

New South Wales

Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Bill 2006

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The objects of this Bill are as follows:

- (a) to amend the *Public Health Act 1991* to require health practitioners who are de-registered or subject to prohibition orders to notify their patients and employers and to permit the regulations under that Act to prescribe a code of conduct for unregistered health practitioners,
- (b) to amend the *Health Care Complaints Act 1993* to permit the Health Care Complaints Commission (the *Commission*) to give public warnings about unsafe treatments and practitioners and to make prohibition orders against unregistered health practitioners who pose a substantial risk to the health of members of the public and to require the Commission to publish information about de-registered health practitioners and the decisions of health registration bodies,
- (c) to amend each of the health registration Acts to permit a health registration body to make a prohibition order when cancelling or suspending a person's registration, if the person poses a substantial risk to the health of members of the public, and to require those bodies to publish certain decisions and give information about de-registered health practitioners.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on the date of assent to the proposed Act.

Clause 3 is a formal provision that gives effect to the amendments to the Acts set out in Schedules 1–3.

Clause 4 provides for the repeal of the proposed Act after all the amendments made by the proposed Act have commenced. Once the amendments have commenced the proposed Act will be spent and section 30 of the *Interpretation Act 1987* provides that the repeal of an amending Act does not affect the amendments made by that Act.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Public Health Act 1991

Schedule 1 [2] substitutes Part 2A of the *Public Health Act 1991* (the *Principal Act*). Proposed Division 1 of the substituted Part sets out definitions to be used in the Part (proposed section 10AA) and provides for proceedings for an offence under the Part to be instituted by any person within 2 years of the date on which the offence is alleged to have been committed (proposed section 10AB). **Schedule 1 [4]** makes a consequential amendment.

Proposed Division 2 of the substituted Part re-enacts, with some minor changes, current sections 10AC-10AH of the Principal Act. These are set out in proposed sections 10AC-10AI.

Proposed Division 3 of the substituted Part makes provision with respect to health practitioners (*de-registered health practitioners*) whose registration as a health practitioner under a health registration Act or health registration legislation of another State or Territory is cancelled or suspended as a result of disciplinary proceedings and for health practitioners who are subject to a prohibition order made under a health registration Act or under the *Health Care Complaints Act 1993* (see Schedules 2 and 3 below for more information on prohibition orders).

Proposed section 10AJ sets out definitions to be used in the proposed Division.

Proposed section 10AK creates an offence (maximum penalty 50 penalty units or imprisonment for 12 months, or both) if a person provides a health service in contravention of a prohibition order. The proposed section also creates an offence (maximum penalty 50 penalty units) if a de-registered health practitioner fails to ensure that, before providing a health service to any person, the person and the practitioner's employer are notified that the practitioner has been de-registered. The proposed section also creates an offence (maximum penalty 50 penalty units) if a health practitioner who is subject to a prohibition order fails to ensure that, before providing a health service to any person, the person and the practitioner's employer are notified that the practitioner is subject to the order.

Proposed section 10AL creates an offence (maximum penalty 50 penalty units) if a person advertises health services that are to be provided by a health practitioner and the person fails to disclose in the advertisement that the health practitioner is de-registered (if the health practitioner is a de-registered health practitioner) or that the health practitioner is subject to a prohibition order (if the practitioner is subject to such an order).

Proposed Division 4 of the substituted Part contains miscellaneous provisions. Proposed section 10AM permits the regulations to prescribe a code of conduct (the *code of conduct for unregistered health practitioners*) for health practitioners who are not required to be registered under a health registration Act (including de-registered health practitioners) and health practitioners who are registered under a health registration Act who provide health services that are unrelated to their registration.

Proposed section 10AN creates an offence (maximum penalty 100 penalty units for a first offence and 200 penalty units for a second or subsequent offence) if a person advertises a health service in a manner that is false or misleading.

Schedule 1 [1] clarifies the status of notes in the Principal Act.

Schedule 1 [3] permits the Director-General to inquire into any alleged offence under the Principal Act.

Schedule 1 [5] amends Schedule 4 to the Principal Act to enable the regulations to make provision for matters of a savings and transitional nature consequent on the amendments to the Act.

Schedule 1 [6] inserts a provision of a savings and transitional nature to make it clear that proposed Division 3 of Part 2A extends to a health practitioner whose registration is cancelled or suspended before that Division commences.

Schedule 2 Amendment of Health Care Complaints Act 1993

Schedule 2 [12] inserts proposed Division 6A (proposed sections 41A–41D) into Part 2 of the *Health Care Complaints Act 1993* (the *Principal Act*).

Proposed section 41A provides that, if the Health Care Complaints Commission (the *Commission*) finds that a health practitioner has breached the code of conduct for unregistered health practitioners or has been convicted of certain offences, and the Commission is of the opinion that the health practitioner poses a substantial risk to the health of members of the public, the Commission may make a prohibition order in respect of the health practitioner or cause a public statement to be issued giving warnings or information about the health practitioner and health services provided by the health practitioner. A prohibition order can prohibit the health practitioner from providing health services or specified health services for the period specified in the order or permanently or can place conditions on the provision of health services or

specified health services by the health practitioner. Schedule 2 [9] and [11] make consequential amendments.

Proposed section 41B requires the Commission to provide a statement of a decision to the relevant health practitioner if the Commission finds that the health practitioner has breached the code of conduct for unregistered health practitioners or if the Commission takes action under proposed section 41A. The statement of the decision (except for any confidential information) is also to be provided to the complainant and any professional body or association that the Commission considers to be relevant to the health practitioner or to the area of practice to which the complaint relates. The Commission may also make the statement of the decision publicly available.

Proposed section 41C permits a health practitioner to apply to the Administrative Decisions Tribunal for a review of a decision of the Commission that the health practitioner has breached the code of conduct for unregistered health practitioners or a decision of the Commission to take action under proposed section 41A.

Proposed section 41D requires the Commission, if it makes a prohibition order in respect of a person, to provide a copy of a statement of the decision to each registration authority.

Schedule 2 [13] inserts proposed sections 94A–94C into the Principal Act. Proposed section 94A permits the Commission to cause a public statement to be issued warning about a particular treatment or health service if, following an investigation, it is of the view that the treatment or service poses a risk to public health or safety.

Proposed section 94B requires the Commission to make publicly available statements of decisions of tribunals under health registration Acts in respect of complaints that have been proved or admitted in whole or in part. The Commission is also required to make publicly available certain statements of decisions of the Dental Technicians Registration Board, the Optical Dispensers Licensing Board and the Pharmacy Board of New South Wales. The proposed section also requires the Commission to make information provided to it under health registration Acts about de-registered health practitioners publicly available.

Proposed section 94C protects a number of persons, including the Commission, from liability for a publication in good faith under proposed section 41A, 41B, 94A or 94B.

Schedule 2 [1] amends section 4 of the Principal Act to make it clear that the making of an order or the issue of a statement under proposed section 41A is disciplinary action for the purposes of the Principal Act.

Schedule 2 [2] amends section 7 of the Principal Act to clarify that an alleged breach by a health practitioner of Division 3 of Part 2A of the *Public Health Act 1991* or of the code of conduct for unregistered health practitioners is a matter about which a complaint can be made to the Commission. **Schedule 2 [6]** amends section 25 of the Principal Act to provide that the Commission is not required to notify the Director-General of the details of such a complaint. **Schedule 2 [7] and [8]** amend

notes to take account of the fact that the Commission, rather than the Director-General, is primarily responsible for investigating such a complaint.

Schedule 2 [3] amends section 12 of the Principal Act to clarify that the Commission is not required to consult with a registration authority in cases where there is no such registration authority.

Schedule 2 [4] amends section 18 of the Principal Act to provide that a complaint that, if substantiated, would result in a health practitioner being found guilty of an offence under Division 3 of Part 2A of the *Public Health Act 1991* must continue to be dealt with by the Commission even if the complaint is withdrawn. **Schedule 2 [5]** amends section 23 of the Principal Act to provide that such complaints must be investigated by the Commission.

Schedule 2 [10] omits a redundant definition.

Schedule 2 [14] amends Schedule 4 to the Principal Act to enable the regulations to make provision for matters of a savings and transitional nature consequent on the amendments to the Act.

Schedule 2 [15] inserts provisions of a savings and transitional nature into Schedule 4 to the Principal Act. These provide that a prohibition order may be made or a public statement issued in respect of conduct that occurred before the commencement of proposed section 41A. A prohibition order can also be made or a public statement issued in respect of a complaint that was pending at the time of that commencement. The savings and transitional provisions also provide that the power to issue a warning under proposed section 94A about an unsafe treatment or health service extends to an investigation that is completed before the commencement of that section. They also provide that the Commission is only to make publicly available a statement of a decision that is given after the commencement of proposed section 94B (1).

Schedule 3 Amendment of other Acts

Schedule 3 contains amendments to the following Acts (health registration Acts):

Chiropractors Act 2001

Dental Practice Act 2001

Dental Technicians Registration Act 1975

Medical Practice Act 1992

Nurses and Midwives Act 1991

Optical Dispensers Act 1963

optical Dispensers field

Optometrists Act 2002

Osteopaths Act 2001

Pharmacy Act 1964

Pharmacy Practice Act 2006

Physiotherapists Act 2001 Podiatrists Act 2003 Psychologists Act 2001

Schedule 3 amends each health registration Act to permit the tribunal established under each of those Acts (or in the case of those Acts where there is no tribunal established (the Dental Technicians Registration Act 1975, the Optical Dispensers Act 1963 and the Pharmacy Act 1964), the Dental Technicians Registration Board, the Optical Dispensers Licensing Board and the Pharmacy Board of New South Wales) to make a prohibition order in respect of a health practitioner. A prohibition order can only be made if the tribunal or board cancels or suspends a health practitioner's registration and the tribunal or board is satisfied that the person poses a substantial risk to the health of members of the public. A prohibition order can prohibit the health practitioner from providing health services or specified health services for the period specified in the order or permanently or can place conditions on the provision of health services or specified health services by the health practitioner. If the tribunal or board is aware that a person in respect of whom it is proposing to make a prohibition order is registered under another health registration Act the tribunal or board is to consult the board constituted under that other Act. A health practitioner who is subject to a prohibition order has a right to have the order reviewed (see Schedule 3.1 [2]-[4], 3.2 [2]-[4], 3.3 [4]-[7], 3.4 [1]-[3], 3.5 [2] and [5]-[7], 3.6 [3], [5] and [8], 3.7 [2]-[4], 3.8 [2]-[4], 3.9 [3], 3.10 [2]-[4], 3.11 [2]-[4], 3.12 [2]-[4] and 3.13 [2]-[4]).

Schedule 3 also amends each health registration Act to require the board established under each of those Acts to make publicly available statements of decisions in relation to complaints that have been proved or admitted in whole or in part unless, if there is a tribunal established under the relevant Act, the tribunal has ordered otherwise. The board under each of the Acts is also required to make publicly available the name of any health practitioner whose registration has been cancelled as a result of disciplinary proceedings. A board, a member of a board and a number of other persons are protected from liability for the publication of such information in good faith (see Schedule 3.1 [5] and [6], 3.2 [5] and [6], 3.3 [8] and [9], 3.4 [4] and [5], 3.5 [3], [4] and [8], 3.6 [6] and [9], 3.7 [5] and [6], 3.8 [5] and [6], 3.9 [4] and [5], 3.10 [5] and [6], 3.11 [5] and [6], 3.12 [5] and [6] and 3.13 [5] and [6]).

Schedule 3 also amends each health registration Act to enable the regulations under each of the health registration Acts to make provision for matters of a savings and transitional nature consequent on the amendments to the relevant Act. The amendments also insert several provisions of a savings and transitional nature into each health registration Act. These provide that a prohibition order may be made in respect of conduct that occurred before the commencement of the provision allowing the prohibition order to be made. A prohibition order can also be made in respect of a complaint that was pending at the time of that commencement. The savings and transitional provisions also provide that the relevant board is only to make publicly available a statement of a decision that is given after the commencement of the provision requiring them to be made publicly available. However, the requirement to

make publicly available the name of any health practitioner whose registration has been cancelled as a result of disciplinary proceedings extends to any person whose registration is cancelled at the time the relevant provision commences (see Schedule 3.1 [7] and [8], 3.2 [7] and [8], 3.3 [10], 3.4 [6] and [7], 3.5 [9] and [10], 3.6 [10]–[12], 3.7 [7] and [8], 3.8 [7] and [8], 3.9 [6]–[8], 3.10 [8] and [9], 3.11 [7] and [8], 3.12 [7] and [8] and 3.13 [7] and [8]).

Schedule 3 also amends each health registration Act to insert definitions to be used in those Acts (see Schedule 3.1 [1], 3.2 [1], 3.3 [1], 3.4 [8], 3.5 [1], 3.6 [1], 3.7 [1], 3.8 [1], 3.9 [1], 3.10 [1], 3.11 [1], 3.12 [1] and 3.13 [1]) and makes consequential amendments as a result of the insertion of those definitions (see Schedule 3.3 [3], 3.6 [4] and 3.9 [2]). Schedule 3.6 [7] corrects a reference to a court. Schedule 3.10 [7] makes an amendment consequential on the proposed substitution of Part 2A of the *Public Health Act 1991* by Schedule 1 [1]. Schedule 3.3 [2] and 3.6 [2] clarifies the status of notes.

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Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Bill 2006

No , 2006

A Bill for

An Act to amend various Acts to provide for the regulation of health practitioners who are not registered under a health registration Act or whose registration under such an Act has been cancelled or suspended; and for other purposes.

Γhe	Legislature of New South Wales enacts:	1
1	Name of Act	2
	This Act is the Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006.	3 4
2	Commencement	5
	This Act commences on the date of assent to this Act.	6
3	Amendment of Acts	7
	The Acts specified in Schedules 1–3 are amended as set out in those Schedules.	8
4	Repeal of Act	10
	This Act is repealed on the day following the date of assent to this Act.	11

Scl	nedule 1	Amendment of Public Health Act 1991 No 10	1
		(Section 3)	3
[1]	Section 3	Definitions	4
	Insert after	section 3 (2):	5
	(3)	Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act.	6
	(3)	Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act.	C
[2]	Part 2A		7
	Omit the Pa	art. Insert instead:	8
	Part 2A	Provision and promotion of health services	g
	Division	1 Preliminary	10
1	0AA Defi	nitions	11
		In this Part:	12
		health practitioner, health registration Act, health service and	13
		registration authority have the same meanings as in the Health Care Complaints Act 1993.	14 15
		Note. The Health Care Complaints Act 1993 defines those terms as follows:	16 17
		health practitioner means a natural person who provides a health service (whether or not the person is registered under a health registration Act).	18 19 20
		health registration Act means any of the following Acts:	21
		Chiropractors Act 2001	22
		Dental Technicians Registration Act 1975	23
		Dental Practice Act 2001	24
		Medical Practice Act 1992	25
		Nurses and Midwives Act 1991	26
		Optical Dispensers Act 1963	27
		Optometrists Act 2002	28
		Osteopaths Act 2001	29
		Pharmacy Act 1964	30
		Physiotherapists Act 2001	31
		Podiatrists Act 2003	32
		Psychologists Act 2001.	33

			h service includes the following services, whether provided as c or private services:	1 2
		(a)	medical, hospital and nursing services,	3
		(b)	dental services,	4
		(c)	mental health services,	5
		(d)	pharmaceutical services,	6
		(e)	ambulance services,	7
		(f)	community health services,	8
		(g)	health education services,	9
		(h)	welfare services necessary to implement any services referred to in paragraphs (a)–(g),	10 11
		(i)	services provided by podiatrists, chiropractors, osteopaths, optometrists, physiotherapists, psychologists and optical dispensers,	12 13 14
		(j)	services provided by dietitians, masseurs, naturopaths, acupuncturists, occupational therapists, speech therapists, audiologists, audiometrists and radiographers,	15 16 17
		(k)	services provided in other alternative health care fields,	18
		(k1)	forensic pathology services,	19
		(I)	a service prescribed by the regulations as a health service for the purposes of this Act.	20 21
		health	tration authority means the person who has the function, under a n registration Act, of determining an application for registration the Act.	22 23 24
		medi Act l	<i>cal student</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Medical Practice</i> 992.	25 26
			tered midwife and registered nurse have the same meanings the Nurses and Midwives Act 1991.	27 28
10AB	Proc	eeding	gs for offences under this Part	29
	(1)	the I	eedings for an offence under this Part may be instituted by Director-General, a registration authority, the Health Care plaints Commission or by any other person.	30 31 32
	(2)	any ti	eedings for an offence under this Part may be commenced at ime within, but not later than, 2 years after the date on which ffence is alleged to have been committed.	33 34 35

Division 2		2 Restricted health services	1
10AC	Spin	al manipulation	2
	(1)	A person must not engage in spinal manipulation in the course of providing a health service unless the person:	3 4
		(a) is a registered chiropractor, or a chiropractic student acting under the appropriate supervision of a registered chiropractor, or	5 6 7
		(b) is a registered medical practitioner, or a medical student acting under the appropriate supervision of a registered medical practitioner, or	8 9 10
		(c) is a registered osteopath, or an osteopathy student acting under the appropriate supervision of a registered osteopath, or	11 12 13
		(d) is a registered physiotherapist, or a physiotherapy student acting under the appropriate supervision of a registered physiotherapist.	14 15 16
		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units or imprisonment for 12 months, or both.	17 18
	(2)	For the purposes of this Division, spinal manipulation is a restricted health service.	19 20
	(3)	An authorised person or inspector appointed under any of the following Acts is authorised to ascertain whether this section is being complied with:	21 22 23
		(a) Chiropractors Act 2001,	24
		(b) Medical Practice Act 1992,	25
		(c) Osteopaths Act 2001,	26
		(d) Physiotherapists Act 2001.	27
	(4)	In this section:	28
		spinal manipulation means the rapid application of a force (whether by manual or mechanical means) to any part of a person's body that affects a joint or segment of the vertebral column.	29 30 31 32
10AD	Pres	cribed electrophysical treatments	33
	(1)	A person must not provide a prescribed electrophysical treatment in the course of providing a health service unless the person:	34 35
		(a) is a registered chiropractor, or a chiropractic student acting under the appropriate supervision of a registered chiropractor, or	36 37 38

	(b)	is a registered medical practitioner, or a medical student acting under the appropriate supervision of a registered medical practitioner, or	1 2 3
	(c)	is a registered osteopath, or an osteopathy student acting under the appropriate supervision of a registered osteopath, or	5 6
	(d)	is a registered physiotherapist, or a physiotherapy student acting under the appropriate supervision of a registered physiotherapist, or	7 8 9
	(e)	is a registered podiatrist, or a podiatry student acting under the appropriate supervision of a registered podiatrist.	10 11
		mum penalty: 50 penalty units or imprisonment for 12 hs, or both.	12 13
(2)		the purposes of this Division, prescribed electrophysical ment is a restricted health service.	14 15
(3)	follo	nspector or authorised person appointed under any of the wing Acts is authorised to ascertain whether this section is g complied with:	16 17 18
	(a)	Chiropractors Act 2001,	19
	(b)	Medical Practice Act 1992,	20
	(c)	Osteopaths Act 2001,	21
	(d)	Physiotherapists Act 2001,	22
	(e)	Podiatrists Act 2003.	23
(4)	In thi	s section:	24
		ribed electrophysical treatment means an electrophysical ment prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this on.	25 26 27
	cribin liances	g of contact lenses, spectacle lenses and other	28 29
(1)	A pe	erson must not prescribe an optical appliance unless the on:	30 31
	(a)	is a registered optometrist, or	32
	(b)	is a registered medical practitioner, or	33

10AE

		 (c) is a member of a class of persons declared by the regulations to be authorised to prescribe an optical appliance and the person acts in compliance with any conditions or limitations prescribed by the regulations. Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units or imprisonment for 12 months, or both. 	
	(2)	For the purposes of this Division, prescribing an optical appliance is a restricted health service.	-
	(3)	A person who prescribes an optical appliance for a person must on request provide the person, at no extra charge, with a copy of the prescription.	10 11
		Maximum penalty: 5 penalty units.	12
	(4)	A person who does not prescribe, but dispenses, an optical appliance for a person must provide the person, at no extra charge, with a copy of the prescription relating to the appliance.	10 14 18
		Maximum penalty: 5 penalty units.	16
	(5)	A person who prescribes contact lenses for a person is not required to comply with subsection (3) until after he or she has completed the prescription and fitting process in relation to the contact lenses.	17 18 19 20
	(6)	An authorised person or inspector appointed under any of the following Acts is authorised to ascertain whether this section is being complied with:	2 ² 22 23
		(a) Optometrists Act 2002,	24
		(b) Medical Practice Act 1992.	2
	(7)	In this section:	26
	. ,	optical appliance means contact lenses, spectacle lenses or any	27
		other appliance designed to correct, remedy or relieve any refractive abnormality or defect of sight.	28 29
10AF	Rest	ricted dental practices	30
	(1)	A person must not carry out a restricted dental practice unless the person is:	3 ²
		(a) a registered dentist, or	33
		(b) a registered medical practitioner, or	34
		(c) a registered dental student undertaking clinical studies, or undertaking a clinical placement at a public health organisation, or	39 36 37

	(d)	a registered dental auxiliary who is carrying out dental auxiliary activities subject to the practice oversight of a registered dentist, or	2
	(e)	a person performing radiographic work at a public health organisation, or on the order or at the request of a registered medical practitioner or registered dentist, or	!
	(f)	a dental prosthetist carrying out a practice of dental prosthetics, or	- 8
	(g)	a dental technician carrying out technical work on the written order of a registered dentist or of a dental prosthetist.) 10 1°
		imum penalty: 50 penalty units or imprisonment for onths, or both.	12 13
(2)		the purposes of this Division, restricted dental practice is a licted health service.	14 15
(3)	follo	authorised person or inspector appointed under any of the wing Acts is authorised to ascertain whether this section is g complied with:	16 17 18
	(a)	Dental Practice Act 2001,	19
	(b)	Dental Technicians Registration Act 1975,	20
	(c)	Medical Practice Act 1992.	2
(4)	In th	is section:	22
()	dent	al auxiliary activity has the same meaning as in the Dental tice Act 2001.	23 24
	dent Tech	al prosthetist has the same meaning as in the Dental nicians Registration Act 1975.	25 26
	dent	al technician means any of the following:	27
	(a)	a person registered as a dental technician under the <i>Dental Technicians Registration Act 1975</i> ,	28 29
	(b)	a person approved by the Dental Technicians Registration Board under section 13 (2) (f) of the <i>Dental Technicians</i> Registration Act 1975,	30 32 32
	(c)	a person undergoing in good faith training in technical work under the supervision of a registered dentist or of a person referred to in paragraph (a),	33 34 38
	(d)	an apprentice, within the meaning of the <i>Apprenticeship</i> and <i>Traineeship Act 2001</i> , employed by a person referred to in paragraph (a), or by a person employing a person referred to in paragraph (a).	36 37 38 39

10AG

		on 5 (3) of the <i>Dental Technicians Registration Act 1975</i> .	2
	acco	tice oversight means oversight by a registered dentist in rdance with guidelines approved by the Director-General time to time.	; 2
		ic health organisation has the same meaning as in the harmonic the Services Act 1997.	(-
	stude	etered dental student means a person registered as a dentistry ent or a dental auxiliary student under section 138 of the tal Practice Act 2001.	8 9 10
	restr	icted dental practice means any of the following practices:	1
	(a)	the performance of any operation on the human teeth or jaws or associated structures,	12 13
	(b)	the correction of malpositions of the human teeth or jaws or associated structures,	14 15
	(c)	the performance of radiographic work in connection with the human teeth or jaws or associated structures,	16 17
	(d)	the mechanical construction or the renewal or repair of artificial dentures or restorative dental appliances,	18 19
	(e)	the performance of any operation on, or the giving of any treatment or advice to, any person that is preparatory to or for the purpose of the fitting, insertion, adjusting, fixing, constructing, repairing or renewing of artificial dentures or restorative dental appliances.	20 27 23 24 24
		nical work has the same meaning as in section 5 (1) of the tal Technicians Registration Act 1975.	25 26
	writt	en order means an order:	27
	(a)	in a form prescribed for the purposes of issuing directions to dental technicians under the <i>Dental Practice Act 2001</i> , or	28 29 30
	(b)	in a form prescribed for the purposes of section 27 (b) (ii) of the <i>Dental Technicians Registration Act 1975</i> .	3 ²
Rest	ricted	birthing practices	33
(1)		erson must not engage in a restricted birthing practice unless person is:	34 35
	(a)	a registered midwife, or	36
	(b)	a registered medical practitioner, or	37

		(c) a medical student or a registered nurse acting under the	
		appropriate supervision of a medical practitioner or of a registered midwife, or	;
		(d) a midwifery student acting under the appropriate supervision of a registered midwife.	
		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units or imprisonment for 12 months, or both.	•
	(2)	For the purposes of this Division, a restricted birthing practice is a restricted health service.	!
	(3)	This section does not apply to the rendering of assistance to a woman who is giving birth to a child where the assistance is rendered in an emergency.	10 11 12
	(4)	An authorised person or inspector appointed under any of the following Acts is authorised to ascertain whether this section is being complied with:	1; 14 1;
		(a) Nurses and Midwives Act 1991,	10
		(b) Medical Practice Act 1992.	1
	(5)	In this section:	18
	()	restricted birthing practice means the care of a pregnant woman involving the management of the 3 stages of labour and child birth.	19 20 21
10AH	Rest	tricted foot care services	2
	(1)	A person must not, in the course of providing a foot care service, perform any invasive procedure on the feet or toenails under anaesthesia unless the person is:	23 24 25
		(a) a registered podiatrist, or	20
		(b) a registered medical practitioner.	2
		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	28
	(2)	A person must not, in the course of providing a foot care service, carry out surgical debridement of hypertrophic tissue of the foot using a sharp instrument unless the person is:	29 30 31
		(a) a registered podiatrist, or	32
		(b) a registered medical practitioner, or	33
		(c) a registered nurse and the debridement is carried out to the extent necessary to provide immediate relief from pain or discomfort.	34 39 30
		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	3

10AI

(3)	A person must not, in the course of providing a foot care service, treat a disorder of or injury to the foot knowing that the person treated:	1 2 3
	(a) has a medical condition causing inadequate blood circulation to their feet, or	4 5
	(b) has peripheral neuropathy affecting their feet,	6
	unless the person providing that treatment is:	7
	(c) a registered podiatrist, or	8
	(d) a registered medical practitioner, or	9
	(e) a registered nurse, or	10
	(f) a registered chiropractor, or	11
	(g) a registered osteopath, or	12
	(h) a registered physiotherapist, or	13
	(i) a pharmacist registered under the <i>Pharmacy Act 1964</i> .	14
	Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	15
(4)	For the purposes of this Division, a procedure or treatment referred to in subsection (1), (2) or (3) that is carried out in the circumstances set out in those subsections is a restricted health service.	16 17 18 19
(5)	An authorised person or inspector appointed under any of the following Acts is authorised to ascertain whether this section is being complied with:	20 21 22
	(a) Podiatrists Act 2003,	23
	(b) Medical Practice Act 1992,	24
	(c) Nurses and Midwives Act 1991.	25
(6)	An authorised person or inspector is not to exercise any function under subsection (5) except with the approval of the Director-General given in a particular case.	26 27 28
	tricted health services—powers of authorised officers ointed under other Acts	29 30
(1)	An authorised officer, who is authorised under this Division to ascertain whether a provision of this Division is being complied with, has and may exercise for that purpose all the functions that the authorised officer has under the officer's Act for the purpose of ascertaining whether a provision of the officer's Act is being complied with or has been contravened.	31 32 33 34 35 36

the functions of the authorised officer under the officer's

1

2

For the purposes of subsection (1):

(2)

		Act apply in respect of premises on which a person engages in a restricted health service in the course of providing a health service in the same way as those functions apply in respect of premises on which a person engages in professional practice under the officer's Act, and (b) the functions of the authorised officer under the officer's	3 4 5 6 7 8
		Act apply in respect of engaging in the restricted health service in the course of providing a health service in the same way as they apply in respect of professional practice engaged in under the officer's Act, and	10 11 12 13
		(c) the provisions of an officer's Act with respect to the functions of an inspector, authorised officer or authorised person (including any provision that creates an offence in connection with those functions) extend to the exercise of functions of the authorised officer under this section as if the functions under this section were exercised under the officer's Act.	14 15 16 17 18 19
	(3)	In this section:	21
		authorised officer means an authorised person or inspector who is authorised to ascertain whether a particular section of this Division is being complied with.	22 23 24
		<i>officer's Act</i> , in relation to an authorised officer, means the Act under which the authorised officer is appointed as an authorised person or inspector.	25 26 27
		restricted health service means a health service that is specified to be a restricted health service for the purposes of this Division.	28 29
Divi	sion	3 Health practitioners who are de-registered or subject to prohibition orders	
10AJ	Defir	uitions	32
	(1)	In this Division:	33
		corresponding health registration legislation means legislation of another State or Territory that provides for the registration of health practitioners.	34 35 36
		de-registered health practitioner means a health practitioner whose registration as a health practitioner under a health registration Act or corresponding health registration legislation is cancelled or suspended as a result of disciplinary proceedings.	37 38 39 40

		<i>prohibition order</i> means a prohibition order made under a health registration Act or under section 41A of the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> .	1 2 3
	(2)	For the purposes of this Division, a person's registration as a health practitioner under a health registration Act or corresponding health registration legislation is cancelled if:	4 5 6
		(a) any of the following happen as a result of an action, decision, determination or order of a registration board, tribunal or court under that Act or legislation:	7 8 9
		(i) the person's registration is cancelled,	10
		(ii) the person is de-registered,	11
		(iii) the person's name is removed from, or struck off, a register or a roll,	12 13
		(iv) the person's practising certificate is cancelled, or	14
		(b) the person's name is removed from the Register of Optical Dispensers for New South Wales under section 25 of the <i>Optical Dispensers Act 1963</i> .	15 16 17
	(3)	For the purposes of this Division, a health practitioner is subject to a prohibition order if the health practitioner is, because of the order, subject to conditions when providing health services or is prohibited from providing some or all health services.	18 19 20 21
10AK	Prov subj	rision of health services by persons who are de-registered or ect to prohibition orders	22 23
	(1)	A person must not provide a health service in contravention of a prohibition order. Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units or imprisonment for 12 months, or both.	24 25 26 27
	(2)	A de-registered health practitioner must, before providing a health service to a person, ensure that the following persons are notified that the health practitioner was registered under a particular health registration Act or corresponding health registration legislation and that the health practitioner's registration under that Act or legislation has been cancelled or suspended: (a) the person to whom the health practitioner intends to provide the health service or, if that person is under 16 years of age or under guardianship, a parent or guardian of the person,	28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37
		the person,	38

		(b) if the health service is to be provided by the health practitioner as an employee, the health practitioner's employer.	1 2 3
		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	4
	(3)	A health practitioner who is subject to a prohibition order must, before providing a health service to a person, ensure that the following persons are notified that the health practitioner is subject to the order:	5 6 7 8
		(a) the person to whom the health practitioner intends to provide the health service or, if that person is under 16 years of age or under guardianship, a parent or guardian of the person,	9 10 11 12
		(b) if the health service is to be provided by the health practitioner as an employee, the health practitioner's employer.	13 14 15
		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	16
10AL		ertising of health services if person is de-registered or subject prohibition order	17 18
	(1)	A person must not advertise a health service that is to be provided by a de-registered health practitioner unless the advertisement specifies that the health practitioner was registered under a particular health registration Act or corresponding health registration legislation and that the health practitioner's registration under that Act or legislation is cancelled or suspended.	19 20 21 22 23 24 25
		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	26
	(2)	A person must not advertise a health service that is to be provided by a health practitioner who is subject to a prohibition order unless the advertisement specifies that the health practitioner is subject to the order.	27 28 29 30
		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	31
	(3)	A person is not guilty of an offence under this section if he or she did not know, and could not reasonably have known, that the health practitioner was de-registered or subject to a prohibition order.	32 33 34 35

	Divi	sion 4	Miscellaneous	1
10	MAC	Code of co	onduct for unregistered health practitioners	2
			regulations may prescribe a code of conduct for the provision ealth services by:	3 4
		(a)	health practitioners who are not required to be registered under a health registration Act (including de-registered health practitioners), and	5 6 7
		(b)	health practitioners who are registered under a health registration Act who provide health services that are unrelated to their registration.	8 9 10
		Healt respe pract risk to to ca	. Section 41A of the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> permits the th Care Complaints Commission to make a prohibition order in ect of a health practitioner if the Commission finds that the health itioner has breached the code of conduct and poses a substantial of the health of members of the public. The Commission is also able ause a public statement to be issued in such circumstances ifying and giving warnings about the health practitioner.	11 12 13 14 15 16 17
10	0AN	Advertiser	ment or promotion of health services	18
			erson must not advertise or otherwise promote the provision health service in a manner that:	19 20
		(a)	is false, misleading or deceptive, or	21
		(b)	is likely to mislead or deceive, or	22
		(c)	creates, or is likely to create, an unjustified expectation of beneficial treatment.	23 24
		Max	imum penalty:	25
		(a)	for a first offence—100 penalty units, or	26
		(b)	for a second or subsequent offence—200 penalty units.	27
[3]	Sect	ion 71 Inqui	ries by Director-General	28
	Inser	t at the end o	of section 71 (1) (b):	29
			, or	30
		(c)	any alleged offence under this Act.	31
[4]	Sect	ion 79 Proc	eedings for offences	32
	Inser	t "10AB," af	fter "section" where secondly occurring in section 79 (2).	33

[5]	Schedule	e 4 Savings and transitional provisions	1
	Insert at t	he end of clause 1 (2A):	2
		Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006	3 4
[6]	Schedule	e 4, Part 7	5
	Insert afte	er Part 6:	6
	Part 7	Provisions consequent on enactment of	7
		the Health Legislation Amendment	8
		(Unregistered Health Practitioners)	9
		Act 2006	10
	20 De	-registered health practitioners	11
		Division 3 of Part 2A, as inserted by the Health Legislation	12
		Amendment (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006,	13
		extends to a health practitioner whose registration is,	14
		immediately before that Division commences, cancelled (within	15
		the meaning of that Division) or suspended.	16

Scł	nedule 2	Amendment of Health Care Complaints Act 1993 No 105	1 2
		(Section 3)	3
[1]	Section 4 De	finitions	4
	Insert in alpha	abetical order:	5
		disciplinary action includes the making of an order or the issue of a statement under section 41A.	6 7
[2]	Section 7 Wh	at can a complaint be made about?	8
	of Part 2A of	ding any alleged breach by the health practitioner of Division 3 the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> or of the code of conduct prescribed n 10AM of that Act)" after "health practitioner" in a).	9 10 11 12
[3]	Section 12 C authority and	onsultation between the Commission, a registration I the Registrar	13 14
	Insert "(if any	")" after "appropriate registration authority" in section 12 (1).	15
[4]	Section 18 C	an a complaint be withdrawn?	16
	Insert at the e	nd of section 18 (2) (d):	17
		, or	18
	1	the matter, if substantiated, would result in the health practitioner being found guilty of an offence under Division 3 of Part 2A of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> .	19 20 21
[5]	Section 23 In	vestigation of complaint	22
	Insert at the e	nd of section 23 (1) (b) (iv):	23
		, or	24
		(v) if substantiated, would result in the health practitioner being found guilty of an offence under Division 3 of Part 2A of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> .	25 26 27
[6]	Section 25 N	otification of certain complaints to the Director-General	28
[0]	Insert "(other	than Division 3 of Part 2A and any regulations made under that er " <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> " in section 25 (1).	29
[7]	Section 25, n	ote	31
_	Insert "(other "section 25"	than Division 3 of Part 2A of the Public Health Act 1991)" after	32

[8]	Part	2, Div	ision (5, note		
				rs relating to unregistered health practitioners and" after is Division".	2	
[9]	Sect	ion 39	What	action is taken after an investigation?	4	
	Inser	t after	section	n 39 (1) (f):	į	
			(g)	take action under section 41A.	(
[10]	Sect	ion 39	(3)		-	
	Omi	t the su	ıbsecti	on.	8	
[11]	Sect	ion 40	Oppo	ortunity for persons investigated to make submissions	(
	Omi	t "(b),	(c) or ((d)" from section 40 (1). Insert instead "(c), (d) or (g)".	10	
[12]	Part	2, Div	ision (6A	1.	
	Insert after Division 6:					
	Divi	ision	6A	Action against unregistered health practitioners	1; 14	
	41A	Proh	ibitio	n orders and public statements	15	
		(1)	The	Commission may take action under this section if:	16	
			(a)	it has complied with Division 6 with respect to an investigation of a complaint against a health practitioner, and	17 18 19	
			(b)	it finds that the health practitioner has breached the code of conduct for unregistered health practitioners or has been convicted of a relevant offence, and	20 21 22	
			(c)	it is of the opinion that the health practitioner poses a substantial risk to the health of members of the public.	23 24	
		(2)		action that the Commission may take under this section is or both of the following:	2! 26	
			(a)	make an order (a <i>prohibition order</i>) that does any one or more of the following:	25 28	
				(i) prohibits the health practitioner from providing health services or specified health services for the period specified in the order or permanently,	29 30 31	

			(ii) places such conditions as the Commission thinks appropriate on the provision of health services or specified health services by the health practitioner for the period specified in the order or permanently,	1 2 3 4
			Note. Section 10AK (1) of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> provides that it is an offence for a person to provide a health service in contravention of a prohibition order.	5 6 7
		(b)	cause a public statement to be issued in a manner determined by the Commission identifying and giving warnings or information about the health practitioner and health services provided by the health practitioner.	8 9 10 11
	(3)	propo regist prohil Act o	Commission is aware that a person in respect of whom it is using to make a prohibition order is registered under a health ration. Act, the Commission is, before making the bition order, to notify the board constituted under that other of the proposed order and give that board an opportunity to a submission.	12 13 14 15 16
	(4)		Commission may revoke or revise a statement under ction (2) (b).	18 19
	(5)	In this	s section:	20
		code o	of conduct for unregistered health practitioners means the of conduct prescribed by regulations under section 10AM of bublic Health Act 1991.	21 22 23
		releva	ant offence means:	24
		(a)	an offence under Part 2A of the Public Health Act 1991, or	25
		(b)	an offence under the <i>Fair Trading Act 1987</i> or the <i>Trade Practices Act 1974</i> of the Commonwealth that relates to the provision of health services.	26 27 28
41B	Com	missio	n to provide details of its decision	29
	(1)	respective the	e Commission makes any of the following decisions in ct of a health practitioner under section 41A, it must provide ealth practitioner with a written statement of the decision as as practicable after the decision is made:	30 31 32 33
		(a)	a decision that the health practitioner has breached the code of conduct for unregistered health practitioners,	34 35
		(b)	a decision to make a prohibition order in respect of the health practitioner,	36 37
		(c)	a decision to issue, revoke or revise a public statement about the health practitioner under section 41A.	38 39

(2)	The statement of a decision must:	1
	(a) set out any findings on material questions of fact, and	2
	(b) refer to any evidence or other material on which the findings were based, and	3 4
	(c) give the reasons for the decision.	5
(3)	The Commission, subject to subsections (4) and (5):	6
	(a) must provide a statement of the decision to the complainant, and	7 8
	(b) must provide a statement of the decision to any professional body or association that the Commission considers to be relevant to the health practitioner or to the area of practice to which the complaint relates, and	9 10 11 12
	(c) may make a statement of the decision publicly available.	13
(4)	The Commission may remove from a statement of a decision that is provided to a person or body, or made publicly available, under subsection (3), any material that it considers to be confidential information.	14 15 16 17
(5)	When confidential material is not included in the statement of a decision the statement should indicate that such material has been removed.	18 19 20
(6)	This section does not affect the power of a court to make an order for the discovery of documents or to require the giving of evidence or the production of documents to a court.	21 22 23
(7)	In this section:	24
	confidential information means information that:	25
	(a) has not previously been published or made available to the public when a written statement of a decision to which it is or may be relevant is being prepared, and	26 27 28
	(b) relates to the personal or business affairs of a person, other than the person to whom the Commission is required to provide the written statement of the decision, and	29 30 31
	(c) is information:	32
	(i) that was supplied in confidence, or	33
	(ii) the publication of which would reveal a trade secret, or	34 35
	(iii) that was provided in compliance with a duty imposed by or under an Act, or	36 37
	(iv) the provision of which by the Commission would be in breach of an Act or law.	38 39

	41C	Appe	eals to Administrative Decisions Tribunal			
		(1)	A health practitioner may apply to the Administrative Decisions Tribunal for a review of the following decisions under section 41A:	2		
			(a) a decision that the health practitioner has breached the code of conduct for unregistered health practitioners,	:		
			(b) a decision to make a prohibition order in respect of the health practitioner,	-		
			(c) a decision to issue, revoke or revise a public statement about the health practitioner.	10		
		(2)	An application under this section is to be made within 28 days after the day on which the health practitioner is provided with the statement of the decision.	1: 1: 1:		
	41D	Com proh	nmission to provide registration authority with details of nibition orders	14 15		
			If the Commission makes a prohibition order under section 41A in respect of a health practitioner, it is to provide a copy of the statement of the decision in respect of that order to each registration authority.	16 17 18		
[13]	Secti	ions 9	94A-94C	20		
	Insert after section 94:					
	94A	Warnings about unsafe treatments or services				
		(1)	If following an investigation, the Commission is of the view that a particular treatment or health service poses a risk to public health or safety, the Commission may cause a public statement to be issued in a manner determined by the Commission identifying and giving warnings or information about the treatment or health service.	23 24 25 26 27 28		
		(2)	The Commission may revoke or revise a statement under subsection (1).	29 30		
	94B	Tribi publ	unal decisions and names of de-registered practitioners to be licly available	3 ²		
		(1)	The Commission:	33		
			(a) must make publicly available a statement of a decision of a tribunal if the statement is provided to it under a health registration Act and is in respect of a complaint that has been proved or admitted in whole or in part, and	34 38 30 31		

(b)	the fo	make publicly available the statement of a decision of ollowing bodies if the statement is provided to it under alth registration Act:	1 2 3
	(i)	the Dental Technicians Registration Board, but only if the statement is in respect of a decision to make an order under section 19A of the <i>Dental Technicians Registration Act 1975</i> ,	4 5 6 7
	(ii)	the Optical Dispensers Licensing Board, but only if the statement is in respect of a decision under section 25 of the <i>Optical Dispensers Act 1963</i> to reprimand or caution an optical dispenser or to remove the optical dispenser's name from the register or to suspend the optical dispenser's licence,	8 9 10 11 12 13
	(iii)	the Pharmacy Board of New South Wales, but only if the statement is in respect of a decision to take action against a pharmacist under section 20 of the <i>Pharmacy Act 1964</i> , and	15 16 17 18
(c)	prov Com	disseminate any other statement of a decision ided to it under a health registration Act as the mission thinks fit,	19 20 21
unles	s the r	relevant tribunal or board has ordered otherwise.	22
requi a per regis	red to son wh tration	nission is to make publicly available information be provided to it under a health registration Act about nose registration as a health practitioner under a health Act is cancelled or suspended as a result of y proceedings.	23 24 25 26 27
		poses of this section, a person's registration as a health runder a health registration Act is cancelled if:	28 29
(a)	decis	of the following happen as a result of an action, sion, determination or order of a registration board, nal or court under that Act:	30 31 32
	(i)	the person's registration is cancelled,	33
	(ii)	the person is de-registered,	34
	(iii)	the person's name is removed from, or struck off, a register or a roll,	35 36
	(iv)	the person's practising certificate is cancelled, or	37
(b)	Disp	erson's name is removed from the Register of Optical ensers for New South Wales under section 25 of the cal Dispensers Act 1963.	38 39 40

(2)

(3)

	94C	Prote	ection	from liability for certain publications		
		(1)	does	blication in good faith under section 41A, 41B, 94A or 94B not subject a protected person to any liability (including ity in defamation).		
		(2)	In this section:			
			protected person means:			
			(a)	the Commission or the Administrative Decisions Tribunal or a member of the Commission or Tribunal, or	- 8	
			(b)	a board or tribunal established under a health registration Act or a member of any such board or tribunal, or	9 10	
			(c)	the proprietor, editor or publisher of a newspaper, or	1.	
			(d)	the proprietor or broadcaster of a radio or television station or the producer of a radio or television show, or	12 13	
			(e)	an internet service provider or internet content host, or	14	
			(f)	a member of staff of or a person acting at the direction of any person or entity referred to in this definition, or	15 16	
			(g)	any person, or person belonging to a class of persons, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	17 18 19	
[14]	Sche	dule 4	4 Savir	ngs, transitional and other provisions	20	
	Insert at the end of clause 1 (1):					
			Heal Practhis A	titioners) Act 2006 (but only to the extent that it amends	22 23 24	
[15]	Schedule 4, Part 5					
•	Insert after Part 4:					
	H((U		Hea (Un	Provisions consequent on enactment of Health Legislation Amendment Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006		
	14 Defir		nition			
		_ •	In this Part:			
			amer	ading Act means the Health Legislation Amendment egistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006.	32 33 34	

Amendment of Health Care Complaints Act 1993 No 105

15	Prohibition orders			
	The Commission may make a prohibition order or cause a public statement to be issued under section 41A with respect to either or both of the following:			
	(a) conduct or any other matter or thing that occurred before, or partly before and partly after, that section was inserted by the amending Act,	5 6 7		
	(b) a complaint that has been made but not fully dealt with before that section was inserted by the amending Act.	8 9		
16	Warnings about unsafe treatments or services	10		
	Section 94A, as inserted by the amending Act, extends to an investigation that is completed before the commencement of that section.			
17	Decisions of boards and tribunals			
	Section 94B (1), as inserted by the amending Act, applies only in respect of a statement of a decision that is given after the commencement of that subsection.	15 16 17		

Schedule 3		Amendment of other Acts				
		(Section 3)	2			
3.1	Chiropractors Act 2001 No 15					
[1]	Section 4 Definitions					
	Insert in alphabetical order:					
		health service has the same meaning as in the Health Care Complaints Act 1993.	6 7			
		<i>prohibition order</i> has the same meaning as in section 53 (3A).	8			
[2]	Section 53 Powers of the Tribunal					
	Insert after	section 53 (3):	10			
	(3A)	If the Tribunal makes an order under subsection (2) in respect of a person and it is satisfied that the person poses a substantial risk to the health of members of the public, it may by order (a <i>prohibition order</i>) do any one or more of the following:				
		(a) prohibit the person from providing health services or specified health services for the period specified in the order or permanently,	15 16 17			
		(b) place such conditions as the Tribunal thinks appropriate on the provision of health services or specified health services by the person for the period specified in the order or permanently.	18 19 20 21			
		Note . Section 10AK (1) of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> provides that it is an offence for a person to provide a health service in contravention of a prohibition order.	22 23 24			
	(3B)	If the Tribunal is aware that a person in respect of whom it is proposing to make a prohibition order is registered under a health registration Act other than this Act, the Tribunal is, before making the prohibition order, to notify the board constituted under that other Act of the proposed order and give that board an opportunity to make a submission.				
[3]	Section 81 Right of review					
	Omit "an order" from section 81 (1).					
	Insert instead "a prohibition order in respect of the person or of an order".					

[4]	Section 83 Powers on review					
	Insert after section 83 (1) (d):					
			(e)	by its order terminate or shorten the period of a prohibition order or alter the conditions to which the person is subject under a prohibition order (including by imposing new conditions).	3 4 5	
[5]	Sect	ion 11	5 Trib	unal to provide details of its decision	7	
	Omit section 115 (4). Insert instead:					
	(4)		The Board:			
		` '	(a)	must make publicly available a statement of a decision provided to it under this section if the decision is in respect of a complaint that has been proved or admitted in whole or in part, and	10 11 12 13	
			(b)	may disseminate any other statement of a decision as the Board thinks fit,	14 15	
			unle	ss the Tribunal has ordered otherwise.	16	
[6]	Sect	ions 1	21A a	nd 121B	17	
	Insert after section 121:					
1	121A Cancelled registrations to be publicly available				19	
•	, ,	(1)	The Board is to make publicly available:		20	
		(1)	(a)	the name of each person who is subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court that the person's registration be cancelled or that the person not be re-registered, and	21 22 23 24	
			(b)	such other information about the person as may be prescribed by the regulations.	25 26	
		(2)	publ	Board is to ensure that the information required to be made icly available under subsection (1) is provided to the unission.	27 28 29	
				e Board is not required to make publicly available information out a person:		
			(a)	who is deceased, or	32	
			(b)	who belongs to a class of persons prescribed by the	33	

,	121B	Prote	ection	from liability for certain publications	1
		(1)	subje	ablication in good faith under section 115 or 121A does not ect a protected person to any liability (including liability in mation).	3
		(2)	In th	is section:	5
		. ,	prote	ected person means:	6
			(a)	the Board or Tribunal or a member of the Board or Tribunal, or	7
			(b)	the proprietor, editor or publisher of a newspaper, or	g
			(c)	the proprietor or broadcaster of a radio or television station or the producer of a radio or television show, or	10 11
			(d)	an internet service provider or internet content host, or	12
			(e)	a member of staff of or a person acting at the direction of any person or entity referred to in this definition, or	13 14
			(f)	any person, or person belonging to a class of persons, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	15 16 17
[7]	Sche	dule 7	' Savii	ngs and transitional provisions	18
	Inser	t at the	end o	of clause 2 (1):	19
			Heal	th Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health titioners) Act 2006 (but only to the extent that it amends	20 21 22
[8]	Sche	dule 7	. Part	.3	23
• •		t after	-		24
	D	4.0	D		
	Par	τ 3	Pro	visions consequent on enactment of	25
				alth Legislation Amendment	26
			•	registered Health Practitioners)	27 28
	40	D - C			
	16	Defir			29
				is Part:	30
				nding Act means the Health Legislation Amendment registered Health Practitioners) Act 2006.	31 32

	17	Proh	ibition orders	1	
			The Tribunal may make a prohibition order under section 53 (3A) with respect to either or both of the following:	2	
			(a) conduct or any other matter or thing that occurred before, or partly before and partly after, that subsection was inserted by the amending Act,	4 5 6	
			(b) a complaint that has been made but not fully dealt with before that subsection was inserted by the amending Act.	7 8	
	18	Deci	sions of the Tribunal	9	
			Section 115 (4), as substituted by the amending Act, applies only in respect of a statement of a decision that is given after the commencement of that subsection.	10 11 12	
	19	Cano	celled registrations to be publicly available	13	
			Section 121A, as inserted by the amending Act, extends to a person who was, immediately before the commencement of that section, subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court that the person's registration be cancelled or that the person not be re-registered.	14 15 16 17 18	
3.2	Den	tal Pı	ractice Act 2001 No 64	19	
[1]	Sect	ion 4 [Definitions	20	
	Inser	t in alp	phabetical order:	21	
			health service has the same meaning as in the Health Care Complaints Act 1993.	22 23	
			<i>prohibition order</i> has the same meaning as in section 71 (3A).	24	
[2]	Sect	ion 71	Powers of the Tribunal	25	
	Inser	t after	section 71 (3):	26	
		(3A)	If the Tribunal makes an order under subsection (2) in respect of a person and it is satisfied that the person poses a substantial risk to the health of members of the public, it may by order (a <i>prohibition order</i>) do any one or more of the following:	27 28 29 30	
			(a) prohibit the person from providing health services or specified health services for the period specified in the order or permanently,	31 32 33	

		an of	place such conditions as the Tribunal thinks appropriate on the provision of health services or specified health services by the person for the period specified in the order or permanently. Section 10AK (1) of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> provides that it is fence for a person to provide a health service in contravention of a bition order.	1 2 3 4 5
	(3B)	proporegis maki unde	e Tribunal is aware that a person in respect of whom it is osing to make a prohibition order is registered under a health stration. Act other than this Act, the Tribunal is, before ing the prohibition order, to notify the board constituted or that other Act of the proposed order and give that board an ortunity to make a submission.	8 9 10 11 12 13
[3]	Section 10	2 Righ	nt of review	14
	Omit "an o	rder" f	From section 102 (1).	15
	Insert instead	ad "a p	prohibition order in respect of the person or of an order".	16
[4]	Section 10	4 Pow	vers on review	17
	Insert after	section	n 104 (1) (d):	18
		(e)	by its order terminate or shorten the period of a prohibition order or alter the conditions to which the person is subject under a prohibition order (including by imposing new conditions).	19 20 21 22
[5]	Section 13	6 Trib	unal to provide details of its decision	23
	Omit section	n 136	(4). Insert instead:	24
	(4)	The l	Board:	25
		(a)	must make publicly available a statement of a decision provided to it under this section if the decision is in respect of a complaint that has been proved or admitted in whole or in part, and	26 27 28 29
		(b)	may disseminate any other statement of a decision as the Board thinks fit,	30 31
		unles	ss the Tribunal has ordered otherwise.	32

[6] Sect	ions 1	47A aı	nd 147B	1		
Inser	rt after	section	n 147:	2		
147A	Cancelled registrations to be publicly available					
	(1)	The l	Board is to make publicly available:	4		
		(a)	the name of each person who is subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court that the person's registration be cancelled or that the person not be re-registered, and	5 6 7 8		
		(b)	such other information about the person as may be prescribed by the regulations.	9 10		
	(2)	publi	Board is to ensure that the information required to be made icly available under subsection (1) is provided to the mission.	11 12 13		
	(3)		Board is not required to make publicly available information t a person:	14 15		
		(a)	who is deceased, or	16		
		(b)	who belongs to a class of persons prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	17 18		
147B	Prot	ection	from liability for certain publications	19		
	(1)	subje	ablication in good faith under section 136 or 147A does not ect a protected person to any liability (including liability in mation).	20 21 22		
	(2)	In thi	is section:	23		
		prote	ected person means:	24		
		(a)	the Board or Tribunal or a member of the Board or Tribunal, or	25 26		
		(b)	the proprietor, editor or publisher of a newspaper, or	27		
		(c)	the proprietor or broadcaster of a radio or television station or the producer of a radio or television show, or	28 29		
		(d)	an internet service provider or internet content host, or	30		
		(e)	a member of staff of or a person acting at the direction of any person or entity referred to in this definition, or	31 32		
		(f)	any person, or person belonging to a class of persons, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	33 34 35		

[7]	Schedule 7 Savings and transitional provisions						
	Inser	t at the	e end of clause 2 (1):	2			
			Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006 (but only to the extent that it amends this Act)	; ,			
[8]	Sche	edule 7	7, Part 3	(
	Inser	t after l	Part 2:	7			
	Par	t 3	Provisions consequent on enactment of Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006	8 9 10 1			
	21	Defin	nition	12			
			In this Part:	13			
			amending Act means the Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006.	14 15			
	22	Proh	nibition orders	16			
			The Tribunal may make a prohibition order under section 71 (3A) with respect to either or both of the following:	17 18			
			(a) conduct or any other matter or thing that occurred before, or partly before and partly after, that subsection was inserted by the amending Act,	19 20 27			
			(b) a complaint that has been made but not fully dealt with before that subsection was inserted by the amending Act.	22 23			
	23	Decis	sions of the Tribunal	24			
			Section 136 (4), as substituted by the amending Act, applies only in respect of a statement of a decision that is given after the commencement of that subsection.	25 20 27			
	24	Canc	celled registrations to be publicly available	28			
			Section 147A, as inserted by the amending Act, extends to a person who was, immediately before the commencement of that section, subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court that the person's registration be cancelled or that the person not be re-registered.	29 30 3 ⁻ 32 33			

Sect	ion 5 l	Definitions	2		
Inser	t in al	phabetical order in section 5 (1):	3		
	•	Commission means the Health Care Complaints Commission constituted under the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> .	4		
		health registration Act has the same meaning as in the Health Care Complaints Act 1993.	6 7		
		health service has the same meaning as in the Health Care Complaints Act 1993.	8		
		prohibition order has the same meaning as in section 19B.	10		
Sect	ion 5 ((5)	11		
Inser	t after	section 5 (4):	12		
	(5)	Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act.	13		
Sect	ions 1	9 (1), 19A (1) and 20A	14		
Omi	t "Heal	Ith Care Complaints Commission" wherever occurring.	15		
Inser	t inste	ad "Commission".	16		
Section 19B					
Insert after section 19A:					
19B	Proh pros	libition orders against dental technicians and dental thetists	19 20		
	(1)	If the board is satisfied after an inquiry under section 20, or after the investigation by the Commission under the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> of a complaint of which the Commission is notified under section 20A, that a dental technician or a dental prosthetist poses a substantial risk to the health of members of the public, the board may by order (a <i>prohibition order</i>) do any one or more of the following: (a) prohibit the person from providing health services or specified health services for the period specified in the	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28		
	Sect Inser Sect Omit Inser Sect Inser	Section 5 (Insert after (5) Sections 1 Omit "Heal Insert instea Section 19 Insert after 19B Proh	Insert in alphabetical order in section 5 (1): **Commission** means the Health Care Complaints Commission constituted under the *Health Care Complaints Act 1993.* **health registration Act** has the same meaning as in the *Health Care Complaints Act 1993.* **health service** has the same meaning as in the *Health Care Complaints Act 1993.* **prohibition order** has the same meaning as in section 19B.* **Section 5 (5)** Insert after section 5 (4): (5) Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act. **Sections 19 (1), 19A (1) and 20A** Omit "Health Care Complaints Commission" wherever occurring. Insert instead "Commission". **Section 19B** Insert after section 19A: 19B** Prohibition orders against dental technicians and dental prosthetists (1) If the board is satisfied after an inquiry under section 20, or after the investigation by the Commission under the *Health Care Complaints Act 1993* of a complaint of which the Commission is notified under section 20A, that a dental technician or a dental prosthetist poses a substantial risk to the health of members of the public, the board may by order (a *prohibition order**) do any one or more of the following:		

		 (b) place such conditions as the boathe provision of health services or by the person for the period spermanently. Note. Section 10AK (1) of the Public Health an offence for a person to provide a health sprohibition order. 	specified health services pecified in the order or Act 1991 provides that it is	1 2 3 4 5 6 7		
	(2)	If the board is aware that a person ir proposing to make a prohibition order is registration Act other than this Act, the the prohibition order, to notify the boar other Act of the proposed order aropportunity to make a submission.	registered under a health board is, before making rd constituted under that	8 9 10 11 12 13		
[5]	Sections 2	(1) (b), 30 (c) and 34A (1) and (7)		14		
	Omit "19 o	19A" wherever occurring. Insert instead	"19, 19A or 19B".	15		
[6]						
	Insert at the end of the section:					
	(2)	Where the board makes an order und District Court confirms such an order or in respect of an appeal made to it in respected to make a notation of the ter- the board and, as the case may require, District Court:	makes some other order pect of such an order the ms of the order made by	18 19 20 21 22 23		
		(a) if the person in respect of whom is not a dental prosthetist—in the name of the person, and		24 25 26		
		(b) if the person in respect of whom is a dental prosthetist—in the incof the person.		27 28 29		
[7]	Section 34	Written statements of decisions		30		
	Omit "secti	ns 19 and 19A" from section 34A (2).		31		
	Insert instea	1 "section 19, 19A or 19B".		32		

[8]	Sect	ion 34	A (7A))	1				
	Inser	t after	section	n 34A (7):	2				
		(7A)	The	board:	3				
			(a)	must make publicly available a statement of a decision if the decision is in respect of a complaint about misconduct with respect to the practice of dental prosthetics that has been proved or admitted in whole or in part and ensure that any such statement is provided to the Commission, and	4 5 6 7 8				
			(b)	may disseminate any other statement of a decision as the board thinks fit.	9 10				
[9]	Sect	ions 3	4B an	d 34C	11				
	Inser	t after	section	ection 34A: 12					
	34B	Cano	elled	registrations to be publicly available	13				
		(1)	The	board is to make publicly available:	14				
			(a)	the name of each person who is subject to an order of the board or the District Court that the person's name be removed from the register or that the person's dental prosthetist's practising certificate be cancelled, and	15 16 17 18				
			(b)	such other information about the person as may be prescribed by the regulations.	19 20				
		(2)	publ	board is to ensure that the information required to be made icly available under subsection (1) is provided to the mission.	21 22 23				
		(3)		board is not required to make publicly available information at a person:	24 25				
			(a)	who is deceased, or	26				
			(b)	who belongs to a class of persons prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	27 28				
	34C	Prote	ection	from liability for certain publications	29				
		(1)	subje	ublication in good faith under section 34A or 34B does not ect a protected person to any liability (including liability in mation).	30 31 32				
		(2)	In th	is section:	33				
			prote	ected person means:	34				
			(a)	the board or a member of the board, or	35				
			(b)	the proprietor, editor or publisher of a newspaper, or	36				

Amendment of other

Schedule 3	3
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			(c)	the proprietor or broadcaster of a radio or television station or the producer of a radio or television show, or	1
			(d)	an internet service provider or internet content host, or	3
			(e)	a member of staff of or a person acting at the direction of any person or entity referred to in this definition, or	5
			(f)	any person, or person belonging to a class of persons, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	6 7 8
[10]	Sect	ion 37	and S	Schedule 1	9
	Omi	t the he	eading	to Part 5. Insert instead:	10
	37	Savi	ngs, tr	ransitional and other provisions	11
			Sche	edule 1 has effect.	12
	Sch	nedu	le 1	Savings, transitional and other provisions	13 14
				(Section 37)	15
	Par	ቲ 1	Pre	eliminary	16
	1	Reg	ulation	ns	17
		(1)		regulations may contain provisions of a savings or itional nature consequent on the enactment of the following:	18 19 20
			Heal Prac Act)	etitioners) Act 2006 (but only to the extent that it amends this	21 22 23
		(2)	_ •	such provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect the date of assent to the Act concerned or a later date.	24 25
		(3)	that i	ne extent to which any such provision takes effect from a date is earlier than the date of its publication in the Gazette, the ision does not operate so as:	26 27 28
			(a)	to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of its publication, or	29 30 31
			(b)	to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted to be done before the date of its publication.	32 33 34

Part 2		Provisions consequent on enactment of Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006			
2	Definition			5	
		In thi	s Part:	6	
			ading Act means the Health Legislation Amendment egistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006.	7 8	
3	Proh	bition	orders	9	
			board may make a prohibition order under section 19B (1) respect to either or both of the following:	10 11	
		(a)	conduct or any other matter or thing that occurred before, or partly before and partly after, that subsection was inserted by the amending Act,	12 13 14	
		(b)	a complaint that has been made but not fully dealt with before that subsection was inserted by the amending Act.	15 16	
4	Decis	sions	of the board	17	
		in res	on 34A (7A), as inserted by the amending Act, applies only spect of a statement of a decision that is given after the nencement of that subsection.	18 19 20	
5	Cano	elled i	registrations to be publicly available	21	
		who v subje perso	on 34B, as inserted by the amending Act, extends to a person was, immediately before the commencement of that section, act to an order of the board or the District Court that the on's name be removed from the register or that the person's all prosthetist's practising certificate be cancelled.	22 23 24 25 26	

3.4	Medical I	Practice Act 1992 No 94	1		
[1]	Section 64	Tribunal can suspend or deregister in certai	n cases 2		
	Insert after section 64 (2):				
	(2A)	If the Tribunal makes an order under subsection (1) in respect of a person and it is satisfied that the person poses a substantial risk to the health of members of the public, it may by order (a <i>prohibition order</i>) do any one or more of the following:			
		(a) prohibit the person from providing h specified health services for the period order or permanently,			
		(b) place such conditions as the Tribunal thin the provision of health services or specific by the person for the period specified permanently.	ied health services 12		
		Note. Section 10AK (1) of the <i>Public Health Act 199</i> an offence for a person to provide a health service i prohibition order.	91 provides that it is 15		
	(2B)	If the Tribunal is aware that a person in resp proposing to make a prohibition order is register registration Act other than this Act, the Tr making the prohibition order, to notify the under that other Act of the proposed order and opportunity to make a submission.	ered under a health 19 ribunal is, before 20 board constituted 21		
[2]	Section 92	Right of review	24		
	Omit "an order" from section 92 (1).				
	Insert inste	d "a prohibition order in respect of the person of	or of an order".		
[3]	Section 94	Powers on review	27		
	Insert after	section 94 (1) (d):	28		
		(e) by its order terminate or shorten the period order or alter the conditions to which the under a prohibition order (including local conditions).	e person is subject 30		

[4]	Secti	ion 16	55 Tribunal to provide details of its decision	1		
	Omit	sectio	on 165 (4). Insert instead:	2		
	(4)		The Board:	3		
			(a) must make publicly available a statement of a decision provided to it under this section if the decision is in respect of a complaint that has been proved or admitted in whole or in part, and	4 5 6 7		
			(b) may disseminate any other statement of a decision as the Board thinks fit,	8 9		
			unless the Tribunal has ordered otherwise.	10		
[5]	Sect	ions 1	91C and 191D	11		
	Insert after section 191B:					
•	191C	Cano	cancelled registrations to be publicly available			
		(1)	The Board is to make publicly available:	14		
			(a) the name of each person who is subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court that the person's name be removed from the Register or that the person not be re-registered, and	15 16 17 18		
			(b) such other information about the person as may be prescribed by the regulations.	19 20		
		(2)	The Board is to ensure that the information required to be made publicly available under subsection (1) is provided to the Commission.	21 22 23		
		(3)	The Board is not required to make publicly available information about a person:	24 25		
			(a) who is deceased, or	26		
			(b) who belongs to a class of persons prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	27 28		
•	191D	Prote	ection from liability for certain publications	29		
		(1)	A publication in good faith under section 165 or 191C does not subject a protected person to any liability (including liability in defamation).	30 31 32		
		(2)	In this section:	33		
			protected person means:	34		
			(a) the Board or Tribunal or a member of the Board or Tribunal, or	35 36		

		(b)	the proprietor, editor or publisher of a newspaper, or	•		
		(c)	the proprietor or broadcaster of a radio or television station or the producer of a radio or television show, or	2		
		(d)	an internet service provider or internet content host, or	4		
		(e)	a member of staff of or a person acting at the direction of any person or entity referred to in this definition, or	;		
		(f)	any person, or person belonging to a class of persons, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	- 8 9		
[6]	Sche	dule 5 Sav	rings and transitional provisions	10		
	Insert	at the end	of clause 2 (1):	1		
			alth Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health actitioners) Act 2006 (but only to the extent that it amends Act)	12 13 14		
[7]	Sche	Schedule 5, Part 6				
	Insert	after Part	5:	16		
	Part	6 Pr	ovisions consequent on enactment of	17		
			ealth Legislation Amendment	18		
			nregistered Health Practitioners)	19		
		Ac	et 2006	20		
	32	Definition	1	2		
		In t	his Part:	22		
			ending Act means the Health Legislation Amendment	23		
		(Un	registered Health Practitioners) Act 2006.	24		
	33	Prohibition	on orders	2		
			e Tribunal may make a prohibition order under section 64 (2A) h respect to either or both of the following:	26 27		
		(a)	conduct or any other matter or thing that occurred before, or partly before and partly after, that subsection was inserted by the amending Act,	28 29 30		
		(b)	a complaint that has been made but not fully dealt with before that subsection was inserted by the amending Act.	3 ²		

	34	Deci	sions	of the Tribunal	1	
			in re	ion 165 (4), as substituted by the amending Act, applies only espect of a statement of a decision that is given after the mencement of that subsection.	2 3 4	
	35	Cano	elled	registrations to be publicly available	5	
			person section that	ion 191C, as inserted by the amending Act, extends to a on who was, immediately before the commencement of that on, subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court the person's name be removed from the Register or that the on not be re-registered.	6 7 8 9 10	
[8]	Dicti	onary			11	
	Inser	t in alp	heal t Care	th registration Act has the same meaning as in the Health of Complaints Act 1993.	12 13 14	
			pron	<i>sibition order</i> has the same meaning as in section 64 (2A).	15	
3.5	Nur	ses a	nd M	lidwives Act 1991 No 9	16	
[1]	Sect	ion 3 [Definit	tions	17	
	Insert in alphabetical order in section 3 (1):					
			th service has the same meaning as in the Health Care plaints Act 1993.	19 20		
			proh	<i>sibition order</i> has the same meaning as in section 64 (5A).	21	
[2]	Sect	ion 64	Deter	minations of the Tribunal	22	
	Insert after section 64 (5):					
		(5A)	respe subs	e Tribunal makes an order under subsection (1) (g) or (5) in ect of a person and it is satisfied that the person poses a tantial risk to the health of members of the public, it may by r (a <i>prohibition order</i>) do any one or more of the following:	24 25 26 27	
			(a)	prohibit the person from providing health services or specified health services for the period specified in the order or permanently,	28 29 30	
			(b)	place such conditions as the Tribunal thinks appropriate on the provision of health services or specified health services by the person for the period specified in the order or permanently.	31 32 33 34	
			an of	. Section 10AK (1) of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> provides that it is fence for a person to provide a health service in contravention of a bition order.	35 36 37	

	(5B)	prop regis mak unde	e Tribunal is aware that a person in respect of whom it is posing to make a prohibition order is registered under a health stration. Act other than this Act, the Tribunal is, before ing the prohibition order, to notify the board constituted or that other Act of the proposed order and give that board an ortunity to make a submission.	; ;
[3]	Section 66	Decis	sions of the Tribunal	-
	Insert ", the	Boar	d" after "midwife concerned" in section 66 (3).	8
[4]	Section 66	(6A)		9
	Insert after	sectio	n 66 (6):	10
	(6A)	The	Board:	1
		(a)	must make publicly available a statement of a decision provided to it under this section if the decision is in respect of a complaint that has been proved or admitted in whole or in part, and	12 13 14 14
		(b)	may disseminate any other statement of a decision as the Board thinks fit, ss the Tribunal has ordered otherwise.	16 17 18
	0 1 00			
[5]	enrolment		ew of suspension or cancellation of registration or e Tribunal	19 20
	Insert at the	end o	of section 68 (1) (b):	2
			or	22
		(c)	who is the subject of a prohibition order,	23
[6]	Section 68	(1)		24
	Omit "susp	ension	n or removal".	2
	Insert instea	ad "su	spension, removal or prohibition order".	26
[7]	Section 68	(4) (d	()	27
	Insert at the	end o	of section 68 (4) (c) (ii):	28
			, or	29
		(d)	by its order terminate or shorten the period of a prohibition order or alter the conditions to which the person is subject under a prohibition order (including by imposing new conditions).	30 32 32 33

• •	Sections 69A and 69B					
inse	sert after section 69:					
69A	Can	celled i	registrations or enrolments to be publicly available	3		
	(1)	The E	Board is to make publicly available:	4		
		(a)	the name of each person who is subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court that the person's name be removed from a Register or the Roll, and	5 6 7		
		(b)	such other information about the person as may be prescribed by the regulations.	9		
	(2)	publi	Board is to ensure that the information required to be made cly available under subsection (1) is provided to the mission.	10 11 12		
	(3)		Board is not required to make publicly available information t a person:	13 14		
		(a)	who is deceased, or	15		
		(b)	who belongs to a class of persons prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	16 17		
69B	Prot	ection	from liability for certain publications	18		
	(1)	subje	blication in good faith under section 66 or 69A does not ect a protected person to any liability (including liability in mation).	19 20 21		
	(2)	In thi	is section:	22		
	. ,	prote	ected person means:	23		
		(a)	the Board or Tribunal or a member of the Board or Tribunal, or	24 25		
		(b)	the proprietor, editor or publisher of a newspaper, or	26		
		(c)	the proprietor or broadcaster of a radio or television station or the producer of a radio or television show, or	27 28		
		(d)	an internet service provider or internet content host, or	29		
		(e)	a member of staff of or a person acting at the direction of any person or entity referred to in this definition, or	30 31		
		(f)	any person, or person belonging to a class of persons, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	32 33 34		

[9]	Sche	edule (3 Savings and transitional provisions	1	
	Inser	t at the	e end of clause 2 (1):	2	
			Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006 (but only to the extent that it amends this Act)	3 4 5	
			,		
[10]			3, Part 5	6	
	Inser	t after	Part 4:	7	
	Part 5		Provisions consequent on enactment of Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006		
	26	Defi	nition	12	
			In this Part:	13	
			amending Act means the Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006.	14 15	
	27	Proh	nibition orders	16	
			The Tribunal may make a prohibition order under section 64 (5A) with respect to either or both of the following:	17 18	
			(a) conduct or any other matter or thing that occurred before, or partly before and partly after, that subsection was inserted by the amending Act,	19 20 21	
			(b) a complaint that has been made but not fully dealt with before that subsection was inserted by the amending Act.	22 23	
	28	Deci	isions of the Tribunal	24	
			Section 66 (6A), as inserted by the amending Act, applies only in respect of a statement of a decision that is given after the commencement of that subsection.	25 26 27	
	29	Can	celled registrations to be publicly available	28	
			Section 69A, as inserted by the amending Act, extends to a person who was, immediately before the commencement of that section, subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court that the person's name be removed from a Register or the Roll.	29 30 31 32	

3.6	Optical [Dispensers Act 1963 No 35	1		
[1]	Section 2	Definitions	2		
	Insert in alphabetical order in section 2 (1):				
		Commission means the Health Care Complaints Commission constituted under the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> .	4 5		
		<i>Health registration Act</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> .	6 7		
		<i>Health service</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> .	8 9		
		Prohibition order has the same meaning as in section 25 (5).	10		
[2]	Section 2	(3)	11		
	Insert after	section 2 (2):	12		
	(3)	Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act.	13		
[3]	Section 25	Proceedings before board against optical dispenser	14		
	Insert after section 25 (4):				
	(5)	The board may, after inquiry under this section, if it is satisfied that a person poses a substantial risk to the health of members of the public, by order (a <i>prohibition order</i>) do any one or more of the following:	16 17 18 19		
		(a) prohibit the person from providing health services or specified health services for the period specified in the order or permanently,	20 21 22		
		(b) place such conditions as the board thinks appropriate on the provision of health services or specified health services by the person for the period specified in the order or permanently.	23 24 25 26		
		Note. Section 10AK (1) of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> provides that it is an offence for a person to provide a health service in contravention of a prohibition order.	27 28 29		
	(6)	If the board is aware that a person in respect of whom it is proposing to make a prohibition order is registered under a health registration Act other than this Act, the board is, before making the prohibition order, to notify the board constituted under that other Act of the proposed order and give that board an opportunity to make a submission.	30 31 32 33 34 35		

[4]		ion 25 missi		ification of complaints to, and their investigation by, the	1
	Omit	t "Heal	lth Ca	re Complaints Commission" wherever occurring.	3
	Inser	t inste	ad "Co	ommission".	4
[5]	Sect	ion 26	A Wri	tten statements of decisions	5
	Omit	t "or to	suspe	end a person's licence," from section 26A (1).	6
				o suspend a person's licence or to make a prohibition order rson,".	7
[6]	Sect	ion 26	A (7A)	9
	Inser	t after	sectio	n 26A (7):	10
		(7A)	The	board:	11
			(a)	must make publicly available a statement of a decision if the decision is in respect of a complaint that has been proved or admitted in whole or in part and ensure that any such statement is provided to the Commission, and	12 13 14 15
			(b)	may disseminate any other statement of a decision as the board thinks fit.	16 17
[7]	Sect	ion 27	Righ	t of appeal	18
	Omit	t "a dis	strict c	ourt" from section 27 (1). Insert instead "the District Court".	19
[8]	Sect	ion 27	(3)		20
	Inser	t "a pr	ohibit	ion order, a" after "An appeal against".	21
[9]	Sect	ions 3	3A an	d 33B	22
	Inser	t after	sectio	n 33:	23
	33A	Can	Cancelled registrations to be publicly available		
		(1)	The	board is to make publicly available:	25
			(a)	the name of each person whose name is removed from the register under section 25 (1) or by order of a judge of the District Court, and	26 27 28
			(b)	such other information about the person as may be prescribed by the regulations.	29 30
		(2)	publ	board is to ensure that the information required to be made icly available under subsection (1) is provided to the	31 32

		(3)		board is not required to make publicly available information t a person:	1 2
			(a)	who is deceased, or	3
			(b)	who belongs to a class of persons prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	4 5
	33B	Prote	ction	from liability for certain publications	6
		(1)	subje	ablication in good faith under section 26A or 33A does not ect a protected person to any liability (including liability in mation).	7 8 9
		(2)	In th	is section:	10
			prote	ected person means:	11
			(a)	the board or a member of the board, or	12
			(b)	the proprietor, editor or publisher of a newspaper, or	13
			(c)	the proprietor or broadcaster of a radio or television station or the producer of a radio or television show, or	14 15
			(d)	an internet service provider or internet content host, or	16
			(e)	a member of staff of or a person acting at the direction of any person or entity referred to in this definition, or	17 18
			(f)	any person, or person belonging to a class of persons, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	19 20 21
[10]	Sched	lule 1	Savii	ngs and transitional provisions	22
	Insert	before	e claus	se 1:	23
	Part	1	Pre	liminary	24
[11]	Sched	lule 1	, clau	se 1 (1)	25
	Insert	at the	end o	of the subclause:	26
			Heal Prac this A	titioners) Act 2006 (but only to the extent that it amends	27 28 29

[12]	Schedule 1, Part 2 Insert after clause 1:					
	inser	t anter	clause 1:	2		
	Par	t 2	Provisions consequent on enactment of Health Legislation Amendment	3		
			(Unregistered Health Practitioners)	4		
			Act 2006	5 6		
	2	Defir	nition	7		
		In this Part: amending Act means the Health Legislation Amendment		8		
				9		
			(Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006.	10		
	3	Proh	ibition orders	11		
			The board may make a prohibition order under section 25 (5) with respect to either or both of the following:	12 13		
			(a) conduct or any other matter or thing that occurred before,	14		
			or partly before and partly after, that subsection was inserted by the amending Act,	15		
				16		
			(b) a complaint that has been made but not fully dealt with before that subsection was inserted by the amending Act.	17 18		
	4	Deci	sions of the board	19		
			Section 26 (7A), as inserted by the amending Act, applies only in respect of a statement of a decision that is given after the	20 21		
			commencement of that subsection.	22		
	5	Cano	celled registrations to be publicly available	23		
			Section 33A, as inserted by the amending Act, extends to a	24		
			person whose name is removed from the register, before the	25		
			commencement of that section, under section 25 (1) or by order of a judge of the District Court.	26 27		
			of a judge of the District Court.	21		
3.7	Opt	omet	rists Act 2002 No 30	28		
[1]	Section 4 Definitions					
	Insert in alphabetical order:					
			health service has the same meaning as in the Health Care Complaints Act 1993.	31 32		
			prohibition order has the same meaning as in section 57 (3A).	33		

[2]	Section 57	Powe	ers of the Tribunal	1	
	Insert after	section	n 57 (3):	2	
	(3A)	a per to th	If the Tribunal makes an order under subsection (2) in respect of a person and it is satisfied that the person poses a substantial risk to the health of members of the public, it may by order (a <i>prohibition order</i>) do any one or more of the following:		
		(a)	prohibit the person from providing health services or specified health services for the period specified in the order or permanently,	7 8 9	
		an of	place such conditions as the Tribunal thinks appropriate on the provision of health services or specified health services by the person for the period specified in the order or permanently. Section 10AK (1) of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> provides that it is fence for a person to provide a health service in contravention of a bition order.	10 11 12 13 14 15	
	(3B)	If the properegis making	e Tribunal is aware that a person in respect of whom it is osing to make a prohibition order is registered under a health stration. Act other than this Act, the Tribunal is, before that the prohibition order, to notify the board constituted or that other Act of the proposed order and give that board an ortunity to make a submission.	17 18 19 20 21 22	
[3]	Section 85	Right	of review	23	
	Omit "an o	rder" f	From section 85 (1).	24	
	Insert instead "a prohibition order in respect of the person or of an order".				
[4]	Section 87 Powers on review				
	Insert after	section	n 87 (1) (d):	27	
		(e)	by its order terminate or shorten the period of a prohibition order or alter the conditions to which the person is subject under a prohibition order (including by imposing new conditions).	28 29 30 31	
[5]	Section 11	9 Trib	unal to provide details of its decision	32	
	Omit section	n 119	(4). Insert instead:	33	
	(4)	The	Board:	34	
		(a)	must make publicly available a statement of a decision provided to it under this section if the decision is in respect of a complaint that has been proved or admitted in whole or in part, and	35 36 37 38	

			(b)	may disseminate any other statement of a decision as the Board thinks fit,	1 2
			unles	ss the Tribunal has ordered otherwise.	3
[6]	Sect	ions 1	25A a	nd 125B	4
	Inser	t after	section	n 125:	5
	125A	Cano	celled	registrations to be publicly available	6
		(1)	The l	Board is to make publicly available:	7
			(a)	the name of each person who is subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court that the person's registration be cancelled or that the person not be re-registered, and	8 9 10 11
			(b)	such other information about the person as may be prescribed by the regulations.	12 13
		(2)	publi	Board is to ensure that the information required to be made icly available under subsection (1) is provided to the mission.	14 15 16
		(3)		Board is not required to make publicly available information it a person:	17 18
			(a)	who is deceased, or	19
			(b)	who belongs to a class of persons prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	20 21
	125B	Prote	ection	from liability for certain publications	22
		(1)	subje	ablication in good faith under section 119 or 125A does not ect a protected person to any liability (including liability in mation).	23 24 25
		(2)	In th	is section:	26
			prote	ected person means:	27
			(a)	the Board or Tribunal or a member of the Board or Tribunal, or	28 29
			(b)	the proprietor, editor or publisher of a newspaper, or	30
			(c)	the proprietor or broadcaster of a radio or television station or the producer of a radio or television show, or	31 32
			(d)	an internet service provider or internet content host, or	33
			(e)	a member of staff of or a person acting at the direction of any person or entity referred to in this definition, or	34 35

		(f) any person, or person belonging to a class of persons, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	1 2 3
[7]	Schedul	e 7 Savings and transitional provisions	4
	Insert at t	the end of clause 2 (1):	5
		Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health	6
		Practitioners) Act 2006 (but only to the extent that it amends this Act)	7 8
[8]	Schedul	e 7, Part 3	9
	Insert aft	er Part 2:	10
	Part 3	Provisions consequent on enactment of	11
		Health Legislation Amendment	12
		(Unregistered Health Practitioners)	13
		Act 2006	14
	14 De	finition	15
		In this Part:	16
		amending Act means the Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006.	17 18
	15 Pr	ohibition orders	19
		The Tribunal may make a prohibition order under section 57 (3A) with respect to either or both of the following:	20 21
		(a) conduct or any other matter or thing that occurred before,	22
		or partly before and partly after, that subsection was inserted by the amending Act,	23 24
		(b) a complaint that has been made but not fully dealt with before that subsection was inserted by the amending Act.	25 26
	16 De	cisions of the Tribunal	27
		Section 119 (4), as substituted by the amending Act, applies only	28
		in respect of a statement of a decision that is given after the commencement of that subsection.	29 30
			50

	17 Can	celled	registrations to be publicly available	1
		perso secti that	ion 125A, as inserted by the amending Act, extends to a on who was, immediately before the commencement of that ion, subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court the person's registration be cancelled or that the person not e-registered.	2 3 4 5 6
3.8	Osteopa	ths A	act 2001 No 16	7
[1]	Section 4	Definit	tions	8
	Insert in al	phabet	ical order:	9
			th service has the same meaning as in the Health Care applaints Act 1993.	10 11
		proh	aibition order has the same meaning as in section 53 (3A).	12
[2]	Section 53	Powe	ers of the Tribunal	13
	Insert after	section	n 53 (3):	14
	(3A)	a per to th	e Tribunal makes an order under subsection (2) in respect of rson and it is satisfied that the person poses a substantial risk he health of members of the public, it may by order (a nibition order) do any one or more of the following:	15 16 17 18
		(a)	prohibit the person from providing health services or specified health services for the period specified in the order or permanently,	19 20 21
		an of	place such conditions as the Tribunal thinks appropriate on the provision of health services or specified health services by the person for the period specified in the order or permanently. 3. Section 10AK (1) of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> provides that it is ffence for a person to provide a health service in contravention of a libition order.	22 23 24 25 26 27 28
	(3B)	If the property register making under	the Tribunal is aware that a person in respect of whom it is also so so ing to make a prohibition order is registered under a health stration. Act other than this Act, the Tribunal is, before ing the prohibition order, to notify the board constituted or that other Act of the proposed order and give that board an ortunity to make a submission.	29 30 31 32 33 34
[3]	Section 81	Right	t of review	35
	Omit "an o	rder" f	from section 81 (1).	36
	Insert inste	ad "a p	prohibition order in respect of the person or of an order".	37

[4]	Sect	ion 83	Powe	ers on review	1	
	Inse	t after	section	n 83 (1) (d):	2	
			(e)	by its order terminate or shorten the period of a prohibition order or alter the conditions to which the person is subject under a prohibition order (including by imposing new conditions).	3 4 5	
[5]	Sect	ion 11	5 Trib	unal to provide details of its decision	7	
	Omi	t sectio	n 115	(4). Insert instead:	8	
		(4)	The	Board:	9	
			(a)	must make publicly available a statement of a decision provided to it under this section if the decision is in respect of a complaint that has been proved or admitted in whole or in part, and	10 11 12 13	
			(b)	may disseminate any other statement of a decision as the Board thinks fit,	14 15	
			unles	ss the Tribunal has ordered otherwise.	16	
[6]	Sect	ions 1	21A a	nd 121B	17	
	Insert after section 121:					
1	121A Cancelle		celled	lled registrations to be publicly available		
		(1)	The	Board is to make publicly available:	20	
		,	(a)	the name of each person who is subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court that the person's registration be cancelled or that the person not be re-registered, and	21 22 23 24	
			(b)	such other information about the person as may be prescribed by the regulations.	25 26	
		(2)	publ	Board is to ensure that the information required to be made icly available under subsection (1) is provided to the mission.	27 28 29	
		(3)		Board is not required to make publicly available information at a person:	30 31	
			(a)	who is deceased, or	32	
			(b)	who belongs to a class of persons prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	33 34	

	121B	Prote	ection	from liability for certain publications	1
		(1)	subje	ablication in good faith under section 115 or 121A does not ect a protected person to any liability (including liability in mation).	3
		(2)	In th	is section:	5
			prote	ected person means:	6
			(a)	the Board or Tribunal or a member of the Board or Tribunal, or	7
			(b)	the proprietor, editor or publisher of a newspaper, or	g
			(c)	the proprietor or broadcaster of a radio or television station or the producer of a radio or television show, or	10 11
			(d)	an internet service provider or internet content host, or	12
			(e)	a member of staff of or a person acting at the direction of any person or entity referred to in this definition, or	13 14
			(f)	any person, or person belonging to a class of persons, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	15 16 17
[7]	Sche	dule 7	' Savii	ngs and transitional provisions	18
	Inser	t at the	end o	of clause 2 (1):	19
			Heal	th Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health etitioners) Act 2006 (but only to the extent that it amends	20 21 22
[8]	Sche	dule 7	. Part	3	23
		t after	-		24
	_		_		
	Par	τ 3	Pro	ovisions consequent on enactment of	25
				alth Legislation Amendment	26
			•	registered Health Practitioners)	27
				. 2000	28
	15	Defir	ition		29
			In th	is Part:	30
				nding Act means the Health Legislation Amendment registered Health Practitioners) Act 2006.	31 32

	16	Prohibition orders	1
		The Tribunal may make a prohibition order under section 53 (3A) with respect to either or both of the following:	2
		 (a) conduct or any other matter or thing that occurred before, or partly before and partly after, that subsection was inserted by the amending Act, 	4 5 6
		(b) a complaint that has been made but not fully dealt with before that subsection was inserted by the amending Act.	7 8
	17	Decisions of the Tribunal	9
		Section 115 (4), as substituted by the amending Act, applies only in respect of a statement of a decision that is given after the commencement of that subsection.	10 11 12
	18	Cancelled registrations to be publicly available	13
		Section 121A, as inserted by the amending Act, extends to a person who was, immediately before the commencement of that section, subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court that the person's registration be cancelled or that the person not be re-registered.	14 15 16 17 18
3.9	Pha	rmacy Act 1964 No 48	19
[1]	Sect	ion 3 Definitions	20
	Inser	t in alphabetical order in section 3 (1):	21
		Commission means the Health Care Complaints Commission constituted under the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> .	22 23
		<i>Health registration Act</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> .	24 25
		<i>Health service</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> .	26 27
		Prohibition order has the same meaning as in section 20 (2A).	28
[2]	Sect	ions 19B (1), 19D (2), 19E (1) and 19F (b1)	29
	Omi	"Health Care Complaints Commission" wherever occurring.	30
	Inser	t instead "Commission".	31

[3]	Sect	ion 20	Cons	sequences of misconduct etc	1	
	Inser	t after	sectio	n 20 (2):	2	
	(2A)		If the Board makes an order under subsection (1) (h) or (i) in respect of a person and it is satisfied that the person poses a substantial risk to the health of members of the public, it may by order (a <i>prohibition order</i>) do any one or more of the following:			
			(a)	prohibit the person from providing health services or specified health services for the period specified in the order or permanently,	7 8 9	
			(b)	place such conditions as the Board thinks appropriate on the provision of health services or specified health services by the person for the period specified in the order or permanently.	10 11 12 13	
			an of	Note. Section 10AK (1) of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> provides that it is an offence for a person to provide a health service in contravention of a prohibition order.		
	(2B)		If the Board is aware that a person in respect of whom it is proposing to make a prohibition order is registered under a health registration Act other than this Act, the Board is, before making the prohibition order, to notify the board constituted under that other Act of the proposed order and give that board an opportunity to make a submission.			
[4]	Sect	ion 21	A Wri	tten statements of decisions	23	
	Insert after section 21A (7):					
		(7A)	The	Board:	25	
			(a)	must make publicly available a statement of a decision if the decision is in respect of a complaint that has been proved or admitted in whole or in part and ensure that any such statement is provided to the Commission, and	26 27 28 29	
			(b)	may disseminate any other statement of a decision as the Board thinks fit.	30 31	
[5]	Sect	ions 3	3A an	d 33B	32	
	Insert after section 33:					
	33A	Cano	celled	registrations to be publicly available	34	
		(1)	The	Board is to make publicly available:	35	
			(a)	the name of each person who is subject to an order of the Board or the District Court that the person's name be removed from the register, and	36 37 38	

			(b)	such other information about the person as may be prescribed by the regulations.
		(2)	publ	Board is to ensure that the information required to be made icly available under subsection (1) is provided to the mission.
		(3)		Board is not required to make publicly available information at a person:
			(a)	who is deceased, or
			(b)	who belongs to a class of persons prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.
	33B	Prot	ection	from liability for certain publications
		(1)	subje	ablication in good faith under section 21A or 33A does not ect a protected person to any liability (including liability in mation).
		(2)	In th	is section:
			prote	ected person means:
			(a)	the Board or a member of the Board, or
			(b)	the proprietor, editor or publisher of a newspaper, or
			(c)	the proprietor or broadcaster of a radio or television station or the producer of a radio or television show, or
			(d)	an internet service provider or internet content host, or
			(e)	a member of staff of or a person acting at the direction of any person or entity referred to in this definition, or
			(f)	any person, or person belonging to a class of persons, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.
[6]	Part	7, hea	ding	
	Inser	t befor	re secti	ion 39:
	Par	1 7	Sav	vings and transitional provisions
[7]				ngs and transitional regulations
	Inser	t at the	e end c	of section 40 (1):
			Heal Prac this	etitioners) Act 2006 (but only to the extent that it amends

А	mer	ıdm	ent	ΩŤ	othe	?r ∕	∖cts

Schedule 3

[8]	Sect	ions 41–43	,			
		t after section 40A:				
	111501	t diter section 40A.	2			
	41	Prohibition orders				
		The Board may make a prohibition order under section 20 (2A) with respect to either or both of the following:	2			
		(a) conduct or any other matter or thing that occurred before, or partly before and partly after, that subsection was inserted by the <i>Health Legislation Amendment</i> (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006,	6 7 8			
		(b) a complaint that has been made but not fully dealt with before that subsection was inserted by that Act.	10 11			
	42	Decisions of the Board	12			
		Section 21A (7A), as inserted by the <i>Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006</i> , applies only in respect of a statement of a decision that is given after the commencement of that subsection.	13 14 15 16			
	43	Cancelled registrations to be publicly available	17			
		Section 33A, as inserted by the <i>Health Legislation Amendment</i> (<i>Unregistered Health Practitioners</i>) <i>Act 2006</i> , extends to a person who was, immediately before the commencement of that section, subject to an order of the Board or the District Court that the person's name be removed from the register.	18 19 20 21 22			
3.10	Pha	rmacy Practice Act 2006 No 59	23			
[1]	Sect	ion 4 Definitions	24			
	Inser	t in alphabetical order in section 4 (1):	25			
		health service has the same meaning as in the Health Care Complaints Act 1993.	26 27			
		prohibition order has the same meaning as in section 66 (3A).	28			

[2]	Section 66	Powe	ers of Tribunal	1	
	Insert after	section	n 66 (3):	2	
	(3A)	If the Tribunal makes an order under subsection (2) in respect of a person and it is satisfied that the person poses a substantial risk to the health of members of the public, it may by order (a <i>prohibition order</i>) do any one or more of the following:			
		(a)	prohibit the person from providing health services or specified health services for the period specified in the order or permanently,	7 8 9	
		 (b) place such conditions as the Tribunal thinks appropriate on the provision of health services or specified health services by the person for the period specified in the order or permanently. Note. Section 10AK (1) of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> provides that it is an offence for a person to provide a health service in contravention of a 	10 11 12 13 14 15		
	(3B)	If the properegis making	If the Tribunal is aware that a person in respect of whom it is proposing to make a prohibition order is registered under a health registration Act other than this Act, the Tribunal is, before making the prohibition order, to notify the board constituted under that other Act of the proposed order and give that board an opportunity to make a submission.		
[3]	Section 94	Right	of review	23	
	Omit "an o	rder" f	From section 94 (1).	24	
	Insert instead "a prohibition order in respect of the person or of an order".				
[4]	Section 96	Powe	ers on review	26	
	Insert after section 96 (1) (d):				
		(e)	by its order terminate or shorten the period of a prohibition order or alter the conditions to which the person is subject under a prohibition order (including by imposing new conditions).	28 29 30 31	
[5]	Section 12	8 Trib	unal to provide details of its decision	32	
	Omit section	n 128	(4). Insert instead:	33	
	(4)	The l	Board:	34	
		(a)	must make publicly available a statement of a decision provided to it under this section if the decision is in respect of a complaint that has been proved or admitted in whole or in part, and	35 36 37 38	

			(b)	may disseminate any other statement of a decision as the Board thinks fit,	1 2
			unles	ss the Tribunal has ordered otherwise.	3
[6]	Sect	ions 1	44A a	nd 144B	4
	Inser	t after	section	n 144:	5
	144A	Cano	celled	registrations to be publicly available	6
		(1)	The l	Board is to make publicly available:	7
			(a)	the name of each person who is subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court that the person's registration be cancelled or that the person not be re-registered, and	8 9 10 11
			(b)	such other information about the person as may be prescribed by the regulations.	12 13
		(2)	publi	Board is to ensure that the information required to be made icly available under subsection (1) is provided to the mission.	14 15 16
		(3)		Board is not required to make publicly available information t a person:	17 18
			(a)	who is deceased, or	19
			(b)	who belongs to a class of persons prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	20 21
	144B	Prot	ection	from liability for certain publications	22
		(1)	subje	ablication in good faith under section 128 or 144A does not sect a protected person to any liability (including liability in mation).	23 24 25
		(2)	In th	is section:	26
			prote	ected person means:	27
			(a)	the Board or Tribunal or a member of the Board or Tribunal, or	28 29
			(b)	the proprietor, editor or publisher of a newspaper, or	30
			(c)	the proprietor or broadcaster of a radio or television station or the producer of a radio or television show, or	31 32
			(d)	an internet service provider or internet content host, or	33
			(e)	a member of staff of or a person acting at the direction of any person or entity referred to in this definition, or	34 35

			(f)	any person, or person belonging to a class of persons, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	1 2 3	
[7]	Sche	dule 7	Ame	ndment of other Acts and instruments	4	
				gistered as a pharmacist under the <i>Pharmacy Practice Act</i> dule 7.17.	5 6	
	Inser	t instea	d "a r	registered pharmacist".	7	
[8]	Sche	dule 8	Savi	ngs and transitional provisions	8	
	Inser	t at the	end o	of clause 2 (1):	9	
	Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006 (but only to the extent that it amends this Act)					
[9]	Sche	dule 8	, Part	: 3	13	
	Insert after Part 2:					
	Par	t 3	Provisions consequent on enactment of Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006			
	21	Defin	ition		19	
			In th	is Part:	20	
				nding Act means the Health Legislation Amendment registered Health Practitioners) Act 2006.	21 22	
	22	Prohi	bitio	n orders	23	
				Tribunal may make a prohibition order under section 66 (3A) respect to either or both of the following:	24 25	
			(a)	conduct or any other matter or thing that occurred before, or partly before and partly after, that subsection was inserted by the amending Act,	26 27 28	
			(b)	a complaint that has been made but not fully dealt with before that subsection was inserted by the amending Act.	29 30	

	23	Decis	ions	of the Tribunal	1	
			in res	on 128 (4), as substituted by the amending Act, applies only spect of a statement of a decision that is given after the nencement of that subsection.	2 3 4	
	24	Canc	elled ı	registrations to be publicly available	5	
			Section person section that the	on 144A, as inserted by the amending Act, extends to a on who was, immediately before the commencement of that on, subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court he person's registration be cancelled or that the person not registered.	6 7 8 9 10	
3.11	Phy	siothe	erapi	sts Act 2001 No 67	11	
[1]	Secti	ion 4 D	efiniti	ions	12	
	Inser	t in alpl	habeti	cal order:	13	
				h service has the same meaning as in the Health Care	14	
				plaints Act 1993.	15	
			•	<i>ibition order</i> has the same meaning as in section 54 (3A).	16	
[2]	Section 54 Powers of the Tribunal					
	Insert after section 54 (3):					
	(3A)		a pers	Tribunal makes an order under subsection (2) in respect of son and it is satisfied that the person poses a substantial risk e health of members of the public, it may by order (a <i>libition order</i>) do any one or more of the following:	19 20 21 22	
			(a)	prohibit the person from providing health services or specified health services for the period specified in the order or permanently,	23 24 25	
			(b)	place such conditions as the Tribunal thinks appropriate on the provision of health services or specified health services by the person for the period specified in the order or permanently.	26 27 28 29	
			an off	Section 10AK (1) of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> provides that it is ence for a person to provide a health service in contravention of a position order.	30 31 32	
		(3B)	propo regist makin under	e Tribunal is aware that a person in respect of whom it is osing to make a prohibition order is registered under a health tration. Act other than this Act, the Tribunal is, before ng the prohibition order, to notify the board constituted or that other Act of the proposed order and give that board an ortunity to make a submission.	33 34 35 36 37 38	

[3]	Secti	ion 82	Right	t of review	1
	Omit	"an o	rder" f	from section 82 (1).	2
	Inser	t instea	ad "a p	prohibition order in respect of the person or of an order".	3
[4]	Secti	ion 84	Powe	ers on review	4
	Inser	t after	section	n 84 (1) (d):	5
			(e)	by its order terminate or shorten the period of a prohibition order or alter the conditions to which the person is subject under a prohibition order (including by imposing new conditions).	6 7 8 9
[5]	Secti	ion 11	6 Trib	ounal to provide details of its decision	10
	Omit	sectio	n 116	(4). Insert instead:	11
		(4)	The	Board:	12
			(a)	must make publicly available a statement of a decision provided to it under this section if the decision is in respect of a complaint that has been proved or admitted in whole or in part, and	13 14 15 16
			(b)	may disseminate any other statement of a decision as the Board thinks fit,	17 18
			unle	ss the Tribunal has ordered otherwise.	19
[6]	Secti	ions 1	22A a	nd 122B	20
	Inser	t after	sectio	n 122:	21
	122A	Cano	elled	registrations to be publicly available	22
		(1)	The	Board is to make publicly available:	23
			(a)	the name of each person who is subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court that the person's registration be cancelled or that the person not be re-registered, and	24 25 26 27
			(b)	such other information about the person as may be prescribed by the regulations.	28 29
		(2)	publ	Board is to ensure that the information required to be made icly available under subsection (1) is provided to the mission.	30 31 32
		(3)		Board is not required to make publicly available information at a person:	33 34
			(a)	who is deceased, or	35

			(b)	who belongs to a class of persons prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	1 2
•	122B	Prote	ction	from liability for certain publications	3
		(1)	subje	ablication in good faith under section 116 or 122A does not ect a protected person to any liability (including liability in mation).	4 5 6
		(2)	In th	is section:	7
			prote	ected person means:	8
			(a)	the Board or Tribunal or a member of the Board or Tribunal, or	9 10
			(b)	the proprietor, editor or publisher of a newspaper, or	11
			(c)	the proprietor or broadcaster of a radio or television station or the producer of a radio or television show, or	12 13
			(d)	an internet service provider or internet content host, or	14
			(e)	a member of staff of or a person acting at the direction of any person or entity referred to in this definition, or	15 16
			(f)	any person, or person belonging to a class of persons, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	17 18 19
[7]	Sche	edule 7	' Savi	ngs and transitional provisions	20
	Inser	t at the	end o	of clause 2 (1):	21
			Heal Prac this	etitioners) Act 2006 (but only to the extent that it amends	22 23 24
[8]	Sche	edule 7	, Part	3	25
	Inser	t after	Part 2	:	26
	Par	t 3		ovisions consequent on enactment of alth Legislation Amendment	27
				registered Health Practitioners)	28 29
				1 2006	30
	16	Defin	efinition		
			In th	is Part:	32
				nding Act means the Health Legislation Amendment registered Health Practitioners) Act 2006.	33 34

	17	17 Prohibition orders			1	
				ribunal may make a prohibition order under section 54 (3A) espect to either or both of the following:	2	
				conduct or any other matter or thing that occurred before, or partly before and partly after, that subsection was inserted by the amending Act,	4 5 6	
			(b)	a complaint that has been made but not fully dealt with before that subsection was inserted by the amending Act.	7 8	
	18	Decis	sions o	of the Tribunal	9	
			in res	on 116 (4), as substituted by the amending Act, applies only pect of a statement of a decision that is given after the tencement of that subsection.	10 11 12	
	19	Canc	elled r	egistrations to be publicly available	13	
			person section that th	on 122A, as inserted by the amending Act, extends to a n who was, immediately before the commencement of that n, subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court ne person's registration be cancelled or that the person not registered.	14 15 16 17 18	
3.12	Pod	iatris	ts Act	t 2003 No 69	19	
[1]	Secti	ion 4 D	efinitio	ons	20	
	Insert in alphabetical order:					
			Comp	a service has the same meaning as in the Health Care laints Act 1993.	22 23	
			prohil	bition order has the same meaning as in section 53 (3A).	24	
[2]	Secti	ion 53	Power	s of the Tribunal	25	
	Insert after section 53 (3):					
	((3A)	a perso	Tribunal makes an order under subsection (2) in respect of on and it is satisfied that the person poses a substantial risk e health of members of the public, it may by order (a bition order) do any one or more of the following:	27 28 29 30	
			(a)	prohibit the person from providing health services or specified health services for the period specified in the order or permanently,	31 32 33	

		an of	place such conditions as the Tribunal thinks appropriate on the provision of health services or specified health services by the person for the period specified in the order or permanently. Section 10AK (1) of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> provides that it is fence for a person to provide a health service in contravention of a bition order.	1 2 3 4 5	
	(3B)	proporegis maki unde	e Tribunal is aware that a person in respect of whom it is osing to make a prohibition order is registered under a health stration Act other than this Act, the Tribunal is, before ing the prohibition order, to notify the board constituted or that other Act of the proposed order and give that board an ortunity to make a submission.	8 9 10 11 12 13	
[3]	Section 81	Right	of review	14	
	Omit "an order" from section 81 (1).				
	Insert instea	ad "a p	prohibition order in respect of the person or of an order".	16	
[4]	Section 83	Powe	ers on review	17	
	Insert after section 83 (1) (d):				
		(e)	by its order terminate or shorten the period of a prohibition order or alter the conditions to which the person is subject under a prohibition order (including by imposing new conditions).	19 20 21 22	
[5]	Section 11	5 Trib	unal to provide details of its decision	23	
	Omit section 115 (4). Insert instead:				
	(4)	The	Board:	25	
		(a)	must make publicly available a statement of a decision provided to it under this section if the decision is in respect of a complaint that has been proved or admitted in whole or in part, and	26 27 28 29	
		(b)	may disseminate any other statement of a decision as the Board thinks fit,	30 31	
		unles	ss the Tribunal has ordered otherwise.	32	

[6] Sect	ions 1	21A a	nd 121B	1
Inser	t after	section	n 121:	2
121A	Cano	elled	registrations to be publicly available	3
	(1)	The l	Board is to make publicly available:	4
		(a)	the name of each person who is subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court that the person's registration be cancelled or that the person not be re-registered, and	5 6 7 8
		(b)	such other information about the person as may be prescribed by the regulations.	9 10
	(2)	publi	Board is to ensure that the information required to be made icly available under subsection (1) is provided to the imission.	11 12 13
	(3)		Board is not required to make publicly available information at a person:	14 15
		(a)	who is deceased, or	16
		(b)	who belongs to a class of persons prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	17 18
121B	Prot	ection	from liability for certain publications	19
	(1)	subje	ablication in good faith under section 115 or 121A does not eet a protected person to any liability (including liability in mation).	20 21 22
	(2)	In th	is section:	23
		prote	ected person means:	24
		(a)	the Board or Tribunal or a member of the Board or Tribunal, or	25 26
		(b)	the proprietor, editor or publisher of a newspaper, or	27
		(c)	the proprietor or broadcaster of a radio or television station or the producer of a radio or television show, or	28 29
		(d)	an internet service provider or internet content host, or	30
		(e)	a member of staff of or a person acting at the direction of any person or entity referred to in this definition, or	31 32
		(f)	any person, or person belonging to a class of persons, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	33 34 35

[7]	Schedule 7 Savings and transitional provisions						
	Insert at the end of clause 2 (1):						
			Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health	;			
			Practitioners) Act 2006 (but only to the extent that it amends this Act)	!			
[8]	Sche	edule 7	', Part 3	(
	Inser	t after I	Part 2:	7			
	Part 3		Provisions consequent on enactment of Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006				
	16	Defin	ion				
			In this Part:	13			
			amending Act means the Health Legislation Amendment (Unregistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006.	14 18			
	17	Prohibition orders					
			The Tribunal may make a prohibition order under section 53 (3A) with respect to either or both of the following:	17 18			
			(a) conduct or any other matter or thing that occurred before, or partly before and partly after, that subsection was inserted by the amending Act,	19 20 27			
			(b) a complaint that has been made but not fully dealt with before that subsection was inserted by the amending Act.	22 23			
	18	Decis	sions of the Tribunal	24			
			Section 115 (4), as substituted by the amending Act, applies only in respect of a statement of a decision that is given after the commencement of that subsection.	25 20 27			
	19	Canc	celled registrations to be publicly available	28			
			Section 121A, as inserted by the amending Act, extends to a person who was, immediately before the commencement of that section, subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court that the person's registration be cancelled or that the person not be re-registered.	29 30 32 32 33			

3.13	Psycholo	gist	s Act 2001 No 69	1		
[1]	Section 4 I	Defini	tions	2		
	Insert in alphabetical order:					
	•	heal	th service has the same meaning as in the Health Care	4		
			aplaints Act 1993.	5		
		proh	nibition order has the same meaning as in section 53 (3A).	6		
[2]	Section 53	Powe	ers of the Tribunal	7		
	Insert after	sectio	n 53 (3):	8		
	(3A)		e Tribunal makes an order under subsection (2) in respect of	9		
			rson and it is satisfied that the person poses a substantial risk	10		
			the health of members of the public, it may by order (a nibition order) do any one or more of the following:	11 12		
		(a)	prohibit the person from providing health services or	13		
		. ,	specified health services for the period specified in the	14		
			order or permanently,	15		
		(b)	place such conditions as the Tribunal thinks appropriate on	16		
			the provision of health services or specified health services by the person for the period specified in the order or	17 18		
			permanently.	19		
		Note	Section 10AK (1) of the Public Health Act 1991 provides that it is	20 21		
		an offence for a person to provide a health service in contravention of a prohibition order.				
	(3B)	If th	e Tribunal is aware that a person in respect of whom it is	23		
	, ,	prop	osing to make a prohibition order is registered under a health	24		
			stration Act other than this Act, the Tribunal is, before ing the prohibition order, to notify the board constituted	25 26		
			er that other Act of the proposed order and give that board an	27		
			ortunity to make a submission.	28		
[3]	Section 81	Right	t of review	29		
	Omit "an order" from section 81 (1).					
	Insert instead "a prohibition order in respect of the person or of an order".					
[4]	Section 83	Powe	ers on review	32		
	Insert after	sectio	n 83 (1) (d):	33		
		(e)	by its order terminate or shorten the period of a prohibition	34		
			order or alter the conditions to which the person is subject	35		
			under a prohibition order (including by imposing new conditions).	36 37		
			Conditionity.	31		

[5]	Sect	ion 11	15 Tribunal to provide details of its decision	1		
	Omit section 115 (4). Insert instead:					
		(4)	The Board:	3		
			(a) must make publicly available a statement of a decision provided to it under this section if the decision is in respect of a complaint that has been proved or admitted in whole or in part, and	4 5 6 7		
			(b) may disseminate any other statement of a decision as the Board thinks fit,	8 9		
			unless the Tribunal has ordered otherwise.	10		
[6]	Sect	ions 1	I21A and 121B	11		
	Inser	t after	section 121:	12		
	121A	Cano	celled registrations to be publicly available	13		
		(1)	The Board is to make publicly available:	14		
			(a) the name of each person who is subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court that the person's registration be cancelled or that the person not be re-registered, and	15 16 17 18		
			(b) such other information about the person as may be prescribed by the regulations.	19 20		
		(2)	The Board is to ensure that the information required to be made publicly available under subsection (1) is provided to the Commission.	21 22 23		
		(3)	The Board is not required to make publicly available information about a person:	24 25		
			(a) who is deceased, or	26		
			(b) who belongs to a class of persons prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	27 28		
	121B	Prote	ection from liability for certain publications	29		
		(1)	A publication in good faith under section 115 or 121A does not subject a protected person to any liability (including liability in defamation).	30 31 32		
		(2)	In this section:	33		
			protected person means:	34		
			(a) the Board or Tribunal or a member of the Board or Tribunal, or	35 36		

			(b)	the proprietor, editor or publisher of a newspaper, or	1	
			(c)	the proprietor or broadcaster of a radio or television station or the producer of a radio or television show, or	2	
			(d)	an internet service provider or internet content host, or	4	
			(e)	a member of staff of or a person acting at the direction of	5	
			(0)	any person or entity referred to in this definition, or	6	
			(f)	any person, or person belonging to a class of persons, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	7 8 9	
[7]	Sche	edule 7	Savin	gs and transitional provisions	10	
	Inser	t at the	end of	Celause 2 (1):	11	
			Healti		12	
				itioners) Act 2006 (but only to the extent that it amends	13	
			this A	Ct)	14	
[8]	Schedule 7, Part 3					
	Insert after Part 2:					
	Part 3 Pro		Prov	ovisions consequent on enactment of		
				Ith Legislation Amendment	17 18	
				registered Health Practitioners)	19	
			Àct	2006	20	
	14	Defin	ition		21	
			In this	s Part:	22	
			-	ding Act means the Health Legislation Amendment	23	
				gistered Health Practitioners) Act 2006.	24	
	15	Prohi	bition	orders	25	
				ribunal may make a prohibition order under section 53 (3A) respect to either or both of the following:	26 27	
			(a)	conduct or any other matter or thing that occurred before, or partly before and partly after, that subsection was inserted by the amending Act,	28 29	
			(b)	a complaint that has been made but not fully dealt with	30 31	
				before that subsection was inserted by the amending Act.	32	

16	Decisions of the Tribunal	
	Section 115 (4), as substituted by the amending Act, applies only in respect of a statement of a decision that is given after the	2
17	commencement of that subsection. Cancelled registrations to be publicly available	!
	Section 121A, as inserted by the amending Act, extends to a	
	person who was, immediately before the commencement of that	-
	section, subject to an order of the Tribunal or the Supreme Court	8
	that the person's registration be cancelled or that the person not be re-registered.	1(