

Act No. 149

STANDARD TIME BILL 1987

NEW SOUTH WALES



EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Explanatory Note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament)

The objects of this Bill are—

- (a) to repeal the Standard Time Act 1971 and to re-enact its provisions in a clearer form; and
- (b) to extend the summer time period to the third Sunday in March.

PART 1—PRELIMINARY

Clause 1 specifies the short title of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 defines certain expressions, including “New South Wales standard time” and “New South Wales summer time”, for the purposes of the proposed Act. “Summer time period” is defined so as to end on the third Sunday in March.

PART 2—STANDARD TIME

Clause 3 fixes standard time in New South Wales (except Broken Hill and Lord Howe Island).

Clause 4 fixes standard time in Broken Hill.

Clause 5 fixes standard time in Lord Howe Island.

Clause 6 provides for references to time or periods of time in legal instruments (as defined in clause 2) to be construed according to standard time.

PART 3—DAYLIGHT SAVING

Clause 7 fixes summer time in New South Wales (except Broken Hill and Lord Howe Island).

Clause 8 fixes summer time in Broken Hill.

Clause 9 fixes summer time in Lord Howe Island.

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Clause 10 modifies clause 6, so that references to time or periods of time in legal instruments are to be construed according to summer time.

PART 4—MISCELLANEOUS

Clause 11 (1) preserves the use of standard time in astronomy, meteorology and navigation. Clause 11 (2) has the effect of applying the savings provisions of the Interpretation Act 1987 when an order fixing standard or summer time is made.

Clause 12 repeals the Standard Time Act 1971 but deems orders under that Act in force immediately before the commencement of the proposed Act and fixing standard and summer time in Broken Hill and Lord Howe Island to be orders under the relevant sections of the proposed Act. Clause 12 (6) ensures the continuity of summer time in any current summer time period.
