

## No. XII.

MEDICAL WITNESSES  
AT INQUESTS.

An Act to amend “*An Act to define the qualifications of Medical Witnesses at Coroners’ Inquests and Inquiries held before Justices of the Peace in the Colony of New South Wales.*” [27th October, 1845.]

Preamble. 2 Victoria No. 22.

WHEREAS by an Act of the Governor and Legislative Council of the Colony of New South Wales passed in the second year of Her Majesty’s reign intituled “*An Act to define the qualifications of Medical Witnesses at Coroners’ Inquests and Inquiries held before Justices of the Peace in the Colony of New South Wales*” it was enacted that no person should for the purposes therein mentioned be deemed a legally qualified Medical Practitioner unless such person shall have proved to the satisfaction of a Medical Board therein referred to that he is a Doctor or Bachelor of Medicine of some University or a Physician or Surgeon licensed or admitted as such by some College of Physicians or Surgeons in Great Britain or Ireland or a Member of the Company of Apothecaries of London or who is or has been a Medical Officer duly appointed and confirmed of Her Majesty’s sea or land service and whereas it is just and expedient that Members or Licentiates of the Apothecaries Hall of Dublin should be allowed the privileges of legally qualified Medical Practitioners under the said recited Act Be it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of New South Wales with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof That any person who shall prove to the satisfaction of the said Medical Board that he is a Member or Licentiate of the Apothecaries Hall of Dublin shall be a legally qualified Medical Practitioner within the meaning of the said recited Act.

Extended to Members or Licentiates of the Apothecaries Hall Dublin.