

New South Wales

# **Credit (Commonwealth Powers) Act** 2010 No 6

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New South Wales

# **Credit (Commonwealth Powers) Act** 2010 No 6

Act No 6, 2010

An Act to adopt the *National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009* of the Commonwealth and the *National Consumer Credit Protection (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2009* of the Commonwealth, and to refer certain matters relating to the provision of credit and certain other financial transactions to the Parliament of the Commonwealth, for the purposes of section 51 (xxxvii) of the Commonwealth Constitution; and for other purposes. [Assented to 23 March 2010]

### The Legislature of New South Wales enacts:

#### 1 Name of Act

This Act is the Credit (Commonwealth Powers) Act 2010.

#### 2 Commencement

This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

#### 3 Definitions

(1) In this Act:

*adoption* means the adoption under section 4 (1).

amendment reference means the reference under section 6 (1).

**Commonwealth Credit instrument** means any instrument (whether or not of a legislative character) that is made or issued under the National Credit legislation.

express amendment of the National Credit legislation means the direct amendment of the text of the National Credit legislation (whether by the insertion, omission, repeal, substitution or relocation of words or matter) by another Commonwealth Act or by an instrument under a Commonwealth Act, but does not include the enactment by a Commonwealth Act of a provision that has or will have substantive effect otherwise than as part of the text of the National Credit legislation.

### National Credit legislation means:

- (a) the *National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009* of the Commonwealth, and
- (b) the National Consumer Credit Protection (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2009 of the Commonwealth,

and as in force from time to time.

referred credit matter means a matter relating to either of the following:

- (a) credit, being credit the provision of which would be covered by the expression "provision of credit to which this Code applies" in the relevant version of the National Credit Code,
- (b) consumer leases, being consumer leases each of which would be covered by the expression "consumer lease to which Part 11 applies" in the relevant version of the National Credit Code.

relevant version of the National Credit Code means the text of Schedule 1 to the National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009 of the Commonwealth as originally enacted, and as later amended by the National Consumer Credit Protection Amendment Act 2010 of the Commonwealth.

### relevant version of the National Credit legislation means:

- (a) the *National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009* of the Commonwealth as originally enacted, and as later amended by the *National Consumer Credit Protection Amendment Act 2010* of the Commonwealth, and
- (b) the National Consumer Credit Protection (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2009 of the Commonwealth.
- (2) Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act.

### 4 Adoption of existing legislation

- (1) The relevant version of the National Credit legislation is adopted within the meaning of section 51 (xxxvii) of the Commonwealth Constitution.
- (2) The adoption has effect for a period:
  - (a) beginning when this section commences, and
  - (b) ending at the end of the day fixed under section 5 as the day on which the adoption is to terminate,

but no longer.

### 5 Termination of adoption

- (1) The Governor may, at any time, by proclamation published on the NSW legislation website, fix a day as the day on which the adoption is to terminate.
- (2) The Governor may, by proclamation published on the NSW legislation website, revoke a proclamation published under subsection (1), in which case the revoked proclamation is taken (for the purposes of section 4) never to have been published.
- (3) A revoking proclamation has effect only if published before the day fixed under subsection (1).
- (4) The revocation of a proclamation published under subsection (1) does not prevent publication of a further proclamation under that subsection.

### 6 Reference of matters

(1) Subject to section 7, any referred credit matter is referred to the Parliament of the Commonwealth, but only to the extent of the making of laws with respect to such a matter by making express amendments of the National Credit legislation.

- (2) The reference of a matter under subsection (1) has effect only:
  - (a) if and to the extent that the matter is not included in the legislative powers of the Parliament of the Commonwealth (otherwise than by a reference under section 51 (xxxvii) of the Commonwealth Constitution), and
  - (b) if and to the extent that the matter is included in the legislative powers of the Parliament of the State.
- (3) Despite any other provision, the reference has effect for a period:
  - (a) beginning when this section commences, and
  - (b) ending at the end of the day fixed under section 8 as the day on which the reference is to terminate,

but no longer.

### 7 Matters excluded from reference

- (1) A matter referred by section 6 (1) does not include:
  - (a) the matter of making provision with respect to the imposition or payment of State taxes, duties, charges or other imposts, however described, or
  - (b) the matter of making provision with respect to the general system for the recording of estates or interests in land and related information, or
  - (c) the matter of providing for the priority of interests in real property, or
  - (d) the matter of making a law that excludes or limits the operation of a State law, to the extent that the State law makes provision with respect to the creation, holding, transfer, assignment, disposal or forfeiture of a State statutory right.
- (2) In this section:

*forfeiture* means confiscation, seizure, extinguishment, cancellation, suspension or any other forfeiture.

#### State law means:

- (a) any Act of the State or any instrument made under such an Act, whenever enacted or made and as in force from time to time, or
- (b) the general law, being the principles and rules of common law and equity to the extent that they have effect in the State from time to time.

**State statutory right** means a right, entitlement or authority that is granted by or under any Act of the State or any instrument made under such an Act, whenever enacted or made and as in force from time to time, other than a right, entitlement or authority that relates to:

- (a) credit covered by paragraph (a) of the definition of *referred credit matter* in section 3, or
- (b) a consumer lease covered by paragraph (b) of that definition.

#### 8 Termination of reference

- (1) The Governor may, at any time, by proclamation published on the NSW legislation website, fix a day as the day on which the amendment reference is to terminate.
- (2) The Governor may, by proclamation published on the NSW legislation website, revoke a proclamation published under subsection (1), in which case the revoked proclamation is taken (for the purposes of section 6) never to have been published.
- (3) A revoking proclamation has effect only if published before the day fixed under subsection (1).
- (4) The revocation of a proclamation published under subsection (1) does not prevent publication of a further proclamation under that subsection.

### 9 Amendment of Commonwealth law

For the avoidance of doubt, it is the intention of the Parliament of the State that:

- (a) the National Credit legislation may be expressly amended, or have its operation otherwise affected, at any time after the commencement of this section by provisions of Commonwealth Acts the operation of which is based on any legislative powers that the Parliament of the Commonwealth has on account of a reference of any matters, or the adoption of the relevant version of the National Credit legislation, under section 51 (xxxvii) of the Commonwealth Constitution, and
- (b) the National Credit legislation may be expressly amended, or have its operation otherwise affected, at any time after the commencement of this section by provisions of Commonwealth Acts the operation of which is based on any legislative powers that the Parliament of the Commonwealth has apart from a reference of any matters, or the adoption of the relevant version of the National Credit legislation, under section 51 (xxxvii) of the Commonwealth Constitution, and

(c) the National Credit legislation may have its operation affected, otherwise than by express amendment, at any time by provisions of Commonwealth Credit instruments.

### 10 Effect of termination of amendment reference before termination of adoption of Commonwealth Acts

- (1) If the amendment reference is terminated but the adoption of the relevant version of the National Credit legislation is not terminated, the termination of the amendment reference does not affect:
  - (a) laws that were made under the amendment reference (but not repealed) before that termination (whether or not they have come into operation before that termination), or
  - (b) the continued operation in this State of the National Credit legislation as in operation immediately before that termination or as subsequently amended or affected by:
    - (i) laws referred to in paragraph (a) that come into operation after that termination, or
    - (ii) provisions referred to in section 9 (b) or (c).
- (2) Accordingly, the amendment reference continues to have effect for the purposes of subsection (1) unless the adoption is terminated.
- (3) Subsection (1) does not apply to or in relation to an amendment of the National Credit legislation that is excluded from the operation of this section by the proclamation that terminates the amendment reference.
- (4) For the purposes of subsection (1):
  - (a) the laws referred to in subsection (1) (a) include Commonwealth Credit instruments, and
  - (b) the reference in subsection (1) (b) to the National Credit legislation as in operation immediately before the termination of the amendment reference includes that legislation as affected by Commonwealth Credit instruments that have come into operation before that time.

Repeals Schedule 1

### Schedule 1 Repeals

The following Acts and Regulations are repealed:

Consumer Credit Administration Act 1995 No 69

Consumer Credit Administration Regulation 2002

Consumer Credit (New South Wales) Act 1995 No 7 (including the Consumer Credit (New South Wales) Code and the Consumer Credit (New South Wales) Regulations)

Consumer Credit (New South Wales) Special Provisions Regulation 2007

Credit Act 1984 No 94

Credit (Home Finance Contracts) Act 1984 No 97

Credit (Home Finance Contracts) (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1984

Credit (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1984

Consequential amendment of other legislation

# Schedule 2 Consequential amendment of other legislation

### 2.1 Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal Act 2001 No 82

### [1] Section 5 Establishment of Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal

Omit the note to section 5 (2). Insert instead:

**Note.** The following Acts confer jurisdiction on the Tribunal:

Community Land Management Act 1989

Consumer Claims Act 1998

Fair Trading Act 1987

Holiday Parks (Long-term Casual Occupation) Act 2002

Home Building Act 1989

Motor Dealers Act 1974

Motor Vehicle Repairs Act 1980

Residential Parks Act 1998

Residential Tenancies Act 1987

Retirement Villages Act 1999

Strata Schemes Management Act 1996

Travel Agents Act 1986

The Tribunal also has jurisdiction, on a transitional basis, in relation to the maximum annual percentage rate for credit contracts and certain other matters under the *former consumer credit legislation* within the meaning of Schedule 3 to the *Credit (Commonwealth Powers) Act 2010*).

### [2] Section 68 Rehearings by Tribunal

Omit "under the Consumer Credit (New South Wales) Act 1995" from section 68 (13) (b).

Insert instead "in respect of which the Tribunal has jurisdiction because of the operation of Schedule 3 to the *Credit (Commonwealth Powers) Act 2010*".

### [3] Schedule 1 Divisions of the Tribunal

Omit clause 1 (b). Insert instead:

- (b) the *Commercial Division*, in which the Tribunal's jurisdiction is to be exercised in respect of the following:
  - (i) matters in respect of which the Tribunal has jurisdiction because of the operation of Schedule 3 to the *Credit (Commonwealth Powers) Act 2010*,
  - (ii) matters arising under the *Travel Agents Act 1986*,

(iii) consumer claims under the *Consumer Claims Act* 1998 that relate to matters arising under section 36 of the *Property, Stock and Business Agents Act* 2002,

### 2.2 Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal Regulation 2009

## [1] Clause 45 Circumstances where reduced fee or no fee is payable Omit clause 45 (1).

### [2] Clause 45A

Insert after clause 45:

### 45A Savings and transitional provision—amendments made by Credit (Commonwealth Powers) Act 2010

The following provisions of this Regulation, as in force immediately before their repeal by Schedule 2.2 [1] and [3] to the *Credit (Commonwealth Powers) Act 2010*, continue to apply in relation to applications for matters referred to in those provisions (being matters in respect of which the Tribunal has jurisdiction because of the operation of Schedule 3 to the *Credit (Commonwealth Powers) Act 2010*) as if those provisions had not been repealed:

- (a) clause 45 (1),
- (b) paragraphs (a) and (b) of the matter, as set out in Schedule 2, relating to applications to have matters dealt with in the Commercial Division.

### [3] Schedule 2 Fees

Omit the matter relating to applications to have matters dealt with in the Commercial Division.

Insert instead:

Application to have a matter dealt with in the Commercial Division:

(a)	if the amount claimed or in dispute is not more than \$10,000 or if no amount is claimed or in dispute	\$34
(b)	if the amount claimed or in dispute is more than \$10,000 but is not more than $$30,000$	\$70
(c)	if the amount claimed or in dispute is more than \$30,000	\$183

Consequential amendment of other legislation

### 2.3 Conveyancers Licensing Regulation 2006

### [1] Schedule 3 Rules of conduct

Omit "Consumer Credit (New South Wales) Code" from clause 23 (2) (d) and (4) (f) wherever occurring.

Insert instead "National Credit Code".

### [2] Schedule 3

Insert after clause 23 (6):

(7) In this clause:

National Credit Code means the National Credit Code as set out in Schedule 1 to the National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009 of the Commonwealth.

### 2.4 Duties Act 1997 No 123

### [1] Section 223 Mortgages associated with certain credit contracts

Omit "consumer" from section 223 (1)–(3) wherever occurring.

### [2] Section 223 (5)

Omit the subsection. Insert instead:

(5) In this section:

*credit contract* means a credit contract within the meaning of the *National Credit Code* as set out in Schedule 1 to the *National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009* of the Commonwealth.

### 2.5 Fair Trading Regulation 2007

### [1] Clause 6 Exceptions

Omit "a credit sale contract (within the meaning of the *Credit Act 1984*) or a credit contract (within the meaning of the *Consumer Credit (New South Wales) Code*)" from clause 6 (b).

Insert instead "a credit contract (within the meaning of the *National Credit Code* as set out in Schedule 1 to the *National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009* of the Commonwealth)".

### [2] Clause 105 Partial exclusion of certain contracts from direct commerce provisions

Omit clause 105 (2). Insert instead:

(2) In this clause:

credit contract means a credit contract within the meaning of the National Credit Code as set out in Schedule 1 to the National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009 of the Commonwealth.

### 2.6 Farm Debt Mediation Act 1994 No 91

### Section 7 Relationship with other Acts

Omit section 7(3).

### 2.7 Interpretation Act 1987 No 15

### Section 21 Meanings of commonly used words and expressions

Omit the definitions of *Consumer Credit (New South Wales) Code* and *Consumer Credit (New South Wales) Regulations* from section 21 (1).

### 2.8 Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002 No 103

### Schedule 2 Search warrants under other Acts

Omit the matter relating to the Consumer Credit Administration Act 1995.

### 2.9 Legal Profession Regulation 2005

### Clause 150 Loan applications

Omit "Consumer Credit (New South Wales) Code" from clause 150 (1).

Insert instead "National Credit Code as set out in Schedule 1 to the National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009 of the Commonwealth".

### 2.10 Local Government Act 1993 No 30

### Section 651B Immobilisation of vehicles

Omit "(within the meaning of the *Consumer Credit (New South Wales) Code*)" from section 651B (2) (c).

Insert instead "(within the meaning of the *National Credit Code* as set out in Schedule 1 to the *National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009* of the Commonwealth)".

Consequential amendment of other legislation

### 2.11 Motor Dealers Act 1974 No 52

### [1] Section 29CA Cooling off period

Omit "Consumer Credit (New South Wales) Code" from section 29CA (1).

Insert instead "National Credit Code as set out in Schedule 1 to the National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009 of the Commonwealth".

### [2] Section 29CC Consequences of termination

Omit section 29CC (5). Insert instead:

(5) On termination of a contract under section 29CA, any tied loan contract (within the meaning of the *National Credit Code* as set out in Schedule 1 to the *National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009* of the Commonwealth) is terminated. The regulations may make provision for or with respect to the termination of the tied loan contract.

### 2.12 Motor Dealers Regulation 2004

### Clause 57 Protection of interest of third party

Omit "Consumer Credit (New South Wales) Code" from clause 57 (2).

Insert instead "National Credit Code as set out in Schedule 1 to the National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009 of the Commonwealth".

# Schedule 3 Savings, transitional and other provisions

### Part 1 General

### 1 Definitions

In this Schedule:

ASIC means the Australian Securities and Investments Commission.

**former consumer credit legislation** means any of the following (as in force immediately before its repeal by Schedule 1 to this Act):

- (a) the Consumer Credit (New South Wales) Act 1995 (including the Consumer Credit (New South Wales) Code and the Consumer Credit (New South Wales) Regulations),
- (b) the Consumer Credit Administration Act 1995,
- (c) the Consumer Credit Administration Regulation 2002,
- (d) the Consumer Credit (New South Wales) Special Provisions Regulation 2007.

**Note.** This definition is relevant for the carrying forward of certain provisions (including investigation and enforcement powers) for the purposes of the application in NSW, on a transitional basis, of a maximum annual percentage rate for credit contracts, the regulation of finance broking and certain other matters.

*National Credit Code* means the *National Credit Code* as set out in Schedule 1 to the *National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009* of the Commonwealth.

### National Credit legislation means:

- (a) the *National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009* of the Commonwealth, and
- (b) the National Consumer Credit Protection (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2009 of the Commonwealth.

*pre-Credit Code legislation* means any of the following (as in force immediately before its repeal by Schedule 1 to this Act):

- (a) the Credit Act 1984,
- (b) the Credit (Home Finance Contracts) Act 1984,
- (c) the Credit (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1984,
- (d) the Credit (Home Finance Contracts) (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1984.

### 2 Regulations

- (1) The Governor may make regulations containing provisions of a savings or transitional nature consequent on:
  - (a) the enactment of this Act, or
  - (b) the transition from the application of the provisions of the former consumer credit legislation to the application of the provisions of the National Credit legislation.
- (2) If such a regulation so provides, it has effect despite any other provision of this Schedule.
- (3) A provision of a regulation made under this clause may, if the regulations so provide, take effect from the date of assent to the Act concerned or a later date.
- (4) To the extent to which any such provision takes effect from a date that is earlier than the date of its publication on the NSW legislation website, the provision does not operate so as:
  - (a) to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of its publication, or
  - (b) to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted to be done before the date of its publication.

## Part 2 Provisions consequent on enactment of this Act

### Division 1 Financial counselling trust fund

#### 3 Continuation of fund

- (1) The financial counselling trust fund established in accordance with the regulations under the *Credit Act 1984* (as in force immediately before its repeal by Schedule 1 to this Act) is continued.
  - **Note.** The trust fund was established by a trust deed executed on 6 August 1993 by the Minister for Consumer Affairs. A copy of the trust deed is available for inspection on the Department's website.
- (2) Any money in the trust fund is to be applied for the following purposes:
  - (a) the provision of funding to community based non-profit organisations that operate in New South Wales to provide financial counselling or train persons in financial counselling,

(b) the provision of funding to non-profit organisations that operate within New South Wales which, or persons who, satisfy the trustees of the fund that they can educate the public of New South Wales in any matter related to the management of personal finances.

### Division 2 Maximum annual percentage rate for new credit contracts

### 4 Definition and application of Division

- (1) In this Division, annual percentage rate, associated, continuing credit contract, credit contract, credit fees and charges, credit provider and debtor have the same meanings as in the National Credit Code.
- (2) This Division applies in relation to credit contracts entered into on or after the commencement of this Division.

### 5 Credit contracts must not exceed maximum annual percentage rate

### (1) Offence provision

A credit provider must not enter into a credit contract if the annual percentage rate in respect of the credit contract exceeds 48% (the *maximum annual percentage rate*) as calculated in accordance with clause 7.

Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units.

### (2) Civil effect

Any provision of a credit contract that imposes an annual percentage rate that exceeds the maximum annual percentage rate is void to the extent that it does so.

- (3) If an amount prohibited by subclause (1) is paid, it may be recovered as a debt.
- (4) Interest charges and all credit fees and charges imposed or provided for under a credit contract are to be included in calculating the maximum annual percentage rate under the contract.
- (5) For the purposes of subclause (4), credit fees and charges imposed or provided for under a credit contract are taken to include the following, whether or not payable under the contract:
  - (a) a fee or charge payable by the debtor to any person for an introduction to the credit provider,
  - (b) a fee or charge payable by the debtor to any person for any service if the person has been introduced to the debtor by the credit provider,

- (c) a fee or other charge payable by the debtor to the credit provider for any service relating to the provision of credit, other than a service referred to in paragraph (b).
- (6) For the purposes of subclause (5) (a) and (b), it does not matter whether or not there is an association between the person and the credit provider.
- (7) Despite subclause (4), any credit fees or charges arising from the establishment or maintenance of a temporary credit facility are not required to be included for the purposes of calculating the maximum annual percentage rate if:
  - (a) the credit provider is an authorised deposit-taking institution, and
  - (b) the debtor has or had an existing credit contract or debit account with the authorised deposit-taking institution at the time the temporary credit facility is or was established, and
  - (c) the temporary credit facility is related to the existing credit contract or debit account.
- (8) For the purposes of subclause (7), a *temporary credit facility* includes, but is not limited to, an overdraft facility and a short term extension of the total amount of credit available under an existing credit contract.

### 6 Enforcement of maximum annual percentage rate

- (1) The provisions of the former consumer credit legislation that:
  - (a) confer jurisdiction on the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal, or on a State court, with respect to the contravention of an obligation involving the maximum annual percentage rate imposed under the former consumer credit legislation, and
  - (b) relate to the enforcement of that rate,
  - apply, despite the repeal of those provisions by Schedule 1 to this Act, to and in respect of the maximum annual percentage rate imposed under this Division with such modifications as are necessary.
- (2) For the purposes of subclause (1), the provisions of the former consumer credit legislation that relate to the enforcement of the maximum annual percentage rate under that legislation include, without limitation, provisions relating to the following:
  - (a) powers of investigation (including for supervisory purposes),
  - (b) the bringing of any proceedings, or the taking of any other action, with respect to that rate,
  - (c) the imposition of a civil penalty for contravening an obligation involving that rate.

### 7 Calculation of maximum annual percentage rate

- (1) For the purposes of calculating the maximum annual percentage rate under a credit contract to which this Division applies, the rate must be calculated as a nominal rate per annum, together with the compounding frequency, in accordance with this clause.
- (2) The maximum annual percentage rate is given by the following formula:

i = nr100%

where:

 $\boldsymbol{n}$  is the number of repayments per annum to be made under the credit contract annualised, except that:

- (a) if repayments are to be made weekly or fortnightly—n is to be 52.18 or 26.09, respectively, and
- (b) if the contract does not provide for a constant interval between repayments—n is to be derived from the interval selected for the purposes of the definition of *j* mentioned below.

*r* is the solution of the following:

$$\sum_{j=0}^{t} \frac{A_{j}}{(1+r)^{j}} = \sum_{j=0}^{t} \frac{R_{j} + C_{j}}{(1+r)^{j}}$$

where:

j is the time, measured as a multiple (not necessarily integral) of the interval between contractual repayments that will have elapsed since the first amount of credit is provided under the credit contract, except that if the contract does not provide for a constant interval between repayments an interval of any kind is to be selected by the credit provider as the unit of time.

*t* is the time, measured as a multiple of the interval between contractual repayments (or other interval so selected), that will elapse between the time when the first amount of credit is provided and the time when the last repayment is to be made under the contract.

 $A_j$  is the amount of credit to be provided under the contract at time j (the value of j for the provision of the first amount of credit is taken to be zero).

 $R_i$  is the repayment to be made at time j.

 $C_j$  is the fee or charge (if any) payable by the debtor at time j (j is taken to be zero for any such fee or charge payable before the time of the first amount of credit provided) in addition to the repayments Rj, being a

credit fee or charge that is ascertainable when the annual percentage rate is calculated.

- (3) The maximum annual percentage rate must be correct to at least the nearest one hundredth of 1% per annum.
- (4) In the application of the above formulae, reasonable approximations may be made if it would be impractical or unreasonably onerous to make a precise calculation.
- (5) The tolerances that would apply under section 181 of the National Credit Code in relation to the calculation of an amount of interest for the purposes of that Code are taken to apply in relation to the calculation of the maximum annual percentage rate for the purposes of this Division.
- (6) If the credit contract is a continuing credit contract, the following assumptions also apply to the calculation of the maximum annual percentage rate:
  - (a) that the debtor has drawn down the maximum amount of credit that the credit provider has agreed to provide under the contract,
  - (b) that the debtor will pay the minimum repayments specified in the contract,
  - (c) if credit is provided in respect of payment by the credit provider to a third person in relation to goods or services or cash supplied by that third person to the debtor from time to time—that the debtor will not be supplied with any further goods or services or cash.
  - (d) if credit is provided in respect of cash supplied by the credit provider to the debtor from time to time—that the debtor will not be supplied with any further cash.
- (7) For the purposes of the maximum annual percentage rate:
  - (a) the amount of credit is to be the amount (or the maximum amount) required by the debtor, and
  - (b) the term for which credit is provided is to be the term (or the maximum term) required by the debtor.

### 8 Repeal of Division

This Division is repealed at the end of the period of 12 months following the commencement of this Division.

### Division 3 Other provisions

### 9 Continuation of maximum annual percentage rate—existing credit contracts

- (1) In this clause:
  - *existing credit contract* means a credit contract to which the former consumer credit legislation applied immediately before its repeal by Schedule 1 to this Act.
- (2) The provisions of the former consumer credit legislation that relate to the maximum annual percentage rate under an existing credit contract (including, without limitation, provisions relating to the enforcement of that rate, any powers of investigation with respect to that rate, including for supervisory purposes, and the taking of any proceedings or other action against a credit provider with respect to that rate) continue to apply as if those provisions had not been repealed by Schedule 1 to this Act.
- (3) This clause is repealed at the end of the period of 12 months following the commencement of this clause.

### 10 Provision of information and assistance to ASIC

- (1) The Director-General of the Department of Services, Technology and Administration, or a person authorised in writing by the Director-General, may, on the Director-General's or authorised person's own initiative or at the request of ASIC:
  - (a) provide ASIC with such documents and other information in the possession or control of the Director-General that is reasonably required by ASIC in connection with the performance or exercise of its functions under the National Credit legislation, and
  - (b) provide ASIC with such other assistance as is reasonably required by ASIC to perform or exercise a function or power under the National Credit legislation.
- (2) This clause has effect despite any other Act or law.

### 11 ASIC has certain functions and powers

(1) The Minister, or a person authorised in writing by the Minister, may enter into an agreement or arrangement with ASIC for the performance of functions or the exercise of powers by ASIC as an agent of the State, even if those functions or powers are or may be conferred on another person or body by or under a law of the State.

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(2) An agreement or arrangement of a kind referred to in subclause (1) has effect by force of this clause despite any provision of a law of the State with respect to any function or power that is the subject of the agreement or arrangement.

### 12 Pending proceedings before CTTT

Any proceedings relating to any matter arising under the provisions of the former consumer credit legislation or the pre-Credit Code legislation that were commenced in the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal before the commencement of this clause, but were not finally determined as at that commencement, may continue to be dealt with or otherwise determined (including for the purposes of any appeal or rehearing in relation to those proceedings) as if those provisions had not been repealed by Schedule 1 to this Act.

### 13 Regulation of finance broking

- (1) The provisions of the former consumer credit legislation that relate to the regulation of finance broking, including, without limitation:
  - (a) Part 1A of the Consumer Credit Administration Act 1995 and Part 2 of the Consumer Credit Administration Regulation 2002, and
  - (b) any relevant powers of enforcement or investigation (including for supervisory purposes), and
  - (c) any provisions relating to the taking of any proceedings or other action against a finance broker,

continue to apply in relation to finance broking activities as if those provisions had not been repealed by Schedule 1 to this Act.

- (2) A reference in subclause (1) to finance broking activities includes a reference to the provision of credit assistance within the meaning of the *National Consumer Credit Protection Act 2009* of the Commonwealth.
- (3) This clause is repealed on the day that is the Chapter 3 start day within the meaning of the *National Consumer Credit Protection (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2009* of the Commonwealth.

### 14 Regulation of pre-Credit Code contracts

(1) In this clause:

*pre-Credit Code contract* means a contract to which the *Credit Act 1984* or the *Credit (Home Finance Contracts) Act 1984* applied immediately before their repeal by Schedule 1 to this Act.

(2) The provisions of the former consumer credit legislation and the pre-Credit Code legislation (including, without limitation, provisions relating to enforcement, any powers of investigation, including for

supervisory purposes, and the taking of any proceedings or other action) continue to apply to and in respect of a pre-Credit Code contract as if those provisions had not been repealed by Schedule 1 to this Act.

### 15 Construction of references to former consumer credit legislation

- (1) In any document:
  - (a) a reference to any former consumer credit legislation extends to the National Credit legislation, and
  - (b) a reference to a provision of any former consumer credit legislation extends to the corresponding provision (if any) of the National Credit legislation.
- (2) In this clause, *document* means any Act (other than this Act) or statutory instrument, or any other instrument, or any contract or agreement.

[Agreement in principle speech made in Legislative Assembly on 24 February 2010 Second reading speech made in Legislative Council on 16 March 2010]

BY AUTHORITY