of the Committee established by the proposed Act.

# Schedule 3 Dictionary

The dictionary in Schedule 3 defines words used in the proposed Act.

# Schedule 4 Amendment of other legislation

Schedule 4 makes consequential amendments to other legislation.

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New South Wales

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This PUBLIC BILL, originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

Legislative Assembly

Clerk of the Legislative Assembly



New South Wales

# **Community Services Sector (Portable Long Service Leave) Bill 2024**

No , 2024

## A Bill for

An Act to establish a scheme for the portability of long service leave for workers in the community services sector; and to make consequential amendments to other legislation.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with/without amendment.

Legislative Council

Clerk of the Parliaments

The I	Legisla	ature of New South Wales enacts—	1
Part	t 1	Preliminary	2
1	Name	e of Act	3
		This Act is the Community Services Sector (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 2024.	2
2	Com	mencement	5
		This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.	e
3	Defin	nitions	-
•	2011	The dictionary in Schedule 3 defines words used in this Act.	ډ
		<b>Note—</b> The <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> contains definitions and other provisions that affect the interpretation and application of this Act.	ې 10
4	Mear	ning of "community service work" and "community service"	11
	(1)	In this Act, <i>community service work</i> means—	12
		(a) work to provide a community service, or	13
		(b) work for an employer, if the predominant purpose of the employer is to provide a community service.	14 15
		<b>Note—</b> Under section 7, the Minister may declare work or an activity to be or not be community service work.	16 17
	(2)	In this Act, <i>community service</i> means a service—	18
		(a) specified in Schedule 1, or	19
		(b) prescribed by the regulations.	20
	(3)	The regulations may amend Schedule 1 by—	21
		(a) inserting a service into the schedule, or	22
		(b) omitting a service from the schedule, or	23
		(c) amending a service specified in the schedule.	24
5	Mear	ning of "worker"	25
	(1)	In this Act, worker means a person who—	26
		(a) is engaged, on a full-time, part-time or casual basis, by an employer to do community service work as an employee, or	27 28
		(b) does community service work for another person for fee or reward on the person's own account, and is not an employee (a <i>contractor</i> ), or	29 30
		(c) is in a class prescribed by the regulations.	31
		<b>Note—</b> Under section 7, the Minister may declare a person to be a worker, employee or contractor.	32 33
	(2)	In this Act, <i>worker</i> does not include the following—	34
		(a) a person doing community service work under—	35
		<ul> <li>a contract of service with a partnership if the person is a partner and participates in the management of the partnership or shares the profits, or</li> </ul>	36 37 38
		(ii) a contract of service with the Commonwealth, the State or a local government authority, or	39 40
		(iii) a contract, whether or not a contract of service, with a corporation of which the person is a director, or	41 42

			(iv)	a contract, whether or not a contract of service, with a trust of which the person is a trustee,	1 2
		(b)	a per	rson who is excluded by the regulations.	3
6	Mear	ning o	f "emp	oloyer"	4
	(1)	In th	is Act,	<i>employer</i> means a person who—	5
		(a)	empl	loys 1 or more persons to do community service work, or	6
		(b)	is in	a class prescribed by the regulations.	7
		Note	— Unde	er section 7, the Minister may declare a person to be an employer.	8
	(2)			s an employer only in relation to a person the employer employs to do service work.	9 10
	(3)			the supplies a person through a labour hire arrangement to do community the staken to be the employer who engages the person.	11 12
	(4)	In th	is Act,	employer does not include the following-	13
		(a)	the C	Commonwealth,	14
		(b)	the S	state,	15
		(c)	a loc	al government authority,	16
		(d)		mpany whose only workers are directors, if each of the directors cipates in the management of the company or shares its profits,	17 18
		(e)	a per	son to whom subsection $(1)(a)$ applies who is excluded by the regulations.	19
7	Minis	sterial	decla	rations about coverage of Act	20
	(1)			er may, by order published on the NSW legislation website, declare the for the purposes of this Act—	21 22
		(a)	work	t or an activity is or is not community service work,	23
		(b)	a per	rson is—	24
			(i)	a worker, or	25
			(ii)	an employee, or	26
			(iii)	an employee of a particular employer, or	27
		(-)	(iv)	a contractor,	28
		(c)	a per (i)	son is— an employer, or	29
			(i) (ii)	an employer of a particular employee, or	30 31
			(iii)	an employer with a predominant purpose of providing a community	32
				service.	33
	(2)			<i>retation Act 1987</i> , sections 40 and 41 apply to an order under this section way as the sections apply to statutory rules.	34 35
8	Com	munit	y Serv	vices Sector Long Service Leave Committee	36
	(1)	The this A		nunity Services Sector Long Service Leave Committee is constituted by	37 38
	(2)	The	Comm	ittee must consist of the following members—	39
	. /	(a)		Secretary or a nominee of the Secretary,	40
		(b)		rsons appointed by the Minister, as follows—	41
			-		

(i) 2 persons nominated by a prescribed peak body representing workers, including workers in the community services sector,

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- (ii) 2 persons nominated by a prescribed body representing workers in the community services sector,
- (iii) 2 persons nominated by a prescribed body representing employers in the community services sector,
- (iv) 2 persons nominated by another prescribed body representing employers in the community services sector.
- (3) The person specified in subsection (2)(a) must be the Chairperson of the Committee.
- (4) Schedule 2 contains provisions relating to the members and procedure of the Committee.

Par	t 2	Registration of employers and workers	1
Divi	sion	1 Registration of employers	2
9	Corp	poration must keep register of employers	3
		The Corporation must keep a register of persons who are registered as employers under this Act.	4 5
10	Regi	istration of employers	6
	(1)	The Corporation may, on application by a person, register the person as an employer.	7
	(2)	A person must apply to the Corporation for registration as an employer within-	8
		(a) for a person who becomes an employer on or after the commencement of this Act—1 month after becoming an employer, or	9 10
		(b) for a person who is an employer immediately before the commencement of this Act—1 month after the commencement, or	11 12
		<ul><li>(c) a longer period specified by the Corporation.</li><li>Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.</li></ul>	13 14
	(3)	The Corporation must determine an application for registration of an employer by—	15
		(a) registering the person as an employer, if the Corporation is satisfied the person is an employer, or	16 17
		(b) refusing to register the person as an employer.	18
11	Infor	rmation in employers register	19
	(1)	The employers register must include the following information for each registered employer—	20 21
		(a) the employer's name,	22
		(b) the employer's trading name, if any,	23
		(c) the employer's ABN, if any,	24
		(d) the address of the employer's principal place of business,	25
		(e) if the employer is a corporation—	26
		<ul><li>(i) the address of the corporation's registered office, and</li><li>(ii) the corporation's ACN,</li></ul>	27 28
		(f) the community services provided by the employer,	29
		(g) the day on which the Corporation received the person's application for registration,	30 31
		(h) if the person is no longer an employer—the day the person ceased being an employer.	32 33
	(2)	The Corporation may include other information in the employers register the Corporation considers necessary for the administration of this Act.	34 35
12	Certi	ificate of registration for employers	36
	(1)	The Corporation must give each registered employer a certificate of registration that includes the information about the employer included in the employers register under section 11.	37 38 39
	(2)	If the details shown on an employer's certificate of registration change, the employer must, within 7 days after the change, give the Corporation written notice of the change.	40 41 42

		Maximum penalty—5 penalty units.	1			
	(3)	An employer's certificate of registration is evidence of the matters stated in the certificate.	2 3			
Divi	sion	2 Registration of workers	4			
13	Corp	poration must keep register of workers	5			
		The Corporation must keep a register of persons who are registered as workers under this Act.	6 7			
14	Regi	istration of workers	8			
	(1)	The Corporation may register a person as a worker—	9			
		(a) on application by the person, or	10			
		(b) on application by the person's employer under subsection (2), or	11			
		(c) on the Corporation's own initiative under subsection (4).	12			
	(2)	If a person does not apply for registration as a worker within 3 months after starting to do community service work for an employer, the employer must apply to the Corporation for registration of the person as a worker within 14 days after the end of the 3-month period.	13 14 15 16			
		Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	17			
	(3)	The Corporation must determine an application for registration of a worker by-	18			
		(a) registering the person as a worker, or	19			
		(b) refusing to register the person as a worker.	20			
	(4)	The Corporation may also register a person as a worker if the Corporation—	21			
		(a) becomes aware of information, other than because of an application under this part, indicating the person is, or was, a worker, and	22 23			
		(b) is satisfied the person should be registered as a worker.	24			
15	Registration of foundation workers					
	(1)	A person who is registered as a worker within 6 months after the commencement of this Act must be registered as a <i>foundation worker</i> .	26 27			
	(2)	The Corporation may, on application or the Corporation's own initiative, also register a person as a foundation worker more than 6 months after the commencement of this Act if the Corporation is satisfied there are exceptional circumstances.	28 29 30 31			
16	Wor	ker's registration day	32			
	(1)	In this Act, worker's registration day means—	33			
		(a) for a worker registered under section 14(1)(a) or (b)—the day on which the Corporation receives the application, or	34 35			
		(b) for a worker registered under section $14(4)$ —the day the Corporation receives the information referred to in section $14(4)(a)$ .	36 37			
	(2)	Despite subsection (1), if the Corporation is satisfied the person was a worker for a period before the worker's registration day, the Corporation may nominate an earlier day as the worker's registration day.	38 39 40			
	(3)	The Corporation must not nominate a day that is—	41			

	(a)	more than 2 financial years before the worker's registration day under subsection (1), unless the Corporation is satisfied there are special circumstances, or	1 2 3
	(b)	before the commencement of this Act.	4
Infor	matio	n in workers register	5
(1)	work	workers register must include the following information for each registered ker, or as much of the following information as the Corporation is reasonably to obtain—	6 7 8
	(a)	the worker's name,	9
	(b)	if the worker is an employee-each employer for whom the employee works,	10
	(c)	if the worker is a contractor-the worker's ABN, if any,	11
	(d)	the number of days of service credited to the worker,	12
	(e)	the total ordinary remuneration paid to the worker for community service work,	13 14
	(f)	the worker's entitlement to long service leave,	15
	(g)	details of the long service leave granted to, or taken by, the worker, or payment instead of long service leave made to the worker, under this Act or the <i>Long Service Leave Act 1955</i> ,	16 17 18
	(h)	the worker's registration day,	19
	(i)	if the worker no longer does community service work—the day on which the worker ceased doing community service work.	20 21
(2)		Corporation may include in the workers register other information the poration considers necessary for the administration of this Act.	22 23
(3)	The Corporation may, in relation to the information required under subsection (1)(e), rely on any information the Corporation thinks fit, including information in a return submitted under Part 4.		
(4)		Corporation must, on request by a registered worker, give the worker mation about the worker included in the register.	27 28
Annu	ual inf	ormation for workers	29
(1)	regis	Corporation must, as soon as practicable after 31 July each year, give each stered worker the following information about the financial year ending on 30 in that year—	30 31 32
	(a)	the number of days of service credited to the worker in the workers register for the financial year,	33 34
	(b)	the number of days of service, from the worker's registration day to the end of the financial year, credited to the worker in the workers register,	35 36
	(c)	the total ordinary remuneration paid to the worker during the financial year by a registered employer,	37 38
	(d)	if the worker is a contractor—the total amount paid by the contractor under section 42 during the financial year.	39 40
(2)	the C	orker may, within 2 years after receiving the information, make an objection to Corporation if the worker believes the worker should have been credited with e days of service in the workers register for the financial year.	41 42 43
(3)	work	Corporation may determine an objection received more than 2 years after the cer receives the information if the Corporation is satisfied there are special imstances.	44 45 46

	(4)	The	Corporation must determine the objection by—	1
		(a)	dismissing the objection, or	2
		(b)	allowing the objection and amending the number of days of service credited to the worker in the workers register for the financial year.	3 4
Divi	Division 3 Cancellation and suspension of registration of workers			
19	Cano	cellatio	on of worker's registration	6
	(1)	The (a)	Corporation may cancel a worker's registration if the Corporation is satisfied— the person is not a worker, and	7 8
		(b)	the person's application for registration as a worker should have been refused.	9
	(2)	credi	Corporation must cancel a worker's registration if the person has not been ited under this Act or a corresponding law with at least 1 day's service for 4 ecutive years.	10 11 12
	(3)		subsection (2), a non-service day prescribed for section 20 must be treated as 1 s service.	13 14
	(4)	The	Corporation must also cancel a worker's registration—	15
		(a)	on the making of a pro rata payment under section 52 to the worker, or	16
		(b)	at the worker's request.	17
	(5)		cancellation of a worker's registration under subsection (1) takes effect—	18
		(a)	42 days after the Corporation notifies the worker of the cancellation, or	19
		(b)	if an appeal under section 68 is made against the cancellation within that period—on the date on which the appeal is withdrawn or the cancellation is confirmed.	20 21 22
	(6)	Ifav	worker's registration is cancelled under subsection (1) or (2)—	23
		(a)	the person ceases being a registered worker on the day the registration is cancelled, and	24 25
		(b)	the person is not entitled to apply for, or to be paid an amount for, long service leave for any days of service credited to the person in the workers register before the day the person ceased being a registered worker.	26 27 28
	(7)		section (6)(b) does not apply if the person would have been entitled to a pro rata nent under section 52, if the person's registration was not cancelled.	29 30
	(8)	The canc	regulations may provide for the refund of long service leave levies on ellation of a worker's registration.	31 32
20	Susp	oensio	on of worker's registration	33
	(1)	The	Corporation may suspend a worker's registration if—	34
		(a)	the worker has been credited with at least 1,825 days of service in the workers register, and	35 36
		(b)	1,460 non-service days have elapsed since the last date for which the worker was credited with service under this Act or a corresponding law.	37 38
	(2)	The	Corporation may restore a suspended worker's registration at any time.	39
	(3)	any o	e Corporation restores a suspended worker's registration under subsection (2), days of service under this Act credited to the worker in the workers register at late of suspension must be restored.	40 41 42

- (4) While a worker's registration is suspended—
  - (a) the worker must not be credited with any service in the workers register during the period of suspension, and

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- (b) the Corporation is not required to give information to the worker under section 18.
- (5) While a worker's registration is suspended, the worker is entitled to apply for and be paid a long service leave payment for any days of service credited to the worker in the workers register at the date of suspension.
- (6) If a worker has died, whether before or after the worker's registration was suspended, the deceased worker's personal representative may apply for and be paid any long service leave payment for any days of service credited to the worker in the workers register.
- (7) Subsections (5) and (6) are subject to section 52.
- (8) An application under subsection (6) may not be made more than 2 years, or a longer period prescribed by the regulations, after the later of—
  - (a) the date of suspension, or
  - (b) the date on which the worker died.
- (9) In this section—

*non-service day* means a day prescribed by the regulations for subsection (1).

## 21 Reinstatement of cancelled worker's registration

- (1) The Corporation may, within 6 years after the cancellation of a worker's registration, reinstate the registration if the Corporation is satisfied there are special circumstances.
- (2) The Corporation may reinstate a worker's registration that was cancelled under section 19(2) if the Corporation is satisfied the worker has been credited with a period of service under a corresponding law within the period of 4 years before the registration was cancelled.
- (3) If a worker's registration is reinstated under this section, this Act applies in relation to the worker as if the registration had not been cancelled.
- (4) This section does not affect another right that a person whose registration has been cancelled may have to again become a registered worker.

## Division 4 Cancellation of registration of employers

## 22 Cancellation of employer's registration

- (1) The Corporation may cancel an employer's registration if the Corporation is satisfied—
  - (a) the person is not an employer, and
  - (b) the person's application for registration as an employer should have been refused.
- (2) If a registered employer ceases engaging any workers to do community service work, the registered employer may apply to the Corporation for cancellation of the employer's registration.
- (3) The Corporation must cancel the employer's registration if the Corporation is satisfied the person has ceased engaging any workers to do community service work.
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	is can	erson ceases being a registered employer on the day the employer's registration celled but must pay any long service leave levy that was due to the Corporation e that day.
Division 5	5	General

## 23 Corporation may require further information about employers

- (1) The Corporation may, by written notice, require an applicant under section 10(2) to give the Corporation information or evidence the Corporation considers necessary to properly consider the application.
- (2) The notice must specify a reasonable time within which the information or evidence must be given to the Corporation.
- (3) An applicant given a notice under subsection (1) must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to give the Corporation the information or evidence within the specified period.

Maximum penalty for subsection (3)—40 penalty units.

#### 24 Corporation may require further information about workers

- (1) The Corporation may, by written notice, require an applicant under section 14(1)(a) or (2) to give the Corporation information or evidence the Corporation considers necessary to properly consider the application.
- (2) The notice must specify a reasonable time within which the information or evidence must be given to the Corporation.
- (3) The Corporation may refuse to grant an application under section 14 if the applicant fails, without reasonable excuse, to give the Corporation the information or evidence within the specified period.

## 25 Corporation may require further information about unregistered employers

- (1) This section applies if the Corporation believes a person is or was an employer, but is or was not a registered employer.
- (2) The Corporation may, by written notice, require the person to give the Corporation information or evidence the Corporation considers necessary to decide whether the person is or was an employer at the relevant time.
- (3) The notice must specify a reasonable time within which the information or evidence must be given to the Corporation.
- (4) The person must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to give the Corporation the information or evidence within the specified period.
   Maximum penalty for subsection (4)—40 penalty units.

## 26 Notice of registration decisions

- (1) The Corporation must, within 14 days after making a decision under this part, give written notice of the decision to the person to whom the decision relates.
- (2) Notice of a decision to register a person as a worker must specify the worker's registration day.
- (3) Notice of a decision to refuse to register or to cancel the registration of a person must include—
  - (a) an explanation of the decision, and
  - (b) the person's rights to appeal under Part 7.

## 27 Inspection of registers

(1) The Corporation must, on request, give a registered employer, or a person acting on behalf of a registered employer, access to, and a certified copy of, an entry in the employers register that relates to the employer.

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(2) The Corporation must, on request, give a registered worker, or a person acting on behalf of a registered worker, access to, and a certified copy of, an entry in the workers register that relates to the worker.

Part 3		Ser	vice credits	1		
28	Mear	aning of "engagement period"				
	(1)	In the period	is Act, <i>engagement period</i> , for a worker who is an employee, means the d—	3 4		
		(a)	starting on the day the person is engaged by an employer as a worker, and	5		
		(b)	ending on the day the person ceases being engaged by an employer as a worker.	6 7		
	(2)		ubsection (1), it is not relevant whether the employer who engages the worker employer who ceases engaging the worker.	8 9		
	(3)	In thi	s Act, <i>engagement period</i> , for a worker who is a contractor, means the period—	10		
		(a)	starting on the day the person starts doing community service work as a contractor, and	11 12		
		(b)	ending on the day the person ceases doing community service work as a contractor.	13 14		
	(4)		s Act, <i>engagement period</i> , for a worker, includes any day on which the worker ot do community service work—	15 16		
		(a)	because of incapacity for work for which the worker is entitled to compensation under the <i>Workers Compensation Act 1987</i> , or	17 18		
		(b)	for a worker who is an employee—because the worker had been dismissed by the worker's employer to ensure the worker did not take long service leave during the worker's employment.	19 20 21		
	(5)	The C whicl	Corporation may, on request of an employer or worker, determine the day on h an engagement period starts or ends.	22 23		
29	Serv	ice cre	edits	24		
	(1)	each	sistered worker must be credited in the workers register with 1 day's service for day, including a day when the worker does not do community service work, in engagement period.	25 26 27		
	(2)		sistered worker must not be credited in the workers register with a day's service beccurs before the worker's registration day.	28 29		
	(3)		sistered worker must not be credited in the workers register with more than 365 of service in a financial year, even if a particular financial year has 366 days.	30 31		
30	Serv	ice cre	edits under corresponding laws	32		
	(1)	This s	section applies if a registered worker is entitled to be credited with both—	33		
		(a)	a number of days of service in the workers register, and	34		
		(b)	a further number of days of service in a similar register or record kept under a corresponding law.	35 36		
	(2)	regist	days of service that must be credited to the registered worker in the workers ter for a financial year must be adjusted to ensure the total number is not more 365 days.	37 38 39		
	(3)	The a	adjustment made under subsection (2) must be made—	40		
		(a)	when an application is made under this Act or a corresponding law for payment of long service leave for the service under this Act or a corresponding law, or	41 42 43		
		(b)	at another time determined by the Corporation.	44		

## 31 Foundation worker service credits

Despite section 29, a worker who is registered as a foundation worker must be credited, on the day the worker is registered, with 365 days of recognised service.

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### 32 Service credits for breaks in engagement periods

The Corporation may, on application by a registered worker, credit the registered worker with 1 day's service in the workers register for each day of any period not exceeding 3 months during which the Corporation is satisfied that, because of circumstances prescribed by the regulations, the registered worker was not eligible to be credited with service under section 29.

## 33 Service credits for insolvent employers

The Corporation may, on application by the registered worker or the administrator,<br/>credit a registered worker who is an employee with 1 day's service in the workers<br/>register for each day during which the employer is insolvent under administration, or<br/>a Chapter 5 body corporate, within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 of the<br/>Commonwealth.11

Par	t 4	Returns and records	1
Division '		Returns to Corporation about workers	2
34	Retu	ns by employers	3
	(1)	Within 14 days after the end of a return period, a person who is or was an employer during the return period must give the Corporation a return for the period.	4 5
		Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.	6
	(2)	The return must specify the following for each worker who was an employee during the return period—	7 8
		(a) the total amount of ordinary remuneration paid by the employer to the worker during the return period for community service work done by the worker,	9 10
		(b) if the worker's engagement with the person started during the return period— the day on which the engagement period for the worker started,	11 12
		(c) if the worker's engagement with the person ended during the return period— the day on which the engagement period for the worker ended,	13 14
		(d) other information prescribed by the regulations.	15
		Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.	16
	(3)	The person must, on the request of the Corporation, verify the information specified in the return in the way requested by the Corporation.	17 18
		Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.	19
	(4)	The person must give notice to the Corporation about a change to information referred to in subsection (2) within 1 month after the change.	20 21
		Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.	22
	(5)	This section does not require a person to record information about a worker who is the person's employee if the worker—	23 24
		(a) is not a registered worker, and	25
		(b) was not recorded as a worker in the person's return for the previous return period, and	26 27
		(c) did community service work for the person for less than 5 days during the current return period.	28 29
35	Exer	ption from giving returns to Corporation	30
	(1)	An employer may apply to the Corporation for an exemption from the requirement to give the Corporation a return under section 34 in relation to a person who is, or was, engaged by the employer as a worker.	31 32 33
	(2)	The Corporation may grant the exemption if the Corporation is satisfied—	34
		(a) the employer no longer engages the person to do community service work, or	35
		(b) the employer complies with, or makes contributions to, a scheme in another State or Territory about long service leave payments for workers that is similar to the scheme established by this Act in relation to the person.	36 37 38
	(3)	The Corporation may, by written notice to the employer, revoke an exemption granted under subsection (2) if the Corporation is satisfied the exemption should no longer be granted.	39 40 41
	(4)	If the Corporation refuses to grant an application for, or revokes, an exemption, the Corporation must give the employer written notice of the decision.	42 43

	(5)	The notice must include—	1
		(a) an explanation of the decision, and	2
		(b) the employer's rights to appeal under Part 7.	3
36	Retu	irns by contractors	4
		A contractor who is, or was, a registered worker during a return period must, within 14 days after the end of the return period, give the Corporation a return specifying the following information—	5 6 7
		(a) the number of days, or part days, during the return period on which the contractor did community service work,	8 9
		(b) the contractor's total ordinary remuneration for the community service work during the return period,	10 11
		(c) other information prescribed by the regulations.	12
		Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	13
Divi	sion	2 Review of ordinary remuneration of workers	14
37	Corp	poration may review ordinary remuneration of workers	15
	(1)	This section applies if the Corporation considers that the total ordinary remuneration for a worker specified in a return given to the Corporation under section 34 or 36 for a return period may be insufficient or excessive because of the nature of the community service work done by the worker in the return period.	16 17 18 19
	(2)	The Corporation must, by written notice to the relevant parties, invite written submissions in relation to the ordinary remuneration for the worker.	20 21
	(3)	After considering written submissions received within 1 month of giving the notice under subsection (2), the Corporation must—	22 23
		(a) decide that the total ordinary remuneration specified in the return for the return period is reasonable, or	24 25
		(b) fix another amount as the total ordinary remuneration of the worker for the return period.	26 27
	(4)	The Corporation must, within 14 days after making a decision under subsection (3), give written notice of the decision to the relevant parties.	28 29
	(5)	If the Corporation decides to fix another amount as the total ordinary remuneration under subsection (3)(b), the notice must specify the following—	30 31
		(a) the total ordinary remuneration fixed by the Corporation for the return period,	32
		(b) a statement of the effect of section 38.	33
	(6)	In this section—	34
		<i>relevant party</i> means—	35
		(a) in relation to a return under section 34—	36
		(i) the person who gave the return, and	37
		(ii) the worker, and	38
		(b) in relation to a return under section 36—the contractor.	39
38	Varia	ation of ordinary remuneration	40
	(1)	This section applies if the Corporation fixes an amount under section $37(3)(b)$ as the total ordinary remuneration of a worker or contractor who is a registered worker for a return period (the <i>varied amount</i> ).	41 42 43

	(2)	(the addit	e varied amount is more than the amount stated in the return for the return period <i>returned amount</i> ), the employer or contractor must pay the Corporation the tional amount payable as the long service leave levy for the worker or contractor ne return period.	1 2 3 4
	(3)	If the	e varied amount is less than the returned amount, the Corporation must—	5
		(a)	if asked by the employer or contractor to refund the overpayment of the long service leave levy—refund the overpayment, or	6 7
		(b)	otherwise—credit the overpayment against future amounts payable as a long service leave levy by the employer or contractor.	8 9
	(4)		mployer or contractor who is required under subsection (2) to pay an additional unt must pay the amount within—	10 11
		(a)	1 month after the day on which the employer or contractor receives notice under section 37 of the Corporation's decision, or	12 13
		(b)	the additional period determined by the Corporation.	14
		Max	imum penalty for subsection (4)—20 penalty units.	15
Divi	ision	3	Records about workers	16
39	Emp	loyers	s must keep records about employees	17
	(1)		mployer must keep a written record of the following for each worker who is an oyee—	18 19
		(a)	the employee's name and date of birth,	20
		(b)	the employee's telephone number and address,	21
		(c)	if the employee is a registered worker-the registration number of the worker,	22
		(d)	the nature of the community service work carried out by the employee,	23
		(e)	the employee's ordinary remuneration for each return period,	24
		(f)	the number of days worked by the employee in each return period,	25
		(g)	the date when the employee started service with the employer,	26
		(h)	long service leave granted to the employee,	27
		(i)	if the employee ceases service with the employer—the date the employee ceases service,	28 29
		(j)	a pro rata payment made under section 52 to the employee.	30
		Max	imum penalty—20 penalty units.	31
	(2)	An e	mployer must keep a copy of the employment contract for each employee.	32
		Max	imum penalty—20 penalty units.	33
	(3)	after	mployer must keep the records about an employee under this section for 7 years the day the employee ceases to be engaged by the employer.	34 35
		Max	imum penalty—20 penalty units.	36
40	Con	tracto	rs must keep records	37
	(1)		ontractor who is registered as a worker must keep a written record of the wing—	38 39
		(a)	the nature of the community service work done by the contractor,	40
		(b)	when and for whom community service work is done,	41
		(c)	the contractor's ordinary remuneration for each return period,	42

(2)

(d) the number of days worked by the contractor in each return period.	1
Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	2
The contractor must keep the written record for 7 years after the day the record is made.	3 4
Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	5

#### Part 5 Long service leave levy

#### 41 Determination of long service leave levy payable by employers and contractors

The amount of the long service leave levy payable by an employer on the ordinary (1)remuneration for each worker engaged by the employer to do community service work is the percentage of the worker's ordinary remuneration determined by the Minister by order published on the NSW legislation website.

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- (2)The amount of the long service leave levy payable by a contractor who is a registered worker is the percentage of the contractor's ordinary remuneration determined by the Minister by order published on the NSW legislation website.
- (3) The Corporation must, from time to time, give the Minister a written recommendation about the long service leave levy that should be payable by employers and contractors who are registered workers.
- (4)Before making an order under this section, the Minister must have regard to a recommendation from the Corporation under subsection (3), but is not required to follow the recommendation.
- (5)The *Interpretation Act 1987*, sections 40 and 41 apply to an order under this section in the same way as the sections apply to statutory rules.

#### 42 Payment of long service leave levy by employers and contractors

(1)A person who is, or was, an employer during a return period must, when the person gives the Corporation a return under section 34, pay to the Corporation the long service leave levy for the return period.

Maximum penalty-20 penalty units.

A person who is, or was, a contractor registered as a worker during a return period (2)must, when the person gives the Corporation a return under section 36, pay to the Corporation the long service leave levy for the return period.

#### 43 Late payment of long service leave levy

- (1)A long service leave levy that is not paid at or before the time the levy is due bears compound interest at the rate prescribed by the regulations.
- (2)Interest forms part of, and may be recovered as, an unpaid long service leave levy.
- (3)If the Corporation is satisfied there are special circumstances, the Corporation may, by direction-
  - (a) extend the time within which payment of all or part of a long service leave levy must be made, or
  - waive or reduce the amount of interest payable under subsection (1). (b)
- (4) Subsection (3) has effect despite section 42.

#### 44 Assessment of unpaid long service leave levy

- (1) If the Corporation reasonably believes a long service leave levy has not been fully paid, the Corporation may make an assessment of the amount owing.
- The Corporation must give a notice of the assessment to the person to whom the (2)assessment relates.
- (3)The notice must include— 41 (a) an explanation of the decision, and 42 (b) the person's rights to appeal under Part 7. 43

## 45 Collection of long service leave levies by authorised agents

(1) The Corporation may enter into an agreement with an agent appointed by the Corporation for the collection of long service leave levies.

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(2) An agreement may provide for the payment of remuneration for the authorised agent from the Community Services Sector Long Service Leave Fund under the *Long Service Corporation Act 2010*, section 13A.

#### Part 6 Long service leave 1 Division 1 Entitlement to long service leave 2 46 Long service leave entitlements 3 A registered worker is entitled to leave in accordance with this part. 4 47 Long service leave formula 5 A registered worker's entitlement to long service leave is calculated according to the 6 following formula-7 $W = 0.8667 \times \frac{RS}{365}$ where-8 **RS** means the registered worker's number of days of recognised service to which the 9 long service leave entitlement relates. 10 W means the number of weeks of long service leave to which the registered worker 11 is entitled. 12 48 Amount of long service leave 13 A registered worker who completes 2,555 days or more of recognised service after (1) 14 the commencement of this Act is entitled to 6.1 weeks of long service leave under 15 this Act. 16 (2)A registered worker who completes a further 365 days of recognised service after last 17 becoming entitled to long service leave under this Act is entitled under this Act to-18 0.8667 weeks of long service leave for the additional 365 days of recognised (a) 19 service, and 20 a further 0.8667 weeks of long service leave for each subsequent 365 days of (b) 21 recognised service. 22 49 Employers must grant long service leave 23 (1)If a registered worker becomes entitled to long service leave under this Act, the 24 employer must grant the worker the long service leave within-25 6 months after the day on which the worker becomes entitled to the long (a) 26 service leave under this Act, or 27 if the Corporation has allowed, on application by the employer or worker, a (b)28 period longer than 6 months-the period allowed by the Corporation, or 29 (c) if the employer and worker agree on a period longer than 6 months and less 30 than 5 years—the agreed period. 31 Maximum penalty—50 penalty units. 32 (2)If an employer and a worker agree on a period under subsection (1)(c), the employer 33 must give written notice to the Corporation of the agreed period within 7 days after 34 the agreement is reached. 35 (3)Long service leave must not be granted for a period of less than 2 weeks. 36

Divi	ision	2 Payments for long service leave	1			
50	Payr	nents for long service leave	2			
	(1)	A registered worker who has accrued long service leave under this Act may apply to the Corporation for payment for the long service leave.	3			
	(2)	The Corporation may require the registered worker to give the Corporation information or evidence the Corporation considers necessary to determine the application.	5 6 7			
	(3)	If the Corporation is satisfied the registered worker is entitled to long service leave under this Act, the Corporation must—	8			
		(a) approve the application, and	10			
		(b) pay to the registered worker the amount payable under section 54 or 55 as soon as practicable after the application is made.	11 12			
51	No d	ouble payments for long service leave	13			
	(1)	A registered worker is not entitled to be paid for a day's service that is credited to the worker in the workers register if payment for the entitlement has already been made under this or another Act or an award.	14 15 16			
	(2)	In this section—	17			
		<i>award</i> means an award, agreement or industrial instrument, under a law of the State or the Commonwealth, providing for payment of workers doing community service work.	18 19 20			
52	Pro rata payments instead of long service leave in limited circumstances					
	(1)	Except as provided by this section, a registered worker must not be paid an amount instead of long service leave.	22 23			
	(2)	A registered worker who has 1,825 days of recognised service may apply to the Corporation for a pro rata payment instead of long service leave.	24 25			
	(3)	The Corporation may grant an application if the Corporation is satisfied—	26			
		(a) the worker has permanently ceased doing community service work, and	27			
		<ul> <li>(b) 10 weeks, or a shorter period prescribed by the regulations, have passed since the day on which the worker permanently ceased doing community service work, and</li> </ul>	28 29 30			
		<ul><li>(c) the worker has not been credited with service in the workers register for any days in the 10-week period or the shorter period prescribed under paragraph (b).</li></ul>	31 32 33			
	(4)	The Corporation may also grant an application in circumstances prescribed by the regulations.	34 35			
	(5)	If the Corporation grants an application, the worker is entitled to a pro rata payment instead of long service leave for the number of weeks of long service leave calculated in accordance with this part.	36 37 38			
	(6)	A deceased worker's personal representative may apply to the Corporation under subsection (2) on behalf of the deceased worker.	39 40			
53	Calc	ulating payments for long service leave entitlements	41			
	(1)	For sections 50 and 52, the amount payable to a registered worker for, or instead of, long service leave is—	42 43			

	(a)	for any part of the entitlement to long service leave accrued as an employee— the amount calculated in accordance with section 54, and	1 2
	(b)	for any part of the entitlement to long service leave accrued as a contractor— the amount calculated in accordance with section 55.	3 4
(2)	For s	ubsection (1)—	5
	(a)	long service leave must be taken in the reverse order in which the leave is accrued, and	6 7
	(b)	if a pro rata payment instead of leave is being made—the payment is made in relation to the leave in the order in which the leave is accrued.	8 9
Long	servi	ce leave payments to employees	10
(1)		ections 50 and 52, the amount payable to an employee for long service leave for ce accrued as a registered worker is the amount calculated using the following ala—	11 12 13
	0.86	$67 \times \frac{D}{365} \times R$	
	wher	-	14
	relate		15 16
		he highest of the weekly averages of the ordinary remuneration received by the bered worker during each of the following periods that applies to the worker—	17 18
	(a)	the most recent 2 quarters of service as a registered worker before the designated day,	19 20
	(b)	the most recent 4 quarters of service as a registered worker before the designated day,	21 22
	(c)	the most recent 20 quarters of service as a registered worker before the designated day,	23 24
	(d)	the most recent 28 quarters of service as a registered worker before the designated day.	25 26
(2)	In thi	s section—	27
	desig	nated day, for long service leave, means the following—	28
	(a)	for a registered worker taking long service leave—the day the leave starts,	29
	(b)	for a registered worker being paid pro rata instead of taking long service leave—the day the Corporation approves the application for payment.	30 31
Long	servi	ce leave payments to contractors	32
(1)	for lo	ections 50 and 52, the amount payable to a contractor who is a registered worker ong service leave for service accrued as a registered worker is the total of the wing for the service—	33 34 35
	(a)	the amount of the long service leave levy paid by the contractor to the Corporation under section 42,	36 37
	(b)	interest at the rate determined by the Corporation under subsection (2), and calculated from the date of receipt of each amount paid under section 42 until the designated day for the long service leave.	38 39 40
(2)	The r	ate of interest must—	41
	(a)	be calculated after the end of each financial year for the previous financial year, and	42 43

		(b) take into account the expenses incurred in administering the Corporation, and	1
		(c) be at least 75% of the rate of interest, expressed as a percentage, earned by the	2
		Corporation on the amount in the Fund and calculated in accordance with the regulations.	3
	(3)	The Corporation may determine an interim rate of interest from time to time before the determination of the rate under subsection (2).	5
	(4)	In this section—	7
		designated day, for long service leave, means the following-	8
		(a) for a registered worker taking long service leave—the day the leave starts,	ę
		(b) for a registered worker being paid pro rata instead of taking long service leave—the day the Corporation approves the application for payment.	10 11
Divi	sion	3 Other	12
56	Deer	ned minimum and maximum rates of pay	13
	(1)	Despite section 54, the regulations may provide for the determination of minimum and maximum amounts for $R$ for the purposes of the formula in that section.	14 15
	(2)	The Minister must consult with the Committee before recommending the making of a regulation under this section.	16 17
	(3)	The Committee must advise and make recommendations to the Minister on the operation of, and an amendment to or repeal of, a regulation made under this section.	18 19
	(4)	If an amount of a long service leave payment to a registered worker under section 54 is, because of the operation of a regulation made under this section, less than the amount it would have been without the regulation, the Corporation must give the worker written notice that includes an explanation of the operation of the regulation.	20 21 22 23
57	Publ	ic holidays not to count as long service leave	24
		A period of long service leave taken by a registered worker is increased by 1 day for each public holiday during the period of leave.	25 26
58	Corp	oration may pay if employer insolvent	27
	(1)	This section applies if—	28
		(a) the employer of a registered worker is or becomes insolvent under administration, or a Chapter 5 body corporate, within the meaning of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth, and	29 30 31
		(b) the worker has an entitlement to long service leave under this Act.	32
	(2)	The Corporation may pay to the worker, or the deceased worker's personal representative, the difference between—	33 34
		(a) the amount of the worker's long service leave entitlement under this Act, and	35
		(b) an amount the worker, or the deceased worker's personal representative, has received from the employer for the worker's long service leave entitlement under this Act.	36 37 38
59	Defe	rral of payment for long service leave entitlement	39
	(1)	A person who applies for a payment for a long service leave entitlement may ask the Corporation to defer payment.	40 41
	(2)	The Corporation may defer the payment for a period agreed between the person and the Corporation.	42 43

## 60 Corporation's liability limited to long service leave

Despite the Corporation having paid, paying, or being liable to pay, an amount for a long service leave entitlement under this Act to a registered worker, the Corporation is not—

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- (a) an employer of the registered worker, or
- (b) a person in a contractual relationship with the registered worker.

#### Part 7 **Appeals to Committee**

#### **Division 1** General

#### Appeals

	Appeals				
	(1)	An appeal under this Act must be made within—	4		
		(a) 21 days after the appellant is notified of the decision appealed against, or	5		
		(b) another period prescribed by the regulations.	6		
	(2)	Subject to the regulations, the Committee may determine—	7		
		(a) the way in which appeals must be made, and	8		
		(b) the procedure for hearing and determining appeals.	9		
	(3)	The Committee may refer a matter that is the subject of an appeal to the Corporation for reconsideration at any time.	10 11		
	(4)	The Committee's determination of an appeal is taken to be the final decision of the Corporation and must be given effect to by the Corporation.			
	(5)	Despite subsection (4), in proceedings in a court, a plea of issue estoppel is not available in relation to an issue decided by the Committee.			
62	Hearing and determination of appeals by 2 or more members				
	(1)	) The Committee may determine that a particular appeal, or an appeal of a particular class, may be heard but not determined, or heard and determined, by a subcommittee consisting of 2 or more members of the Committee appointed by the Committee.			
	(2)	If an appeal is heard but not determined by a subcommittee, the determination of the appeal must be made by the Committee at a meeting at which a quorum is present.			
	(3)	If an appeal is heard and determined by a subcommittee, the determination of the appeal is taken to have been made by the Committee.	22 23		
	(4)	A subcommittee appointed by the Committee for this section must consist of-	24		
		(a) at least 1 member of the Committee appointed under section 8(2)(b)(i) or (ii), and	25 26		
		(b) at least 1 member of the Committee appointed under section 8(2)(b)(iii) or (iv).	27 28		
	(5)	The number of members on the subcommittee appointed under section $8(2)(b)(i)$ or (ii) must be equal to the number of members on the subcommittee appointed under section $8(2)(b)(iii)$ or (iv).			
63	Notice of appeal decisions				
		The Committee must give the appellant written notice of the Committee's decision on an appeal within 14 days after the decision is made.	33 34		
64	Personal representative of deceased person may appeal on person's behalf				
	(1)	A reference in this part to a person who has a right to appeal under this part includes a deceased person's personal representative.			
	(2)	In this section—	38		
		personal representative, of a deceased person, means-	39		
		<ul> <li>(a) for a person who died wholly or partially intestate—a person who appears to the Committee to be entitled to obtain a grant of letters of administration of the estate of the person, and</li> </ul>	40 41 42		

		(b)	for a person who died testate—a person who appears to the Committee to be entitled to receive the relevant payment under the will of the person.	1 2
Divi	sion	2	Rights of appeal	3
65	Арре	eal aga	ainst refusal to register as employer	4
	(1)	decis	pplicant for registration as an employer may appeal to the Committee against a ion of the Corporation to refuse to register the applicant as an employer under on 10.	5 6 7
	(2)	The C	Committee must determine the appeal by—	8
		(a)	if the Committee is satisfied the applicant is an employer—directing the Corporation to register the person as an employer, or	9 10
		(b)	otherwise—confirming the Corporation's decision.	11
66	Арре	eal aga	ainst refusal to register as worker	12
	(1)	again	pplicant for registration of a person as a worker may appeal to the Committee ast a decision of the Corporation to refuse to register the person as a worker r section 14.	13 14 15
	(2)	The C	Committee must determine the appeal by—	16
		(a)	if the Committee is satisfied the person is a worker—directing the Corporation to register the person as a worker, or	17 18
		(b)	otherwise—confirming the Corporation's decision.	19
67	Appeal against cancellation of employer's registration			
	(1)		rson may appeal to the Committee against a decision of the Corporation under on 22 to cancel the person's registration as an employer.	21 22
	(2)	The C	Committee must determine the appeal by—	23
		(a)	confirming the cancellation, or	24
		(b)	quashing the Corporation's decision, if the Committee is satisfied-	25
			(i) for a cancellation under section 22(1)—the person is an employer and the person was registered as an employer in accordance with this Act, or	26 27
			(ii) for a cancellation under section 22(3)—the person has not ceased engaging any workers to do community service work.	28 29
68	Арре	eal aga	ainst cancellation of worker's registration	30
	(1)		rson may appeal to the Committee against a decision of the Corporation under on 19 to cancel the person's registration as a worker.	31 32
	(2)	The C	Committee must determine the appeal by—	33
		(a)	confirming the cancellation, or	34
		(b)	quashing the Corporation's decision, if the Committee is satisfied—	35
			(i) for a cancellation under section 19(1)—the person is a worker and the person was registered as a worker in accordance with this Act, or	36 37
			(ii) for a cancellation under section 19(2)—the registered worker was entitled under this Act to be credited with service in the workers register during the period of 4 years immediately preceding the cancellation.	38 39 40
	(3)		rson cannot appeal the cancellation of a worker's registration by the Corporation r section 19(4).	41 42

69	Арре	eal in relation to objection about service credits	1		
	(1)	A registered worker may appeal to the Committee against a dismissal by the Corporation of an objection made by the registered worker under section 18.	2 3		
	(2)	The Committee must determine the appeal by—	4		
		(a) confirming the Corporation's decision, or	5		
		(b) quashing the Corporation's decision and determining the objection in accordance with this Act.	6 7		
70	Appeal in relation to exemption from giving returns				
	(1)	An employer may appeal to the Committee against a decision of the Corporation to refuse to grant an exemption to the employer, or revoke an exemption granted to the employer, under section 35.			
	(2)	The Committee must determine the appeal by—	12		
		(a) directing the Corporation to grant or reinstate the exemption, or	13		
		(b) confirming the Corporation's decision.	14		
71	Appeal in relation to late payment of long service leave levies				
	(1)	A person who is aggrieved by a decision of the Corporation to give, or refuse to give, a direction under section 43(3) may appeal to the Committee.	16 17		
	(2)	The Committee must determine the appeal by—	18		
		(a) confirming the Corporation's decision, or	19		
		(b) if the Committee considers the Corporation's decision unreasonable having regard to the circumstances notified to the Corporation when the decision was made—giving directions to the Corporation the Committee considers appropriate.	20 21 22 23		
72	Appeal against long service leave levy assessment				
	(1)	A person who is aggrieved by a decision of the Corporation in relation to an assessment under section 44 may appeal to the Committee.	25 26		
	(2)	The Committee must determine the appeal by—	27		
		(a) confirming the Corporation's decision, or	28		
		(b) quashing the Corporation's decision.	29		
73	Арре	eal in relation to deemed minimum and maximum rates of pay	30		
	(1)	A person who has received written notice under section 56 and is dissatisfied with the calculation of the long service leave payment may appeal to the Committee.	31 32		
	(2)	The Committee must determine the appeal by—	33		
		(a) confirming the calculation of the long service leave payment, or	34		
		(b) setting the calculation aside and substituting a new calculation.	35		

Part 8		Inspectors			
Divi	sion	1 Preliminary	2		
74	Defir	ition	3		
		In this part—	4		
		<i>premises</i> includes the whole or part of a building, structure or place, whether built on or not.	5 6		
75	Authorisation of inspectors				
	(1)	The Corporation may authorise a person or class of persons to be an inspector for this Act.	8 9		
	(2)	Subject to the terms of an inspector's authorisation, an inspector has the functions conferred or imposed on an inspector by or under this Act.	10 11		
	(3)	An inspector is subject to the control and direction of the Corporation.	12		
	(4)	The Corporation must issue each inspector with identification.	13		
	(5)	When exercising a function of an inspector under this Act, the inspector must, if requested to do so by a person affected by the exercise of the function, produce to the person the inspector's identification.	14 15 16		
Divi	sion	2 Powers of entry	17		
76	Power to enter premises				
	(1)	An inspector may enter premises at any time for the following purposes-	19		
		(a) determining whether any workers under this Act are engaged at the premises,	20		
		(b) determining whether there has been compliance with, or a contravention of, this Act or the regulations.	21 22		
	(2)	Entry may be effected under this Act by an inspector—	23		
		(a) with the use of reasonable force, and	24		
		(b) with assistance the inspector considers necessary.	25		
	(3)	This part does not empower an inspector to enter a part of premises used only for residential purposes without—	26 27		
		(a) the permission of the occupier, or	28		
		(b) the authority of a search warrant.	29		
77	Search warrants				
	(1)	An inspector may apply to an authorised officer for the issue of a search warrant for premises if the inspector believes on reasonable grounds that—	31 32		
		(a) a provision of this Act or the regulations is being or has been contravened at the premises, or	33 34		
		(b) there is in or on the premises a matter or thing connected with an offence under this Act or the regulations.	35 36		
	(2)	An authorised officer to whom an application is made may, if satisfied there are reasonable grounds, issue a search warrant authorising an inspector named in the warrant to—	37 38 39		
		(a) enter the premises, and	40		

		(b) exercise a function of an inspector under this part.	1
	(3)	The Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002, Part 5, Division 4 applies to a search warrant issued under this section.	2 3
	(4)	In this section—	4
		authorised officer has the same meaning as in the Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002.	5 6
78	Pow	ers to inspect and seize things	7
	(1)	An inspector may, on premises lawfully entered, do anything the inspector considers necessary for the purposes of this part, including the following—	8 9
		(a) carrying out surveillance activities,	10
		(b) examining and inspecting the premises or an article or thing on the premises,	11
		(c) making examinations and inquiries the inspector considers necessary,	12
		(d) requiring records and other documents required to be kept for this Act or the regulations to be produced for inspection,	13 14
		(e) examining and inspecting records or other documents,	15
		(f) copying records or other documents,	16
		(g) seizing a thing if the inspector has reasonable grounds for believing the thing is connected with an offence under this Act or the regulations,	17 18
		(h) doing anything else the inspector is empowered to do under this part.	19
	(2)	The power to seize a thing connected with an offence includes a power to seize—	20
		(a) a thing for or with which the offence has been committed, and	21
		(b) a thing providing evidence of the commission of the offence, and	22
		(c) a thing used for the purposes of committing the offence.	23
	(3)	A person may be required to produce a document under this part only if the document is—	24 25
		(a) in the person's possession, or	26
		(b) within the person's power to obtain lawfully.	27
	(4)	In this section, a reference to an offence includes a reference to an offence that there are reasonable grounds for believing has been committed.	28 29
79	Deal	ing with seized things	30
	(1)	If an inspector seizes a thing on premises under section 78, the inspector must give the person apparently in charge of the premises a written receipt for the seized thing.	31 32
	(2)	An inspector may keep a thing seized under section 78 until the completion of proceedings in which the thing may be evidence.	33 34
	(3)	A record may be kept under subsection (2) only if the person from whom the record was seized is, within a reasonable time after the seizure, given a copy of the record certified by the inspector as a true copy.	35 36 37
	(4)	Subsection (2) ceases to have effect in relation to a thing seized if, on the application of a person affected by the seizure, the court in which proceedings referred to in that subsection are commenced so orders.	38 39 40
80	Assi	stance to be given to inspectors	41
	(1)	An inspector may, by written notice to the owner or occupier of premises, require the owner or occupier to give the reasonable assistance specified in the notice for the	42 43

	purposes of exercising the inspector's functions under this part in relation to the premises.			1 2
	(2) Tł		notice may specify—	3
		(a)	the time within which the assistance must be given, and	4
		(b)	the way in which the assistance must be given.	5
Divi	sion	3	Powers to require information	6
81	Pow	er to r	equire production of employee records	7
	(1)	inspe recor	nspector may, by written notice given to an employer or other person who the ector reasonably believes has possession, custody or control of the employer's rds kept under section 39, require the employer or person to produce specified rds at a specified time and place.	8 9 10 11
	(2)	An i	nspector may—	12
		(a)	inspect a record produced in response to the notice, and	13
		(b)	take copies of or extracts from, or make notes from, a record produced in response to the notice.	14 15
	(3)	comj	mployer does not contravene a provision of this Act if the employer is unable to ply with the provision because an inspector kept possession of a record under section or section 82.	16 17 18
82	Pow	er to t	ake possession of records to be used as evidence	19
	(1)	the 1	nspector to whom a record is produced under section 81 may take possession of record if the inspector considers it necessary for the purpose of obtaining ence or protecting evidence from destruction.	20 21 22
	(2)	by tl	inspector takes possession of a record under this section, the record may be kept he inspector until the completion of proceedings, including proceedings on al, in which the record may be evidence.	23 24 25
	(3)		person from whom the record was taken must, within a reasonable time after the rd is taken, be given a copy of the record certified by an inspector as a true copy.	26 27
	(4)		py of a record given under this section is, as evidence, of equal validity to the rd of which it is certified to be a copy.	28 29
Divi	sion	4	Other	30
83	Offe	nces		31
	(1)	made	erson must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with a requirement e of the person by an inspector under this part.	32 33
		Max	imum penalty—50 penalty units.	34
	(2)	the in	rson must not wilfully obstruct, delay or hinder an inspector in the exercise of nspector's functions under this part.	35 36
			imum penalty—50 penalty units.	37
	(3)	lawf	erson must not refuse to allow an inspector to enter premises the inspector may ully enter under this part.	38 39
		Max	imum penalty—50 penalty units.	40

# 84 Provisions relating to requirements to give records or information or answer questions

(1) A person is not guilty of an offence of failing to comply with a requirement under this part to give records or information or to answer a question unless the person was warned on that occasion that a failure to comply is an offence.

- (2) A person is not excused from a requirement under this part to give records or information or to answer a question on the ground that the record, information or answer might incriminate the person or make the person liable to a penalty.
- (3) However, information or an answer given by a natural person in compliance with a requirement under this part is not admissible in evidence against the person in criminal proceedings, except proceedings for an offence under this part, if—
  - (a) the person objected at the time to doing so on the ground that it might incriminate the person, or
  - (b) the person was not warned on that occasion that the person may object to giving the information or answer on the ground that it might incriminate the person.
- (4) A record given by a person in compliance with a requirement under this part is not inadmissible in evidence against the person in criminal proceedings on the ground that the record might incriminate the person.
- (5) Further information obtained as a result of a record, information or answer given in compliance with a requirement under this part is not inadmissible on the ground that the record, information or answer—
  - (a) had to be given, or
  - (b) might incriminate the person.
- (6) This section extends to a requirement under this part to state a person's name and address.

Part 9		Relationship to other laws				
85	Defir	nition				
		In th	is part—	3		
			<i>vant arrangement</i> means the following—	4		
		(a)	the Long Service Leave Act 1955,	5		
		(b)	a corresponding law,	6		
		(c)	a law prescribed by the regulations,	7		
		(d)	an enterprise agreement that provides for long service leave benefits more favourable than the benefits provided for by this Act.	8 9		
86	Regi	stered	l workers eligible for benefits under other arrangements	10		
	(1)	This	section applies if a registered worker is eligible for both—	11		
		(a)	long service benefits under this Act, and	12		
		(b)	long service benefits accrued after the commencement of this Act under a relevant arrangement.	13 14		
	(2)	A reg	gistered worker must—	15		
		(a)	elect to take long service benefits under this Act or the relevant arrangement, and	16 17		
		(b)	give the Corporation written notice of the election and the engagement period for which the election is made.	18 19		
	(3)	arrar	registered worker elects to take long service benefits under the relevant gement, the Corporation must remove the worker's credits for the engagement of from the workers register.	20 21 22		
	(4)	The	Corporation must keep a record of the removed credits.	23		
87	Reim	nburse	ement of employer	24		
	(1)	This	section applies if—	25		
		(a)	a registered worker elects under section 86 to take long service benefits under a relevant arrangement, and	26 27		
		(b)	an employer pays the registered worker an amount under the relevant arrangement.	28 29		
	(2)	The e	employer may apply to the Corporation for reimbursement of an amount paid by mployer to the registered worker under the relevant arrangement.	30 31		
	(3)	less a empl paid	Corporation must reimburse the amount paid under the relevant arrangement, any long service leave levy or other amount outstanding that is payable by the loyer to the Corporation under this Act, if the Corporation is satisfied the amount by the employer was properly paid by the employer under the relevant agement.	32 33 34 35 36		
	(4)		regulations may prescribe circumstances in which a person or body is taken to a employer for the purposes of this section.	37 38		
88	Reim	nburse	ement for certain payments under Long Service Leave Act 1955	39		
	(1)	This	section applies if a worker who is an employee—	40		
		(a)	has an entitlement to long service leave with an employer that was accrued under the <i>Long Service Leave Act 1955</i> , and	41 42		
		(b)	has not accrued an entitlement with an employer under this Act.	43		

(2) The employer may apply to the Corporation for reimbursement of the amount of long service leave payable to the employee for the part of the entitlement accrued under the *Long Service Leave Act 1955* during an engagement period in which the employee was a registered worker under this Act.

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- (3) The Corporation must pay the employer the amount if the Corporation is satisfied the amount paid by the employer was properly paid by the employer under the *Long Service Leave Act 1955*.
- (4) If the Corporation makes a payment under subsection (3), the Corporation must remove the employee's credits for the engagement period from the workers register.

### Part 10 Reciprocal arrangements

#### 89 Definition

In this part—

*reciprocal authority* means an entity under a corresponding law that administers a scheme of long service benefits established by the corresponding law.

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#### 90 Reciprocal agreements for corresponding laws

(1) The Minister administering this Act may enter into an agreement with a Minister of another State or Territory who administers a corresponding law in relation to payment of long service leave to people doing community service work.

#### (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the agreement may provide for the following—

- (a) payments for, or instead of, long service leave,
- (b) the exchange of information about service credits and entitlements to long service benefits between the Corporation and the reciprocal authority under the corresponding law,
- (c) anything else in relation to long service benefits the Minister administering this Act considers appropriate.

#### 91 Payment by Corporation on reciprocal authority's behalf

- (1) This section applies to a registered worker who has a long service leave entitlement under this Act and a corresponding law.
- (2) The worker may apply to the Corporation for payment of a long service leave entitlement calculated in accordance with the corresponding law.
- (3) The Corporation must pay the worker the amount of the entitlement calculated in the way stated in the corresponding law if the Corporation is authorised by the reciprocal authority to make the payment.

### 92 Payments by reciprocal authority on Corporation's behalf

- (1) This section applies if, under a corresponding law, a reciprocal authority pays to a person an amount that, but for the payment, would have been payable for a long service leave entitlement under this Act.
- (2) If the Corporation is notified about the payment and is satisfied the payment was properly made, the Corporation must reimburse the reciprocal authority the amount calculated using the following formula—

$$0.8667 \times \frac{\mathrm{D}}{365} \times \mathrm{R}$$

where----

**D** means the number of days of recognised service to which the payment relates.33**R** is the amount decided by the reciprocal authority as the weekly amount payable to<br/>the person for the service credited to the person in this State.34

(3) If the Corporation makes a reimbursement under subsection (2), the obligation of the
 36 Corporation to make the payment to the person for the entitlement is discharged.
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## Part 11 Enforcement

### Division 1 Proceedings for offences

#### 93 Nature of proceedings for offences

(1) Proceedings for an offence under this Act or the regulations may be dealt with summarily before the Local Court.

- (2) The provisions of the *Industrial Relations Act 1996* relating to appeals from, and the stating of a case by, the Local Court to the Industrial Relations Commission in Court Session apply to proceedings before the Local Court for offences against this Act or the regulations.
- (3) Proceedings for an offence against this Act or the regulations may be instituted within 6 years after the offence is alleged to have been committed.

#### 94 Penalty notices

- (1) An inspector may issue a penalty notice to a person if it appears to the inspector that the person has committed a penalty notice offence.
- (2) A penalty notice offence is an offence against this Act or the regulations that is prescribed by the regulations as a penalty notice offence.
- (3) The *Fines Act 1996* applies to a penalty notice issued under this section. Note— The *Fines Act 1996* provides that, if a person issued with a penalty notice does not wish to have the matter determined by a court, the person may pay the amount specified in the notice and is not liable to further proceedings for the alleged offence.
- (4) The amount payable under a penalty notice issued under this section is the amount prescribed for the alleged offence by the regulations, not exceeding the maximum amount of penalty that could be imposed for the offence by a court.
- (5) This section does not limit the operation of another provision of, or made under, this or another Act relating to proceedings that may be taken in relation to offences.

#### 95 Offences by corporations

- (1) If a corporation contravenes a provision of this Act or the regulations, each person who is a director of the corporation or who is concerned in the management of the corporation is taken to have contravened the same provision if the person knowingly authorised or permitted the contravention.
- (2) A person may be proceeded against and convicted under a provision as provided by subsection (1) whether or not the corporation has been proceeded against or convicted under the provision.
- (3) This section does not affect the liability imposed on a corporation for an offence committed by the corporation under this Act or the regulations.

#### 96 Recovery of charges by Corporation

A charge, fee, levy or money due to the Corporation under this Act may be recovered by the Corporation as a debt in a court of competent jurisdiction.

#### 97 Orders to make levy payments

If the Local Court convicts a person, or finds the person guilty, of an offence against section 10(2), the Local Court may, in addition to imposing a penalty on the person, order the person to pay the Corporation the amount that would have been payable by the person under section 42(1) if the person had complied with this Act.

Divi	sion	2	Evidentiary matters	1
98	Cert	ificate	as to payment of levies	2
	(1)		ertificate purportedly issued by the Secretary or a prescribed person certifying a er specified in subsection (2) is—	3 4
		(a)	admissible in evidence in any proceedings, and	5
		(b)	evidence of the matters stated in the certificate.	6
	(2)	The	following matters may be certified in a certificate issued under this section-	7
		(a)	a specified amount of long service leave levy was paid to the Corporation or an authorised agent of the Corporation on a specified date,	8 9
		(b)	a specified amount of long service leave levy was not paid to the Corporation during a specified period, or	10 11
		(c)	no amount of long service leave levy was payable to the Corporation.	12
	(3)	In th	is section—	13
			<i>cribed person</i> means a person holding or acting in an office or position cribed by the regulations.	14 15
99	Auth	entica	ation of certain documents by Corporation	16
		requ	ry summons, process, demand, order, notice, statement, direction or document iring authentication by the Corporation may be sufficiently authenticated out the seal of the Corporation if signed by the Secretary.	17 18 19

#### Part 12 Miscellaneous 1 100 Applications and returns to Corporation must be in approved form 2 For this Act, an application or return to the Corporation must be made in the form 3 approved by the Corporation. 4 101 Service of documents 5 A document required or authorised by this Act or the regulations to be given to a (1)6 person may be given by the following methods-7 for an individual—by personal delivery to the person, (a) 8 (b) by post to the address specified by the person for the service of documents of 9 the kind, 10 for an individual who has not specified an address—by post to the residential (c)11 or business address of the person last known to the person giving the 12 document, 13 (d) for a corporation—by post to the registered office or other office of the 14 corporation or by leaving the document at the office with a person who is 15 apparently more than 16 years of age, 16 by email to an email address specified by the person for the service of (e) 17 documents of the kind, 18 (f) by electronic communication to an address or location specified by the person 19 for the service of documents of the kind, 20 (g) by another method authorised by the regulations for the service of documents 21 of the kind. 22 This section does not affect the operation of a provision of a law or of the rules of a (2)23 court authorising a document to be given to or served on a person by another method. 24 102 Exchange of information 25 (1)The Secretary may enter into an arrangement (an *information sharing arrangement*) 26 with a relevant agency for the purposes of sharing or exchanging information held by 27 the Secretary or the relevant agency. 28 The information to which an information sharing arrangement may relate is limited (2)29 to information that assists in the exercise of the functions of-30 the Secretary under this Act or the regulations, or (a) 31 (b) the relevant agency. 32 (3)Under an information sharing arrangement, the Secretary and the relevant agency are 33 authorised to-34 request and receive information held by the other party to the arrangement, and (a) 35 (b) disclose the information to the other party. 36 (4)In this section— 37 *relevant agency* includes the following— 38 an agency of the State, the Commonwealth or another State or Territory, (a) 39 including an agency that exercises functions under legislation in relation to 40 long service schemes or employers or employees in relation to long service 41 leave, 42 (b) a local council, 43

		(c)	a person or body that exercises functions, in the public interest, to protect the interests of long service schemes, employers or employees,	1 2
		(d)	a person or body prescribed by the regulations.	3
103	False	state	ments	4
			son must not make a statement, or record a matter, that the person knows to be or misleading in a material particular in—	5
		(a)	an application, certificate, claim, appeal, return or record made, given or maintained under or for this Act or the regulations, or	7 8
		(b)	information given—	ç
			(i) in purported compliance with a requirement made of the person under this Act or the regulations, or	10 11
			<ul> <li>(ii) for the purposes of obtaining an exemption, concession, benefit or advantage under this Act or the regulations.</li> </ul>	12 13
		Maxi	mum penalty—50 penalty units.	14
104	Discl	osure	of information	15
	(1)	A per	son must not disclose relevant information unless the disclosure is made—	16
		(a)	with the consent of the person from whom the relevant information was obtained, or	17 18
		(b)	in connection with the administration or execution of this Act or a related Act, or	19 20
		(c)	for the purposes of legal proceedings arising out of this Act or a related Act, or a report of the proceedings, or	21 22
		(d)	in accordance with a requirement imposed under the Ombudsman Act 1974, or	23
		(e)	with other lawful excuse.	24
		Maxi	mum penalty—50 penalty units.	25
	(2)		Corporation may disclose relevant information relating to an employer's liance with this Act to—	26 27
		(a)	a NSW Government agency, for the purposes of the exercise of the agency's functions under an Act, and	28 29
		(b)	a Commonwealth Government agency, for the purposes of the exercise of the agency's functions under a Commonwealth Act.	30 31
	(3)	In thi	s section—	32
		the C	ed Act means an Act, other than this Act, that confers or imposes functions on orporation.	33 34
			<i>ant information</i> means information obtained in connection with the nistration or execution of this Act or a related Act.	35 36
105	Prote	ction	from personal liability	37
	(1)		tected person, or an individual acting under the direction of a protected person, personally subject to civil liability for anything done or omitted to be done—	38 39
		(a)	in good faith, and	40
		(b)	for the purposes of exercising functions under this Act or the regulations.	41
	(2)	The l	iability instead attaches to the Crown.	42
	(3)	In thi	s section—	43
		civil l	<i>liability</i> includes an action, claim or demand.	44

		protected person means the following—	1
		(a) a member of staff of the Corporation,	2
		(b) a member of the Committee.	3
106	Regu	ulations	4
	(1)	The Governor may make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, for or with respect to any matter that by this Act is required or permitted to be prescribed or that is necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.	5 6 7 8
	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), regulations may be made in relation to fees payable under this Act and the refund, reduction or waiver of fees.	9 10
	(3)	A regulation may create an offence punishable by a penalty not exceeding 5 penalty units.	11 12
107	Revi	ew of Act	13
	(1)	The Minister must review this Act to determine whether-	14
		(a) the policy objectives of the Act remain valid, and	15
		(b) the terms of the Act remain appropriate for securing the policy objectives.	16
	(2)	The review must be undertaken as soon as possible after a period of 8 years from the commencement of this Act.	17 18
	(3)	A report on the outcome of the review must be tabled in each House of Parliament within 12 months after the end of the period of 8 years.	19 20

## Schedule 1 Community services

section 4(2)	2
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community services	3
Accommodation support services	4
Alcohol and other drug services	5
Child safety and support services	6
Community advocacy services, including education and other services provided by peak bodies	7
Community development services	8
Community care services	9
Community legal services	10
Community mental health support services	11
Community recreation services	12
Community transport services	13
Community welfare services	14
Disability supports and services	15
Employment services	16
Family and domestic violence services	17
Family support services	18
Financial counselling services	19
Foster care services	20
Homelessness support services	21
Lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and intersex services	22
Migrant and multicultural support services	23
Neighbourhood and local community services	24
Out-of-home care services	25
Respite care services	26
Settlement and refugee services	27
Social housing services	28
Social work	29
Women's health support services	30
Youth justice services	31
Youth support services	32

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Scł	nedu	le 2	Members and procedure of Committee	1
			section 8	2
1	1 Definitions			
		In th	is schedule—	4
		appo	inted member means a member other than the Chairperson of the Committee.	5
		mem	<i>ber</i> means a member of the Committee.	6
2	Tern	ns of c	office of appointed members	7
	(1)		ect to this schedule and the regulations, an appointed member holds office for erm, not more than 3 years, specified in the instrument of appointment.	8 9
	(2)	An a	ppointed member is eligible, if otherwise qualified, for re-appointment.	10
3	Part	-time a	appointments	11
		App	pinted members hold office as part-time members.	12
4	Rem	unera	tion and reimbursement	13
	(1)		ppointed member is entitled to be paid the remuneration, including travelling	14
	(-)		subsistence allowances, determined by the Minister.	15
	(2)		dy that nominated an appointed member is entitled to be reimbursed for time the	16
			inted member spends carrying out the member's functions, as determined by the ster	17 18
_	Minister.			
5		-	n office of appointed member	19
	(1)		office of an appointed member becomes vacant if the appointed member—	20
		(a)	dies, or	21
		(b)	completes a term of office and is not re-appointed, or	22
		(c)	resigns the office by written instrument addressed to the Minister, or	23
		(d)	is removed from office by the Minister under subsection (2), or	24
		(e)	is absent from 3 consecutive meetings of the Committee of which reasonable notice has been given to the appointed member, unless the appointed member is—	25 26 27
			(i) on leave granted by the Minister, or	28
			(ii) excused by the Minister for having been absent from the meetings, or	29
		(f)	becomes personally insolvent, or	30
		(g)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	31
		(h)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more, or	32 33
		(i)	is convicted outside New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more.	34 35 36
	(2)	The	Minister may remove an appointed member from office.	37
6	Fillir	ng of v	acancy in office of appointed member	38
		If the	e office of an appointed member becomes vacant, a person must, subject to this and the regulations, be appointed to fill the vacancy.	39 40

#### 7 Acting appointed members

A person must not be appointed by the Minister to act in the office of an appointed member during the illness or absence of the appointed member or a vacancy in office unless the person is nominated by the same body that nominated the appointed member for membership of the Committee.

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**Note—** Under the *Interpretation Act 1987*, section 47, the power to appoint a person to an office includes the power to appoint a person to act in the office in certain circumstances.

#### 8 Disclosure of pecuniary and other interests

- (1) This section applies if—
  - (a) an appointed member has a direct or indirect pecuniary or other interest in a matter being considered or about to be considered at a Committee meeting, and
  - (b) the interest appears to raise a conflict with the proper performance of the appointed member's duties in relation to the consideration of the matter.
- (2) The member must, as soon as possible after the relevant facts have come to the member's knowledge, disclose the nature of the interest at a Committee meeting.
- (3) Particulars of a disclosure made under this section must be recorded by the Committee and made available to a person on request.
- (4) It is sufficient disclosure of the nature of an interest relating to a specified company, body or person if the Committee member has previously disclosed that the Committee member—
  - (a) is a member of, or employed by, the company or body, or
  - (b) is a partner of, or employed by, the person, or
  - (c) has some other specified interest relating to the company, body or person.
- (5) After a member has disclosed the nature of an interest in a matter, the member must not, unless the Minister or Committee otherwise determines—
  - (a) be present during a deliberation of the Committee about the matter, or
  - (b) take part in a decision of the Committee about the matter.
- (6) A member who has a direct or indirect pecuniary or other interest in a matter to which a disclosure relates must not—
  - (a) be present when the Committee is making a determination under subsection (5), or
  - (b) take part in the making of the determination.
- (7) A contravention of this section does not invalidate a decision of the Committee.

#### 9 Effect of certain other Acts

- (1) The provisions of the *Government Sector Employment Act 2013* relating to the employment of Public Service employees do not apply to an appointed member.
- (2) If, by or under an Act, provision is made for either of the following, the provision does not operate to disqualify the person from holding the office and also the office of an appointed member, or from accepting and retaining any remuneration payable to the person under this Act as an appointed member—
  - (a) requiring a person who is the holder of a specified office to devote the whole of the person's time to the duties of that office,
  - (b) prohibiting the person from engaging in employment outside the duties of that office.

The procedure for the calling of Committee meetings and conducting business at Committee meetings must, subject to this Act and the regulations, be determined by the Committee. 1

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#### 11 Quorum

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The quorum for a Committee meeting is a majority of its members for the time being.	
iding member	
The Chairperson of the Committee must preside at a Committee meeting.	
If the Chairperson is absent from a Committee meeting, a person elected by the members present at the meeting must preside at the meeting.	1
The presiding member has a deliberative vote and, if there is an equality of votes, has a second or casting vote.	í
i	<b>ding member</b> The Chairperson of the Committee must preside at a Committee meeting. If the Chairperson is absent from a Committee meeting, a person elected by the members present at the meeting must preside at the meeting. The presiding member has a deliberative vote and, if there is an equality of votes, has

#### 13 Voting

A decision supported by a majority of the votes cast at a Committee meeting at which a quorum is present is the decision of the Committee.

#### 14 Transaction of business outside meetings or by electronic means

- (1) The Committee may, if the Committee thinks fit, transact its business—
  - (a) by the circulation of papers, by email or other electronic means, among all members, or
  - (b) at a meeting at which all or some members participate by telephone or other electronic means, but only if a member who speaks on a matter at the meeting can be heard by the other members.
- (2) If the Committee transacts its business by the circulation of papers under subsection (1)(a), a written resolution approved in writing by a majority of the members is taken to be a decision of the Committee made at a Committee meeting.
- (3) The Chairperson of the Committee and other members have the same voting rights 26 as at an ordinary Committee meeting for—27
  - (a) a meeting held in accordance with subsection (1)(b), or
  - (b) the approval of a resolution under subsection (2).
- (4) A resolution approved under subsection (2) must be recorded in the minutes of the Committee meeting.

#### 15 First meeting

The Minister may call the first meeting of the Committee.

#### Schedule 3 Dictionary 1 section 3 2 appointed member, for Schedule 2—see Schedule 2, section 1. 3 *Committee* means the Community Services Sector Long Service Leave Committee constituted by 4 section 8. 5 *community service*—see section 4(2). 6 *community service work*—see section 4(1). 7 *contractor* means a worker specified in section 5(1)(b). 8 Corporation means the Long Service Corporation constituted under the Long Service 9 Corporation Act 2010. 10 corresponding law means a law of another State or Territory that-11 makes provision in relation to long service leave, and (a) 12 is declared by the regulations to be a corresponding law. (b) 13 *day*, in relation to a worker, means 24 hours or another period prescribed by the regulations. 14 *employee* means a worker specified in section 5(1)(a). 15 employer—see section 6. 16 *employers register* means the register of employers kept by the Corporation under section 9. 17 engagement period—see section 28. 18 *financial year* means a year ending on 30 June. 19 foundation worker—see section 15. 20 *inspector* means a person authorised as an inspector by the Corporation under section 75. 21 long service leave levy means the long service leave levy payable by an employer or contractor 22 under section 42. 23 *member*, for Schedule 2—see Schedule 2, section 1. 24 ordinary remuneration, for a person, means the amount paid or payable to the person for 25 community service work, other than amounts for the following-26 27 (a) overtime, (b) expenses incurred by the person, 28 the use of materials, equipment or a motor vehicle provided by the person. (c) 29 personal representative, of a deceased person, means, other than in section 64-30 for a person who died wholly or partially intestate—a person who appears to the (a) 31 Corporation to be entitled to obtain a grant of letters of administration of the estate of the 32 person, and 33 (b) for a person who died testate—a person who appears to the Corporation to be entitled to 34 receive the relevant payment under the will of the person. 35 premises, for Part 8—see section 74. 36 *reciprocal authority*, for Part 10—see section 89. 37 recognised service, for a registered worker, means the total number of days of service credited to 38 the worker in the workers register. 39 registered employer means an employer who is registered under Part 2, Division 1. 40 registered worker means a worker who is registered under Part 2, Division 2. 41 relevant arrangement, for Part 9-see section 85. 42 return period means-43 a 3-month period, ending at the end of 31 March, 30 June, 30 September or 31 December (a) 44 in a year, during which a worker does community service work, or 45

(b) another period prescribed by the regulations.	1
Secretary means the Secretary of the Department in which this Act is administered.	2
service, for a registered worker, means community service work done by the registered worker.	3
worker—see section 5.	4
Note— A worker is an employee or contractor.	5
workers register means the register of workers kept by the Corporation under section 13.	6
worker's registration day—see section 16.	7

Scl	nedu	le 4	A	Amendment of other legislation	1	
4.1	Ind	ustria	l Rel	ations Act 1996 No 17	2	
	Inser		"Buil	sdiction of Chief and other Industrial Magistrates ding and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986" in Community Services Sector (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 2024	3 4 5 6	
4.2	Law	v Enfo	orcen	nent (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002 No 103	7	
			ohabet	ch warrants under other Acts ical order— munity Services Sector (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 2024, section	8 9 10 11	
4.3	Lon	ıg Sei	vice	Corporation Act 2010 No 123	12	
[1]	Sect	tion 3 I	Definit	tions	13	
	Insei	rt at the	e end c (c)	of section 3(1), definition of <i>Fund</i> , paragraph (b)— , and the Community Services Sector Long Service Leave Fund referred to in section 13A.	14 15 16 17	
[2]	Sect	ion 9 I	uncti	ons generally	18	
	Insert after section 9(1)(b)—					
			(b1)	the Community Services Sector (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 2024, and	20 21	
[3]	Sect	tion 13	Α		22	
	Inser	rt after	section	n 13—	23	
	13A	Com	munit	y Services Sector Long Service Leave Fund	24	
		(1)		Corporation must establish, administer and control a fund called the munity Services Sector Long Service Leave Fund.	25 26	
		(2)	The	following must be paid into the Fund—	27	
			(a)	the long service leave levies paid under the Community Services Sector (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 2024,	28 29	
			(b)	money borrowed by the Corporation for the purposes of the <i>Community</i> Services Sector (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 2024,	30 31	
			(c)	the proceeds of investment of the Fund,	32	
			(d)	other amounts received by the Corporation in the administration of the <i>Community Services Sector (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 2024</i> .	33 34	
		(3)	The	following must be paid from the Fund—	35	
			(a)	the long service leave payments provided for by the Community Services Sector (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 2024,	36 37	

		(b)	the expenses incurred in the administration of this Act and the <i>Community Services Sector (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 2024</i> and the management of the Fund,	1 2 3	
		(c)	other payments authorised by the <i>Community Services Sector (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 2024</i> to be made from the Fund.	4 5	
Secti	on 16	Actua	rial investigation of Funds	6	
			unity Services Sector (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 2024 or" after 16(2)(b).	7 8	
Long	g Ser	vice	Leave Act 1955 No 38	9	
Secti	on 4 L	ong s	ervice leave	10	
Omit section 4(5A) and (5B). Insert instead—					
(	(5A)	An employer must not give long service leave to a person who is a registered worker under one of the following Acts unless the registered worker applies to the employer for the long service leave—			
		(a)	the Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986,	15 16	
		(b)	the Community Services Sector (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 2024,	17 18	
		(c)	the Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave Scheme) Act 2010.	19 20	
(	(5B)	subse	mployer must not pay a registered worker under an Act specified in ection (5A) a payment in relation to long service leave unless the tered worker applies to the employer for the payment.	21 22 23	
Secti	ons 4/	A and	4B	24	
Omit sections 4A-4C. Insert instead—					
4A Notification of payments 26					
	(1)	This	section applies to an employer under the following Acts—	27	
		(a)	the Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986,	28 29	
		(b)	the Community Services Sector (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 2024,	30 31	
		(c)	the Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave Scheme) Act 2010.	32 33	
	(2)	Act t	mployer who intends to make a payment by way of a benefit under this o or in relation to an employee under an Act specified in subsection (1) notify the Long Service Corporation before making the payment.	34 35 36	
4B Benefits under this Act and other portable long service leave scher legislation			nder this Act and other portable long service leave scheme	37 38	
	(1)	This	section applies to an employee who—	39	
		(a)	is registered as a worker under—	40	
			(i) the Community Services Sector (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 2024, or	41 42	

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		(ii) the Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave Scheme) Act 2010, and	1 2			
		(b) has elected under that Act to take long service leave benefits under that Act for a period stated by the employee.	3 4			
	(2)	The employee's election does not prevent the employee from receiving benefits under this Act.	5 6			
	(3)	However, the employee is not entitled to a benefit under this Act for a period for which the employee received a benefit under—	7 8			
		(a) the Community Services Sector (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 2024, or	9 10			
		(b) the Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave Scheme) Act 2010.	11 12			
4.5	Workers	Compensation Act 1987 No 70	13			
	Section 174 Records relating to wages, contracts etc to be kept and supplied					
	Insert ", the Community Services Sector (Portable Long Service Leave) Act 2024" after "Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986" in section 174(9), definition of <b>wages</b> , paragraph (b1).					