

# Regional Development Amendment (Advisory Council) Regulation 2023

under the

Regional Development Act 2004

His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has made the following regulation under the *Regional Development Act 2004*.

TARA MORIARTY, MLC Minister for Regional New South Wales

#### **Explanatory note**

The object of this regulation is to amend the Regional Development Regulation 2018 to provide for—

- (a) the establishment of the Regional Development Advisory Council by the Minister for Regional New South Wales, and
- (b) the membership and procedures of the Council.

## Regional Development Amendment (Advisory Council) Regulation 2023

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Regional Development Act 2004

#### 1 Name of regulation

This regulation is the Regional Development Amendment (Advisory Council) Regulation 2023.

#### 2 Commencement

This regulation commences on the day on which it is published on the NSW legislation website.

### Schedule 1 Amendment of Regional Development Regulation 2018

#### [1] Section 3 Definitions

Insert in alphabetical order in section 3(1)—*Advisory Council*—see section 4A.

#### [2] Sections 4A and 4B

Insert after section 4—

#### 4A Regional Development Advisory Council—the Act, s 12

- (1) The Minister may establish a Regional Development Advisory Council (the *Advisory Council*) by appointing members to the Advisory Council in accordance with this section.
- (2) The Minister must appoint at least 5, but no more than 7, members to the Advisory Council.
- (3) The Advisory Council must comprise the following—
  - (a) at least 2, but no more than 4, members who, in the Minister's opinion, have relevant experience in 1 or more of the following—
    - (i) regional and rural economics,
    - (ii) climate adaptation and resilience,
    - (iii) the delivery of services in regional areas,
    - (iv) community service activities,
    - (v) the development of new industries,
    - (vi) finance,
    - (vii) public administration,
    - (viii) regional planning and infrastructure,
    - (ix) primary industries,
    - (x) natural resource management,
  - (b) 1 person who—
    - (i) is an Aboriginal person, and
    - (ii) has knowledge and experience of supporting economic development within Aboriginal communities,
  - (c) the Secretary of the Department of Regional NSW,
  - (d) 1 representative of—
    - (i) Regional Development Australia, or
    - (ii) another body which, in the Minister's opinion, deals with regional matters.
- (4) For subsection (3)(b)(ii), the following must be taken into account in determining if a person has knowledge and experience of supporting economic development within Aboriginal communities—
  - (a) if the person has knowledge or experience of assisting Aboriginal people to enter the workforce,
  - (b) if the person has knowledge or experience of supporting Aboriginal groups to carry out commercial activities.

- (5) The following persons are not eligible to be appointed to the Advisory Council—
  - (a) a Public Service employee within the meaning of the *Government Sector Employment Act 2013*, other than the Secretary of the Department of Regional NSW,
  - (b) an officer or employee of the Commonwealth or an authority of the Commonwealth, other than the person referred to in subsection (3)(d),
  - (c) a person elected to a civic office within the meaning of the *Local Government Act 1993*.
- (6) Schedule 1 contains provisions about the members and procedure of the Advisory Council.
- (7) In this section—

Aboriginal person means a person who—

- (a) is of Aboriginal descent, and
- (b) identifies as an Aboriginal person, and
- (c) is accepted as an Aboriginal person by an Aboriginal community.

#### 4B Keeping of information by Advisory Council—the Act, s 12

The Advisory Council must—

- (a) keep copies of the information and reports considered or prepared by the Advisory Council in carrying out its functions, and
- (b) at the request of the Minister, give the Minister a copy of information or a report kept under this section.

#### [3] Schedule 1

Insert after section 5—

## Schedule 1 Constitution and procedure of Advisory Council

section 4A

#### Part 1 Preliminary

#### 1 Definitions

In this schedule—

*Chairperson*—see this schedule, section 3(1).

**Deputy Chairperson**—see this schedule, section 3(2).

*member* means a member of the Advisory Council.

#### Part 2 Constitution

#### 2 Terms of office of members

- (1) A member holds office for a term of not more than 3 years specified in the member's instrument of appointment.
- (2) A member is eligible, if otherwise qualified, for re-appointment.
- (3) A member must not hold office for more than 2 consecutive terms.

(4) This section does not apply to the Secretary of the Department of Regional NSW.

#### 3 Chairperson and Deputy Chairperson

- (1) The Minister must appoint a member to be the chairperson of the Advisory Council (*Chairperson*).
- (2) The Advisory Council must elect a member to be the deputy chairperson of the Advisory Council (*Deputy Chairperson*).
- (3) A member vacates office as Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson if the member—
  - (a) ceases to be a member, or
  - (b) resigns from the office by written notice addressed to the Minister, or
  - (c) is removed from the office under this section.
- (4) The Minister may remove a member from office as Chairperson by written notice.
- (5) If the Minister removes a member from office as Chairperson, the Minister must—
  - (a) give the member a written statement of the reasons for removing the member from office, and
  - (b) make the statement publicly available.
- (6) The Advisory Council may, by resolution, remove a member from office as Deputy Chairperson.
- (7) The Council's resolution to remove a member from office as Deputy Chairperson must—
  - (a) set out the reasons for removing the member from office, and
  - (b) be made publicly available.

#### 4 Vacancy in office

- (1) The office of a member becomes vacant if the member—
  - (a) dies, or
  - (b) completes a term of office and is not re-appointed, or
  - (c) resigns from office by written notice addressed to the Minister, or
  - (d) is removed from office by the Minister under this section, or
  - (e) is absent from 3 consecutive meetings of the Advisory Council of which reasonable notice has been given to the member personally or by post, unless—
    - (i) the member is on leave granted by the Advisory Council, or
    - (ii) the member is excused by the Advisory Council for having been absent from the meetings, or
  - (f) becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of a law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with the member's creditors or makes an assignment of the member's remuneration for the benefit of the member's creditors, or
  - (g) becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or
  - (h) is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more, or

- (i) is convicted outside of New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more, or
- (j) for the Secretary of the Department of Regional NSW—ceases to be the Secretary of the Department.
- (2) The Minister may remove a member from office by written notice.
- (3) If the Minister removes a member from office, the Minister must—
  - (a) give the member a written statement of the reasons for removing the member from office, and
  - (b) make the statement publicly available.
- (4) If the office of a member becomes vacant, the Minister may appoint a person to fill the vacancy.

#### 5 Suspension of members

- (1) The Minister may suspend a member, by written notice, for the period specified in the notice.
- (2) During the period of suspension, the member must not carry out the functions of a member or officeholder of the Advisory Committee.
- (3) The Minister may revoke the suspension.

#### 6 Acting members

(1) The Minister may, from time to time, appoint a person to act in the office of a member if the member is unable to act because of illness, absence or another cause

Example of another cause— if a member has been suspended

- (2) The person, while acting—
  - (a) is taken to be a member, and
  - (b) has all the functions of the member, including, if the member is the Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson, the functions of the Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson.
- (3) The Minister may revoke an appointment made under this section.

#### 7 Application of Government Sector Employment Act 2013

The provisions of the *Government Sector Employment Act 2013* relating to the employment of Public Service employees do not apply to a member.

#### Part 3 Procedure

#### 8 General procedure

- (1) The Advisory Council may, subject to this schedule, determine procedures for—
  - (a) the calling of Advisory Council meetings, and
  - (b) the conduct of business by the Advisory Council.
- (2) The agenda for all meetings of the Advisory Council must include an item relating to the disclosure of—
  - (a) pecuniary interests in a matter being considered, or about to be considered, by the Advisory Council, and

(b) other conflicts of interest.

#### 9 First meeting

The Minister may call the first meeting of the Advisory Council in the way the Minister thinks fit.

#### 10 Quorum

The quorum for a meeting of the Advisory Council is a majority of members for the time being.

#### 11 Presiding member

- (1) The Chairperson must preside at a meeting of the Advisory Council.
- (2) If the Chairperson is absent—
  - (a) the Deputy Chairperson must preside, or
  - (b) if the Deputy Chairperson is absent—1 of the members present at the meeting, as elected by the members present, must preside.
- (3) The person presiding at a meeting has—
  - (a) a deliberative vote, and
  - (b) if there is an equality of votes—a second or casting vote.

#### 12 Voting

A decision supported by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the Advisory Council at which a quorum is present is the decision of the Advisory Council.

#### 13 Minutes

The Advisory Council must keep full and accurate minutes of the proceedings of each meeting of the Advisory Council.

#### 14 Conduct of business

- (1) The Advisory Council may, if it thinks fit, transact its business—
  - (a) by the circulation of papers, including by email or other electronic means, among all members, or
  - (b) at a meeting at which all or some members participate by telephone, audio-visual link or other means, but only if a member who speaks on a matter at the meeting can be heard by the other members.
- (2) If the Advisory Council transacts its business by the circulation of papers under subsection (1)(a), a written resolution approved in writing by a majority of the members is taken to be a decision of the Advisory Council made at an Advisory Council meeting.
- (3) For the purposes of a meeting held under subsection (1)(b) or the approval of a resolution under subsection (2), each member has the same voting rights as at an ordinary meeting.
- (4) A resolution approved under subsection (2) must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

#### 15 Disclosure of pecuniary interests

(1) This section applies if—

- (a) a member has a pecuniary interest in a matter being considered, or about to be considered, at an Advisory Council meeting, and
- (b) the pecuniary interest appears to raise a conflict with the proper performance of the member's duties in relation to the matter.
- (2) The member must disclose the nature of the member's pecuniary interest—
  - (a) to the Chairperson—as soon as possible after becoming aware of the pecuniary interest, and
  - (b) to the remainder of the Advisory Council—at the next Advisory Council meeting after becoming aware of the pecuniary interest.
- (3) For subsection (1), a pecuniary interest held by the following persons is taken to be a pecuniary interest of the member—
  - (a) the member's spouse or de facto partner,
  - (b) another relative of the member,
  - (c) a business partner or employer of the member,
  - (d) a company or other body of which the member, or member's business partner or employer, is a member.
- (4) Subsection (3) does not apply if the member is not aware of the pecuniary interest.
- (5) A member's disclosure of the following matters is sufficient disclosure of a pecuniary interest in relation to a matter that may relate to a company, body or person—
  - (a) that the member, spouse, de facto partner, relative, business partner or employer is a member of, or employed by, the company or body,
  - (b) that the member, spouse, de facto partner, relative, business partner or employer is a business partner of, or employed by, the person,
  - (c) that the member, spouse, de facto partner, relative, business partner or employer has another interest in relation to the company, body or person.
- (6) Particulars of a disclosure made under this section must be recorded by the Advisory Council and must be available for inspection on the request of a person.
- (7) If a member has disclosed a pecuniary interest in a matter, the member must not, unless the Minister or the Advisory Council otherwise determines—
  - (a) be present at an Advisory Council meeting while the matter is considered, or
  - (b) participate in the making of an Advisory Council decision in relation to the matter.
- (8) For the purposes of the making of a determination under subsection (7), the member must not—
  - (a) be present at an Advisory Council meeting at which the determination is made, or
  - (b) take part in the making of the determination.
- (9) Contravention of this section does not invalidate an Advisory Council decision.