



New South Wales

Personal Injury Commission Bill 2020

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The objects of this Bill are—

- (a) to establish the Personal Injury Commission and provide for its functions, and
- (b) to repeal, and make other consequential amendments to, certain other legislation.

Summary of operation of this Bill

Background

Currently, certain functions under workers compensation legislation are exercised by the Workers Compensation Commission (the *WCC*) established under the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998*.

The State Insurance Regulatory Authority constituted under the *State Insurance and Care Governance Act 2015* (*SIRA*) provides various dedicated dispute resolution services under motor accidents legislation.

This has resulted in some processes being duplicated, particularly in connection with medical assessments. For example, the President of the WCC is responsible for appointing medical specialists to carry out medical assessments for workers compensation matters while SIRA is responsible for their appointment for motor accident matters.

Principal reforms to be introduced by proposed Act

The following are the principal reforms to be introduced by the proposed Act—

- (a) to establish an independent Personal Injury Commission (**PIC**) that is not a court to replace the WCC, headed by a President who is a judge of a court of record,
- (b) to provide for PIC (and its members and officers) to carry out some of the motor accident dispute resolution functions currently carried out by SIRA,
- (c) to require PIC to deal with proceedings justly, quickly, cost effectively and with as little formality as possible,
- (d) to enable PIC to provide its services in a consolidated and streamlined way (including by using a common registry),
- (e) to create separate Divisions of PIC to deal with its specialist workers compensation and motor accidents jurisdiction, while encouraging the use of common practice and procedure wherever appropriate,
- (f) to create a rule committee for PIC to make rules to regulate its practice and procedure,
- (g) to provide for medical assessors for both workers compensation legislation and motor accidents legislation and for the President of PIC to appoint them, along with merit reviewers for motor accident matters and mediators,
- (h) to provide a mechanism to deal with proceedings that cannot be dealt with by PIC or its officers because they involve federal jurisdiction that can only be exercised by a court.

These reforms are not intended to affect the underlying substantive law concerning the entitlements of injured persons to damages or other compensation or assistance under workers compensation legislation or motor accidents legislation.

Outline of provisions

Part 1 Preliminary

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on the date of assent to the proposed Act, except for the amendments made to other legislation by Schedule 5. Those amendments will commence on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

Clause 3 sets out the objects of the proposed Act.

Clause 4 requires the proposed Act to be interpreted, and discretionary powers conferred by the proposed Act to be exercised, in a way that promotes its objects.

Clause 5 defines certain words and expressions used in the proposed Act. In particular, the following expressions are defined—

enabling legislation is defined to mean—

- (a) the workers compensation legislation, and
- (b) the motor accidents legislation.

motor accidents legislation is defined to mean—

- (a) the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999*, and
- (b) the *Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support) Act 2006*, and
- (c) the *Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017*, and
- (d) any other Act prescribed by the regulations, and
- (e) the instruments under each of those Acts.

Workers Compensation Acts is defined to have the same meaning as in the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998*.

workers compensation legislation is defined to mean—

- (a) workers compensation legislation within the meaning of the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998*, and

- (b) any other Act prescribed by the regulations (including instruments under the prescribed Act).

Part 2 Establishment of Commission

Division 2.1 Establishment

Division 2.1 provides for the establishment of PIC.

PIC will be established on 1 December 2020 or, if required, on a later day fixed by the Governor by proclamation (referred to in the proposed Act as the *establishment day*).

The Division permits the President and other members of PIC (including Division Heads) to be appointed before the establishment day to facilitate the process of establishing PIC. Provision is also made for the Rule Committee of PIC to be constituted before the establishment day to make Commission rules in anticipation of the establishment of PIC.

Division 2.2 Membership

Division 2.2 provides for PIC to consist of the following members—

- (a) the President (who must be a judge of a court of record),
- (b) Deputy Presidents,
- (c) principal members,
- (d) senior members,
- (e) general members.

The Division also provides for the appointment, and the qualifications for the appointment, of members.

Division 2.3 Commission Divisions

Division 2.3 provides that the functions of PIC are to be allocated and exercised in the following Divisions of PIC (referred to in the proposed Act as a *Commission Division*)—

- (a) the Workers Compensation Division,
- (b) the Motor Accidents Division.

The Division recognises that each Commission Division will have a Division Schedule. The Division Schedule for a Commission Division is a Schedule to the proposed Act that provides for the composition and functions of that Division. The provisions of a Division Schedule for a Commission Division prevail to the extent of any inconsistency between those provisions and any other provisions of the proposed Act.

The Division provides for the appointment of a Division Head for each Commission Division and the assignment of members to those Divisions.

Division 2.4 Functions of President and Division Heads

Division 2.4 sets out the functions of the President and the Division Heads of the Commission Divisions.

Division 2.5 Delegations

Division 2.5 enables the President and the Division Heads of the Commission Divisions to delegate their functions to other members of PIC and to registrars and other staff members if authorised by a Division Schedule or the Commission rules.

Division 2.6 Commission rules and procedural directions

Division 2.6 provides for there to be a Rule Committee of PIC to make Commission rules for PIC to govern its practice and procedure. The President is also empowered to issue procedural directions.

Division 2.7 Registrars and other staff

Division 2.7 provides for the employment and functions of registrars (including a principal registrar) and other staff to assist PIC in the exercise of its functions.

Part 3 Functions and constitution of Commission

Division 3.1 Functions

Division 3.1 provides that PIC has the jurisdiction and functions that may be conferred or imposed on it by or under the proposed Act, enabling legislation or any other legislation.

Division 3.2 Determination of federal proceedings

Division 3.2 enables certain persons, with the leave of the District Court, to commence proceedings in the Court for the determination of applications that PIC (or certain decision-makers appointed by the President) cannot determine because they involve the exercise of federal jurisdiction (that is, jurisdiction referred to in section 75 or 76 of the Commonwealth Constitution).

Division 3.3 Constitution

Division 3.3 enables the President, subject to any special provisions in a Division Schedule for a Commission Division, to give directions concerning how PIC is to be constituted to determine proceedings.

Part 4 Medical assessors, merit reviewers and mediators

Division 4.1 Medical assessors and merit reviewers

Division 4.1 enables the President to appoint—

- (a) medical assessors for the purposes of the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998*, and
- (b) medical assessors for the purposes of the *Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017* or *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999* (or both), and
- (c) merit reviewers for the purposes of the *Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017*.

The Division also provides for the functions and training of medical assessors and merit reviewers.

Division 4.2 Mediators

Division 4.2 enables the President to appoint—

- (a) mediators for the purposes of the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998* to mediate on claims for work injury damages within the meaning of that Act as and when required to do so by the Division Head of the Workers Compensation Division, or
- (b) mediators for any other purposes prescribed by the regulations.

The Division also provides for the functions of mediators.

Part 5 Practice and procedure

Division 5.1 Introduction

Division 5.1 provides that each of the provisions of Part 5 (including as applied by the Commission rules) is subject to enabling legislation and the Commission rules.

Proposed section 5(3) provides that provisions of the proposed Act or enabling legislation that are expressed to be subject to the Commission rules have effect subject to any exceptions, limitations or other restrictions specified by the Commission rules.

The Division allows the Commission rules to apply provisions of Part 5 (whether with or without modification) to proceedings before medical assessors and merit reviewers and before panels hearing appeals against, or reviews of, their decisions.

The Division also provides for the following—

- (a) the guiding principle for the proposed Act and the Commission rules, in their application to proceedings in PIC, is to facilitate the just, quick and cost-effective resolution of the real issues in the proceedings,
- (b) PIC is to seek to give effect to the guiding principle when exercising its powers under the proposed Act or Commission rules or when interpreting their provisions,
- (c) proceedings in any matter before PIC are to be conducted with as little formality and technicality as the proper consideration of the matter permits, including providing for PIC not to be bound by the rules of evidence.

Division 5.2 Commencement of proceedings

Division 5.2 provides for—

- (a) what constitutes an application to PIC, and
- (b) applications to be made in the time and manner prescribed by enabling legislation or the Commission rules, and
- (c) PIC to be able to order service of documents outside New South Wales.

Division 5.3 Participation in proceedings

Division 5.3—

- (a) enables SIRA to intervene in proceedings before PIC, and
- (b) provides for entitlements to representation before PIC, and
- (c) confers power on PIC to require certain documents and other information to be provided in connection with proceedings, and
- (d) confers power on PIC to provide certain documents and other information to parties and certain other interested persons, and
- (e) enables the Division Head of a Commission Division to issue summonses requiring the attendance of certain persons at conferences or hearings before PIC in connection with proceedings before PIC.

Division 5.4 Conduct of proceedings

Division 5.4—

- (a) provides that proceedings need not be conducted by formal hearing and may be conducted by way of a conference between the parties, including a conference at which the parties (or some of them) participate by telephone, closed-circuit television or other means, and
- (b) enables the President to reconstitute PIC if members dealing with a matter become unavailable after the consideration of the matter by PIC has commenced, and

- (c) enables PIC to dismiss proceedings without proceeding to the merits in certain circumstances.

Division 5.5 Determination of issues and proceedings

Division 5.5—

- (a) provides that if PIC is constituted by more than one member in proceedings, the opinion of the majority is taken to be the decision of PIC if the members are divided in opinion, and
- (b) provides that, except as otherwise provided by the proposed Act or enabling legislation, a decision of PIC under the Workers Compensation Acts is final and binding on the parties and is not subject to appeal or review, and
- (c) enables PIC to reconsider any matter that has been dealt with by it in the Workers Compensation Division and rescind, alter or amend any decision previously made or given by PIC in that Division, and
- (d) requires PIC to publish certain decisions in accordance with the Commission rules.

Part 6 Enforcement

Part 6 provides for—

- (a) the recovery of amounts PIC has ordered to be paid, and
- (b) proceedings for offences under the proposed Act to be dealt with summarily before the Local Court.

Part 7 Miscellaneous

Part 7—

- (a) provides that the proposed Act binds the Crown in all its capacities, and
- (b) provides that no proof is required (unless evidence to the contrary is given) concerning the constitution of PIC, its decisions and the appointment or qualifications of, or the holding of office by, members of PIC and certain other persons, and
- (c) confers certain protections from liability on persons representing parties in proceedings in PIC, witnesses before PIC and particular officers of PIC, and
- (d) enables the Governor to make regulations for the purposes of the proposed Act, and
- (e) requires the President to provide an annual review of the operations of PIC, and
- (f) repeals the *Workers Compensation Commission Rules 2011* on the establishment day, and
- (g) requires the Minister to conduct a review of the proposed Act after the period of 3 years commencing on the establishment day.

Schedule 1 Savings, transitional and other provisions

Schedule 1 contains savings, transitional and other provisions consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act, including—

- (a) provisions for the abolition of the Workers Compensation Commission and certain existing motor accident services provided by SIRA on the establishment day, and
- (b) the transfer of existing members of the Workers Compensation Commission and certain other existing officers of the Commission and SIRA, and
- (c) provisions conferring power of the Governor to make regulations of a savings or transitional nature (including in respect of current or pending proceedings).

Schedule 2 Provisions relating to members of Commission

Schedule 2 contains additional provisions relating to members, including provisions concerning remuneration and the vacation of office.

Schedule 3 Workers Compensation Division

Schedule 3 is the Division Schedule for the Workers Compensation Division of PIC. It includes provisions for the allocation of functions to the Division and the constitution of PIC when exercising functions allocated to the Division.

Schedule 4 Motor Accidents Division

Schedule 4 is the Division Schedule for the Motor Accidents Division of PIC. It includes provisions for the allocation of functions to the Division and the constitution of PIC when exercising functions allocated to the Division.

Schedule 5 Amendment of other legislation

Schedule 5 makes consequential amendments to certain legislation, including the motor accidents legislation and workers compensation legislation.



New South Wales

Personal Injury Commission Bill 2020

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New South Wales

Personal Injury Commission Bill 2020

No. , 2020

A Bill for

An Act to establish the Personal Injury Commission and provide for its functions; and to make consequential amendments to other legislation.

The Legislature of New South Wales enacts—	1
Part 1 Preliminary	2
1 Name of Act	3
This Act is the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> .	4
2 Commencement	5
(1) This Act commences on the date of assent to this Act, except as provided by this section.	6 7
(2) Schedule 5 commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.	8
3 Objects of Act	9
The objects of this Act are as follows—	10
(a) to establish an independent Personal Injury Commission of New South Wales to deal with certain matters under the workers compensation legislation and motor accidents legislation and provide a central registry for that purpose,	11 12 13
(b) to ensure the Commission—	14
(i) is accessible, professional and responsive to the needs of all of its users, and	15 16
(ii) is open and transparent about its processes, and	17
(iii) encourages early dispute resolution,	18
(c) to enable the Commission to resolve the real issues in proceedings justly, quickly, cost effectively and with as little formality as possible,	19 20
(d) to ensure that the decisions of the Commission are timely, fair, consistent and of a high quality,	21 22
(e) to promote public confidence in the decision-making of the Commission and in the conduct of its members,	23 24
(f) to ensure that the Commission—	25
(i) publicises and disseminates information concerning its processes, and	26
(ii) establishes effective liaison and communication with interested parties concerning its processes and the role of the Commission,	27 28
(g) to make appropriate use of the knowledge and experience of members and other decision-makers.	29 30
4 Interpretation and application of Act by reference to objects	31
(1) In the interpretation of a provision of this Act, the Commission rules or the regulations, a construction that would promote the objects of this Act or the provision is to be preferred to a construction that would not promote those objects.	32 33 34
(2) In the exercise of a discretion conferred by a provision of this Act, the Commission rules or the regulations, the person exercising the discretion must do so in the way that would best promote the objects of this Act or the provision concerned.	35 36 37
5 Definitions	38
(1) In this Act—	39
<i>Authority</i> means the State Insurance Regulatory Authority constituted under the <i>State Insurance and Care Governance Act 2015</i> .	40 41

Commission means the Personal Injury Commission of New South Wales established by this Act.	1
Commission Division means—	2
(a) the Workers Compensation Division, or	3
(b) the Motor Accidents Division.	4
Commission rules —see section 20.	5
Deputy President means a Deputy President of the Commission.	6
Division Head of a Commission Division means the member who is appointed by or under this Act as the Division Head of that Division.	7
Division member , in relation to a Commission Division, means a member who is assigned by or under this Act to that Division.	8
Division Schedule for a Commission Division—see section 13.	9
enabling legislation means—	10
(a) the workers compensation legislation, and	11
(b) the motor accidents legislation.	12
establishment day —see section 6.	13
general member means a general member of the Commission.	14
judicial officer has the same meaning as in the <i>Judicial Officers Act 1986</i> .	15
legislation means an Act or statutory rule.	16
mediator means a mediator appointed by the President under this Act.	17
medical assessor means a medical assessor appointed by the President under this Act.	18
member means a member of the Commission.	19
merit reviewer means a merit reviewer appointed by the President under this Act.	20
modification includes variation, addition, exception, omission or substitution.	21
Motor Accidents Division means the Motor Accidents Division of the Commission.	22
motor accidents legislation means—	23
(a) the <i>Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999</i> , and	24
(b) the <i>Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support) Act 2006</i> , and	25
(c) the <i>Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017</i> , and	26
(d) any other Act prescribed by the regulations, and	27
(e) the instruments under each of those Acts.	28
non-presidential member —see section 8.	29
President means the President of the Commission.	30
presidential member —see section 8.	31
principal member means a principal member of the Commission.	32
principal registrar means the person employed in the Public Service as the principal registrar of the Commission.	33
procedural directions —see section 21.	34
Public Service employee has the same meaning as in the <i>Government Sector Employment Act 2013</i> .	35
registrar means the principal registrar or any other person employed in the Public Service as a registrar of the Commission.	36
relevant Commission officer means each of the following—	37
(a) the principal registrar or any other registrar,	38

(b) a medical assessor,	1
(c) a merit reviewer,	2
(d) a mediator,	3
(e) any other kind of person prescribed by the regulations who exercises functions in connection with the Commission.	4 5
Rule Committee means the Rule Committee of the Commission.	6
senior member means a senior member of the Commission.	7
work injury damages has the same meaning as in Chapter 7 (New claims procedures) of the <i>Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998</i> .	8 9
Workers Compensation Acts has the same meaning as in the <i>Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998</i> .	10 11
Workers Compensation Division means the Workers Compensation Division of the Commission.	12 13
workers compensation legislation means—	14
(a) workers compensation legislation within the meaning of the <i>Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998</i> , and	15 16
(b) any other Act prescribed by the regulations (including instruments under the prescribed Act).	17 18
Note. The <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> contains definitions and other provisions that affect the interpretation and application of this Act.	19 20
(2) A reference in this Act (however expressed) to the exercise by the Commission of its functions in relation to enabling legislation includes a reference both to its functions under the enabling legislation and its functions under this Act or any other legislation in relation to the enabling legislation.	21 22 23 24
(3) Any provisions of this Act or enabling legislation that are expressed to be subject to the Commission rules have effect subject to any exceptions, limitations or other restrictions specified by the Commission rules.	25 26 27
(4) Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act.	28

Part 2	Establishment of Commission	1
Division 2.1	Establishment	2
6	Establishment of Personal Injury Commission	3
(1)	The Personal Injury Commission of New South Wales is established by this Act on the establishment day.	4
	Note. Part 3 provides for the functions and constitution of the Commission.	5
		6
(2)	The Commission is to have a seal and the seal is to be judicially noticed.	7
	Note. Section 20 enables the Commission rules to make provision for or with respect to the form, use and effect of the seal of the Commission.	8
		9
(3)	The <i>establishment day</i> is—	10
(a)	1 December 2020, or	11
(b)	any later day fixed as the establishment day by a proclamation made under this section.	12
		13
(4)	The Governor may, by proclamation published on the NSW legislation website, fix a day later than 1 December 2020 as the establishment day for the purposes of this section.	14
		15
		16
(5)	The Governor may, by further proclamation published on the NSW legislation website, revoke a previous proclamation fixing a day as the establishment day and fix a different day later than 1 December 2020 as the establishment day.	17
		18
		19
(6)	A proclamation under this section has effect only if published before the establishment day applying for the time being.	20
		21
7	Appointments and other matters to facilitate establishment of Commission	22
(1)	A person may be appointed to any office or other position under this Act before the establishment day.	23
		24
(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the following appointments may be made before the establishment day—	25
		26
(a)	appointment as the President or as any other kind of member,	27
(b)	appointment as a Division Head of a Commission Division that will be created on the establishment of the Commission,	28
		29
(c)	appointment as a member of the Rule Committee,	30
(d)	appointment as a registrar (including as the principal registrar) or other member of staff of the Commission.	31
		32
(3)	A member appointed before the establishment day may also be assigned by or under this Act to a Commission Division to be created on the establishment of the Commission.	33
		34
		35
(4)	Without limiting subsections (1) and (2), the Rule Committee may be constituted before the establishment day and may before that day—	36
		37
(a)	meet and transact business as if the Commission (and its Divisions) had been established, and	38
		39
(b)	without limiting paragraph (a), make Commission rules that will come into force on or after the establishment day.	40
		41
(5)	Any appointment or assignment made before the establishment day has effect on and from the day specified in the instrument of appointment or assignment as the date of	42
		43

appointment or assignment as if the Commission (including its Divisions) had been established.	1 2
(6) Despite Division 3 of Part 2 of Schedule 1, a person holding an office to which a provision of that Division applies who is appointed as a member of the Commission before the establishment day is not entitled to be paid remuneration as a member of the Commission while the person continues to receive remuneration for the office.	3 4 5 6
Division 2.2 Membership	7
8 Membership of Commission	8
(1) The Commission is to consist of the following members—	9
(a) the President,	10
(b) Deputy Presidents,	11
(c) principal members,	12
(d) senior members,	13
(e) general members.	14
(2) The President and the Deputy Presidents are referred to in this Act as <i>presidential members</i> .	15 16
(3) The principal members, senior members and general members are referred to in this Act as <i>non-presidential members</i> .	17 18
(4) Schedule 2 sets out additional provisions with respect to members (including their maximum terms of office).	19 20
9 Appointment of members	21
(1) A person may be appointed as a member if the person is qualified to be appointed as a member of the kind concerned.	22 23
Note. Section 10 makes general provision with respect to qualifications for appointment.	24
(2) A member is to be appointed by the Minister by written instrument.	25
(3) The instrument of appointment of a member is to specify—	26
(a) whether the member has been appointed as the President or a Deputy President, principal member, senior member or general member, and	27 28
(b) the term for which the member has been appointed, and	29
(c) any entitlements of the member to annual and other leave, and	30
(d) whether the member is appointed on a full-time basis or on some other basis.	31
10 Qualifications of members	32
(1) President	33
A person is qualified to hold office as the President only if the person is a judge of a court of record.	34 35
(2) Deputy Presidents	36
A person is qualified to be appointed as a Deputy President only if the person—	37
(a) is or has been a judicial officer, or	38
(b) is an Australian lawyer of at least 7 years' standing.	39
(3) Principal members	40
A person is qualified to be appointed as a principal member if the person—	41

(a)	is an Australian lawyer of at least 7 years' standing, or	1
(b)	has the qualifications, skills or experience the Minister determines as appropriate for the office.	2 3
(4)	Senior members or general members	4
	A person is qualified to be appointed as a senior member or general member if the person—	5 6
(a)	is an Australian lawyer of at least 5 years' standing, or	7
(b)	has the qualifications, skills or experience the Minister determines as appropriate for the office.	8 9
(5)	Appointment of Public Service employees	10
	A Public Service employee who is otherwise qualified for appointment may be appointed as a general member (but not as any other kind of member).	11 12
11	Functions of members generally	13
(1)	A member has any functions conferred or imposed on the member by or under this Act or any other legislation.	14 15
(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), a member (other than the President or Division Head of a Commission Division) appointed before the establishment day has and may exercise any functions with respect to the establishment of the Commission as may be assigned to the member under section 16(2).	16 17 18 19
(3)	Each member must comply with any procedural directions given by the President and the Division Head of the Commission Division to which the member is assigned.	20 21
Division 2.3	Commission Divisions	22
12	Divisions of Commission	23
(1)	On the establishment of the Commission, the Divisions of the Commission are to be—	24 25
(a)	the Workers Compensation Division, and	26
(b)	the Motor Accidents Division.	27
(2)	The functions of the Commission in relation to enabling legislation allocated to a Commission Division are to be exercised in that Division.	28 29
	Note. Section 5(2) provides that a reference in this Act (however expressed) to the exercise by the Commission of its functions in relation to enabling legislation includes a reference both to its functions under the enabling legislation and its functions under this Act or any other legislation in relation to the enabling legislation.	30 31 32 33
(3)	The functions of the Commission in relation to enabling legislation allocated to a Commission Division are the functions in relation to the legislation allocated to the Division by the Division Schedule for the Division.	34 35 36
(4)	A Commission Division is composed of the members assigned to it by or under this Act.	37 38
13	Division Schedule for Commission Division	39
(1)	The <i>Division Schedule</i> for a Commission Division is—	40
(a)	for the Workers Compensation Division—Schedule 3, or	41
(b)	for the Motor Accidents Division—Schedule 4.	42

(2)	The provisions of a Division Schedule for the Commission prevail to the extent of any inconsistency between those provisions and any other provisions of this Act or the provisions of the regulations or the Commission rules.	1 2 3
14	Division Heads	4
(1)	The President, or a Deputy President or principal member, may be appointed by the Minister as the Division Head of a Commission Division—	5 6
(a)	in the instrument of appointment of the member, or	7
(b)	by subsequent instrument.	8
(2)	A Division Head ceases to hold office as a Division Head if the person—	9
(a)	is removed from office as a Division Head by the Minister, or	10
(b)	resigns the office by written instrument addressed to the Minister, or	11
(c)	ceases to hold office as a member.	12
(3)	However, a person does not cease to hold office as a member simply because the person has been removed, or has resigned, from office as a Division Head under subsection (2).	13 14 15
(4)	A Division Head has any functions conferred or imposed on the Division Head by or under this Act or any other legislation.	16 17
15	Assignment of members to Commission Divisions	18
(1)	The President is assigned to each Commission Division.	19
(2)	A Division Head is assigned to the Commission Division in respect of which the person is appointed as the Division Head.	20 21
(3)	Subject to this Act (including subsections (1) and (2)), the President—	22
(a)	is to assign each member to one or more Divisions of the Commission, and	23
(b)	may vary the assignment at any time.	24
(4)	An assignment of a member to a Commission Division is subject to any limitations specified in the member's instrument of appointment or assignment (including in respect of the kinds of matters that may be dealt with by the member).	25 26 27
Division 2.4	Functions of President and Division Heads	28
16	Functions of President	29
(1)	The functions of the President are—	30
(a)	to direct the business of the Commission (including determining the places and times for sittings of the Commission), and	31 32
(b)	to facilitate the adoption of good administrative practices for the conduct of the business of the Commission, and	33 34
(c)	to give directions about, and participate in the development of, the practice and procedure to be followed by the Commission, and	35 36
(d)	to manage members in each of the Divisions of the Commission, and	37
(e)	to appoint medical assessors, merit reviewers and mediators for the purposes of enabling legislation and exercise general direction and control over the exercise of their functions, and	38 39 40
(f)	to advise the Minister about the appointment, reappointment and removal of members and assist in the process of recruitment at the direction of the Minister, and	41 42 43

(g)	any other functions that are conferred or imposed on the President by or under this Act or any other legislation.	1 2
(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the President has the following functions if appointed before the establishment day—	3 4
(a)	to assist in the development of the Commission rules for the Commission to use on its establishment,	5 6
(b)	to assign functions to other members appointed before the establishment day (including any Division Head of a Commission Division) with respect to the establishment of the Commission,	7 8 9
(c)	to assign functions to any registrar or other member of staff appointed before the establishment day,	10 11
(d)	any other functions as are necessary or convenient to facilitate the establishment of the Commission.	12 13
17	Functions of Division Heads	14
(1)	The functions of a Division Head of a Commission Division are—	15
(a)	to direct (subject to this Act, the regulations, the Commission rules and any direction of the President) the business of the Commission in that Division, and	16 17 18
(b)	to exercise any other functions conferred or imposed on the Division Head by or under this Act or any other legislation.	19 20
(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), a Division Head of a Commission Division appointed before the establishment day has and may exercise any functions with respect to the establishment of the Commission as may be assigned to the Division Head under section 16(2).	21 22 23 24
Division 2.5	Delegations	25
18	Delegations by the President and Division Heads	26
(1)	The President may—	27
(a)	delegate to a Division Head of a Commission Division or other member any of the functions of the President (other than this power of delegation), or	28 29
(b)	delegate to a registrar or any other member of staff of the Commission any of the functions of the President (other than this power of delegation) specified by a Division Schedule for a Commission Division or prescribed by the Commission rules.	30 31 32 33
	Note. Section 49 of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> contains general provisions relating to the delegation of functions.	34 35
(2)	Despite subsection (1), the President may delegate a function of the President under section 92 of the <i>Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999</i> or section 7.34 of the <i>Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017</i> only to the Division Head of the Motor Accidents Division.	36 37 38 39
(3)	The Division Head of a Commission Division may—	40
(a)	delegate to another Division member any of the functions of the Division Head (other than this power of delegation), or	41 42
(b)	delegate to a registrar or any other member of staff of the Commission any of the functions of the Division Head (other than this power of delegation) specified by the Division Schedule for the Division or prescribed by the Commission rules.	43 44 45 46

- (4) A delegate may subdelegate a function delegated to the delegate if— 1
 - (a) for a function of the President—the delegate is authorised in writing to do so 2
by the President, or 3
 - (b) for a function of a Division Head of a Commission Division—the delegate is 4
authorised in writing to do so by the Division Head. 5

Division 2.6 Commission rules and procedural directions 6

19 Rule Committee of Commission 7

- (1) There is to be a Rule Committee of the Commission. 8
- (2) The functions of the Rule Committee are— 9
 - (a) to make the Commission rules, and 10
 - (b) to ensure that the Commission rules it makes are as flexible and informal as 11
possible. 12
- (3) The Rule Committee is to be composed of the following— 13
 - (a) the President, 14
 - (b) each Division Head of a Commission Division, 15
 - (c) 2 persons nominated for the time being by the Authority, 16
 - (d) 1 barrister nominated for the time being by the Council of the New South 17
Wales Bar Association, 18
 - (e) 1 solicitor nominated for the time being by the Council of the Law Society of 19
New South Wales, 20
 - (f) 2 other persons (whether or not members) appointed by the President from 21
time to time. 22
- (4) The President is to be the Chairperson of the Rule Committee. 23
- (5) The President is to appoint one of the other members of the Rule Committee who is 24
a member of the Commission as Deputy Chairperson of the Rule Committee. 25
- (6) Unless the regulations provide otherwise, the Rule Committee is to regulate its own 26
procedure. 27
- (7) The following provisions apply in relation to meetings of the Rule Committee unless 28
the regulations provide, or the Rule Committee decides, otherwise— 29
 - (a) the Chairperson of the Rule Committee or, in the absence of the Chairperson, 30
the Deputy Chairperson of the Committee is to preside at a meeting of the 31
Committee, 32
 - (b) in the absence from a meeting of the Rule Committee of both the Chairperson 33
and Deputy Chairperson, another member of the Committee who is a Division 34
Head of a Commission Division is to be chosen by the members present to 35
preside at the meeting, 36
 - (c) the quorum for a meeting of the Rule Committee is a majority of the number 37
of the members for the time being, 38
 - (d) any duly convened meeting of the Rule Committee at which a quorum is 39
present is competent to transact any business of the Rule Committee and has 40
and may exercise all the functions of the Rule Committee, 41
 - (e) a decision supported by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the Rule 42
Committee at which a quorum is present is the decision of the Committee, 43
 - (f) the person presiding at a meeting of the Rule Committee has a deliberative 44
vote and, in the event of an equality of votes, also has a casting vote. 45

- (8) The President is to call the first meeting of the Rule Committee in the manner the President thinks fit and (subject to any decision of the Committee) may call any other meetings of the Committee as the President thinks necessary. 1
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20 Commission rules 4

- (1) The Rule Committee may make rules of the Commission (referred to in this Act as the *Commission rules*), not inconsistent with this Act or enabling legislation, for or with respect to the following— 5
6
7

- (a) the practice and procedure to be followed in proceedings before the Commission, 8
9
(b) the practice and procedure to be followed in proceedings before medical assessors, merit reviewers or mediators, 10
11
(c) any matter that is, by this Act or enabling legislation, required or permitted to be prescribed by the Commission rules. 12
13

Note. The Commission rules are rules of court within the meaning of section 21 of the *Interpretation Act 1987*. Rules of court are statutory rules for the purposes of the *Interpretation Act 1987*. As a result, they can be disallowed by either House of Parliament under Part 6 of that Act. 14
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17

- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the Commission rules may make provision for or with respect to— 18
19

- (a) the manner of referring claims or disputes for assessment or determination, and 20
21
(b) the documentation that is to accompany a reference of a claim or dispute for assessment or determination, and 22
23
(c) the manner of presenting documents and information by parties, including time limits for the presentation of the documents and information, and 24
25
(d) the parties to proceedings (including the joinder, misjoinder and non-joinder of parties and rights of intervention of third parties such as the Authority in proceedings), and 26
27
28
(e) requiring the provision of documents and information by a party to a matter to any other party to the matter, and 29
30
(f) the amendment of filed or lodged documents, and 31
(g) non-compliance with provisions concerning practice and procedure (including the effect of irregularities on proceedings), and 32
33
(h) the making of assessments and determinations, and 34
(i) the manner of specifying an amount of damages or statutory benefits or compensation, and 35
36
(j) default awards and orders, and 37
(k) the form, use and effect of the seal of the Commission, and 38
(l) the specification of exceptions, limitations or other restrictions in relation to a provision of this Act or enabling legislation that is expressed to be subject to the Commission rules. 39
40
41

- (3) The Commission rules may authorise or require the use of an electronic case management system established under clause 2 of Schedule 1 to the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000* in relation to any proceedings in the Commission in respect of which the use of the system is authorised by an order in force under clause 3 of Schedule 1 to that Act. 42
43
44
45
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- (4) Without limiting the generality of section 42 of the *Interpretation Act 1987*, the Commission rules may also prescribe different rules for— 47
48

(a)	each of the Divisions of the Commission, and	1
(b)	different classes of matters.	2
(5)	This section does not limit the operation of section 78 (Rules of court) of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> .	3 4
21	Procedural directions	5
(1)	The President may give directions (<i>procedural directions</i>) relating to the practice and procedures to be followed in proceedings before—	6 7
(a)	the Commission, or	8
(b)	medical assessors or merit reviewers.	9
(2)	The procedural directions must be—	10
(a)	publicly available, and	11
(b)	consistent with this Act and enabling legislation.	12
(3)	Without limiting subsection (2)(a), it is sufficient compliance with that paragraph if procedural directions are published on the website of the Commission.	13 14
(4)	Each of the following must comply with any applicable procedural directions—	15
(a)	members,	16
(b)	medical assessors,	17
(c)	merit reviewers,	18
(d)	the parties to proceedings and their representatives and agents.	19
Division 2.7	Registrars and other staff	20
22	Appointment of registrars and other staff	21
(1)	Persons (including the principal registrar and other registrars) may be employed in the Public Service under the <i>Government Sector Employment Act 2013</i> to enable the Commission to exercise its functions.	22 23 24
	Note. Section 59 of the <i>Government Sector Employment Act 2013</i> provides that the persons so employed (or whose services the Commission makes use of) may be referred to as officers or employees, or members of staff, of the Commission. Section 47A of the <i>Constitution Act 1902</i> precludes the Commission from employing staff.	25 26 27 28
(2)	This section does not affect the exercise of the functions under the <i>Government Sector Employment Act 2013</i> of the head of the Public Service agency in which those persons are employed.	29 30 31
(3)	The Authority or any other Department of the Government as the regulations may specify is to provide for the Commission—	32 33
(a)	facilities (including registry facilities), and	34
(b)	any additional staff that may be necessary.	35
(4)	Without limiting subsection (3), the President may enter into arrangements with any government agency or other body or person (whether in the public or private sector) for the provision of assistance to the Commission in connection with the exercise of its functions.	36 37 38 39
23	Functions of registrars	40
(1)	A registrar has the functions conferred or imposed on the registrar by or under this Act or any other legislation.	41 42
(2)	The principal registrar has the following additional functions—	43

- (a) to assist the President in managing the business and the affairs of the Commission, 1
2
 - (b) any administrative and other functions conferred or imposed on the principal registrar by or under this Act or any other legislation. 3
4
- (3) A registrar may exercise any functions of the principal registrar as may be directed by the President or principal registrar. 5
6
- (4) Without limiting subsections (1) and (3)— 7
 - (a) the President may, from time to time, designate a registrar to be a registrar for one or more Divisions of the Commission, and 8
9
 - (b) the designated registrar may (subject to any direction of the President or principal registrar) exercise the functions of the principal registrar in connection with proceedings and legislation allocated to the Division or Divisions concerned. 10
11
12
13
- (5) Anything done or omitted to be done by a registrar in exercising a function of the principal registrar has effect as if it had been done or omitted to be done by the principal registrar. 14
15
16
- (6) The Commission rules may make provision for or with respect to the functions of the principal registrar and other registrars, including authorising registrars to make specified kinds of decisions of the Commission on behalf of the Commission. 17
18
19
- (7) In addition, a registrar (including the principal registrar) appointed before the establishment day has and may exercise any functions with respect to the establishment of the Commission as may be assigned to the registrar under section 16(2). 20
21
22
23

Part 3 Functions and constitution of Commission

Division 3.1 Functions

24 Functions of Commission generally

The Commission has the jurisdiction and functions that may be conferred or imposed on it by or under this Act, enabling legislation or any other legislation.

Division 3.2 Determination of federal proceedings

25 Definitions

In this Division—

compensation claim means—

- (a) a claim for damages to which the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999* applies, or
- (b) a claim for statutory benefits to which the *Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017* applies, or
- (c) a claim for damages to which the *Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017* applies, or
- (d) a claim for compensation or work injury damages to which the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998* applies.

compensation matter application—see section 26.

federal jurisdiction means jurisdiction of a kind referred to in section 75 or 76 of the Commonwealth Constitution.

relevant courts legislation means—

- (a) the *District Court Act 1973* and the rules of court under that Act, and
- (b) the *Civil Procedure Act 2005* and the regulations and uniform rules under that Act in their application to the District Court.

substituted proceedings—see section 27.

usual decision-maker, in relation to determining a matter concerning a compensation claim, means the person or body (whether or not the President or Commission) on which the function is conferred or imposed by this Act or enabling legislation.

26 Applications involving federal jurisdiction may be made to District Court

- (1) A person with standing to apply to the President or the Commission for a matter concerning a compensation claim to be determined by the usual decision-maker (a **compensation matter application**) may, with the leave of the District Court, make the application to the Court instead of the President or Commission.
- (2) The regulations may make provision for or with respect to—
 - (a) who has standing to make an application for leave, and
 - (b) excluding or including applications as compensation matter applications.
- (3) The District Court may grant leave for a compensation matter application to be made to the Court only if it is satisfied that—
 - (a) an application was first made to the President or Commission, and
 - (b) the determination of the matter by the usual decision-maker would involve an exercise of federal jurisdiction, and
 - (c) the usual decision-maker would otherwise have had jurisdiction enabling the decision-maker to determine the application.

- (4) An application for leave must be— 1
 - (a) filed with the District Court along with— 2
 - (i) an application that has been completed in the form and manner required 3
under this Act or enabling legislation for the kind of compensation 4
matter application concerned, and 5
 - (ii) if the parties to the compensation matter application have reached a 6
settlement before leave is sought using a resolution process provided 7
under this Act or enabling legislation—a copy of the terms of 8
settlement, and 9
 - (b) accompanied by the applicable fee (if any) payable for the compensation 10
matter application unless it has already been paid. 11
- (5) The District Court may— 12
 - (a) remit a compensation matter application for determination by the usual 13
decision-maker if the Court is satisfied that the usual decision-maker has 14
jurisdiction to determine it, and 15
 - (b) do so instead of granting leave or after granting leave. 16
- (6) If the District Court remits a compensation matter application to be dealt with by the 17
usual decision-maker, the Court may make such orders that it considers appropriate 18
to facilitate the determination of the application by the decision-maker. 19
- (7) The usual decision-maker is to determine any compensation matter application that 20
is remitted to the decision-maker in accordance with any orders made by the District 21
Court. 22

27 Proceedings after leave granted 23

- (1) If the District Court grants leave for a compensation matter application to be made to 24
it instead of the President or Commission— 25
 - (a) proceedings for the determination of the application (*substituted proceedings*) 26
are taken to have been commenced in the Court on the day on which the 27
application was first made, and 28
 - (b) the Court may make such orders (including in relation to the usual 29
decision-maker) as it considers appropriate to facilitate its determination of the 30
application. 31
- (2) Subsection (1) applies despite any limitation period under the *Limitation Act 1969* or 32
any enabling legislation that applies to the application concerned provided it was first 33
lodged for exercise by the usual decision-maker before the expiry of the period. 34
- (3) The District Court has, and may exercise, all of the jurisdiction and functions in 35
relation to the substituted proceedings that the usual decision-maker would have had 36
if they could exercise federal jurisdiction, including jurisdiction and functions 37
conferred or imposed by or under this Act, enabling legislation or any other 38
legislation. 39
- (4) Without limiting subsection (3), the District Court may— 40
 - (a) order that a medical assessment or merit review required by or under enabling 41
legislation (or a review or appeal against the assessment or merit review) be 42
carried out for the Court by a medical assessor, merit reviewer or panel 43
specified by the Court, and 44
 - (b) make any other orders it thinks fit to facilitate the carrying out of the medical 45
assessment, merit review or the review or appeal before the panel (including 46
with respect to the issuing of certificates), and 47

(c)	adopt (whether with or without variation), or refuse to adopt, the decision of the medical assessor, merit reviewer or panel as the Court sees fit.	1 2
(5)	A decision adopted by the Court (whether with or without variation) has effect as a decision of the Court in respect of the matter concerned.	3 4
(6)	This section has effect subject to the provisions specified by section 28.	5
28	Provisions relating to determining substituted proceedings	6
(1)	The following provisions apply in relation to substituted proceedings—	7
(a)	the District Court is to be constituted as provided by its relevant courts legislation instead of as provided by this Act or enabling legislation,	8 9
(b)	the legislation applicable to appeals against decisions of the District Court applies to decisions of the Court instead of appeal provisions specified by or under this Act, enabling legislation or any other legislation,	10 11 12
(c)	the practice and procedure applicable in the District Court under its relevant courts legislation (and any laws applicable in relation to contempt of court) apply to the substituted proceedings instead of the practice and procedure specified by or under this Act, enabling legislation or any other legislation,	13 14 15 16
(d)	the District Court may make orders giving effect to any settlement reached by the parties even if that settlement was reached before the substituted proceedings commenced,	17 18 19
(e)	any other provisions (including by way of modifications to the provisions of this Act, enabling legislation or other legislation) as may be prescribed by the regulations in respect of the substituted proceedings of the kind concerned.	20 21 22
(2)	Without limiting subsection (1)(e), the provisions that may be prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of the paragraph include provisions for or with respect to the following—	23 24 25
(a)	the parties to substituted proceedings,	26
(b)	fees and costs payable in respect of substituted proceedings,	27
(c)	enabling a person or body to determine a matter for the District Court,	28
(d)	the updating of references in provisions of this Act, enabling legislation or other legislation conferring or imposing functions exercisable in substituted proceedings by the District Court instead of some other person or body.	29 30 31
(3)	The Minister is not to recommend the making of a regulation for the purposes of subsection (1)(e) unless the Minister certifies that—	32 33
(a)	if the proposed provisions affect the exercise of jurisdiction or functions by the Commission—the President has agreed to the provisions, and	34 35
(b)	if the proposed provisions affect the exercise of jurisdiction or functions by the District Court—the Chief Judge of the District Court has agreed to the provisions.	36 37 38
29	Commencement of court proceedings	39
	The regulations may make provision for or with respect to the modification of provisions of enabling legislation preventing the commencement of proceedings in a court for a compensation claim unless certain preconditions are met, if compliance with those preconditions may involve an exercise of federal jurisdiction or be the subject of substituted proceedings.	40 41 42 43 44

30 Relationship of Division to this Act and other laws	1
(1) The provisions of this Division (including of regulations made for the purposes of a provision of this Division) prevail to the extent of any inconsistency between those provisions and any other provisions of this Act, enabling legislation or other legislation.	2 3 4 5
(2) To avoid doubt, subsection (1) applies despite anything in a Division Schedule for a Commission Division.	6 7
Division 3.3 Constitution	8
31 Constitution of Commission	9
(1) The Commission is to be constituted by one or more Division members of the Commission Division to which the function of dealing with the proceedings is allocated.	10 11 12
Note. A Division Schedule for a Commission Division may, in some cases, make special provision for the constitution of the Commission when exercising functions allocated to that Division (including the qualifications of members to sit in specified kinds of proceedings). It may also provide for certain Division functions to be exercised by a registrar.	13 14 15 16
(2) The President may give directions as to the members who are to constitute the Commission for the purposes of any particular proceedings.	17 18
Note. The President may delegate the function of constituting the Commission for particular proceedings to a Division Head of a Commission Division or another member. See section 18.	19 20
(3) The President may give directions (whether for particular proceedings, classes of proceedings or generally) as to which member is to preside at proceedings in the Commission when the Commission is constituted by more than one member.	21 22 23
(4) There may be more than one sitting of the Commission at the same time.	24

Part 4	Medical assessors, merit reviewers and mediators	1
Division 4.1	Medical assessors and merit reviewers	2
32	Definition	3
	In this Division—	4
	<i>decision-maker</i> means a medical assessor or a merit reviewer.	5
33	Appointment of medical assessors and merit reviewers	6
(1)	The President may, in accordance with the regulations, appoint persons to be—	7
(a)	medical assessors for the purposes of the <i>Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998</i> , or	8
(b)	medical assessors for the purposes of the <i>Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017</i> or <i>Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999</i> (or both), or	10
(c)	merit reviewers for the purposes of the <i>Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017</i> .	11
(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), a member or a Public Service employee may be appointed as a decision-maker.	12
(3)	The terms of appointment of a decision-maker may restrict a decision-maker to disputes of a specified kind (including to disputes or assessments under specified legislation).	13
(4)	One or more medical assessors may be appointed as a senior medical assessor, either by the assessor's instrument of appointment or by a later instrument executed by the President.	14
(5)	The President is to ensure that, as far as reasonably practicable, there are medical assessors in the regional areas of the State.	15
(6)	The President may remove a decision-maker from office at any time.	16
(7)	A decision-maker who is not a member or Public Service employee is entitled to be paid the remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) that the Minister may from time to time determine.	17
(8)	Nothing in this section prevents a person being appointed as a decision-maker of more than one class.	18
34	Functions of decision-makers	19
	A decision-maker has the functions that are conferred on the decision-maker by or under—	20
(a)	this Act, and	21
(b)	the legislation for which the decision-maker was appointed.	22
35	Lists of decision-makers	23
(1)	The principal registrar may from time to time issue a list of persons who are appointed as decision-makers under this Division.	24
(2)	The list is evidence of the appointments concerned.	25
36	Control and direction of decision-makers	26
(1)	Decision-makers are, in the exercise of their functions, subject to the general control and direction of the President.	27

(2)	However, a decision-maker is not subject to control and direction by the Commission (or a member), the Authority or any Public Service employee with regard to any of the decisions of the decision-maker that affect the interests of the parties to the merit review or medical assessment concerned.	1 2 3 4
(3)	The Commission (or a member), the Authority or any Public Service employee may not overrule or interfere with any decision in respect of any assessment or review.	5 6
(4)	Subsection (3) does not prevent an appeal or review panel from determining an appeal or review for which provision is made under enabling legislation.	7 8
(5)	This section does not affect the exercise of the functions of the head of a Public Service agency under the <i>Government Sector Employment Act 2013</i> with respect to decision-makers who are members of staff of the agency.	9 10 11
37	Provision of training and information	12
(1)	The Commission may make arrangements for the provision of training and information to medical assessors and merit reviewers to promote accurate and consistent decisions by medical assessors and merit reviewers.	13 14 15
(2)	In providing training for medical assessors, the Commission is to have regard to any relevant material prepared by the Authority.	16 17
38	Protection of decision-makers	18
	A decision-maker is, in any legal proceedings, competent but not compellable to give evidence or produce documents in respect of any matter in which the decision-maker was involved in the course of the exercise of functions as a decision-maker.	19 20 21
	Note. See also section 64 (Protection of representatives, witnesses and relevant Commission officers).	22 23
Division 4.2	Mediators	24
39	Appointment of mediators	25
(1)	The President may, in accordance with the regulations, appoint persons to be—	26
(a)	mediators for the purposes of the <i>Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998</i> to mediate on claims for work injury damages within the meaning of that Act as and when required to do so by the Division Head of the Workers Compensation Division, or	27 28 29 30
(b)	mediators for any other purposes prescribed by the regulations.	31
(2)	Mediators are, in the exercise of their functions, subject to the general control and direction of the President.	32 33
(3)	Subject to this section, a mediator holds office for the period (not exceeding 5 years) specified in the instrument of appointment of the mediator, but is eligible for reappointment.	34 35 36
(4)	A mediator is entitled to be paid the remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) in respect of work done as a mediator as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the mediator.	37 38 39
(5)	A mediator vacates office if the mediator—	40
(a)	dies, or	41
(b)	completes a term of office and is not reappointed, or	42
(c)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit, or	43 44 45

(d)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	1
(e)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable, or	2 3 4 5
(f)	resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the President, or	6
(g)	is removed from office by the President.	7
(6)	The President may at any time remove a mediator from office.	8
(7)	The provisions of the <i>Government Sector Employment Act 2013</i> relating to the employment of Public Service employees do not apply to a mediator.	9 10
40	Protection of mediators	11
	A mediator is, in any legal proceedings, competent but not compellable to give evidence or produce documents in respect of any matter in which the mediator was involved in the course of the exercise of the mediator's functions as a mediator.	12 13 14
	Note. See also section 64 (Protection of representatives, witnesses and relevant Commission officers).	15 16

Part 5	Practice and procedure	1
Division 5.1	Introduction	2
41	Application of Part	3
(1)	Each of the provisions of this Part (including as applied by the Commission rules under subsection (2)) is subject to enabling legislation and the Commission rules.	4 5
	Note. The Division Schedule for a Commission Division may, in some cases, make special provision for the practice and procedure to be followed in connection with certain proceedings allocated to the Division for determination. The provisions of the Division Schedule prevail to the extent of any inconsistency with the provisions of this Part. See section 13(2).	6 7 8 9
	Section 5(3) also provides that any provisions of this Act or enabling legislation that are expressed to be subject to the Commission rules have effect subject to any exceptions, limitations or other restrictions specified by the Commission rules.	10 11 12
	Enabling legislation may also make provision for matters relating to practice and procedure in relation to functions conferred on the Commission, including (for example) specifying periods within which applications or appeals under that legislation are to be made.	13 14 15
(2)	The Commission rules may make provision for or with respect to applying provisions of this Part (whether with or without modification) to the following—	16 17
(a)	proceedings before a merit reviewer or medical assessor under enabling legislation,	18 19
(b)	proceedings before a panel under enabling legislation determining an appeal against, or a review of, a decision of a merit reviewer or medical assessor.	20 21
42	Guiding principle to be applied to practice and procedure	22
(1)	The <i>guiding principle</i> for this Act and the Commission rules, in their application to proceedings in the Commission, is to facilitate the just, quick and cost effective resolution of the real issues in the proceedings.	23 24 25
(2)	The Commission must seek to give effect to the guiding principle when it—	26
(a)	exercises any power given to it by this Act or the Commission rules, or	27
(b)	interprets any provision of this Act or the Commission rules.	28
(3)	Each of the following persons is under a duty to co-operate with the Commission to give effect to the guiding principle and, for that purpose, to participate in the processes of the Commission and to comply with directions and orders of the Commission—	29 30 31 32
(a)	a party to proceedings in the Commission,	33
(b)	an Australian legal practitioner or other person who is representing a party in proceedings in the Commission.	34 35
(4)	In addition, the practice and procedure of the Commission should be implemented so as to facilitate the resolution of the issues between the parties in such a way that the cost to the parties and the Commission is proportionate to the importance and complexity of the subject-matter of the proceedings.	36 37 38 39
(5)	However, nothing in this section requires or permits the Commission to exercise any functions that are conferred or imposed on it under enabling legislation in a manner that is inconsistent with the objects or principles for which that legislation provides in relation to the exercise of those functions.	40 41 42 43
43	Procedure before Commission generally	44
(1)	Proceedings in any matter before the Commission are to be conducted with as little formality and technicality as the proper consideration of the matter permits.	45 46

- (2) The Commission is not bound by the rules of evidence but may inform itself on any matter in the manner the Commission thinks appropriate and as the proper consideration of the matter before the Commission permits. 1
2
3
- (3) The Commission is to act according to equity, good conscience and the substantial merits of the case without regard to technicalities or legal forms. 4
5

Division 5.2 Commencement of proceedings 6

44 What constitutes an application 7

For the purposes of this Act, an *application* to the Commission includes a referral or other mechanism (however expressed) by means of which enabling legislation provides for a matter to be brought to the attention of the Commission for a decision. 8
9
10

45 Making of applications and appeals 11

An application or appeal to the Commission is to be made in the time and manner prescribed by enabling legislation or the Commission rules. 12
13

46 Service of documents outside the State 14

The Commission may require a document to be served outside the State. 15

Division 5.3 Participation in proceedings 16

47 Intervention by Authority 17

The Authority— 18

- (a) has a right to be heard in any proceedings before the Commission, and 19
- (b) may, for that purpose, be represented by an Australian legal practitioner or a member of staff of the Authority or by any other person, and 20
21
- (c) may apply for an order for which any party may apply in those proceedings. 22

48 Representation before Commission 23

- (1) A person who is a party to proceedings before the Commission is entitled to be represented by an Australian legal practitioner or by an agent. 24
25
- (2) The Commission may refuse to permit a party to be represented by an agent if of the opinion that the agent does not have sufficient authority to make binding decisions on behalf of the party. 26
27
28
- (3) In proceedings in respect of a claim within the meaning of the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998*, the Commission may refuse to permit an insurer to be represented by an Australian legal practitioner if the claimant is not represented by an Australian legal practitioner. 29
30
31
32
- (4) A party to proceedings before the Commission is entitled to representation or assistance (for example, the assistance of an interpreter) as may be necessary to enable the party to communicate adequately at any conference or hearing. 33
34
35
- (5) The Commission must take into account any written submission prepared by an Australian legal practitioner acting for a party to proceedings and submitted by or on behalf of the party (whether or not the party is represented by an Australian legal practitioner at any conference or hearing in the proceedings). 36
37
38
39
- (6) In this section— 40
- agent*, in relation to proceedings allocated to the Workers Compensation Division, means— 41
42

- (a) an officer of an industrial organisation of employers or employees registered under the *Industrial Relations Act 1996*, or 1
2
 - (b) an officer of an association of employers or employees registered under the *Fair Work Act 2009* of the Commonwealth, or 3
4
 - (c) a person employed by a licensed insurer or former licensed insurer or by a self-insurer within the meaning of the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998*, or 5
6
7
 - (d) a person employed by a law practice within the meaning of the *Legal Profession Uniform Law (NSW)*. 8
9
- 49 Power of Commission to require information** 10
- (1) The Commission may give a direction in writing to any person (whether or not a party to proceedings before the Commission) requiring the person— 11
12
 - (a) to produce, at a time and place specified in the direction, specified documents in the possession of the person, or 13
14
 - (b) to provide specified information within a time specified in the direction that the Commission considers relevant to the proceedings, or 15
16
 - (c) to give within a time specified in the direction any specified consent, authority or direction that the Commission considers necessary or desirable for the purpose of facilitating the provision by another person of documents or information pursuant to a direction under subsection (2). 17
18
19
20
 - (2) The direction may require the documents to be produced or the information to be provided— 21
22
 - (a) to the Commission or to another party to proceedings before the Commission, in the case of a direction given to a party to the proceedings, or 23
24
 - (b) to the Commission in the case of a direction given to a person who is not a party to proceedings before the Commission. 25
26
 - (3) A person must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with a direction given to the person. 27
28
Maximum penalty—50 penalty units. 29
 - (4) If a person does not, without reasonable excuse, produce a document or provide information in compliance with a direction given to the person under this section, the person cannot as a party to proceedings before the Commission or a court have the document or information admitted in the proceedings. 30
31
32
33
 - (5) The Commission may exercise powers under this section at the request of a party to proceedings before the Commission or of the Commission’s own motion. 34
35
 - (6) A Division Head of a Commission Division or the principal registrar has and may exercise any power of the Commission under this section. 36
37
 - (7) The regulations or the Commission rules may make provision for or with respect to any of the following matters— 38
39
 - (a) exempting specified kinds of documents or information from the operation of this section, 40
41
 - (b) specifying cases and circumstances in which the Commission is required to exercise the Commission’s powers under this section, 42
43
 - (c) specifying cases and circumstances in which the Commission is not to exercise the Commission’s powers under this section. 44
45

50	Power of Commission to provide documents and information to a party	1
(1)	If documents or information relevant to proceedings before the Commission are produced or provided to the Commission by a party to the proceedings or another person (whether or not in compliance with a requirement under this Act), the Commission may produce or provide the documents or information to—	2 3 4 5
(a)	any other party to the proceedings, or	6
(b)	any Australian legal practitioner representing any party, or	7
(c)	a medical practitioner (including a medical assessor).	8
(2)	The Commission may, when producing or providing information or documents to an Australian legal practitioner or medical practitioner, direct that the person must not cause or permit disclosure of the information, or the information in the documents, to another party.	9 10 11 12
(3)	An Australian legal practitioner or medical practitioner must not contravene the Commission’s direction under this section. Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	13 14 15
(4)	The regulations or the Commission rules may make provision for or with respect to any of the following matters—	16 17
(a)	exempting specified kinds of documents or information from the operation of this section,	18 19
(b)	specifying cases and circumstances in which the Commission is required to exercise the Commission’s powers under this section,	20 21
(c)	specifying cases and circumstances in which documents or information produced or provided to the Commission may not be produced or provided by the Commission to another party to the proceedings or to an Australian legal practitioner or medical practitioner.	22 23 24 25
51	Summons to appear at conference or hearing	26
(1)	Subject to subsection (2), the Division Head of a Commission Division may issue a summons, in circumstances prescribed by the Commission rules, requiring the attendance of a person at any conference or hearing before the Commission in connection with proceedings before the Commission.	27 28 29 30
(2)	If the proceedings are allocated to the Motor Accidents Division, a summons may be issued only to a party to the proceedings.	31 32
(3)	A person must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with a summons served on the person under this section. Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	33 34 35
(4)	In this section— <i>conference</i> includes a conference at which the parties (or some of them) participate by telephone, closed-circuit television or other means.	36 37 38
Division 5.4	Conduct of proceedings	39
52	Hearings and conferences	40
(1)	Proceedings need not be conducted by formal hearing and may be conducted by way of a conference between the parties, including a conference at which the parties (or some of them) participate by telephone, closed-circuit television or other means.	41 42 43

(2)	Subject to any procedural directions, the Commission may hold a conference with all relevant parties in attendance and with relevant experts in attendance, or a separate conference in private with any of them.	1 2 3
(3)	If the Commission is satisfied that sufficient information has been supplied to it in connection with proceedings, the Commission may exercise functions under this Act and enabling legislation without holding any conference or formal hearing.	4 5 6
(4)	An assessment or determination is to be made by the Commission having regard to information that is conveniently available to the Commission, even if one or more of the parties to the assessment or determination proceedings do not co-operate or cease to co-operate.	7 8 9 10
53	Reconstitution of Commission during proceedings	11
(1)	The President may replace the member, or one of the members, constituting the Commission after the consideration of a matter by the Commission has commenced if, before the matter is determined, the member—	12 13 14
(a)	becomes unavailable for any reason, or	15
(b)	ceases to be a member, or	16
(c)	ceases to have a qualification required for participation in the proceedings.	17
(2)	The President may not replace a member unless the President has first—	18
(a)	afforded the parties an opportunity to make submissions about the proposed replacement, and	19 20
(b)	taken their submissions into account.	21
(3)	The Commission as reconstituted is to have regard to the evidence, submissions and decisions in relation to the matter that were given or made before the Commission was reconstituted.	22 23 24
54	Dismissal of proceedings	25
	The Commission may at any stage dismiss proceedings before it—	26
(a)	if it is satisfied that the proceedings have been abandoned, or	27
(b)	if it is satisfied that the proceedings are frivolous or vexatious or otherwise misconceived or lacking in substance, or	28 29
(c)	for any other ground of dismissal specified in the Commission rules.	30
Division 5.5	Determination of issues and proceedings	31
55	Commission divided in opinion	32
	If the Commission is constituted by more than one member for the purposes of the determination of any proceedings and the members are divided in opinion, the opinion of the majority is taken to be the decision of the Commission.	33 34 35
56	Effect of decisions of Commission	36
(1)	Except as otherwise provided by this Act or enabling legislation, a decision of the Commission under the Workers Compensation Acts is final and binding on the parties and is not subject to appeal or review.	37 38 39
(2)	A decision of or proceeding before the Commission is not—	40
(a)	to be vitiated because of any informality or want of form, or	41
(b)	liable to be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed or called into question by any court.	42 43

(3)	To avoid doubt, this section does not limit any power of the Supreme Court to provide relief for jurisdictional error in proceedings for the judicial review of a decision of the Commission.	1 2 3
57	Reconsideration of decisions of Commission	4
(1)	The Commission may reconsider any matter that has been dealt with by the Commission in the Workers Compensation Division and rescind, alter or amend any decision previously made or given by the Commission in that Division.	5 6 7
(2)	If after the making of a decision by the Commission (and without limiting subsection (1)), the President is satisfied that the decision contains an obvious error, the President may—	8 9 10
(a)	alter the decision to correct the error, or	11
(b)	direct a registrar to alter the decision to correct the error.	12
(3)	Without limiting subsection (2), if the decision is contained in a certificate, the President may—	13 14
(a)	issue a replacement certificate with the error corrected, or	15
(b)	direct a registrar to issue a replacement certificate with the error corrected.	16
(4)	If a decision is altered, the altered decision is taken to be the decision and notice of the alteration is to be given to the parties in the proceedings in the manner directed by the President.	17 18 19
(5)	If a replacement certificate is issued, the certificate prevails over any previous certificate.	20 21
(6)	Examples of obvious errors in a decision are where—	22
(a)	there is an obvious clerical or typographical error in the text of the notice or statement, or	23 24
(b)	there is an error arising from an accidental slip or omission, or	25
(c)	there is a defect of form, or	26
(d)	there is an inconsistency between the stated decision and the stated reasons.	27
58	Publication of decisions	28
(1)	The Commission must cause details of the following to be published in accordance with the Commission rules—	29 30
(a)	decisions of the Commission,	31
(b)	decisions of merit reviewers under Division 7.4 of the <i>Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017</i> ,	32 33
(c)	decisions of review panels for merit reviewers under Division 7.4 of the <i>Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017</i> ,	34 35
(d)	decisions of Appeal Panels for medical assessments under Part 7 of Chapter 7 of the <i>Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998</i> ,	36 37
(e)	decisions of review panels for medical assessments under Part 3.4 of the <i>Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999</i> or Division 7.5 of the <i>Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017</i> ,	38 39 40
(f)	any other decisions prescribed by the Commission rules.	41
(2)	The Commission may make a summary of the details of agreements registered under the former section 66A of the <i>Workers Compensation Act 1987</i> (before its substitution by the <i>Workers Compensation Legislation Amendment (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2005</i>) available for public inspection by—	42 43 44 45

- (a) employers, insurers, workers and the Authority (and their legal representatives), and 1
2
- (b) persons or classes of persons as may be prescribed by the regulations. 3

Part 6	Enforcement	1
59	Recovery of amounts ordered to be paid	2
(1)	For the purposes of the recovery of any amount ordered to be paid by the Commission (including costs, but not including a civil or other penalty), the amount is to be certified by the principal registrar.	3 4 5
(2)	A certificate given under this section must identify the person liable to pay the certified amount.	6 7
(3)	A certificate of the principal registrar under this section that is filed in the registry of a court having jurisdiction to give judgment for a debt of the same amount as the amount stated in the certificate, operates as such a judgment.	8 9 10
60	Proceedings for offences	11
(1)	Proceedings for an offence under this Act may be dealt with summarily before the Local Court.	12 13
(2)	Proceedings for an offence under this Act may be commenced only by any of the following persons—	14 15
(a)	the Minister,	16
(b)	a person with the written consent of either the Minister or another person or body authorised by the Minister for that purpose.	17 18

Part 7	Miscellaneous	1
61	Act to bind Crown	2
	This Act binds the Crown in right of New South Wales and, in so far as the legislative power of the Parliament of New South Wales permits, the Crown in all its other capacities.	3 4 5
62	Authentication of documents	6
(1)	Every document requiring authentication by the Commission is sufficiently authenticated without the seal of the Commission if it is—	7 8
	(a) signed by any member or a registrar, or	9
	(b) authenticated in a manner prescribed by the regulations.	10
(2)	Judicial notice is to be taken of the signature of the member concerned or a registrar when appearing on a document issued by the Commission.	11 12
63	Proof of certain matters not required	13
	In any legal proceedings, no proof is required (unless evidence to the contrary is given) of—	14 15
	(a) the constitution of the Commission, or	16
	(b) any decision of the Commission, or	17
	(c) the appointment or qualifications of, or the holding of office by, a member, registrar, mediator, medical assessor or merit reviewer.	18 19
	Note. See also section 52 (Proceedings of statutory bodies) of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> .	20
64	Protection of representatives, witnesses and relevant Commission officers	21
(1)	An Australian legal practitioner, or any other person appearing before the Commission on behalf of a party in any proceedings, has the same protection and immunity as a barrister has in appearing for a party in proceedings in the Supreme Court.	22 23 24 25
(2)	Subject to this Act, a person summoned to attend or appearing before the Commission as a witness has the same protection, and is, in addition to the penalties provided by this Act, subject to the same liabilities, as a witness in proceedings in the Supreme Court.	26 27 28 29
(3)	Any thing done or omitted to be done by a relevant Commission officer in exercising the functions conferred or imposed on the relevant Commission officer by or under this or any other Act does not, if the thing was done or omitted to be done in good faith, subject the relevant Commission officer personally to any action, liability, claim or demand.	30 31 32 33 34
	Note. See also clause 4 of Schedule 2 with respect to the protections and immunities of members of the Commission when exercising their functions.	35 36
(4)	Any liability that would attach to a person were it not for the operation of subsection (3) attaches instead to the Crown.	37 38
(5)	In this section— <i>barrister</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Legal Profession Uniform Law (NSW)</i> .	39 40
65	Regulations	41
(1)	The Governor may make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, for or with respect to any matter that by this Act is required or permitted to be prescribed or that	42 43

is necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.	1 2
(2) Without limiting subsection (1), the regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following—	3 4
(a) qualifications or criteria for the appointment of mediators, medical assessors or merit reviewers,	5 6
(b) the procedure of the Rule Committee.	7
66 Annual reviews	8
(1) As soon as practicable after 30 June (but on or before 31 December) of each year, the President must provide both the Minister and the Authority with a review (an <i>annual review</i>) of the operations of the Commission for the period ending on 30 June in that year.	9 10 11 12
(2) The President is, within 90 days of providing an annual review to the Minister, to cause the review to be published on a website the President considers appropriate.	13 14
67 Repeal of Workers Compensation Commission Rules 2011	15
The <i>Workers Compensation Commission Rules 2011</i> are repealed on the establishment day.	16 17
68 Review of Act	18
(1) The Minister is to review this Act to determine whether the policy objectives of the Act remain valid and whether the terms of the Act remain appropriate for securing those objectives.	19 20 21
(2) The review is to be undertaken as soon as possible after the period of 3 years commencing on the establishment day.	22 23
(3) A report on the outcome of the review is to be tabled in each House of Parliament within 12 months after the end of the period of 3 years.	24 25

Schedule 1 Savings, transitional and other provisions 1

Part 1 General 2

1 Regulations 3

- (1) The regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional nature consequent on the enactment of this Act or any Act that amends this Act. 4
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- (2) Any such provision has effect despite anything to the contrary in this Schedule. The regulations may make separate savings and transitional provisions or amend this Schedule to consolidate the savings and transitional provisions. 6
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8
- (3) Any such provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect from the date of assent to the Act concerned or a later date. 9
10
- (4) To the extent to which any such provision takes effect from a date that is earlier than the date of its publication on the NSW legislation website, the provision does not operate so as— 11
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 - (a) to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of its publication, or 14
15
16
 - (b) to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted to be done before the date of its publication. 17
18
19
- (5) Without limiting subclause (1), provision may be made for or with respect to proceedings (whether or not made or commenced or initiated) or rights to bring proceedings, or the exercise of any functions, in connection with services, bodies or offices that are abolished or transferred by operation of Part 2 of this Schedule. 20
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22
23
- (6) In this clause— 24
proceedings includes applications, requests, referrals, reviews and appeals (including those made to courts). 25
26

Part 2 Provisions consequent on enactment of this Act 27

Division 1 Interpretation 28

2 Definitions 29

- (1) In this Part— 30
CARS means the Motor Accidents Claims Assessment and Resolution Service of the Authority referred to in section 98 of the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999* immediately before the establishment day. 31
32
33
current approved medical specialist means any person who, immediately before the establishment day, was an approved medical specialist appointed under Part 7 of Chapter 7 of the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998* (including a senior approved medical specialist). 34
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37
current claims assessor means any person (other than the current Principal Claims Assessor) who, immediately before the establishment day, was a claims assessor under the *Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017* or the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999* (or both). 38
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41
current mediator means any person who, immediately before the establishment day, was a mediator appointed under section 318F of the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998*. 42
43
44

current medical assessor means any person who, immediately before the establishment day, was a medical assessor under the *Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017* or the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999* (or both).

current merit reviewer means any person who, immediately before the establishment day, was a merit reviewer under the *Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017*.

current Principal Claims Assessor means any person who, immediately before the establishment day, was the Principal Claims Assessor under the *Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017* or the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999* (or both).

current WCC member means a person who was a member of the WCC immediately before the establishment day.

DRS means the Dispute Resolution Service of the Authority established under Division 7.2 of the *Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017* provided in respect of motor vehicle accidents occurring on or after 1 December 2017.

MAS means the Motor Accidents Medical Assessment Service of the Authority referred to in section 57A of the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999* immediately before the establishment day.

WCC means the Workers Compensation Commission established by the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998*.

- (2) If a provision of this Part provides for a matter or other thing to occur on a specified day, the matter or thing is taken to have occurred at the beginning of the specified day.

Division 2 Abolition of WCC, certain offices and dispute resolution services provided by Authority

3 Abolition of WCC and various motor accident services

Each of the following is abolished on the establishment day—

- (a) the DRS,
- (b) the MAS,
- (c) the CARS,
- (d) the WCC.

4 Certain office holders cease to hold office on establishment day

- (1) Any person who, immediately before the establishment day, held any of the following offices ceases to hold it on and from the establishment day—
- (a) President of the WCC,
 - (b) Deputy President of the WCC,
 - (c) Registrar of the WCC,
 - (d) Senior Arbitrator of the WCC,
 - (e) Arbitrator of the WCC,
 - (f) senior approved medical specialist under the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998*,
 - (g) approved medical specialist under the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998*,
 - (h) mediator under the *Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998*.
- (2) Any person who, immediately before the establishment day, held any of the following offices ceases to hold it on and from the establishment day—

- (a) Principal Claims Assessor under the *Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017* or the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999* (or both), 1
2
 - (b) claims assessor under the *Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017* or the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999* (or both), 3
4
 - (c) medical assessor under the *Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017* or the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999* (or both), 5
6
 - (d) merit reviewer under the *Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017*. 7
- (3) If a person ceases to hold an office by operation of this clause, the person is— 8
- (a) not entitled to any remuneration or compensation because of the loss of that office, and 9
10
 - (b) eligible (if otherwise qualified) to be appointed to hold an office in the Commission if Division 3 or Division 4 does not already operate to make the appointment. 11
12
13
- Note.** Division 3 and Division 4 provide for certain persons who cease to hold office by operation of this clause to be transferred to the Commission. 14
15
- (4) This clause has effect despite anything to the contrary in any other legislation concerning the circumstances or processes for the removal of (or the vacation of office by) holders of the offices referred to in subclause (1) or (2). 16
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Division 3 Transfers concerning members of Commission 19

5 WCC members to become members of Commission 20

- (1) **Transfer of WCC President** 21
- A current WCC member who is the President of the WCC is taken, on and from the establishment day, to have been appointed under this Act as the President of the Commission. 22
23
24
- (2) **Transfer of WCC Deputy Presidents** 25
- A current WCC member who is a Deputy President of the WCC is taken, on and from the establishment day, to have been— 26
27
- (a) appointed under this Act as a Deputy President of the Commission, and 28
 - (b) assigned under this Act to the Workers Compensation Division. 29
- (3) **Transfer of WCC Registrar** 30
- A current WCC member who is the Registrar of the WCC is taken, on and from the establishment day, to have been— 31
32
- (a) appointed under this Act as a principal member of the Commission, and 33
 - (b) appointed under this Act as the Division Head of the Workers Compensation Division. 34
35
- (4) **Transfer of WCC Senior Arbitrators** 36
- A current WCC member who is a Senior Arbitrator of the WCC is taken, on and from the establishment day, to have been— 37
38
- (a) appointed under this Act as a senior member of the Commission, and 39
 - (b) assigned under this Act to the Workers Compensation Division. 40
- (5) **Transfer of other WCC Arbitrators** 41
- A current WCC member who is an Arbitrator (other than a Senior Arbitrator) of the WCC is taken, on and from the establishment day, to have been— 42
43
- (a) appointed under this Act as a general member of the Commission, and 44

(b)	assigned under this Act to the Workers Compensation Division.	1
(6)	Subclause (5) does not apply to an Arbitrator who is a Public Service employee immediately before the establishment day.	2 3
6	Certain motor accident claims assessors to become members of Commission	4
(1)	The current Principal Claims Assessor under the <i>Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017</i> is taken, on and from the establishment day, to have been—	5 6
(a)	appointed under this Act as a principal member of the Commission, and	7
(b)	appointed under this Act as the Division Head of the Motor Accidents Division.	8 9
(2)	A current claims assessor is taken, on and from the establishment day, to have been—	10
(a)	appointed under this Act as a general member of the Commission, and	11
(b)	assigned under this Act to the Motor Accidents Division.	12
(3)	Subclause (2) does not apply to a current claims assessor who is a Public Service employee immediately before the establishment day.	13 14
7	Effect of Division in relation to transfers	15
(1)	Despite clause 3 of Schedule 2, a person who is appointed as a member of the Commission by operation of this Division is taken to hold office as a member of the Commission for whichever of the following is the greater—	16 17 18
(a)	the period of 12 months commencing on the establishment day,	19
(b)	the balance of the term to which the person was appointed to the abolished office.	20 21
(2)	A person appointed as a member of the Commission by operation of this clause is taken to have been appointed on a basis other than full-time if the person's abolished office was not held on a full-time basis.	22 23 24
(3)	The Minister may issue an appropriate instrument of appointment to a person appointed as a member of the Commission by operation of this Division.	25 26
(4)	A person's appointment as a member of the Commission is effective whether or not an instrument of appointment is issued under subclause (3).	27 28
(5)	This Division does not—	29
(a)	apply to a person who is appointed under this Act to be a member of the Commission before the establishment day, or	30 31
(b)	prevent a person who becomes a member of the Commission or the holder of another position in the Commission by operation of this Division from—	32 33
(i)	being appointed, with the consent of the person, to a different or additional office or position in the Commission under this Act, or	34 35
(ii)	vacating office or the position, subject to subclauses (1) and (2), in accordance with the provisions of this Act.	36 37
(6)	In this clause—	38
	<i>abolished office</i> , in relation to a person appointed as a member of the Commission by operation of this Division, means the office held by the person immediately before the establishment day.	39 40 41

Division 4	Transfers concerning medical assessors, merit reviewers and mediators	1 2
8	Transfer of current approved medical specialists	3
(1)	A current approved medical specialist is taken, on and from the establishment day, to have been appointed under this Act as a medical assessor for the purposes of the <i>Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998</i> .	4 5 6
(2)	Subclause (1) does not apply to a current approved medical specialist who is a Public Service employee immediately before the establishment day.	7 8
9	Transfer of current medical assessors	9
(1)	A current medical assessor is taken, on and from the establishment day, to have been appointed as a medical assessor under this Act for the purposes of the Act under which they were originally appointed.	10 11 12
(2)	Subclause (1) does not apply to a current medical assessor who is a Public Service employee immediately before the establishment day.	13 14
10	Transfer of current merit reviewers	15
(1)	A current merit reviewer is taken, on and from the establishment day, to have been appointed as a merit reviewer under this Act for the purposes of the <i>Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017</i> .	16 17 18
(2)	Subclause (1) does not apply to a current merit reviewer who is a Public Service employee immediately before the establishment day.	19 20
11	Transfer of current mediators	21
(1)	A current mediator is taken, on and from the establishment day, to have been appointed as a mediator under this Act for the purposes of the <i>Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998</i> .	22 23 24
(2)	Subclause (1) does not apply to a current mediator who is a Public Service employee immediately before the establishment day.	25 26
12	Effect of Division in relation to transfers	27
(1)	A person who is appointed as a medical assessor, merit reviewer or mediator by operation of this Division is taken to hold office as a medical assessor, merit reviewer or mediator for whichever of the following is the greater—	28 29 30
(a)	the period of 12 months commencing on the establishment day,	31
(b)	the balance of the term to which the person was appointed to the abolished office.	32 33
(2)	A person appointed as a medical assessor, merit reviewer or mediator by operation of this clause is taken to have been appointed on a basis other than full-time if the person's abolished office was not held on a full-time basis.	34 35 36
(3)	The President may issue an appropriate instrument of appointment to a person appointed as a medical assessor, merit reviewer or mediator by operation of this Division.	37 38 39
(4)	A person's appointment as a medical assessor, merit reviewer or mediator is effective whether or not an instrument of appointment is issued under subclause (3).	40 41
(5)	This Division does not prevent a person who becomes a member of the Commission or the holder of another position in the Commission by operation of this Division from—	42 43 44

- (a) being appointed, with the consent of the person, to a different or additional office or position in the Commission under this Act, or 1
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- (b) vacating office or the position, subject to subclauses (1) and (2), in accordance with the provisions of this Act. 3
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- (6) In this clause— 5
abolished office, in relation to a person appointed as a medical assessor, merit reviewer or mediator by operation of this Division, means the office held by the person immediately before the establishment day. 6
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Division 5 Miscellaneous 9

13 Interim directions concerning practice and procedure 10

- (1) Until Commission rules first come into force, the President may issue directions (*interim practice and procedure directions*) concerning any matter for or in respect of which the Commission rules may make provision. 11
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- (2) An interim practice and procedure direction— 14
 - (a) must be published on the Commission’s website, and 15
 - (b) takes effect on the day it is published or any later day specified in the direction, and 16
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 - (c) ceases to have effect when the Commission rules first come into force, unless sooner revoked, and 18
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 - (d) may be amended, replaced or revoked by a further direction. 20
- (3) An interim practice and procedure direction is taken to be a Commission rule for the purposes of any provision of legislation that refers to a matter for which the Commission rules may or must make provision (however described). 21
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- (4) Without limiting subclause (3), an interim practice and procedure direction operates as a Commission rule for the purposes of this Act. 24
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- (5) However, subclause (3) does not apply in respect of the following provisions— 26
 - (a) sections 39–41 of the *Interpretation Act 1987*, 27
 - (b) any other provision of legislation prescribed by the regulations. 28
- (6) This clause does not limit the power of the President to issue procedural directions under section 21. 29
30

14 Making of first principal Regulation 31

Part 2 of the *Subordinate Legislation Act 1989* is taken to apply to the first regulation made under this Act that is a principal statutory rule (within the meaning of the *Subordinate Legislation Act 1989*) as if the Minister administering the *Subordinate Legislation Act 1989* had given a certificate under section 6(1)(b) of that Act with respect to the regulation. 32
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Schedule 2	Provisions relating to members of Commission	1
	section 8	2
1	Definition	3
	In this Schedule—	4
	<i>judicial office</i> means the office of—	5
	(a) Magistrate, or	6
	(b) Judge of the District Court, or	7
	(c) Judge of the Land and Environment Court, or	8
	(d) Judge of the Supreme Court.	9
2	Application of Schedule to acting members	10
	(1) Subject to this clause, all of the provisions of this Schedule apply to acting members.	11
	(2) In this clause—	12
	<i>acting member</i> means a person appointed by or under this Act to act as a member.	13
3	Terms of appointment	14
	(1) Subject to this Act, a member holds office for the period specified in the member’s instrument of appointment.	15 16
	(2) The term of an appointment must not exceed—	17
	(a) for a presidential member—7 years, or	18
	(b) for a non-presidential member—5 years.	19
	(3) A member is eligible for reappointment.	20
4	Protection and immunities of member	21
	A member has, in the performance of functions performed as a member, the same protection and immunities as a Judge of the Supreme Court.	22 23
5	Remuneration	24
	(1) The following members are entitled to be paid remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) in accordance with the <i>Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975</i> —	25 26 27
	(a) a presidential member,	28
	(b) any other member appointed on a full-time basis by the member’s instrument of appointment or by a later instrument executed by the Minister.	29 30
	(2) A member who is a Public Service employee is not entitled to receive remuneration under this Act while receiving remuneration as a Public Service employee.	31 32
	(3) Any other member is entitled to be paid remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) in respect of work done as a member as the Minister determines from time to time in respect of the member.	33 34 35
6	Vacancy in office	36
	(1) The office of a member becomes vacant if the member—	37
	(a) dies, or	38
	(b) completes a term of office and is not reappointed, or	39
	(c) resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	40

(d)	is nominated for election as a member of the Legislative Council or of the Legislative Assembly or as a member of a House of Parliament or a legislature of another State or Territory or of the Commonwealth, or	1 2 3
(e)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit, or	4 5 6
(f)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	7
(g)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable, or	8 9 10 11
(h)	is removed from office under this clause.	12
(2)	The Minister may remove a member from office for incapacity, incompetence or misbehaviour.	13 14
7	Acting President	15
(1)	If the President is absent from duty, the most senior Deputy President is to be Acting President unless the Minister makes an appointment under subclause (2).	16 17
(2)	The Minister may appoint a Deputy President or other member to be Acting President during the absence of the President from duty.	18 19
(3)	The Minister may make any appointment for a particular absence or for any absence that occurs from time to time.	20 21
(4)	An Acting President has the functions of the President and anything done by an Acting President in the exercise of those functions has effect as if it had been done by the President.	22 23 24
(5)	In this clause, <i>absence from duty</i> includes a vacancy in the office of President.	25
8	Acting Deputy Presidents	26
(1)	If a Deputy President is absent from duty, the Minister may appoint a person to be an Acting Deputy President during the absence of the Deputy President.	27 28
(2)	The Minister may make an appointment for a particular absence or for any absence that occurs from time to time.	29 30
(3)	The Minister may also appoint such additional Acting Deputy Presidents as the Minister determines may be necessary having regard to the workload and the need for the proper and efficient exercise of the Commission's functions.	31 32 33
(4)	A person may be appointed as an Acting Deputy President only if the person is eligible to be appointed as a Deputy President.	34 35
(5)	An Acting Deputy President may be appointed for up to 12 months but may, despite the expiration of that period, complete or otherwise continue to deal with any matters relating to proceedings that have been heard, or partly heard, by the Acting Deputy President before the expiration of that period.	36 37 38 39
(6)	A retired judicial officer may be appointed as an Acting Deputy President even though that person has reached the age of 72 years (or will have reached that age before the appointment expires).	40 41 42
(7)	An Acting Deputy President has the functions of a Deputy President and anything done by an Acting Deputy President in the exercise of those functions has effect as if it had been done by a Deputy President.	43 44 45

- (8) Clause 3 does not apply to an Acting Deputy President. 1
- (9) In this clause— 2
absence from duty includes a vacancy in the office of a Deputy President and an absence due to a Deputy President being Acting President in accordance with clause 7. 3
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- 9 Acting principal member** 6
- (1) If a principal member is absent from duty, the Minister may appoint a person to be an acting principal member during the absence of the principal member. 7
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- (2) The Minister may make an appointment for a particular absence or for any absence that occurs from time to time. 9
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- (3) The Minister may also appoint such additional acting principal members as the Minister determines may be necessary having regard to the workload and the need for the proper and efficient exercise of the Commission’s functions. 11
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13
- (4) A person may be appointed as an acting principal member only if the person is eligible to be appointed as a principal member. 14
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- (5) An acting principal member may be appointed for up to 12 months but may, despite the expiration of that period, complete or otherwise continue to deal with any matters relating to proceedings that have been heard, or partly heard, by the acting principal member before the expiration of that period. 16
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- (6) An acting principal member has the functions of a principal member and anything done by an acting principal member in the exercise of those functions has effect as if it had been done by a principal member. 20
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- (7) Clause 3 does not apply to an acting principal member. 23
- (8) In this clause— 24
absence from duty includes a vacancy in the office of a principal member and an absence due to a principal member being an Acting Deputy President in accordance with clause 8. 25
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- 10 Seniority** 28
- (1) The members have seniority according to the following order of precedence— 29
- (a) the President, 30
- (b) Deputy Presidents according to the days on which their appointments took effect or, if the appointments of 2 of them took effect on the same day, according to the precedence assigned to them by their instruments of appointment, 31
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- (c) principal members according to the days on which their appointments took effect or, if the appointments of 2 of them took effect on the same day, according to the precedence assigned to them by their instruments of appointment, 35
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- (d) senior members according to the days on which their appointments took effect or, if the appointments of 2 of them took effect on the same day, according to the precedence assigned to them by their instruments of appointment, 39
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- (e) general members according to the days on which their appointments took effect. 42
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- (2) If a person is reappointed under this Act, the person’s seniority is to be determined as if there had been no break in the person’s service. 44
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11	Members and former members may complete unfinished matters	1
(1)	This clause applies to a member (an <i>affected member</i>) dealing with any matters relating to proceedings before the Commission that have been heard or partly heard (or were otherwise the subject of deliberations) by the member if, during the proceedings, either or both of the following occur—	2 3 4 5
(a)	the member ceases to have a qualification specified by a Division Schedule for a Commission Division or enabling legislation for participation in the proceedings other than because of any of the following reasons—	6 7 8
(i)	misconduct or unsatisfactory conduct of the member,	9
(ii)	the mental incapacity of the member,	10
(iii)	the member becoming bankrupt or insolvent,	11
(b)	the member ceases to be a member because of the expiration of the period of the member's appointment.	12 13
(2)	An affected member may, despite becoming an affected member, complete or otherwise continue to deal with any matters in the proceedings concerned.	14 15
(3)	While completing or otherwise dealing with matters referred to in subclause (2), the affected member is taken to have and may exercise all the rights and functions of a member that the affected member had immediately before becoming an affected member.	16 17 18 19
12	Leave	20
(1)	The entitlement of a member to annual and other leave is to be as stated in the instrument of the member's appointment.	21 22
(2)	A member may be granted leave—	23
(a)	in the case of the President—by the Minister, and	24
(b)	in any other case—by the President.	25
13	Superannuation and leave—preservation of rights	26
(1)	An eligible member—	27
(a)	may continue to contribute to any superannuation scheme to which the eligible member was a contributor immediately before becoming an eligible member, and	28 29 30
(b)	is entitled to receive any payment, pension or gratuity accrued or accruing under the scheme, as if the eligible member had continued to be such a contributor during service as a member.	31 32 33
(2)	Service by the eligible member as a member is taken to be service as an officer in the eligible member's previous employment for the purposes of any law under which the member continues to contribute to the scheme or by which an entitlement under the scheme is conferred.	34 35 36 37
(3)	The eligible member is to be regarded as an officer or employee, and the State is to be regarded as the employer, for the purposes of the scheme.	38 39
(4)	This clause ceases to apply to the eligible member if the eligible member becomes a contributor to another superannuation scheme, but the eligible member is not prevented from receiving a resignation benefit from the first superannuation scheme.	40 41 42
(5)	An eligible member retains any rights to annual leave, extended or long service leave and sick leave accrued or accruing in the eligible member's previous employment.	43 44
(6)	An eligible member is not entitled to claim, under both this Act and any other Act, dual benefits of the same kind for the same period of service.	45 46

(7)	In this clause—	1
	<i>eligible member</i> means a member who, immediately before holding that office, was a public servant or an officer or employee of a public authority declared by an Act or proclamation to be an authority to which this clause applies.	2 3 4
	<i>superannuation scheme</i> means a scheme, fund or arrangement under which any superannuation or retirement benefits are provided and that is established by or under an Act.	5 6 7
14	Provisions where judicial officer is holding office as member	8
(1)	The appointment of a person who is the holder of a judicial office as a member, or service by a person who is the holder of a judicial office as a member, does not affect—	9 10 11
	(a) the person’s tenure of that judicial office, or	12
	(b) the person’s rank, title, status, remuneration or other rights or privileges as the holder of that judicial office.	13 14
(2)	The person’s service as a member is, for all purposes, taken to be service as the holder of that judicial office.	15 16
(3)	This clause is subject to clause 6.	17
15	Disclosure of pecuniary and other interests	18
	The regulations may make provision for or with respect to—	19
	(a) the disclosure by members of interests (whether pecuniary or otherwise) that could conflict with the proper performance of the functions of a member in proceedings, and	20 21 22
	(b) the participation of members in proceedings in which there may be a conflict of interest (including the effect of participation on the validity of decisions made in the proceedings).	23 24 25
16	Effect of other Acts	26
(1)	The office of a member is a statutory office and the provisions of the <i>Government Sector Employment Act 2013</i> relating to the employment of Public Service employees do not apply to that office.	27 28 29
(2)	If, by or under any Act, provision is made—	30
	(a) requiring a person who is the holder of a specified office to devote the whole of the person’s time to the duties of that office, or	31 32
	(b) prohibiting the person from engaging in employment outside the duties of that office,	33 34
	the provision does not operate to disqualify the person from holding that office and also the office of a non-full-time member or from accepting and retaining any remuneration payable to the person under this Act as a non-full-time member.	35 36 37
(3)	In this clause—	38
	<i>non-full-time member</i> means a member holding office other than on a full-time basis.	39 40
17	Oaths	41
	The Minister may require oaths to be taken by the President and any Deputy President.	42 43

Schedule 3	Workers Compensation Division	1
	section 13	2
Part 1	Interpretation	3
1	Definitions	4
	In this Schedule—	5
	<i>Division function</i> means a function of the Commission allocated to the Division by this Schedule.	6 7
	<i>Division Head</i> means the Division Head of the Division.	8
	<i>Division member</i> means a member who is assigned to the Division.	9
	<i>substantive Division function</i> means a Division function other than a Division function exercised by a registrar.	10 11
	<i>the Division</i> means the Workers Compensation Division of the Commission.	12
Part 2	Composition of Division	13
2	Division members	14
	The Division is composed of the following members—	15
	(a) the Division Head,	16
	(b) any other members assigned to the Division by or under this Act.	17
Part 3	Functions of Division	18
3	Functions allocated to Division	19
(1)	The functions of the Commission in relation to the workers compensation legislation are allocated to the Division.	20 21
	Note. Section 5(2) provides that a reference in this Act (however expressed) to the exercise by the Commission of its functions in relation to enabling legislation includes a reference both to its functions under the enabling legislation and its functions under this Act or any other legislation in relation to the enabling legislation.	22 23 24 25
(2)	Without limiting subclause (1), the functions of the Commission in relation to the workers compensation legislation include the following—	26 27
	(a) expedited assessments under Part 5 of Chapter 7 of the <i>Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998</i> ,	28 29
	(b) the resolution of disputes about work capacity decisions within the meaning of the <i>Workers Compensation Act 1987</i> ,	30 31
	(c) the assessment of costs under provisions concerning assessments made by regulations for the purposes of section 347(4) of the <i>Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998</i> .	32 33 34
Part 4	Special constitution requirements	35
4	Constitution generally	36
	Except as provided by this Part or sections 351 and 352 of the <i>Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998</i> , the Commission when exercising its substantive Division functions is to be constituted by—	37 38 39
	(a) 1 Division member who is a non-presidential member, or	40

(b)	the Division Head (but only if the Division Head is a Deputy President).	1
5	Constitution for costs assessments and appeals against costs assessments	2
(1)	This clause applies to the exercise of—	3
(a)	a substantive Division function in respect of an assessment of costs by the Commission under provisions for assessments of costs made by regulations for the purposes of section 347(4) of the <i>Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998</i> (a costs assessment function), and	4 5 6 7
(b)	a substantive Division function in respect of an appeal to the Commission against an assessment of costs under provisions for appeals made by regulations for the purposes of section 347(4) of the <i>Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998</i> (a costs assessment appeal function).	8 9 10 11 12
(2)	The Commission, when exercising a costs assessment function, is to be constituted by 1 Division member who is a non-presidential member.	13 14
(3)	The Commission, when exercising a costs assessment appeal function, is to be constituted by 1 Division member who is a presidential member.	15 16
Part 5	Special practice and procedure	17
6	Commission to attempt conciliation	18
(1)	The Commission constituted by a non-presidential member is not, in the exercise of its substantive Division functions, to make an award or otherwise determine a dispute referred to the Commission for determination without first using the member's best endeavours to bring the parties to the dispute to a settlement acceptable to all of them.	19 20 21 22
(2)	No objection may be taken to the making of an award or the determination of a dispute by the Commission constituted by a non-presidential member on the ground that the member had previously used the member's best endeavours to bring the parties to the dispute to a settlement.	23 24 25 26
7	Evidence of statements made in Commission	27
	In proceedings before a court with respect to a claim for work injury damages (other than proceedings under section 235A or 235C of the <i>Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998</i> or under the <i>Crimes Act 1900</i> with respect to fraud), evidence of a statement made in proceedings before the Commission is not admissible unless the person who made the statement agrees to the evidence being admitted.	28 29 30 31 32 33
8	Powers of Commission to require evidence	34
(1)	The Commission may require any person appearing before the Commission in proceedings allocated to the Division—	35 36
(a)	to give evidence on oath or affirmation (and may, for that purpose, administer an oath or affirmation), and	37 38
(b)	to answer any relevant question put to the person.	39
(2)	A person must not, without reasonable excuse, refuse or fail to comply with a requirement duly made under this clause. Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	40 41 42
(3)	A person is not required to answer a question under this clause if the answer to that question would tend to incriminate the person of an offence.	43 44

Part 6 Division functions exercisable by registrar

9 Registrar may exercise expedited assessment functions if directed

- (1) Despite Part 4, a registrar or any other member of staff of the Commission may, at the direction of the President, exercise any of the functions of the Commission referred to in clause 3(2).
- (2) The President may direct a registrar or any other member of staff of the Commission to refer the exercise of such a function in a particular matter to the Commission and the registrar or other member of staff must comply with the direction.
- (3) A registrar or any other member of staff of the Commission may refer a particular matter in the exercise of such a function to the Commission if the registrar or member of staff considers it would be more appropriate for the Commission to deal with the matter.

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Schedule 4	Motor Accidents Division	1
	section 13	2
Part 1	Interpretation	3
1	Definitions	4
	In this Schedule—	5
	<i>Division function</i> means a function of the Commission allocated to the Division by this Schedule.	6
	<i>Division Head</i> means the Division Head of the Division.	7
	<i>Division member</i> means a member who is assigned to the Division.	8
	<i>substantive Division function</i> means a Division function other than a Division function exercised by a registrar.	9
	<i>the Division</i> means the Motor Accidents Division of the Commission.	10
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Part 2	Composition of Division	13
2	Division members	14
	The Division is composed of the following members—	15
	(a) the Division Head,	16
	(b) any other members assigned to the Division by or under this Act.	17
Part 3	Functions of Division	18
3	Functions allocated to Division	19
	The functions of the Commission in relation to the motor accidents legislation are allocated to the Division.	20
	Note. Section 5(2) provides that a reference in this Act (however expressed) to the exercise by the Commission of its functions in relation to enabling legislation includes a reference both to its functions under the enabling legislation and its functions under this Act or any other legislation in relation to the enabling legislation.	21
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Part 4	Special constitution requirements	26
4	Constitution generally	27
	Except as provided by this Part, the Commission when exercising its substantive Division functions is to be constituted by 1 Division member.	28
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5	Exempt claim functions	30
	The Commission, when exercising its substantive Division functions for the purposes of section 7.34(1)(b) of the <i>Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017</i> or section 92(1)(b) of the <i>Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999</i> , is to be constituted by—	31
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		33
	(a) the President, or	34
	(b) at the direction of the President, the Division Head.	35
6	Functions under Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support) Act 2006	36
	The Commission, when exercising its substantive Division functions for the purposes of Division 2 of Part 3 of the <i>Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support) Act 2006</i> , is to be constituted by 3 Division members.	37
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Part 5 Special practice and procedure

7 Evidence about assessment conference

(1) In proceedings before a court with respect to a claim, evidence of a statement made during an assessment conference is not admissible unless the person who made the statement agrees to the evidence being admitted.

(2) Subclause (1) does not apply in respect of proceedings before a court under—

(a) Division 6.6 of the *Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017*, or

(b) Part 4.6 of the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999*.

(3) In this clause—

assessment conference means any conference or other proceeding held with or before the Commission in connection with an assessment of a claim, and includes any such proceedings at which the parties (or some of them) participate by telephone, closed-circuit television or other means.

claim means a claim within the meaning of the *Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017* or the *Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999*.

Schedule 5	Amendment of other legislation	1
5.1	Defamation Act 2005 No 77	2
	Schedule 2 Additional kinds of public documents	3
	Omit clause 3. Insert instead—	4
	3 Documents relating to Personal Injury Commission	5
	(1) Without limiting section 28(4)(a)–(f), a document that consists of—	6
	(a) a report made by a member of the Personal Injury Commission of a decision or determination of the member in respect of proceedings under enabling legislation, or	7
	(b) a report made by a merit reviewer, medical assessor or registrar of a decision or determination of the reviewer, assessor or registrar in respect of any proceedings under enabling legislation.	10
	(2) Words and expressions used in this clause that are defined in the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> have the same meanings as in that Act.	13
5.2	District Court Act 1973 No 9	15
	Section 44 Actions	16
	Insert after section 44(1)(d2)—	17
	(d3) without limiting paragraphs (d) and (d1), any substituted proceedings within the meaning of Division 3.2 of the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> irrespective of the amount claimed,	18
5.3	Electronic Transactions Regulation 2017	21
[1]	Clause 8 Definition of “court” for purposes of Schedule 1 to the Act	22
	Omit “Workers Compensation Commission” from clause 8(1).	23
	Insert instead “Personal Injury Commission”.	24
[2]	Clause 8(2)	25
	Omit the subclause.	26
5.4	Government Information (Public Access) Regulation 2018	27
	Schedule 3 Agencies declared to be part of other agencies	28
	Omit the matter relating to the Workers Compensation Commission.	29
	Insert in appropriate order of agency—	30
	Personal Injury Commission	Department of Customer Service
5.5	Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017 No 10	31
[1]	Section 1.4 Definitions	32
	Omit the definitions of <i>claims assessor</i> , <i>Dispute Resolution Service</i> and <i>Principal Claims Assessor</i> from section 1.4(1).	33
		34

[2] Section 1.4(1)	1
Insert in alphabetical order—	2
<i>Commission</i> means the Personal Injury Commission of New South Wales established by the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> .	3
<i>Commission rules</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> .	4
<i>President</i> means the President of the Commission.	5
[3] Section 1.4(1), definitions of “medical assessor” and “merit reviewer”	6
Omit the definitions. Insert instead—	7
<i>medical assessor</i> means a person appointed under the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> as a medical assessor for the purposes of this Act.	8
<i>merit reviewer</i> means a person appointed under the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> as a merit reviewer for the purposes of this Act.	9
[4] Section 1.6 Meaning of “minor injury”	10
Omit section 1.6(5). Insert instead—	11
(5) The Motor Accident Guidelines may make provision for or with respect to the assessment of whether an injury is a minor injury for the purposes of this Act.	12
(6) Subsection (5) does not enable the Motor Accident Guidelines to make provision for or with respect to the resolution of disputes by the Commission or medical assessor.	13
Note. The rules of the Commission make provision for these matters.	14
[5] Section 2.31 Rejection of claim for failure to make due inquiry and search to establish identity of vehicle	15
Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” from section 2.31(1)(b).	16
Insert instead “Commission”.	17
[6] Section 3.3 Determination of relevant insurer	18
Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” from section 3.3(2).	19
Insert instead “Commission”.	20
[7] Section 3.20 Refund of weekly payments paid after return to employment	21
Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” wherever occurring in section 3.20(1)–(4) and (6).	22
Insert instead “Commission”.	23
[8] Section 3.21 Weekly statutory benefits to persons residing outside Australia	24
Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” from section 3.21(2)(a).	25
Insert instead “Commission”.	26
[9] Section 3.38 Reduction of weekly statutory benefits after 6 months for contributory negligence	27
Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” wherever occurring in section 3.38(2)(a) and (3).	28
Insert instead “Commission”.	29

[10]	Section 3.44 Statutory benefits determinations relating to fault etc not binding in relation to common law claims	1
	Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” from section 3.44(1).	2
	Insert instead “Commission”.	3
[11]	Section 3.45 Special provisions relating to payment of statutory benefits for treatment and care by Lifetime Care and Support Authority as relevant insurer	4
	Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” from section 3.45(5).	5
	Insert instead “Commission”.	6
[12]	Section 4.1 Damages in respect of motor accidents	7
	Omit “a claims assessor” from section 4.1(2)(b). Insert instead “the Commission”.	8
[13]	Section 4.2 General regulation of award of damages	9
	Omit “claims assessor” from section 4.2(2). Insert instead “Commission”.	10
[14]	Section 4.7 Future economic loss—claimant’s prospects and adjustments	11
	Omit “claims assessor” wherever occurring in section 4.7(1) and (3).	12
	Insert instead “Commission”.	13
[15]	Section 4.8 Assessment of impairment of earning capacity if dispute over degree of impairment	14
	Omit “claims assessor” and “Dispute Resolution Service” wherever occurring in the note to the section.	15
	Insert instead “the Commission” and “Commission”, respectively.	16
[16]	Section 4.12 Assessment of permanent impairment required if dispute over impairment threshold	17
	Omit “claims assessor” and “Dispute Resolution Service” wherever occurring in the note to section 4.12(1).	18
	Insert instead “the Commission” and “Commission”, respectively.	19
[17]	Section 4.14 Publication of information to assist determination of non-economic loss	20
	Omit “claims assessor” from section 4.14(2). Insert instead “the Commission”.	21
[18]	Section 4.16 Payment of interest	22
	Omit “claims assessor” wherever occurring in section 4.16(2) and (3)(a).	23
	Insert instead “Commission”.	24
[19]	Section 4.17 Contributory negligence—generally	25
	Omit “claims assessor” wherever occurring in section 4.17(2)(a) and (3).	26
	Insert instead “Commission”.	27
[20]	Section 6.6	28
	Omit the section. Insert instead—	29
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6.6	Directions for compliance with duties	1
(1)	The Commission when undertaking a claims assessment, or a merit reviewer when undertaking a merit review under Part 7, may give directions to a party to a claim for the purpose of ensuring compliance by the party with a duty arising under this Division.	2 3 4 5
(2)	If a claimant fails to comply with such a direction without reasonable excuse, the giver of the direction may direct the insurer to suspend weekly payments of statutory benefits to the claimant under Part 3 while the failure continues.	6 7 8
(3)	If an insurer fails to comply with such a direction without reasonable excuse, the giver of the direction may direct the insurer not to discontinue or reduce weekly payments of statutory benefits to the claimant under Part 3 while the failure continues.	9 10 11 12
(4)	The principal registrar of the Commission is to inform the Authority of the following if an insurer fails to comply with a direction given under this section—	13 14 15
	(a) the name of the insurer,	16
	(b) the name of the claimant,	17
	(c) particulars about the insurer’s failure.	18
[21]	Section 6.7 Reports to Authority on compliance	19
	Omit “Dispute Resolution Service”. Insert instead “Commission”.	20
[22]	Section 6.9 Compliance with verification requirements—claim for statutory benefits	21
	Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” from section 6.9(b). Insert instead “Commission”.	22
[23]	Section 6.10 Compliance with verification requirements—claim for damages	23
	Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” wherever occurring in section 6.10(1). Insert instead “Commission”.	24 25
[24]	Section 6.14 Time for making of claims for damages	26
	Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” from section 6.14(5)(b). Insert instead “Commission”.	27
[25]	Section 6.15 How notice of claims given	28
	Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” from section 6.15(5)(b). Insert instead “Commission”.	29
[26]	Section 6.21 Costs penalty for unreasonable denial of liability	30
	Omit “claims assessor” wherever occurring in section 6.21(1). Insert instead “Commission”.	31 32
[27]	Section 6.22 Duty of insurer to make offer of settlement on claim for damages	33
	Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” from the note to section 6.22(5). Insert instead “Commission”.	34 35
[28]	Section 6.23 Restrictions on settlement of claim for damages	36
	Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” wherever occurring in section 6.23(2)(b) and (3). Insert instead “Commission”.	37 38

[29] Section 6.26 Consequences of failure to provide relevant particulars of claim for damages	1
Omit “Authority” from section 6.26(4)(a). Insert instead “Commission”.	2
	3
[30] Section 6.26(5)	4
Omit the subsection.	5
[31] Section 6.26(6) and (7)	6
Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” wherever occurring. Insert instead “Commission”.	7
[32] Section 6.27 Medical and other examination of claimant	8
Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” from section 6.27(3). Insert instead “Commission”.	9
[33] Section 6.31 Claims assessment or exemption pre-condition for commencement of court proceedings	10
Omit section 6.31(1). Insert instead—	11
	12
(1) Subject to Division 3.2 of the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> , a claimant is not entitled to commence court proceedings against another person in respect of a claim unless—	13
	14
(a) the Commission has issued a certificate in respect of the claim under section 7.34 (Claims exempt from assessment), or	15
	16
(b) the Commission has issued a certificate in respect of the claim under section 7.36 (Assessment of claims).	17
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[34] Section 6.32 Time limitations on commencement of court proceedings	20
Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” from section 6.32(2). Insert instead “Commission”.	21
[35] Section 6.34 Matter to be remitted for further claims assessment where significant new evidence produced in court proceedings	22
Omit “a claims assessor” and “the claims assessor” wherever occurring.	23
Insert instead “the Commission”.	24
	25
[36] Section 6.38, heading	26
Omit “Dispute Resolution Service”. Insert instead “Commission”.	27
[37] Section 6.38(1)(b)	28
Omit “a claims assessor”. Insert instead “the Commission”.	29
[38] Section 7.1 Definitions	30
Omit the definitions of <i>claims assessor</i> , <i>decision-maker</i> , <i>medical assessor</i> and <i>merit reviewer</i> .	31
Insert in alphabetical order—	32
<i>decision-maker</i> means a medical assessor or merit reviewer.	33
	34
[39] Section 7.1(2) and (3)	35
Insert at the end of section 7.1—	36
	37
(2) A function conferred by a provision of this Act on a decision-maker in relation to any matter is to be exercised in accordance with the Commission rules by a decision-maker designated by the President except if it is—	38
	39

	(a) a dispute about the assessment of a claim under Division 7.6, or	1
	(b) a merit review matter, or	2
	(c) a medical assessment matter, or	3
	(d) a miscellaneous claims assessment matter.	4
	(3) A function conferred on the Commission by a provision of this Act in respect of any matter is to be exercised in accordance with the Commission rules.	5 6
[40]	Division 7.2 Dispute Resolution Service	7
	Omit the Division.	8
[41]	Section 7.10 Definitions	9
	Omit the definition of <i>proper officer of the Authority</i> .	10
[42]	Section 7.12 Application for merit review	11
	Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” wherever occurring in section 7.12(1) and (2).	12
	Insert instead “President”.	13
[43]	Section 7.12(1)	14
	Omit “Motor Accident Guidelines”. Insert instead “Commission rules”.	15
[44]	Section 7.13 Determination of merit review application	16
	Omit section 7.13(5).	17
[45]	Section 7.15 Review of merit review decision by review panel	18
	Omit “proper officer of the Authority” wherever occurring in section 7.15(1) and (3).	19
	Insert instead “President”.	20
[46]	Section 7.15(3)	21
	Omit “if the proper officer”. Insert instead “if the President”.	22
[47]	Section 7.15(6)	23
	Omit the subsection. Insert instead—	24
	(6) An application under this section must be made within 28 days after the parties to the merit review were issued with a certificate referred to in section 7.13(4) as to the merit reviewer’s determination.	25 26 27
[48]	Section 7.16 Regulations	28
	Omit “or a merit review” from section 7.16(b).	29
[49]	Section 7.17 Definitions	30
	Omit “a claims assessor” from paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>medical dispute</i> .	31
	Insert instead “the Commission”.	32
[50]	Section 7.20 Medical assessment procedures	33
	Omit section 7.20(1). Insert instead—	34
	(1) A medical dispute about a claim may be referred to the President for assessment under this Division by—	35 36

	(a) either party to the dispute, or	1
	(b) a court or the Commission, or	2
	(c) a merit reviewer.	3
[51]	Section 7.20(2) and (3)	4
	Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” wherever occurring.	5
	Insert instead “President”.	6
[52]	Section 7.24 Further medical assessment after initial medical assessment	7
	Omit “a claims assessor” from section 7.24(1). Insert instead “the Commission”.	8
[53]	Section 7.24(4) and (5)	9
	Omit “proper officer of the Authority” wherever occurring. Insert instead “President”.	10
[54]	Section 7.24(5)	11
	Omit “if the proper officer”. Insert instead “if the President”.	12
[55]	Section 7.26 Review of medical assessment by review panel	13
	Omit section 7.26(1). Insert instead—	14
	(1) A claimant or an insurer may apply to the President to refer a medical assessment under this Division by a single medical assessor to a review panel for review.	15 16 17
[56]	Section 7.26(5) and (5A)	18
	Omit section 7.26(5). Insert instead—	19
	(5) The President is to arrange for the medical assessment to be referred to a review panel, but only if the President is satisfied that there is reasonable cause to suspect that the medical assessment was incorrect in a material respect having regard to the particulars set out in the application.	20 21 22 23
	(5A) The panel is to be constituted by 3 persons chosen by the President as follows—	24 25
	(a) 2 medical assessors,	26
	(b) 1 member of the Commission who is a member assigned to the Motor Accidents Division of the Commission.	27 28
[57]	Section 7.26(6A)	29
	Insert after section 7.26(6)—	30
	(6A) To avoid doubt, any medical re-examination of the claimant for the purposes of the review need not be conducted by all of the members of the panel if the members agree for it to be conducted by only some of the members.	31 32 33
[58]	Section 7.26(10)	34
	Omit the subsection. Insert instead—	35
	(10) An application under this section must be made within 28 days after the parties to the medical dispute were issued with the original certificate for the medical assessment for which the review is sought.	36 37 38

[59] Section 7.27 Non-binding opinion of medical assessor	1
Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” wherever occurring in section 7.27(1) and (2).	2
Insert instead “President”.	3
[60] Section 7.27(1) and (3)	4
Omit “claims assessor” wherever occurring. Insert instead “the Commission”.	5
[61] Section 7.29 Application of Motor Accident Guidelines	6
Omit the section.	7
[62] Section 7.32 Reference of claim	8
Omit section 7.32(1) and (2). Insert instead—	9
(1) A claim for damages may be referred to the Commission by the claimant or the insurer, or both, for assessment under this Division.	10 11
[63] Section 7.33 Time limits for referring claims and making assessment	12
Omit “Dispute Resolution Service and a claims assessor” and “Motor Accident Guidelines”.	13 14
Insert instead “Commission and the Commission” and “Commission rules”, respectively.	15
[64] Section 7.34 Claims exempt from assessment	16
Omit section 7.34(1)(b). Insert instead—	17
(b) the Commission has made a preliminary assessment of the claim and has determined (with the approval of the President) that the claim is not suitable for assessment under this Division.	18 19 20
[65] Section 7.34(2)	21
Omit “Principal Claims Assessor”. Insert instead “President”.	22
[66] Section 7.35 Arrangements for assessment	23
Omit the section.	24
[67] Section 7.36 Assessment of claims	25
Omit “claims assessor” wherever occurring in section 7.36(1), (2), (4) and (5).	26
Insert instead “Commission”.	27
[68] Section 7.36(1)	28
Omit “the assessor”. Insert instead “the Commission”.	29
[69] Section 7.36(5)	30
Omit “assessor’s”. Insert instead “Commission’s”.	31
[70] Section 7.36(6)	32
Omit the subsection.	33
[71] Section 7.37, heading	34
Omit “Claims assessor”. Insert instead “Commission”.	35

[72] Section 7.37(1) and (3)	1
Omit “a claims assessor” wherever occurring. Insert instead “the Commission”.	2
[73] Section 7.39 Motor Accident Guidelines	3
Omit the section.	4
[74] Section 7.42 Assessment of miscellaneous disputes in connection with claims	5
Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” from section 7.42(1). Insert instead “Commission”.	6
[75] Division 7.6, Subdivision 4 Claims assessors	7
Omit the Subdivision.	8
[76] Section 7.46	9
Insert before section 7.47—	10
7.46 Compliance with Commission legislation is condition of insurer’s licence	11
It is a condition of an insurer’s licence under this Act that the insurer comply with relevant provisions of—	12
(a) the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> and the regulations under that Act, and	13
(b) the Commission rules.	14
[77] Section 7.47 Persons under legal incapacity	15
Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” and “Motor Accident Guidelines” from section 7.47(1). Insert instead “Commission” and “Commission rules”, respectively.	16
[78] Section 7.47(2), definition of “appointed representative”	17
Omit “a claims assessor”. Insert instead “the Commission”.	18
[79] Section 7.48 Effect of decisions under this Part	19
Insert after section 7.48(4)—	20
(5) In this section—	21
<i>decision-maker</i> means—	22
(a) the Commission, or	23
(b) a merit reviewer, or	24
(c) a medical assessor.	25
[80] Section 7.49 Advisory service	26
Insert “or the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> ” after “this Part”.	27
[81] Section 7.50 Publication of decisions under this Part	28
Omit the section.	29
[82] Section 8.3 Regulations fixing maximum costs etc recoverable by Australian legal practitioners	30
Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” from section 8.3(4). Insert instead “Commission”.	31
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[83] Section 8.4 Maximum fees recoverable by health practitioners for medico-legal services	1
Omit “Dispute Resolution Service proceedings” from section 8.4(1)(c).	2
Insert instead “proceedings in the Commission or before a medical assessor or merit reviewer”.	3
[84] Section 8.9 Maximum fees payable by insurers for treatment and care not provided at hospitals or provided at private hospitals	4
Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” from section 8.9(3). Insert instead “Commission”.	5
[85] Section 8.10 Recovery of costs and expenses in relation to claims for statutory benefits	6
Omit “Dispute Resolution Service” wherever occurring in section 8.10(3) and (4).	7
Insert instead “Commission”.	8
[86] Section 10.1 Functions of the Authority	9
Omit “claims assessors” from section 10.1(1)(a). Insert instead “the Commission”.	10
[87] Section 10.1(1)(e)	11
Omit the paragraph. Insert instead—	12
(e) to monitor compliance by insurers with—	13
(i) this Act and relevant Motor Accident Guidelines, and	14
(ii) the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> and the statutory rules under that Act,	15
[88] Section 10.1(1)(h)	16
Omit the paragraph.	17
[89] Section 10.1(1)(i)	18
Insert “or the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> ” after “Part 7”.	19
[90] Section 10.12 Motor Accidents Operational Fund (the SIRA Fund)	20
Omit section 10.12(3)(b). Insert instead—	21
(b) the costs associated with the establishment and operation of the Motor Accidents Division of the Commission arising from this Act, including—	22
(i) the expenditure incurred by the Commission in providing merit reviews and reviews of merit reviews under this Act, and	23
(ii) the expenditure incurred by the Commission in providing medical assessments and reviews of medical assessments under this Act,	24
[91] Schedule 2, heading	25
Omit the heading. Insert instead—	26
Schedule 2 Matters for the purposes of Part 7	27
[92] Schedule 2	28
Omit the note at the beginning of the Schedule. Insert instead—	29

	Note. This Schedule sets out merit review matters, medical assessment matters and miscellaneous claims assessment matters for the purposes of Part 7. The assessment of claims is dealt with by Division 7.6.	1 2 3
	See section 7.1(2) for the exercise of other miscellaneous functions not included in this Schedule.	4 5
[93]	Schedule 3 Provisions relating to Principal Claims Assessor	6
	Omit the Schedule.	7
5.6	Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999 No 41	8
[1]	Section 3 Definitions	9
	Omit the definitions of <i>claims assessor</i> , <i>Motor Accidents Claims Assessment Guidelines</i> and <i>Principal Claims Assessor</i> from section 3.	10 11
	Insert in alphabetical order—	12
	<i>Commission</i> means the Personal Injury Commission of New South Wales established by the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> .	13 14
	<i>Commission rules</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> .	15 16
	<i>President</i> means the President of the Commission.	17
[2]	Section 34A Rejection of claim for failure to make due inquiry and search to establish identity of vehicle	18 19
	Omit “a claims assessor” from section 34A(1)(b). Insert instead “the Commission”.	20
[3]	Section 44 Medical Guidelines of Authority	21
	Omit section 44(1)(d).	22
[4]	Section 56 Maximum fees payable by insurers for medical treatment and other treatment or services not provided at hospitals or for treatment at private hospitals	23 24
	Omit “a claims assessor” from section 56(5)(c). Insert instead “the Commission”.	25
[5]	Section 56(6)	26
	Omit the subsection.	27
[6]	Section 57 Definitions	28
	Omit the definitions of <i>medical assessor</i> and <i>medical assessors review panel</i> .	29
	Insert instead—	30
	<i>medical assessor</i> means a person appointed under the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> as a medical assessor for the purposes of this Act.	31 32
[7]	Section 57A Motor Accidents Medical Assessment Service	33
	Omit the section.	34
[8]	Section 58 Application	35
	Omit “a claims assessor” from section 58(2). Insert instead “the Commission”.	36
[9]	Section 59 Appointment of medical assessors	37
	Omit the section.	38

[10] Section 59A Protection of medical assessors	1
Omit the section.	2
[11] Section 60	3
Omit the section. Insert instead—	4
60 Medical assessment procedures	5
(1) A medical dispute may be referred to the President for assessment under this Part by either party to the dispute or by a court or the Commission.	6
	7
(2) The President is to arrange for the dispute to be referred to one or more medical assessors.	8
	9
[12] Section 61 Status of medical assessments	10
Omit “a claims assessor” from section 61(2). Insert instead “the Commission”.	11
[13] Section 61(10)(b)	12
Omit “Authority”. Insert instead “President”.	13
[14] Section 62 Referral of matter for further medical assessment	14
Omit “claims assessor” from section 62(1)(b). Insert instead “the President”.	15
[15] Section 62(1B)	16
Omit the subsection. Insert instead—	17
(1B) Referral of a matter under this section is to be by referral to the President.	18
[16] Section 63 Review of medical assessment by review panel	19
Omit section 63(1). Insert instead—	20
(1) A party to a medical dispute may apply to the President to refer a medical assessment under this Part by a single medical assessor to a review panel for review.	21
	22
	23
[17] Section 63(2B) and (3)	24
Omit section 63(3). Insert instead—	25
(2B) The President is to arrange for any such application to be referred to a review panel, but only if the President is satisfied that there is reasonable cause to suspect that the medical assessment was incorrect in a material respect having regard to the particulars set out in the application.	26
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	29
(3) The review panel is to be constituted by 3 persons chosen by the President as follows—	30
	31
(a) 2 medical assessors,	32
(b) 1 member of the Commission who is a member assigned to the Motor Accidents Division of the Commission.	33
	34
[18] Section 63(3B)	35
Insert after section 63(3A)—	36
(3B) To avoid doubt, any medical re-examination of the claimant for the purposes of the review need not be conducted by all of the members of the panel if the members agree for it to be conducted by only some of the members.	37
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[19] Section 63(7)	1
Omit the subsection. Insert instead—	2
(7) An application under this section must be made within 28 days after the parties to the medical dispute were issued with the original certificate for the medical assessment for which the review is sought.	3 4 5
[20] Section 65 Authority monitoring and oversight	6
Omit the section.	7
[21] Section 69 Claims Assessment Guidelines of Authority	8
Omit the section.	9
[22] Section 70 Reporting of motor accident to police	10
Omit “a claims assessor” from section 70(3)(b). Insert instead “the Commission”.	11
[23] Section 73 Late making of claims	12
Omit “a claims assessor” wherever occurring in section 73(3)(b) and the note to the section. Insert instead “the Commission”.	13 14
[24] Section 75 Other approved forms	15
Insert after section 75(2)—	16
(3) This section does not authorise the Authority to approve forms in connection with proceedings before the Commission or for use in medical assessments by medical assessors.	17 18 19
[25] Section 76 Rejecting claims for failure to comply with section 74	20
Omit “a claims assessor” from section 76(1)(b). Insert instead “the Commission”.	21
[26] Section 82 Duty of insurer to make offer of settlement	22
Omit “a claims assessor” from the note to section 82(6). Insert instead “the Commission”.	23
[27] Section 83 Duty of insurer to make hospital, medical and other payments	24
Omit “a claims assessor” from the note to section 83(2). Insert instead “the Commission”.	25
[28] Section 84A Duty of insurer to make interim payments in case of financial hardship	26
Omit “a claims assessor” from the note to section 84A(1). Insert instead “the Commission”.	27
[29] Section 85B Consequences of failure to provide relevant particulars of claim	28
Omit “Authority” from section 85B(4)(a). Insert instead “Commission”.	29
[30] Section 85B(5)	30
Omit the subsection.	31
[31] Section 85B(6)	32
Omit “claims assessor”. Insert instead “Commission”.	33
[32] Section 85B(7)	34
Omit “Principal Claims Assessor”. Insert instead “Commission”.	35

[33] Section 86 Medical and other examination of claimant	1
Omit “Authority” from section 86(3). Insert instead “President”.	2
[34] Section 86(4)(a)	3
Omit “Authority”. Insert instead “Commission”.	4
[35] Section 89A Parties required to participate in settlement conference	5
Omit “Authority” from section 89A(2). Insert instead “Commission”.	6
[36] Section 89A(3)	7
Omit “a claims assessor”. Insert instead “the Commission”.	8
[37] Section 89B Parties to exchange documents before settlement conference	9
Omit “a claims assessor” and “the claims assessor” from section 89B(2).	10
Insert instead “the Commission”.	11
[38] Section 89C Settlement offers to be made if claim not settled	12
Omit “Authority” from section 89C(2). Insert instead “Commission”.	13
[39] Section 89C(4)	14
Omit “a claims assessor” from section 89C(4). Insert instead “the Commission”.	15
[40] Section 89D Compliance with Division	16
Omit “A claims assessor” and “the claims assessor” from section 89D(1).	17
Insert instead “The Commission” and “the Commission”, respectively.	18
[41] Section 90 Reference of claim	19
Omit “Authority”. Insert instead “Commission”.	20
[42] Section 92 Claims exempt from assessment	21
Omit section 92(1)(b). Insert instead—	22
(b) the Commission has made a preliminary assessment of the claim and has determined (with the approval of the President) that the claim is not suitable for assessment under this Part.	23 24 25
[43] Section 92(2)	26
Omit “Principal Claims Assessor”. Insert instead “President”.	27
[44] Section 93 Arrangements for assessment	28
Omit the section.	29
[45] Section 94 Assessment of claims	30
Omit “claims assessor” wherever occurring in section 94(1), (2), (4) and (5).	31
Insert instead “Commission”.	32
[46] Section 94(1)	33
Omit “the assessor”. Insert instead “the Commission”.	34

[47] Section 94(5)	1
Omit “assessor’s”. Insert instead “Commission’s”.	2
[48] Section 94(6)	3
Omit the subsection.	4
[49] Section 94A, heading	5
Omit “Claims assessor”. Insert instead “Commission”.	6
[50] Section 94A(1) and (3)	7
Omit “a claims assessor” wherever occurring. Insert instead “the Commission”.	8
[51] Section 96 Special assessments of certain disputes in connection with claims	9
Omit “Authority” from section 96(2). Insert instead “Commission”.	10
[52] Section 96(3)	11
Omit “a claims assessor” and “the claims assessor”. Insert instead “the Commission”.	12
[53] Section 97 Regulations	13
Omit the section.	14
[54] Part 4.4, Division 3 Provisions relating to claims assessors	15
Omit the Division.	16
[55] Section 108 Claims assessment or exemption pre-condition for commencement of court proceedings	17
Omit section 108(1). Insert instead—	18
(1) Subject to Division 3.2 of the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> , a claimant is not entitled to commence court proceedings against another person in respect of a claim unless—	19
(a) a certificate has been issued in respect of the claim under section 92 (Claims exempt from assessment), or	20
(b) a certificate has been issued in respect of the claim under section 94 (Assessment of claims).	21
[56] Section 109 Time limitations on commencement of court proceedings	22
Omit “Authority” from section 109(2). Insert instead “Commission”.	23
[57] Section 111 Matter to be remitted for further claims assessment where significant new evidence produced in court proceedings	24
Omit “a claims assessor” and “the claims assessor” wherever occurring.	25
Insert instead “the Commission”.	26
[58] Section 115, heading	27
Omit “claims assessor”. Insert instead “Commission”.	28
[59] Section 115(1)(b)	29
Omit “a claims assessor”. Insert instead “the Commission”.	30
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[60] Section 115A	1
Insert before section 116—	2
115A Compliance with Commission legislation is condition of insurer’s licence	3
It is a condition of a licence granted under Part 7.1 that the insurer comply with relevant provisions of—	4
(a) the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> and the regulations under that Act, and	5
(b) the Commission rules.	6
[61] Section 122 Damages in respect of motor accidents	7
Omit “a claims assessor” from section 122(3). Insert instead “the Commission”.	8
[62] Section 135 Publication of information to assist determination of non-economic loss	9
Omit the section.	10
[63] Section 150 Maximum fees recoverable by medical practitioners for medico-legal services	11
Omit “a claims assessor” wherever occurring in section 150(1).	12
Insert instead “the Commission”.	13
[64] Section 151 Costs where claims assessment made	14
Omit “claims assessor” wherever occurring in section 151(3). Insert instead “Commission”.	15
[65] Section 206 Authority’s functions under this Act	16
Insert “and the Commission” after “insurers” in section 206(2)(a).	17
[66] Section 206(2)(e)	18
Insert “and the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> ” after “this Act”.	19
[67] Section 212 Motor Accidents Operational Fund	20
Omit section 212(3)(c). Insert instead—	21
(c) the costs associated with the establishment and operation of the Motor Accidents Division of the Commission arising from this Act (including the expenditure incurred by the Commission in providing medical assessments and reviews of medical assessment under this Act),	22
[68] Section 222 Service of documents generally	23
Insert “or Commission” after “Authority” in section 222(1).	24
[69] Schedule 3 Provisions relating to Principal Claims Assessor	25
Omit the Schedule.	26
5.7 Motor Accidents (Lifetime Care and Support) Act 2006 No 16	27
[1] Section 20 Determination of disputes	28
Omit section 20(3). Insert instead—	29

(3)	The Authority is to refer the dispute to the President for the determination of the Commission under Part 4.4 of the <i>Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999</i> .	1
	Note. Part 4 of Schedule 4 to the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> requires the Commission to be constituted by 3 general members of the Commission assigned to the Motor Accidents Division of the Commission.	2
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[2]	Sections 20(4) and (5) and 21(1) and(2)	7
	Omit “panel” and “panel’s” wherever occurring.	8
	Insert instead “Commission” and “Commission’s”, respectively.	9
5.8	Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975 (1976 No 4)	10
[1]	Schedule 2 Public offices	11
	Omit the matters relating to the President, Deputy President, Acting Deputy President, Registrar and Senior Arbitrator or other full-time Arbitrator of the Workers Compensation Commission from Part 1.	12
		13
		14
	Insert instead—	15
	President of the Personal Injury Commission	16
	Deputy President of the Personal Injury Commission	17
	Acting Deputy President of the Personal Injury Commission	18
	Full-time non-presidential member of the Personal Injury Commission	19
[2]	Schedule 2, Part 1	20
	Omit the matters relating to the Principal Claims Assessor under the <i>Motor Accidents Compensation Act 1999</i> and Principal Claims Assessor under the <i>Motor Accident Injuries Act 2017</i> .	21
		22
		23
5.9	Workers Compensation Act 1987 No 70	24
[1]	Section 32A Definitions	25
	Omit “an approved medical specialist” wherever occurring in paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>worker with high needs</i> and paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>worker with highest needs</i> in section 32A(1).	26
		27
		28
	Insert instead “a medical assessor”.	29
[2]	Section 53 Weekly payments—residence outside the Commonwealth	30
	Omit “an approved medical specialist” from section 53(1).	31
	Insert instead “a medical assessor”.	32
[3]	Section 57 Worker to notify return to work etc with other employer	33
	Omit “Registrar” from section 57(3). Insert instead “President”.	34
[4]	Section 58 Refund of weekly payments paid after return to work etc	35
	Omit “Registrar” from section 58(3). Insert instead “President”.	36
[5]	Section 60 Compensation for cost of medical or hospital treatment and rehabilitation etc	37
		38
	Omit “Registrar” and “an approved medical specialist” from section 60(5).	39

Insert instead “President” and “a medical assessor”, respectively.	1
[6] Section 87H Registration of commutation agreements	2
Omit “Registrar” and “Registrar’s” wherever occurring in section 87H(1)–(4).	3
Insert instead “President” and “President’s”, respectively.	4
[7] Section 145 Employer or insurer to reimburse Insurance Fund	5
Omit “section 362 of the 1998 Act” from 145(7).	6
Insert instead “section 59 of the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> ”.	7
[8] Section 151DA Time not to run for commencement of proceedings in certain cases	8
Omit “approved medical specialist” from section 151DA(5).	9
Insert instead “medical assessor”.	10
[9] Section 154M Certain provisions extended to scheme agents	11
Insert “and <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> ” after “1998 Act” in section 154M(2).	12
[10] Section 154M(2)	13
Omit “, 345 and 356”. Insert instead “and 345 of the 1998 Act”.	14
[11] Section 154M(2)	15
Insert at the end of the subsection—	16
Section 51 of the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> .	17
[12] Section 245 Disputes as to fitness—medical assessment	18
Omit “an approved medical specialist” from section 245(1).	19
Insert instead “a medical assessor”.	20
[13] Section 245(2)	21
Omit “approved medical specialist”. Insert instead “medical assessor”.	22
5.10 Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998 No 86	23
[1] Section 4 Definitions	25
Omit the definition of <i>approved medical specialist</i> from section 4(1).	26
Insert in alphabetical order—	27
<i>medical assessor</i> means a person appointed under the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> as a medical assessor for the purposes of this Act.	28
	29
[2] Section 4(1), definition of “Arbitrator”	30
Omit the definition.	31
[3] Section 4(1), definition of “Commission”	32
Omit the definition. Insert instead—	33
<i>Commission</i> means the Personal Injury Commission of New South Wales established by the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> .	34
	35

[4] Section 4(1), definition of “mediator”	1
Omit the definition. Insert instead—	2
<i>mediator</i> means a person appointed as a mediator for the purposes of this Act under the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> .	3 4
[5] Section 4(1), definition of “medical assessment”	5
Omit “an approved medical specialist”. Insert instead “a medical assessor”.	6
[6] Section 4(1)	7
Omit the definition of <i>Presidential member</i> .	8
Insert in alphabetical order—	9
<i>non-presidential member</i> means a member of the Commission other than a presidential member.	10 11
<i>presidential member</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> .	12 13
[7] Section 4(1), definition of “Registrar”	14
Omit the definition. Insert in alphabetical order—	15
<i>principal registrar</i> means the principal registrar of the Commission.	16
[8] Section 4(1), definition of “Rules”	17
Omit the definition. Insert in alphabetical order—	18
<i>Commission rules</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> .	19 20
[9] Section 35 Payments into and from Fund	21
Omit section 35(2)(e1). Insert instead—	22
(e1) the costs associated with the establishment and operation of the Workers Compensation Division of the Commission arising from the Workers Compensation Acts, including—	23 24 25
(i) the expenditure incurred by the Commission in providing medical assessments and reviews of medical assessments for the purposes of those Acts, and	26 27 28
(ii) the expenditure incurred by the Commission in providing services (including mediation services) in respect of claims for work injury damages,	29 30 31
[10] Section 73 Insurer to provide copies of reports to worker	32
Omit “an approved medical specialist” from section 73(3)(c).	33
Insert instead “a medical assessor”.	34
[11] Section 75 Report about delays and the incurring of unreasonable costs by insurers	35
Omit “The Registrar or another member” from section 75(1).	36
Insert instead “A member”.	37
[12] Section 80 Required period of notice	38
Omit “Workers Compensation” from the note to section 80(3).	39

[13] Section 106 Authority may intervene in proceedings	1
Omit the section.	2
[14] Section 119 Medical examination of workers at direction of employer	3
Omit “an approved medical specialist” from section 119(6)(c).	4
Insert instead “a medical assessor”.	5
[15] Section 120 Medical examination of worker at direction of Commission	6
Omit “an approved medical specialist” and “Registrar” from section 120(1).	7
Insert instead “a medical assessor” and “Commission”, respectively.	8
[16] Section 125 Reimbursement of worker for loss of wages and expenses associated with medical examination	9
Omit “an approved medical specialist” from section 125(2).	10
Insert instead “a medical assessor”.	11
[17] Section 126 Copies of certain medical reports to be supplied to worker	12
Omit “an approved medical specialist” from section 126(3)(c).	13
Insert instead “a medical assessor”.	14
[18] Section 239 Authority may obtain documents from certain registries	15
Omit “Registrar of the Commission” from section 239(2).	16
Insert instead “principal registrar of the Commission”.	17
[19] Section 239(3)	18
Insert “or principal registrar” after “Registrar”.	19
[20] Section 281 Liability to be accepted and settlement offer made	20
Omit “an approved medical specialist” from section 281(2)(a).	21
Insert instead “a medical assessor”.	22
[21] Section 284 Insurer liable to pay fee if claim goes to assessment	23
Omit “Registrar” wherever occurring in section 284(1) and (6). Insert instead “President”.	24
[22] Section 288 Referral of disputes to Commission	25
Omit “Registrar” wherever occurring. Insert instead “President”.	26
[23] Section 289A Further restrictions as to when a dispute can be referred to Commission	27
Omit “Registrar” from section 289A(2)(b). Insert instead “President”.	28
[24] Section 289B Stay of disputed work capacity decision	29
Omit “Registrar” from section 289B(3). Insert instead “President”.	30
[25] Section 290 Information exchange between parties	31
Omit “Registrar” wherever occurring in section 290(1) and (6).	32
Insert instead “President”.	33
	34
	35

[26]	Sections 290(1), 294A, 302, 315(1), 316(1)(b) and 318A(6)	1
	Omit “Rules” wherever occurring. Insert instead “Commission rules”.	2
[27]	Section 290(5)	3
	Omit “regulations” wherever occurring. Insert instead “Commission rules”.	4
[28]	Section 292 Expedited assessment	5
	Omit “Registrar”. Insert instead “President”.	6
[29]	Section 293 Medical assessment	7
	Omit “Registrar” wherever occurring in section 293(1) and (3). Insert instead “President”.	8
[30]	Section 294 Certificate of Commission’s determination	9
	Omit section 294(3).	10
[31]	Sections 294A and 302, headings	11
	Omit “Rules” wherever occurring. Insert instead “Commission rules”.	12
[32]	Section 294A(1)(b)	13
	Omit “approved medical specialists”. Insert instead “medical assessors”.	14
[33]	Sections 296, 307 and 308, headings	15
	Omit “Registrar” wherever occurring. Insert instead “President”.	16
[34]	Sections 296, 297(1), (3) and (4), 299(1), 302, 303, 306, 307, 308(1), 309 and 310	17
	Omit “Registrar” wherever occurring. Insert instead “President”.	18
[35]	Section 304B	19
	Omit the section. Insert instead—	20
304B	President may deal with dispute	21
	(1) The President may determine the dispute instead of the Commission.	22
	(2) For the purposes of determining the dispute, the President has all the functions of the Commission under the Workers Compensation Acts and any determination of the President is taken to be the determination of the Commission.	23 24 25 26
	Note. The President has power under section 18 of the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> to delegate the President’s function under this Act to certain members and registrars of the Commission.	27 28 29
	(3) This Division does not affect any jurisdiction of the Commission to determine a dispute involving weekly payments of compensation.	30 31
[36]	Sections 308(2) and (3) and 317(3)	32
	Omit “Registrar’s” wherever occurring. Insert instead “President’s”.	33
[37]	Section 313 Threshold dispute prevents service of pre-filing statement and commencement of court proceedings	34 35
	Omit “an approved medical specialist”. Insert instead “a medical assessor”.	36

[38] Section 314 What constitutes threshold dispute	1
Omit “an approved medical specialist” wherever occurring in section 314(1) and (2)(b).	2
Insert instead “a medical assessor”.	3
[39] Section 317 Defective pre-filing statement	4
Omit “Registrar” wherever occurring in section 317(2) and (3).	5
Insert instead “President”.	6
[40] Section 318A Mediation of claim before commencement of court proceedings	7
Omit “Registrar” wherever occurring in section 318A(5). Insert instead “President”.	8
[41] Section 318D Powers of mediators	9
Omit “sections 357–359” from section 318D(1).	10
Insert instead “sections 49–51 of the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> ”.	11
[42] Section 318F Appointment of mediators	12
Omit the section.	13
[43] Section 318G Protection of mediators	14
Omit the section.	15
[44] Section 318I Orders for access to information and premises	16
Omit “Registrar” from section 318I(1). Insert instead “President”.	17
[45] Section 318I, note	18
Omit “section 357”.	19
Insert instead “section 49 of the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> ”.	20
[46] Section 319 Definitions	21
Omit the definition of <i>approved medical specialist</i> .	22
[47] Section 320 Appointment of approved medical specialists	23
Omit the section.	24
[48] Section 321 Referral of medical dispute for assessment	25
Omit “Registrar” and “approved medical specialist” wherever occurring.	26
Insert instead “President” and “medical assessor”, respectively.	27
[49] Section 321A Referral of medical dispute concerning permanent impairment	28
Omit “Registrar” from section 321A(3). Insert instead “President”.	29
[50] Section 322 Assessment of impairment	30
Omit “An approved medical specialist” and “the approved medical specialist” from section 322(4).	31
Insert instead “A medical assessor” and “the medical assessor”, respectively.	32
[51] Section 322A One assessment only of degree of permanent impairment	33
Omit “Arbitrator” from section 322A(4).	34
	35

	Insert instead “non-presidential member”.	1
[52]	Section 323 Deduction for previous injury or pre-existing condition or abnormality	2
	Omit “approved medical specialist” from section 323(3). Insert instead “medical assessor”.	3
[53]	Section 324, heading	4
	Omit “ approved medical specialist ”. Insert instead “ medical assessor ”.	5
[54]	Section 324(1) and (2)	6
	Omit “approved medical specialist” wherever occurring. Insert instead “medical assessor”.	7
[55]	Section 324(3) and (4)	8
	Omit section 324(3). Insert instead—	9
	(3) This section extends to the assessment of a medical dispute in the course of an appeal or further assessment under this Part.	10 11
	(4) A medical assessor hearing the appeal or who is assessing the matter by way of further assessment has all the powers of a medical assessor under this section on an assessment of a medical dispute.	12 13 14
[56]	Section 325 Medical assessment certificate	15
	Omit “approved medical specialist”, “Registrar” and “approved medical specialist’s” wherever occurring in section 325(1)–(3).	16 17
	Insert instead “medical assessor”, “President” and “medical assessor’s”, respectively.	18
[57]	Section 325(4)	19
	Omit the subsection. Insert instead—	20
	(4) A medical assessor is competent to give evidence as to matters in a certificate given by the assessor under this section, but may not be compelled to give evidence.	21 22 23
[58]	Section 327 Appeal against medical assessment	24
	Omit “an approved medical specialist” and “the approved medical specialist” from section 327(2) and (6).	25 26
	Insert instead “a medical assessor” and “the medical assessor”, respectively.	27
[59]	Section 327(4), (5) and (6)	28
	Omit “Registrar” wherever occurring. Insert instead “President”.	29
[60]	Section 328 Procedure on appeal	30
	Omit section 328(1) and (2). Insert instead—	31
	(1) An appeal against a medical assessment is to be heard by an Appeal Panel constituted by 3 persons chosen by the President as follows—	32 33
	(a) 2 medical assessors,	34
	(b) 1 member of the Commission who is a member assigned to the Workers Compensation Division of the Commission.	35 36
	(2) The appeal is to be by way of review of the original medical assessment but the review is limited to the grounds of appeal on which the appeal is made.	37 38

(2A)	To avoid doubt, any medical re-examination of the worker for the purposes of the review need not be conducted by all of the members of the Appeal Panel if the members agree for it to be conducted by only some of the members.	1 2 3
[61]	Section 329 Referral of matter for further medical assessment or reconsideration Omit “Registrar” and “approved medical specialist” wherever occurring in section 329(1) and (1A). Insert instead “President” and “medical assessor”, respectively.	4 5 6 7
[62]	Section 330 Costs of medical assessment Omit “approved medical specialists” from section 330(1). Insert instead “medical assessors”.	8 9 10
[63]	Section 331, heading Omit “Guidelines”. Insert instead “Commission rules”.	11 12
[64]	Section 331 Omit “Workers Compensation Guidelines”. Insert instead “Commission rules”.	13 14
[65]	Section 347 Regulations for costs assessment Omit section 347(4). Insert instead— (4) Without limiting this section (but subject to the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> and the Commission rules), the regulations may make provision for or with respect to— (a) the assessment of costs by the Commission, and (b) appeals to the Commission against the assessments of costs by the Commission. Note. Clause 5 of Schedule 3 to the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> provides for the Commission to be constituted by 1 non-presidential member assigned to the Workers Compensation Division of the Commission when dealing with costs assessments under the regulations. The clause also provides that the Commission is to be constituted by a presidential member of the Division when dealing with appeals against costs assessments.	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28
[66]	Chapter 7, Part 9, heading Omit the heading. Insert instead— Part 9 References and appeals	29 30 31
[67]	Sections 349, 350, 354–362, 364 and 365 Omit the sections.	32 33
[68]	Sections 351 and 353, headings Omit “Presidential” wherever occurring. Insert instead “presidential”.	34 35
[69]	Section 351(1) Omit the subsection. Insert instead— (1) A question of law arising in proceedings under the Workers Compensation Acts before the Commission constituted by a non-presidential member may,	36 37 38 39

	with the leave of the President, be referred by the member for the opinion of the Commission constituted by the President.	1 2
[70]	Section 351(2) Omit “Arbitrator’s”. Insert instead “non-presidential member’s”.	3 4
[71]	Section 351(5) Omit “an Arbitrator”. Insert instead “a non-presidential member”.	5 6
[72]	Section 352, heading Omit “Arbitrator”. Insert instead “ non-presidential member ”.	7 8
[73]	Section 352(1)–(2B) Omit section 352(1) and (2). Insert instead— (1) A party to a dispute in connection with a claim for compensation may appeal to the Commission constituted by a presidential member against a decision in respect of the dispute by the Commission constituted by a non-presidential member. (2) An appeal is to be made by application to the President. (2A) The appeal is not to proceed unless the President is satisfied that the procedural requirements of this section and any applicable Commission rules and regulations as to the making of an appeal have been complied with. (2B) The President is not required to be satisfied as to the substance of the appeal.	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19
[74]	Section 352(6A) and (7) Omit section 352(7). Insert instead— (6A) On appeal, the decision may be confirmed or may be revoked and a new decision made in its place. (7) Alternatively, the matter may be remitted back to the non-presidential member concerned, or to another non-presidential member, for determination in accordance with any decision or directions of the Commission (including, in the case of a decision about the degree of permanent impairment resulting from an injury, a direction to refer the matter for assessment by a medical assessor under Part 7).	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29
[75]	Section 353(1) Insert “under the Workers Compensation Acts” after “proceedings”.	30 31
[76]	Chapter 7, Part 10, Division 1 Workers Compensation Commission Omit the Division.	32 33
[77]	Section 376 Issue of guidelines Omit section 376(1)(b).	34 35
[78]	Section 376(2) Omit the subsection.	36 37
[79]	Part 11 Reconsideration of decisions Omit the Part.	38 39

[80] Schedule 5 Provisions relating to members of Commission

1

Omit the Schedule.

2