STOCK (ARTIFICIAL BREEDING) ACT 1985—REGULATI ON

(Stock (Artificial Breeding) Regulation 1995)

NEW SOUTH WALES



[Published in Gazette No. 105 of 1 September 1995]

HIS Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, and in pursuance of the Stock (Artificial Breeding) Act 1985, has been pleased to make the Regulation set forth hereunder.

RICHARD SNADERSON AMERY, M.P., Minister for Agriculture.

PART 1—PRELIMINARY

Citation

1. This Regulation may be cited as the Stock (Artificial Breeding) Regulation 1995.

Commencement

2 This Regulation commences on 1 September 1995.

Definitions

- **3.** In this Regulation:
- **"admission area"** means that part of licensed premises used for the purpose of health testing of stock prior to entry to the centre proper of the licensed premises;
- "approved" means approved by the Chief, Division of Animal Industries;
- "assessment" means the examination of semen or an ovum to determine its quality and its suitability for further processing and use:
- "cattle" means any cattle of any age or sex, and includes any buffalo;

- "centre proper", in relation to licensed premises, means that part of licensed premises to which only fully health tested stock are permitted entry;
- "Chief, Division of Animal Industries" means the Chief, Division of Animal Industries, New South Wales Department of Agriculture;
- "Commonwealth licensing standards" means the standards contained in the publication entitled "Minimum Health Standards for Stock Standing at Licensed or Approved Artificial Breeding Centres in Australia" (3rd edition), as published in 1988 by the Commonwealth Department of Primary Industries and Energy, copies of which are available from the office of the New South Wales Department of Agriculture;
- "Commonwealth Code of Practice" means the code of practice contained in the publication entitled "Code of Practice for Australian Livestock Artificial Breeding Centres", as published in 1988 by the Commonwealth Department of Primary Industries and Energy, copies of which are available from the office of the New South Wales Department of Agriculture;
- "donor stock" means any stock from which either semen or ova are collected;
- "examination, treatment or test", in relation to stock, means any examination, treatment or test of the stock to detect disease or hereditary defect;
- "goat" means a goat of any age or sex;
- **"hereditary defect"** means an inherited fault or undesirable genetic trait, and includes any fault or trait specified in Schedule 1;
- "implanting" means the process by which an ovum is introduced into stock;
- **"isolation"** means the keeping apart of any stock in an enclosure so that direct physical contact with any other stock, not of the same health status, is prevented;
- **"isolation area"** means an area within licensed premises where stock can be isolated for examination, treatment or test;
- **"provisional certificate of competency"** means a certificate of competency issued under clause 9;
- "recipient stock" means any female stock into which semen is artificially introduced or an ovum implanted;
- "sheep" means any sheep of any age or sex;
- "swine" means any swine of any age or sex;
- "the Act" means the Stock (Artificial Breeding) Act 1985.

Technical aspects of artificial breeding: sec. 4

- **4.** For the purposes of section 4 (2) of the Act, the following are prescribed as technical aspects of an artificial breeding procedure:
 - (a) the collection, assessment, dilution, chilling or freezing of semen or ova from stock;
 - (b) the insemination of female stock;
 - (c) the implanting of an ovum in female stock.

PART 2—LICENCES, APPROVALS AND CERTIFICATES Division 1—Licensing of premises

Licensing standards: sec. 6

5. For the purposes of section 6 of the Act, the prescribed standards for premises are the Commonwealth licensing standards for those premises.

Prescribed licence period: sec. 8

6. For the purposes of section 8 of the Act, the prescribed licence period is the period ending on 31 March 1998, or any successive period of 3 years ending on the third, sixth or other such anniversary of that date.

Division 2—Supervision

Restricted activities of artificial breeding: sec. 10

- **7.** (1) For the purposes of section 10 (2) of the Act, any procedure that involves a surgical incision or laparoscopy is prescribed as a restricted activity.
- (2) In this clause, "laparoscopy" means the examination, manipulation or penetration of organs within the abdominal cavity by means of a probe or other instrument.

Division 3—Certificates of competency

Qualifications for certificate of competency: sec. 13

- **8.** For the purposes of section 13 of the Act, a person has the prescribed qualifications for a certificate of competency:
 - (a) if the person has completed a course of instruction in the artificial breeding procedures to which the certificate relates, being:

- (i) a course of instruction that complies with the requirements of Schedule 2 in relation to such a certificate; or
- (ii) a course of instruction that, in the opinion of the Director-General, is at least equivalent to such a course; and
- (b) if the person has passed:
 - (i) an examination conducted by an approved person in the theory and practice of artificial breeding in the species of stock to which the certificate relates; or
 - (ii) an examination that, in the opinion of the Director-General, is at least equivalent to such an examination; and
- (c) if the person has experience, at a level approved by the Director-General, in the performance of the artificial breeding procedures to which the certificate relates,

or if the person has equivalent qualifications under the law of some other State or Territory.

Provisional certificates of Competency

- **9.** (1) The Director-General may issue a provisional certificate of competency having the same effect as a certificate of competency.
- (2) For the purposes of section 13 of the Act, a person has the prescribed qualifications for a provisional certificate of competency if the person has completed a course of instruction referred to in clause 8 (a) and has passed an examination referred to in clause 8 (b).

Division 4—General

Application forms: sec. 20

- **10.** For the purposes of section 20 (1) of the Act, the prescribed manner of making an application for:
 - (a) the issue, renewal, variation or transfer of a licence; or
 - (b) the issue of a supervisor's approval; or
 - (c) the issue, renewal or variation of a certificate of competency; or
 - (d) the issue, renewal or variation of an instructor's certificate; or
 - (e) the issue, renewal, variation or transfer of a course approval certificate,

is by lodging an application in the approved form with the Director-General.

Fees: see. 20

- 11. For the purposes of section 20 (1) of the Act, the prescribed fee for making an application for the issue, renewal, variation or transfer of an authority specified in Schedule 3 is:
 - (a) the fee specified in that Schedule in respect of the authority; or
 - (b) such lesser fee as is determined by the Director-General in a particular case.

Terms and conditions of licence: sec. 21

- 12. For the purposes of section 21 (1) of the Act:
- (a) a licence for premises is subject to the condition that its holder:
 - (i) must comply with the requirements of this Regulation, and with the requirements of the Commonwealth licensing standards, for those premises; and
 - (ii) must ensure that any artificial breeding procedure that is carried out on the premises is carried out in accordance with the requirements of this Regulation, and with the requirements of the Commonwealth Code of Practice, for the conduct of artificial breeding procedures.
- (b) a certificate of competency (including a provisional certificate) is subject to the condition that its holder must comply with the requirements of this Regulation, and with the requirements of the Commonwealth Code of Practice, for the conduct of artificial breeding procedures.

Duration of authorities: sec. 22

- **13.** For the purposes of section 22 of the Act:
- (a) an authority (other than a supervisor's approval) remains in force, unless sooner cancelled or surrendered, for the residue of the licence period that is current when the authority first takes effect; and
- (b) a supervisor's approval remains in force until cancelled or surrendered.

Time limit for appeals: sec.24

14. For the purposes of section 24 (1) of the Act, the prescribed time within which an aggrieved person may appeal to a Local Court against a decision by the Director-General concerning an authority is the period ending 28 days after the person is notified of the decision.

PART 3—OPERATION OF LICENSED PREMISES

Entry of stock to licensed premises

- **15.** (1) A licensee must not allow stock to enter the licensed premises unless the stock has been examined by a veterinary surgeon and the veterinary surgeon has certified that:
 - (a) the stock is adequately individually identified; and
 - (b) the stock has been examined and found to be free of any evidence of infectious or contagious disease, and has been held in isolation prior to entry to the licensed premises; and
 - (c) in the case of donor stock, the stock is free of any evidence of hereditary defect specified in Part A of Schedule 1 in relation to stock of that species; and
 - (d) in the case of stock of a breed specified in Part B of Schedule 1 or stock derived from such a breed:
 - (i) the stock has been tested, by an approved method and at an approved laboratory, for the hereditary defect specified in Part B of that Schedule in relation to stock of that breed; and
 - (ii) the test shows no evidence of that defect; and
 - (e) the stock otherwise complies with approved health standards for entry to the licensed premises.

Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

(2) A licensee must not allow stock to enter the centre proper of licensed premises unless the stock has, not more than 30 days before the proposed entry or such other period as is approved, been examined by a veterinary surgeon and the veterinary surgeon has certified that the stock meets approved health standards for entry to the centre proper.

Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

Maintenance health testing

- **16.** (1) A licensee must ensure that all stock held in the centre proper of the licensed premises undergo approved maintenance health testing:
 - (a) at intervals of not more than 15 months and not less than 9 months; or
 - (b) at such other intervals as may be approved.

Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

(2) Unless otherwise approved, a licensee must immediately remove from the licensed premises any stock that, on being tested, fails to comply with the approved health standards for entry to the licensed premises.

Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

(3) Subclause (2) does not apply to stock that entered the centre proper within the period of 90 days immediately preceding the completion of the testing.

Annual declaration of stock health

17. On or before 15 January each year, the holder of an Artificial Breeding Centre Licence or Ovum Transfer Centre Licence must submit to the Chief, Division of Animal Industries, a declaration of stock health, in the approved form, for the preceding calendar year.

Maximum penalty: 5 penalty units.

Cause of death of stock to be investigated

18. A licensee must ensure that the cause of death of any stock that dies on the licensed premises is investigated by a veterinary surgeon.

Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

Register of stock

19. (1) The holder of an Artificial Breeding Centre Licence or Ovum Transfer Centre Licence must keep a register, in accordance with this clause, of all stock that enter, that are born in, that die in or that leave the licensed premises.

Maximum penalty: 5 penalty units.

- (2) The register must contain the following particulars for stock in the admission area:
 - (a) the identity and date of entry of any stock that enters the admission area;
 - (b) the identity of such of the stock as enters for the purpose of becoming recipient stock;
 - (c) the identity and date of birth of any stock that is born in the admission area;
 - (d) the identity and date of death of any stock that dies in the admission area:
 - (e) the identity and date of leaving of any stock that leaves the admission area;

- (f) details of any examination, treatment or test conducted on the stock (including the results of any investigation into the cause of death of stock that dies in the admission area), and the date and results of any such examination, treatment or test.
- (3) The register must contain the following particulars for stock in the centre proper:
 - (a) the identity and date of entry of any stock that enters the centre proper, including the breed and species, and (if appropriate) the name, brand or tattoo and the breed society registration;
 - (b) the premises of origin of the stock;
 - (c) the name and address of the owner of the stock;
 - (d) the identity and date of birth of any stock that is born in the centre proper;
 - (e) the identity and date of death of any stock that dies in the centre proper;
 - (f) the identity and date of leaving of any stock that leaves the centre proper;
 - (g) details of any examination, treatment or test conducted on the stock (including the results of any investigation into the cause of death of stock that dies in the centre proper), and the date and results of any such examination, treatment or test.
 - (4) Each entry of an examination, treatment or test:
 - (a) must be made in the register as soon as possible, but not later than 7 days after the examination, treatment or test; and
 - (b) must be certified by the veterinary surgeon who conducted or supervised the examination, treatment or test.

PART 4—CONDUCT OF ARTIFICIAL BREEDING PROCEDURES

Conduct of artificial breeding procedures

- **20.** In carrying out any artificial breeding procedure, the holder of a certificate of competency:
 - (a) must take such precautions as are necessary to prevent the transmission of disease between stock; and
 - (b) must exercise care in the collecting, processing, handling, storage and use of semen or ova to ensure that the identification, quality and viability of the semen or ova are retained; and
 - (c) must use clean, sterilised instruments and equipment during the collection, processing, handling, storage and use of semen or ova.

Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

PART 5—MISCELLANEOUS

Importation from a State or Territory: sec. 25

- **21. (1)** For the purposes of section 25 (1) (b) of the Act, a person may introduce into the State any semen or ova from any other State or Territory:
 - (a) if the semen or ova was collected, processed and stored on premises licensed for that purpose under a law of the State or Territory corresponding to the Act; or
 - (b) if the person is a licensee and the semen or ova is to be used to perform an artificial breeding procedure on stock owned by the owner of the stock from which the semen or ova was collected.
- (2) For the purposes of section 25 (2) of the Act, the prescribed manner of making an application for an approval to introduce into the State any semen or ova from any other State or Territory is by lodging an application in the approved form with the Director-General.
- (3) The fee for making such an application is the fee specified in Schedule 3 in respect of the application.
- (4) The licensee of licensed premises must keep a record of any semen or ova introduced into the State through the licensed premises.

Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

Storage of semen or ova on licensed premises

22. (1) In this clause:

"appropriate certificate of competency" means a certificate of competency that relates to the species of stock from which the semen or ova was collected;

"licensed semen or ova" means semen or ova:

- (a) collected and processed at licensed premises; or
- (b) introduced into the State in accordance with clause 21 (I) (a); or
- (c) introduced into the State from another country in accordance with section 26 of the Act,

and subsequently stored only at licensed premises or under the control of a veterinary surgeon or the holder of an appropriate certificate of competency.

(2) A person must not cause or permit licensed semen or ova to be stored on licensed premises in containers used, at the same time, for the storage of unlicensed semen or ova.

Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

Retention of records

- **23.** A licensee must ensure that any register or record required by this Regulation:
 - (a) is certified, in relation to each entry, by the person making the entry; and
 - (b) is of a permanent nature; and
 - (c) is retained in safe custody at the licensed premises, or at the usual place of business of the licensee, for a period of not less than 3 years after the record was made; and
 - (d) is made available at any reasonable time for examination by an inspector.

Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

Stock to comply with certain requirements: sec. 28

24. For the purposes of section 28 of the Act, the prescribed standards for stock are the Commonwealth licensing standards for the stock.

Offences relating to semen and ova: sec. 29

25. For the purposes of section 29 (f) of the Act, the prescribed manner for identifying semen and ova is the manner set out in the Commonwealth Code of Practice.

Powers of inspectors: sec. 32

- **26.** (1) For the purposes of section 32 (1) (n) of the Act, the prescribed manner of taking any sample, package or material referred to in that paragraph is by taking it in the presence of its owner, or in the presence of an employee of its owner, and by giving a receipt for it to the owner or employee.
 - (2) The receipt:
 - (a) must identify the sample, package or material being taken; and
 - (b) must state the name of, and be dated and signed by, the inspector by whom it is taken.
- (3) For the purposes of section 32 (4) of the Act, the prescribed period after which detained stock must be returned is 30 days.

Orders: sec. 34

27. (1) For the purposes of section 34 (1) (b) and (3) (b) of the Act, the prescribed standards for things found on or in licensed premises are those contained in the Commonwealth licensing standards for those premises.

(2) For the purposes of section 34 (3) (b) of the Act, the prescribed standards for stock are the Commonwealth licensing standards for the stock.

Seizure of semen or ova: sec. 35

- **28.** (1) For the purposes of section 35 (2) of the Act, the prescribed form of notice to be given by an inspector when seizing anything under section 35 of the Act is Form 1 in Schedule 4.
- (2) For the purposes of section 35 (4) of the Act, the prescribed period after which anything detained under section 35' of the Act must be returned is 30 days.

Misdescription of semen or ova

29. A person must not sell or distribute any semen or ova in any package or container if the package or container misdescribes the semen or ova.

Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

Hereditary defects

- **30.** A person must not advertise the sale or distribution of semen or ova if:
 - (a) the person is aware that the stock from which the semen or ova has been produced carried, or may have carried, an hereditary defect referred to in Part A of Schedule 1; and
 - (b) the advertisement does not include a clear warning:
 - (i) that the stock carried, or may have carried, the defect; and
 - (ii) that the use of the semen or ova may be deleterious to the breeding of stock.

Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

Repeal

- **31.** (1) The Stock (Artificial Breeding) Regulation 1989 is repealed.
- (2) Any act, matter or thing that, immediately before the repeal of the Stock (Artificial Breeding) Regulation 1989, had effect under that Regulation continues to have effect under this Regulation.

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SCHEDULE 1—HEREDITARY DEFECTS

(Cl. 3)

PART A

Cattle

Achondroplasia and dwarfism Bovine leucocyte adhesion deficiency (BLAD) Cerebellar hypoplasia Cerebral hernia Chromosomal translocation Citrullinaemia Cleft palate and harelip Coloboma Congenital blindness (white shorthorns) Congenital cardiomyopathy Congenital dropsy Congenital myoclonus Cryptorchidism Dermal aplasia Deficiency of uridine monophosphate synthase (DUMPS)

Epitheliogenesis imperfecta Exophthalmos with strabismus Factor 1I deficiency Generalised glycogenosis (Pompe's Disease) Haemophilia Hermaphroditism Hydrocephalus Mannosidosis **ßMannosidosis** Maple syrup urine disease Microencephaly Muscular hypertrophy Osteopetrosis Protoporphyria Syndactylism (mule foot) Umbilical hernia

Goats

Absence of ears
Atresia ani
Blind halves of udder
Cleft palate and harelip
Congenital dropsy
Cryptorchidism
Deformed limbs

Epilepsy

Goitre
Hermaphroditism
Mannosidosis
Myoclonia congenita
Recessive atrichosis
Sperm granuloma
Testicular atrophy

Sheep

Agnathia Arthrogryposis and hyranencephaly Cerebellar abiotrophy Congenital progressive muscular dystrophy Cryptorchidism Daft lamb disease Holoprosencephaly Spider syndrome Testicular hypoplasia

Swine

Atresia ani Cerebellar cortical abiotrophy Cleft palate Cryptorchidism Dermatosis vegetans Hermaphroditism Myoclonia congenita Porcine stress syndrome Scrotal hernia Splay legs Umbilical hernia

PART B

Cattle

Cattle	
Bovine leucocyte adhesion deficiency (BLAD)	Holstein/Friesian
Citrullinanaemia	Holstein/Friesian
Deficiency of uridine monophosphate synthase (DUMPS)	Holstein/Friesian
Factor XI deficiency	Holstein/Friesian
Generalised glycogenosis Brahman,	Beef Shorthorn
Haemophilia A Hereford	, Poll Hereford
Mannosidosis Angus, Galloway,	Murray Grey
ßMannosidosis	Salers
Maple syrup urine disease Hereford, Poll Hereford	l, Beef Shorthorn
Protoporphyria Limousin, B	Blonde Aquitaine
Goats	
Mannosidosis	Anglo-Nubian
SCHEDULE 2—COURSES OF INSTRUCTION IN ARTIFICI PROCEDURES	AL BREEDING

COLLECTION PROCEDURE (CLASS "A"—COLLECTOR'S CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY)

(Cl. 8)

Theory

- 1. The objectives of artificial breeding.
- 2. Legislation in respect of artificial breeding-content and purpose.
- 3. Basic genetics.
- 4. Basic anatomy of the male and female reproductive tracts.
- 5. Basic physiology of male and female reproduction.
- 6. Gross pathology of male and female reproductive tracts.
- 7. Reproductive abnormalities and diseases.

- 8. Equipment preparation, maintenance and hygiene.
- 9. Techniques of collection of semen, including safety and restraint.
- 10. Techniques of quality assessment of semen or ova, or both, including gross abnormalities.
- 11. Techniques of handling and processing semen or ova, or both.
- 12. Methods of, and equipment for, storage arid distribution of semen or ova, or both, including identification.
- 13. Basic animal husbandry including:
 - (a) mating behaviour; and
 - (b) accommodation and environment; and
 - (c) nutrition of breeding animals; and
 - (d) health of breeding animals; and
 - (e) restraint of stock.
- 14. Record keeping and reporting.

Practice

20 practice exercises in all aspects of collection, assessment, handling and storage of semen or 20 practice exercises in all aspects of, assessment, handling and storage of ova, or both.

Practice exercises must be conducted with no more than 6 trainees per instructor.

Duration of course

5 days.

Experience before examination

Trainees must perform practical work under the direct supervision of a holder of a Class A—collector's certificate, or under the direct supervision of a veterinary surgeon experienced in artificial breeding, for a period of not less than 2 months before sitting the examinations for a Class A—collector's certificate.

HANDLING PROCEDURE (CLASS "B"—HANDLER'S CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY)

Theory

- 1. The objectives of artificial breeding.
- 2. Legislation in respect of artificial breeding-content and purpose.
- 3. Basic genetics.
- 4. Basic anatomy of the male and female reproductive tracts.
- 5. Basic physiology of male and female reproduction.
- 6. Basic outline of techniques of collection, assessment and processing of semen, or assessment and processing of ova, or both.
- 7. Techniques of handling semen or ova, or both.

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- 8. Methods of, and equipment for, storage and distribution of semen or ova, or both, including identification.
- 9. Identification of semen or ova, or both.
- 10. Record keeping and reporting.

Duration of course

2 days

Experience before examination

Trainees must perform practical work under the direct supervision of a holder of a Class A—collector's certificate or a Class B—handler's certificate, or under the direct supervision of a veterinary surgeon experienced in artificial breeding, for a period of not less than 1 month before sitting the examinations for a Class B—handler's certificate.

ARTIFICIAL INSEMINATION (CLASS "C"—INSEMINATOR'S CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY)

Theory

- 1. The objectives of artificial breeding.
- 2. Legislation in respect of artificial breeding—content and purpose.
- 3. Basic genetics.
- 4. Basic anatomy of the female reproductive tract.
- 5. Basic physiology of female reproduction.
- 6. Gross pathology of the female reproductive tract.
- 7. Female reproductive abnormalities and diseases.
- 8. Equipment preparation, maintenance and hygiene.
- 9. Techniques of collection, assessment, handling and processing of semen.
- 10. Methods of, and equipment for, storage and distribution of semen.
- 11. Insemination techniques and hygiene.
- 12. Techniques in use of frozen, chilled and fresh semen.
- 13. Basic animal husbandry including:
 - (a) behaviour at oestrus; and
 - (b) nutrition of breeding females; and
 - (c) health of breeding females; and
 - (d) restraint of stock.
- 14. Herd programming and oestrus synchronisation for artificial insemination.
- 15. Record keeping and reporting.

Practice

For cattle inseminators—100 practice inseminations.

For other species inseminators—20 practice inseminations.

Practice exercises must be conducted with no more than 10 trainees per instructor.

Duration of course

4 days

Experience before examination

Trainees must perform 50 inseminations under the direct supervision of a holder of a Class C—inseminator's certificate, or under the direct supervision of a veterinary surgeon experienced in artificial breeding, or have successfully inseminated 250 female stock of the species to which the application applies before sitting the examination for a Class C—inseminator's certificate.

SCHEDULE3—FEES

·	. 11, 21) Fee (\$)
ARTIFICIAL BREEDING CENTRE LICENCE	
Issue of licence one species of stock	360
For each additional species of stock	36
Renewal of licence	
Variation or transfer of licence	
DISTRIBUTION CENTRE LICENCE Issue of licence one species of stock	72
For each additional species of stock	36
Renewal of licence	. 36
Variation or transfer of licence	10
OVUM TRANSFER CENTRE LICENCE Issue of licence one species of stock	144
For each additional species of stock	36
Renewal of licence	. 36
Variation or transfer of licence	10
CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY	
Issue of first certificate	72
For each additional certificate	36
Renewal of certificate	. 36
Variation of certificate	. 10
Examination fee	30

INSTRUCTOR'S CERTIFICATE
INSTRUCTOR'S CERTIFICATE Issue of certificate
Renewal of certificate
Variation of certificate
, and on continue
COURSE APPROVAL CERTIFICATE
Issue of certificate one species of stock
For each additional species of stock
Renewal of certificate
Variation or transfer of certificate
APPROVAL TO INTRODUCE SEMEN OR OVA INTO NSW
Issue of approval, for each consignment of each spies of stock
issue of approval, for each consignment of each spies of stock
SCHEDULE 4—FORMS
Form 1
(Cl. 28)
NOTICE OF SEIZURE
(Stock (Artificial Breeding) Act 1985)
To: (person in possession of semen, ova or material)
Of:(location of semen, ova or material)
I, (name of inspector)
have seized the following semen, ova or material:
(description of semen, ova or material)
because I suspect:
*
(reason for seizure)

The semen, ova or material will be returned to you if it is not condemned and destroyed within 30 days after the date of this notice.

Dated:

Signed:

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EXPLANATORYNOTE

The object of this Regulation is to repeal and remake, with minor changes of substance, the provisions of the Stock (Artificial Breeding) Regulation 1989. The new Regulation deals with the following matters:

- (a) licences, approvals and certificates under the Act (Part 2); and
- (b) the operation of premises that are licensed under the Act (Part 3); and
- (c) the conduct of artificial breeding procedures (Part 4); and
- (d) other matters of a minor, consequential or ancillary nature (Parts 1 and 5).

This Regulation is made under the Stock (Artificial Breeding) Act 1985, including section 42 (the general regulation making power) and various other sections of the Act referred to in the Regulation.

This Regulation is made in connection with the staged repeal of subordinate legislation under the Subordinate Legislation Act 1989.